

Dr. Cameron, discussing this paper, opposed the "contagion theory."

Dr. Lockhart urged the early examination and diagnosis of cancer. He noted the frequency of occurrence of carcinoma in a previously lacerated cervix.

Dr. Somers of Cambridge, Mass, thought that there was a possibility of cancer infection, and that in any case all lacerations of the cervix should be early reported.

Dr. Chisholm said that the discovery of the cause of cancer was prerequisite to its extermination. He noted the fact that scar tissue is not by any means the only nidus for cancer development.

Dr. Irvine read "Prophylactic Tracheotomy for Œdema of the Glottis with Case Report."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Dr. H. L. Reddy read "Cæsarian Section, with Report of Nine Cases."

A motion was here introduced by Dr. Cameron, "That discussion of papers be postponed until all papers have been read, in view of the limited time." This motion being seconded by Dr. Morton was put and carried.

The following papers were then read in succession:

"Post-operative pulmonary thrombosis," by Dr. Herbert A. Bruce, Toronto.

"Tracheotomy as a remedy in severe whooping cough," by Dr. A. B. Atherton, Fredericton.

"Experimental work in intestinal adhesions," by Dr. E. W. Archibald, Montreal.

"Can the vermiform appendix, while itself free from obvious lesion, be the source of purulent peritonitis?" by Dr. James Bell, Montreal.

Exhibit of photographs illustrating radium treatments, with paper, by Dr. Myron Metzenbaum, of Cleveland, read by Dr. James Ross, Halifax.

Case report, by Dr. H. L. Reddy, Montreal.

Discussion was resumed shortly after five o'clock.

Speaking to Dr. Bruce's paper, Dr. Reddy mentioned a case in his experience of pulmonary thrombosis in which the wound had been perfectly aseptic.