# THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

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TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1885.


*THE WORLD IN HAMILTON.*

**The Hamilton office of The World is in the Arcade, No. 14, where orders for the paper and advertising are received. The World is delivered all over the city by 7 o'clock for 25 cents a month. C. S. FINDLAY, Agent.**

### Grand Trunk Views.

On Saturday night Sir Henry Tyler along with Mr. Hickson and other Grand Trunk officials, arrived at Montreal from New York, and an interview with Sir Henry is published in the Globe. Sir Henry said that his visit had no reference to the Canadian Pacific or to making any arrangement with them. At present there was no unfriendly feeling between them, and he trusted there never would be. In any event he would have had to come out later in the summer, but commercial depression, reduction in traffic receipts, loss of passenger business, and consequent urgent necessity for more economical working of the road compelled him to come earlier than he otherwise would have done. He had attended a meeting in New York, at which representatives of the trunk lines were present, discussing the present difficulties, and the possibility of coming to an agreement. Another meeting would be held this week, and next week still another, which latter he would attend. With regard to the rumors of the lease of West Shore by the Grand Trunk and Pennsylvania, he could only say nothing whatever had been done, and all rumors were, to say the least, premature, and quite unauthorized. When there were only two roads from New York to Buffalo, such action with one might have been wise, but now there were four roads all eager for the Grand Trunk traffic, it might be best for his road to keep on good terms and exchange traffic with all. The New York Central was not now unfriendly, in fact the whole position had changed, and the Central was just as anxious as any other to obtain a share of their business and give them of their own. The local business from Ontario to New York points compelled the Central to keep on fair terms with them to obtain a share.

Touching the doubling of the track between Toronto and Montreal, Sir Henry was rather indefinite as to time. He said that as soon as the company were in a position to raise money for the purpose of double tracking between Toronto and Montreal they would go on with the work, but at present it was impossible to raise the money. The statement that the directors had thrown over Mr. Hickson in the matter was wholly untrue. They were prepared at the earliest possible moment to carry out the agreement made with parliament. But, let us add, now that we have the Ontario and Quebec line the country is not so anxious as it was some years ago for this double track; and the Grand Trunk people will realize "ere long" that the money they spent so freely in the States, also to capture the Great Western, might in their own company's interests have better been laid out between the chief two commercial cities of the dominion.

In his fight with the American roads we can rather sympathize with Sir Henry, after all. It is a hard fight for him and Mr. Hickson together, and for this reason—that the American companies, however much they may quarrel among themselves are apt to make common cause against the invader. It seems clear now that, had neither the Grand Trunk nor the Great Western ever attempted to own or to control a single mile of railway west of the Detroit and St. Clair rivers, it would have been better for both companies to-day, and for Canada *immensely* better. But the deed has been done, it cannot be recalled, and now the Grand Trunk must at all hazards complete its American policy by securing satisfactory connections between the Niagara river and New York. We shall probably soon see what success Sir Henry is going to have in this direction.

### Cheap Money.

Money is abundant and cheap, to those who can offer the best security; but for those who have not the "gilt-edge" article it is still "tight" enough. In the Mail's weekly review of the Montreal stock market it is said that there never was so great a plethora of available capital there as at present. In another column we quote an article from the Shareholder, under the heading of "Two Per Cent.," in which our contemporary sets forth the woes of forlorn capitalists who have more money than they can find suitable investments for.

Can it be that in these times there is an over-accumulation of capital, as well as an over-production of commodities? Scarcely, we should think; but perhaps the professors of political economy can throw light on the subject: or, who knows—it may be more in their line to make it darker for us than it would have been without them. As the Shareholder suggests, Sir Leonard Tilley ought to have at least fair opportunities in London just now, when the papers there are saying that money seems likely to be cheaper, and to continue cheap. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good.

### Cheap Meat Abroad, But Dear Meat at Home.

During the last year or two many buyers of fat cattle for export have lost money, and some private banks in Ontario have "gone up" in consequence. From the old country we hear that prices there rule so low that only by very careful buying and great economy all round can Canadian exporters make any money at all, or even save themselves from loss. If all this be true, it does seem strange that while Canadian meat has to be sold "dirt cheap" in England, it should be so dear in Canada, the country where it is produced. People may suspect that there must be a large-sized African in the fence somewhere, otherwise this could not be. Are the wholesale butchers and buyers playing the railway trick upon us, and are they trying to make up for losses abroad by excessive charges at home? Something like this is suggested by the intimation that a meeting of retail butchers is called for to-morrow evening at the Bay Horse hotel, to discuss the advisability of trying to get beef in some cheaper way than from the wholesale butchers, as at present. We shall soon see what kind of a case the retail butchers have to present. But in the meantime there seems to be good reason for believing that selling meat at a loss abroad is the main cause why we have to pay dear for it at home. Let it be remembered, too, that nearly all our *best* beef goes to the old country, and nearly all our *best* mutton to the United States. Good Canadian meat is cheap to everybody, except to Canadians. We do not wonder that the retail butchers have determined to ventilate this matter.

Peterboro' has three daily papers. The Review is the eldest and so admirably filled the field that the Times became jealous and it, too, started a creditable evening edition. To crown all the Examiner, not willing to be lost sight of, comes out with an evening paper larger than either of the others, and, if its first number is any criterion, of about equal merit. But something is going to crack. Enterprising, energetic and go-ahead as Peterboro' is it can scarcely carry three daily papers, either one of which would well serve the constituency.

From the principal coal supply centres over the border news continues to come of over-abundant supply and lower prices of hard coal. And there is at least one solid reason for this, too, independently of merely speculative influences. Soft coal is coming extensively into use in many branches of manufacture for which hard coal was before thought to be the best. Should this tendency in arts and manufactures continue further to develope itself, Nova Scotia coal may soon be largely delivered as far west as the head of Lake Ontario, though the large operators in Buffalo will certainly not allow this to happen if they can prevent it.

On Friday the house of lords decided a great case involving about $100,000—the Direct cable company against Messrs. Muirhead, patentees of the duplex system—the decision of the lord chancellor being adverse to the cable company. The question was whether the company should pay the patentees of the duplex a royalty of £2000 per annum under agreement, they having ceased to use the duplex owing to the fact that the cable got into such a state that the duplex system could not be applied. It was contended by the Direct company that though the duplex system operated satisfactorily for five years they were, when the line got into such a state that it could not be applied, entitled to cease payment of royalty for it. The patentees argued that the whole scope of the argument showed that as soon as the duplex system proved successful the company was bound to use it and to pay royalty. Since the decision was given its unfavorable effect is seen on quotations of Direct cable company's stock.

It does not look well that, directly after the announcement by the London Daily News that the Afghan boundary question was practically settled, Earl Granville's secretary should write to that paper saying that its statement is incorrect, and that negotiations are still pending. The News still affirms that its statement is substantially correct, and the Standard has a despatch from St. Petersburg confirming it. Prompt explanation one way or the other will be looked for. Were parliament now sitting, it would surely have been given in both houses yesterday.

### Education in Ireland.

*Editor World:* I am sure you would like to favor the cause of truth and expose a grievous calumny. Ireland, Spain and Italy, on account of their Catholicity, are said by many persons to be very ignorant nations. You will kindly permit me to correct as far as Ireland is concerned this misapprehension. According to the governmental statistics for the years 1882-3 presented to the house of commons in England, Ireland with a population of 5,174,836 had a school enrolment of 1,083,298 or over 21 per cent. of children attending schools. The population of Scotland was 3,738,573 with a school attendance of 555,660 or 14.8 per cent. of children going to school. England and Wales with a population of 26,325,376 has a school enrolment of 4,189,612 or 15.9 per cent. These figures show that 5 per cent. more children in proportion to the population attend school in Ireland than in England and 6 per cent. more than in Scotland.

A CATHOLIC CLERGYMAN.

—Scrofula is a diseased condition of the glandular system, a depraved condition of the fluids, resulting in bad blood, swellings, sores, ulcers, etc. Cure—Burdock Blood Bitters. 246

### Two Per Cent.

*From the Shareholder.*

The best informed London financial journals came to the conclusion a fortnight ago that the bank of England rate would very shortly be reduced to 2 per cent., in the place of the 2½ per cent. then ruling. A cable despatch received here yesterday shows that prediction to have been already fulfilled. Two years ago it stood at 4 per cent. At the same time the gold reserve, exceeding at last accounts £17,500,000 sterling, is receiving constant accessions from fresh arrivals of the precious metals every day. But how to invest profitably all, or even any appreciable part, of the wonderful accumulations of capital now lying idle in London is the insoluble problem. Capitalists have been so often bitten by the wily promoter of deceptive schemes that even he at length pleads so far in vain that the amounts thus invested this year fall short of those similarly placed in 1884 by more than one half. What these forlorn capitalists, thus perishing miserably in full sight of their too overflowing coffers, would do if deprived of the colonial and Indian borrowers, it is dreadful to contemplate. And even with these, as a London journal has remarked, there are drawbacks, for "such borrowings as those of the Australian colonies involve rather a change in the distribution of money in the market than a reduction of the supply." Under the circumstances, however, there seems the alternative left for these distressed millionaires than to unite their moneybags and make the best of the miserable predicament. It is to be hoped Sir Leonard Tilley will be the exceptional man able to be jubilant over all this plethora of idle capital, for it may afford him the means of satisfying his financial necessities under better conditions than he could have hoped for a few weeks ago. But somehow or another it invariably seems to happen that, whatever the state of the London money market, the capitalists always manage to put on the screw pretty much the same as if it was "tight," and to get a tolerably high rate for their advances. Perhaps, however, the present time may prove an exception, as the London papers unanimously declare that "money seems likely to become cheaper, and to continue cheap."

—Mrs. J. G. Robertson, Toronto, suffered from general debility, loss of appetite, and says: "Life was almost burdensome" until cured by Burdock Blood Bitters. 246

*FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.*

MONDAY, June 1.

There was no afternoon session of the Toronto stock exchange to-day.

Oil opened at Oil City at 79¼, the highest, closed 78⅝ bid, the lowest.

Consols opened higher at 101⅛, closed 101⅜.

Paris—3.30 p.m. Rentes 81f. 75c.; 5 p.m. 81f. 95c.

Sterling exchange in New York 4.87½ and 4.90.

Canadian Pacific shares in London were firm at 39¾.

June pork at Chicago touched $10.05, closing $10.07½. This is the lowest price for pork since April, 1880, when it was $9.25.

Wheat on the street sold at 86c to 88c for fall and spring; 75c to 76c for goose. Barley sold at 55c to 57c. Oats brought 38c to 40c; peas, 65c; rye 67½c. Hay—Timothy, per ton, $18 to $20; clover, $10 to $14; straw, $12 to $13.

New York stocks were weak at the opening, rallying at the close. New York Central opened ½ lower at 82¾, touched 82⅞ and 81⅞, closed 82½; sales 17,800. Lackawanna opened ½ lower at 101, touched 101½, then down to 99¾, up to 101⅞, closed 101½; sales 45,600. Erie 2d's opened ⅛ lower at 46, broke to 45½, which is the lowest since the panic last summer, and the lowest recorded, then closed 46⅛. Lake Shore opened ⅜ lower at 51½, touched 51⅝ and 51⅛, closed 51⅜; sales 8600. Manitoba opened ½ lower at 86, touched 83⅞, closed 83⅝; sales 400. Northwest opened ⅜ lower at 92¼, touched 91¾, closed 92⅛; sales 23,500. Omaha preferred opened ⅜ lower at 69½, touched 68⅞, the lowest yet, closed 69¼. St. Paul opened ½ lower at 66¾, touched 65⅞, closed 66⅛; sales 30,400. Union Pacific opened ⅜ lower at 53, touched 53½ and 52½, closed 52¾; sales 22,800. West Shore bonds opened ½ lower at 30⅞, which was the lowest of the day, closing at the highest, 31½; sales 25,700. Canadian Pacific sold for 300 shares at 39. Illinois Central opened 2½ lower at 125, touched 125½, closed 124; sales 400.

**Toronto Stock Exchange—Sales June 1.**

MORNING BOARD.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Ontario Bank | 106½ |
| 2½ Share, Federal | 97 |
| 6 Consumers' Gas | 154 |

No afternoon board.

**Toronto Stock Exchange.**

Morning Board—Montreal 194, 192¾; Ontario, 107¾, 106½; Toronto 177, 175½; Merchants 111½, 110¾; Commerce 122¾, 122½; Imperial, buyers, 123½; Federal 97, 96½; Dominion, buyers, 190½; Standard, buyers, 112¾; Hamilton, 119, 118; British America, 80, 76; Western Assurance, 89, 88; Consumers' Gas, buyers, 153; Dominion Telegraph, 86¾, 85; Northwest Land Co., 39s. 38s.; Canada Permanent, sellers, 209½; Freehold, buyers, 160½; Western Canada, buyers, 188; Canada Landed Credit, sellers, 123; B. & Loan association, sellers, 106; Imperial S. and Invest., buyers, 102½; Farmers' L and Savings, buyers, 108; Lon. and Can. L. and A., sellers, 138½; People's Loan, buyers, 105½; The Land Security Co., buyers, 142; Dom. Savings and Loan, buyers, 114; Ontario Loan and Deb., 130, 125; Hamilton Provident, buyers, 124; British Canadian L. and Invest., sellers, 104.

**Montreal Stocks Closed.**

3.55 p.m.—Bank of Montreal 192½, 191¾ Ontario, offered, 105½; Molsons, offered, 114; Toronto 177½, 176; Merchants 111¾, 110½; Commerce 123, 122; Northwest Land, 398, 395; C. P. R. 40; Montreal Tel. Co. 122½, 121½; Richelieu 58½, 57½; Passenger, 115½, 114¾; Gas 182½, 182.

SALES—Morning board—34 Bank of Montreal at 193½; 5 Merchants at 111½, 4 at 111¾. Afternoon board—5 Bank of Montreal at 192¾, 55 at 192½, 100 at 192¼; 6 Molsons at 114; 7 Merchants at 111¾; 48 Commerce at 122¾, 200 at 122½, 30 at 122¼.

**The Canadian Oil Market.**

PETROLIA, Ont., June 1.—The Advertiser reports the market for last week as follows: "The crude market remains unchanged, the price during the past week only varying a couple of cents. On Thursday, May 21, it was 78¾cts., and Thursday last it sold at 77½cts. There does not seem to be anything that would indicate a sudden rise, but when the refineries begin to run at full blast again we may look for a rush for crude, and as the demand regulates the price we can expect to see some advance. The future of the refiners' syndicate remains in that same state of blissful uncertainty, and the whole talk is simmered down to the invariable 'To be, or not to be?' that's the question. No person is in a position to say definitely what the outcome will be, but we still believe there will be a union formed for the advancement of the trade if for nothing else. We don't like to see so much American oil coming into the country. For the month of April alone 287,483 gallons came in, while only 360,360 gallons (both crude and refined combined) went out from Petrolia. This shows conclusively that something must be done, and if the Canadian market can be supplied only with home-made oil it means just double the consumption of crude. The very best grade of oil possible to be made should be put on the market for the next year, and the only way to make the different refiners do their best is to establish a perfect system of inspection, and at the same time a united effort made to put the oil in the market. With this object in view we hope to see an organization accomplished, having as it has the good of both producer and refiner at heart, the former by using double the quantity of his crude and the latter by making his business twice as large." The clearances from Petrolia from May 1 to May 28 were 123,433.

**Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.**

MONTREAL, June 1.—Flour—Receipts 1600 brls. No sales reported. Market quiet and weak; tendency in favor of buyers. Patents $4.75 to $6; superfine extra, $4.50 to $4.60, superfine, $4 15 to $4 20; strong bakers', $4 50 to $5 55; fine, $3 90 to $4 00; middlings, $3 50 to $3 60; pollards, $3 25 to $3 50; Ontario bags, $2 to $2 20; city bags, $2 40 to $2 45. Grain—Wheat, red winter, 83c to 95c; white, 93c to 94c; spring, 93c to 95c. Corn 60c to 61c. Peas, 79c to 80c. Oats, 37c to 38c. Barley, 50c to 55c. Rye, 72c to 74c. Oatmeal, $4 50 to $4.75. Cornmeal, $2 90 to $3. Provisions — Pork, $14 00 to $14.50. Lard, 9½c to 10c. Bacon, 11c to 12c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese, weaker at 6½c to 7½c. Butter—Townships, 15c to 17c; Morrisburg, 14c to 16c; western, 13c to 14c; old stock, 6c to 12c. Eggs, 13½c to 14c.

OSWEGO, N.Y., June 1.—Barley quiet; No. 2 Canada held at 75c; No. 3 extra Canada at 77c to 79c.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 47,000 brls., dull; sales 10,000 brls.; No. 2 $2.25 to $3.40, superfine $3.20 to $3.60, common $3.45 to $4.10, good $4.15 to $4.50, Minnesota extra $5 to $5.40. Rye flour and cornmeal unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 625,000 bush.; spot 1c to 1½c and options 1c to 1½c lower, closing weak; sales 4,112,000 bush. future, 140,000 bush. spot; exports 12,000 bush.; No. 2 spring 90½c to 90¾c, No. 2 red June 97c, July 98¾c, No. 1 red state $1.08, No. 1 white $1. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn—Receipts 469,000 bush.; 1c to 1½c lower, closing heavy; sales 1,632,000 bush. future; 190,000 bush. spot; exports 114,400 bush. No 2 51c for cash, 51½c for June. Oats—Receipts 33,000 bush.; sales 370,000 bush. future, 950,000 bush. spot; No. 2 37½c to 37¾c for cash, 37¾ June, mixed 32c to 40c; white state 42c to 46½c. Hay, hops, coffee unchanged; sugar, easier, standard at 6¾c, loaf and crushed 7½c to 7¾c, granulated 6¾c to 6 15-16c; molasses firm, Cuba 29½c; rice, petroleum, tallow, potatoes and eggs unchanged. Pork heavy; mess $11.50. Beef quiet. Cut meats weak; pickled bellies 3¾c to 3¾c; middles dull; long clear 5½c. Lard lower at $6.67½ to $6.75. Butter steady, unchanged. Cheese heavy. Railroads active, generally weak. Stocks closed rather feverish.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Flour dull. Winter wheat flour $4.50 to $5.50 for southern, $4.00 to $5.50 for Wisconsin, $4.50 to $5 for Michigan, soft spring wheat $3.50 to $4.25, Minnesota bakers $3.50 to $4.50, patents $4.75 to $5.75. Wheat nervous and unsettled; lower; bears made a successful raid and large lines were dumped amid considerable excitement at times; opened 1c to 1½c lower, fluctuated, closed 1½c under Friday; June closed at 84½c to 84¾c, July 86c, No. 2 spring 84c to 84½c. Corn—Shade lower; cash 44½c, June closed 44½c, July 44½c. Oats—Shade higher; cash 22½c, June closed 22½c, to 22¾, July 22½c to 22½c. Rye quiet, No. 2 68c to 68½c. Barley nominal. Whiskey steady. Pork lower, cash $10 to $10.20, June $10.15 to $10.17½, July $10.22½ to $10.25. Lard lower; cash June $6.35 to $6.37½, July $6.45 to $6.47½. Boxed meats steady and unchanged. Receipts—Flour 9000 brls., wheat 71,000 bush., corn 378,000 bush., oats 270,000 bush., rye 8000 bush., barley 10,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 12,000 brls., wheat 56,000 bush., corn 275,000 bush.

LIVERPOOL, June 1.—Wheat—Spring wheat, 7s to 7s 3d; red winter, 7s 3d to 7s 6d; No. 1 California, 6s 10d to 7s; No. 2 California, 6s 6d to 6s 9d. Corn, 4s 6½d. Peas, 5s 9d. Lard, 33s 9d. Pork, 58s. Bacon, long clear, 27s; short clear 28s 6d. Tallow 31s 3d. Cheese, new, 41s.

Cotton—Market steady and unchanged. Upands, 5 15-16; Orleans, 6.

BEERBOHM'S DESPATCHES:—London, June 1.—Floating cargoes — Wheat quiet and steady; maize quiet. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize inactive. Mark Lane—Wheat and maize easier. Good cargoes No. 1 California wheat off the coast 34s 6d to 34s 9d. English and French country markets easier. Farmers' deliveries for the past week: Wheat, 45,000 to 50,000 qrs. The weather in England is fine. Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet and steady; maize easier at 4s 6½d—½d penny cheaper. Paris—Wheat and flour quiet.


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287 Queen street west.
Having no partner, no rent, or large expenses to meet, I can undersell every other Furniture House in Toronto. My goods are all marked at lowest prices possible.
No extravagant profits wanted; my motto is "Live and Let Live." Thanking my customers for their patronage in the past, I will ensure them "square dealing" in the future. Call at the noted Furniture House and see the great assortment of goods on view at 246
WM. BROWN'S,
287 QUEEN STREET WEST.

ENGLISH
**CHEDDAR CHEESE,**
English Stilton Cheese,
English White Loaf Cheddar Cheese,
Parmesan Cheese
Gorgonzola Che
Gruyere Cheese,
Fresh Cream Cheese,
Dutch Pineapple Cheese,
Edam Cheese,
Parson's Stilton Cheese,
Ressor's Canadian Stilton Cheese
Canadian and American Factory Cheese.
A Full Supply of the above in Stock.
FULTON, MICHIE & CO.,
7 King Street West. 25tf

**CHANGED**
The Caledonian Boot and Shoe Store, Simpson's Old Stand,
68 QUEEN STREET WEST,
Cor Terauley), has changed hands and goods are being sold
*"Cheaper than Ever"*
CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF. 26
J. W. McADAM, PROP.

**STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.**
*Shirts Made to Order.*
Perfection guaranteed in fit, comfort and durability.
TROY LAUNDRY
in connection. Goods called for and delivered at customers' houses.
SAMUEL LEVERATT,
402 Queen St. West. 246

**CARRIAGES. CARRIAGES.**
*The largest assortment in the City to select from. All the Leading Styles in Fancy and Staple Carriages at prices that will astonish all who may call to see them at*
WM. DIXON'S
*55 and 55 Adelaide street west,* next door to Grand's. 246

**Cheapest and Best.**
In the literature of assessment life insurance societies will generally be found a comparison showing the difference between their cost for the first few years and the highest with present rates of some old line company. But the comparison ought always to be with the lowest short-term rate.
THE ÆTNA LIFE'S
RENEWABLE TERM PLAN
Furnishes very cheap life insurance for a ten-year term, and the policy can be renewed each ten years without medical re-examination, and has always been so renewed for seven years past, at the same low rate originally paid. No assessment, or mutual benefit, or society insurance can be had of so reliable and durable a character at so low a cost.
The following shows the cost per $1000 of the mere death calls in five of the most carefully conducted benefit societies of the United States and Canada, ten years in existence:

| Name. | Address. | 1874. | 1878. | 1882. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Temp. Mut Ben. | Easton, Pa. | $4.27 | $13 08 | $20.40 |
| Oddfel's Mut. | Montrose, Pa. | 6.51 | 15.37 | 18.00 |
| Uni. Bre. M.A. | Lebanon, Pa. | 8.24 | 18.51 | 28.15 |
| Sou Tier Mason. | Elmira, N.Y. | 6.50 | 11.90 | 16.70 |
| Mason. Mu. B. | London, Ont. | 8.01 | 12.40 | 17.40 |
| Average of the 5, per $1000 | | 6.72 | 14.23 | 23.75 |
| Adding 23 for expenses | | 9.72 | 17.23 | 32.75 |
| The Ætna's premium, age 35, is $17.30, but the return value at the end of 10 years has reduced the net cost to | | 9.47 | 9.47 | 9.47 |
| Ætna policy holder saving | | 9.25 | 7.76 | 19.28 |

As compared with having been in the five societies.
Drop a postal card to the undersigned for table of rates and other information respecting life insurance—
WM. H. ORR, Manager,
TORONTO.

**CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.**
*Established 1847.*
A single company, the Canada Life, has a larger amount of policies in force than the eighteen British companies together, and omitting the Ætna, than all the American companies, the policies of the Canada Life reaching $31,770,736.
More than one-sixth of the new business effected in 1884, or $4,160,700, was taken by the Canada Life, whose premiums were $566,707 and death claims $243,162.
*Extracts from article on Life Assurance in Montreal Gazette of May 8, 1885.* 246

**NOTICE!**
If you want a good-fitting, well-made, nobby
SPRING SUIT
JUST CALL ON
A. MACDONALD,
355 YONGE ST., OPPOSITE ELM,
And examine his stock and enquire his prices. No trouble to show goods. 246

"SPRING HATS."
THE LATEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STYLES
JUST TO HAND.
J. & J. LUGSDIN,
Direct Importers, 101 Yonge street,
TORONTO. 246

THE
**ROCKFORD WATCH**
is the Best in the Market. See Them at
DAVIS BROS.,
130 Yonge Street. 246

**LOOK! LOOK!**
GREAT REDUCTION SALE OF ALL KINDS OF
Clothing and Gents' Furnishings
AT
The Yonge St. Bargain House
Sale will commence Saturday, 30th May, and will continue through the whole month of June.
Canadian Tweed Suits to measure from $8 up. All-wool Pants to measure from $2.25 up. White Dress Shirts from 60c. up, and everything sold at cost.
W. SIMONS, 616 Yonge St. N. 136

**ROSENBAUM'S NEW FANCY GOODS BAZAAR**
A GRAND DISPLAY OF
Musical Instruments, Just Opened.
159 KING ST. EAST,
St. Lawrence Hall. 136


*THE LITTLE TEACHER.*

"Harry Hardin, what are you do
there? Confess; I won't take a denial.
"Hain't doin' nawthin'," muttered
big, handsome, tanned-faced boy, rising
his five feet eight inches of perpendicu
height.
"He is, Miss Rolfe; he's got me st
to the beach," squeaked a little voice f
the same row.
"Are you not ashamed of yourself,
to torment a little boy like Sam," a
the presiding lady, a dark, selfish l
thing, in a voice of gentle reproof, f ye
her eyes was a gleam of laughter.
"I hain't. He's as big as me."
"Yes'm; an' he knocked me down s'a
noon," continued the high-pitched v
emanating from the tonsilar organs
raw-boned, lanky lad, who was vainly
deavoring to rise in his place.
"Shut up yer little sneak! I'll smash
head when I get yer out," exclaimed
big boy, with a look of disgust, hurli
book at the squealer's head.
"Hardin, what do you mean? I'm
tutely ashamed of you, for I will no
astonished," said the little teacher
calm, firm voice, though her cheeks
flaming. "Such insubordination I wi
tolerate a day longer. Come here, s
He came slowly up to the desk, h
towering form swaying from side to
The whole school held their breath i
at the utter unconcern of their reb
companion.
"Hardin, you have rightfully gain
title of the 'bully of the school,' but
you to distinctly understand you w
bully me. What you have done now
dismissal, and from this moment y
expelled. Go," said Miss Rolfe, p
to the door.
"All right! yer know best, marm
hope yer won't repent an' bring me
as ye've done 'fore, when I've cut a
for yer won't find me. Good by
Rolfe," and with a short scrape of h
ward body he caught his hat from t
and left the school.
The afternoon passed wearily
little teacher; it was no easy thing
the rule of decimal fractions into
wooden heads. The continual bu
the school room made her head ac
with a sigh of relief she put on her
watched the last dinner basket di
down the road.
As she was about to lock the doo
yellow envelope pinned to the ca
eye, and as it was addressed in a
boyish hand to herself, she took i
"I thought you were never
Jean," said some one over her s
Starting guiltily, she thrust the
into her pocket and walked down
little lane beside her companion,
young fellow of eight-and-twenty.
"So you've given Harry the bo
said presently.
"Yes; I have expelled him.
and will not stand his insolent a
lions conduct, and you ought
known. Better than to have sen
school, Jack," she answered,
across a field of yellow-eyed dais
"But you could have conque
darling, just like you've bound m
chains," said her companion, in a
voice, taking the tiny white hand
"Pshaw! you need not pl
brother's cause, Jack. I will no
back."
"Never fear, dear; I would b
one to ask you. It's no secre
about his devotion to the litt
marm; there's nothing under t
wouldn't do for you, Jean."
"Why, Jack, he is nothing b
And how does he show the devo
putting beeswax on the be
throwing books at the childre
He has altogether a pugilistic
it's your duty to cultivate it,
said, laughing, yet her mirth he
ring.
"Harry's no chicken, Jean,
looks a boy, an's rather lively.
last birthday, and so will y
month. He ought to be at
but he's got a notion of gra
there's no stopping him."
In the evening, when Jean
sitting at her bedroom window
remembrance of the gorgeo
caused her to draw it from
place. The full moon stream
little attic, down on her face a
ted scrap of paper in her hand
"You have sent me away,
wickid as Kain. But ef ye'd
Squeek Porter sent me ye'd c
rite to lik him, wich I've do
all sorts of things 'bout you
awful things, but I've pade his
intrist. I'm going away, I d
'cause I can't bare noing you
Hardin."
"Poor boy, poor boy!" she
gazing at the dirty scrawl;
brance of the many little t
done for her the short while
sole teacher of the country
back, while his bad behavior
Many times had her name
with Jack's, and Harry had
coupler upon the ground,
himself before her, black-ey
victorious, to be severely
Now it all rushed to her min
sharp, uneasy pain, disturb
that night, and as it grew
troyed all peace for man
nights.
The engagement with Jac
off. His rough, ignorant na
appreciate her finer one, as
superseded all delicacy and
earnest pleas deferred the
he came to her hot and ang
never loved him, that all
was traced „to the night
envelope and he had better
he laid eyes on her bonny fa
soon dropped out of her lif
Five years went by and
many changes on