



T. J. EDENS.

Christmas Crackers and Stockings.

Large assortment just in.

McCormick's
FANCY BISCUITS
and
JERSEY CREAM SODAS.

From P. E. Island to-day:

20 boxes Purdy Butter—Prints
50 cases Selected Eggs.
50 bags Carrots.
50 bags Parsnips.
10 bags Beets.
100 bags Black Oats.

100 lbs. WAGNER APPLES.
50 lbs. STARK APPLES.
5 lbs. CRANBERRIES.

GRAPE FRUIT.
Extra large and juicy,
\$1.50 doz.

Or Tongues in Glass.
Fry's Cocoa, ½ lb. tins.
Cadbury's Cocoa, ½ & ½ tins.
Cleaned Currants, 20c. pkg.
Malt Vinegar, quart bl., 20c.
Vinegar Essence, 45c. bottle.
Will make 1 gall. vinegar.

20 Boxes
BLUE NOSE BUTTER,
56 lbs. each.

T. J. EDENS.

Duckworth Street and
Rawlin's Cross.

War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A. M.

GERMANS WILL CONFER WITH BOLSHEVIKI.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Sunday next has been set by the Germans as the date for the conference with the Bolsheviki leaders, with the purpose of negotiations for an armistice. The arrangement for the discussion followed the visit of representatives of the Bolsheviki to the German military authorities on the Teuton side of the fighting front in Russia. The Germans apparently gave quick acquiescence to the proposal of the Russians for an armistice looking to ultimate peace, for only a few hours intervened between the visit of the Russians to the German line and the acceptance by the Germans of the proposition that was made to them. While negotiations are expected to embrace an armistice on all fronts of the belligerent countries, it is certain that the Entente Allies will give no heed to the overtures either of the Bolsheviki, who comprise the radical section of the Russians, who have long desired Russia to cease fighting, or of the Germans who for even a greater period of time have been endeavoring to put into operation negotiations for a peace that would prove a suitable one

for themselves and their allies.

AUSTRIA WANTS PEACE WITH RUSSIA.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.
Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, in a discussion with delegates in the Upper House, said, according to a Vienna despatch to-day, that Austria was ready to enter into negotiations with Russia for an honorable and acceptable peace.

WAR SUMMARY.

On the fighting front in Northern France the battle between the British and Germans for points of vantage around Cambrai continued throughout Tuesday night but on Wednesday died down to small proportions. The Germans had brought up large numbers of reinforcements, and fighting for Bourlon Village, Bourlon Wood and Fontaine Notre Dame was waged with great bitterness, and positions several times changed hands.

East and northeast of Ypres violent artillery activity is in progress, especially in the sector of Passchendaele, and it seems probable that another big battle in this region is brewing. To the south in the region of St. Quentin, north of the Aisne, in the vicinity of Verdun, there have been small infantry operations, with the advantage resting with the French troops.

The Italians continue to hold tenaciously to their northern front between the Brenna and Piave Rivers against the Austro-German forces, who have been unable in repeated attacks to gain additional terrain. An armistice in order that they might bury their dead, has been requested by the Austrians, but owing to the lack of good faith in the enemy's intentions, the Italians have refused to grant it.

Jerusalem is within sight of the British forces operating in Palestine, but the Turks in force have been gathered about the city, and it is not improbable that a great battle will be fought for its possession. To meet the emergency, the British are hurriedly bringing up additional men, guns and supplies.

SCANDINAVIAN CONFERENCE.

CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 28.

King Gustava of Sweden and King Christian of Denmark have arrived here with their respective premiers and foreign ministers. The monarchs will remain here until Saturday. The city is gorgeously bedecked in honor of the visit of the sovereigns. The announcement was made Nov. 16 that the Kings of Denmark and Sweden would visit King Haakon, Nov. 28. A despatch from an Associated Press correspondent from Copenhagen Tuesday said he learned from a responsible source that the conference was arranged in consequence of an intimation from Germany that the growth of anti-German sentiment in Norway was being followed with concern by Germany, and that it was feared Norway might be impelled by public opinion or pressure on the Allied side to enter the world war at least to a point of granting a naval base to England and the United States, in which event Germany would be called upon to seize a base in Denmark.

THE INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

PARIS, Nov. 28.

Delegates from other countries to the great inter-allied conference, which includes all members of the coalition, great and small, are welcoming the presence here for conference of the American delegation as making available to the French minds fresh points of view in consideration of old questions. Americans are meeting everywhere with a most cordial feeling, and desire to listen to

the suggestions and consider such measures as they may intimate. When the mission arrived it was understood that only its chairman, Col. House, Tasker H. Bliss, Chief of Staff, and Admiral Wm. S. Benson, Chief of Naval Operations, would attend the full sessions of the conference, but it may be that all the members of the mission may take part. This point, which is not yet quite determined, will depend upon what the make-up of the representations of other countries will be. Mathieu Sevasto Paulo, who has been Councillor of the Russian Embassy here throughout the successive changes in the Embassy since its revolution, and who occupied that post previously under the old regime, will sit in conference. M. Makinkoff, the new Ambassador, has not yet presented his credentials to the President, as he is waiting to see what happens in Russia, but he also will have a place in the Conference as an observer. He has made an admirable personal impression upon the French and Allied diplomats. Col. House had a long conference this morning with Premier Clemenceau, and another later with David Lloyd George. He was a guest of James Haden Hyde at dinner this evening. The British mission all told inclusive of clerks and other attaches numbers 143 persons.

REFUSE RAIDS.

PARIS, Nov. 28.

Enemy raids at St. Quentin and Chaume Wood were repulsed, according to an official announcement by the war office to-day. The statement reads: In the region of St. Quentin we easily repulsed two enemy raids. Our patrols operating west of Tahure and in the neighborhood of Sanogneux, brought back prisoners, including an officer. A raid attempted against our posts west of Chaume wood, failed. It is confirmed that our attack of Nov. 21 against the German positions around Juvencourt, resulted in very heavy losses to the enemy. The number of prisoners taken by us in that affair was 456. We also captured thirteen machine guns, three trench cannons, three grenade throwers and 400 rifles.

SEVENTEEN SHIPS SUNK LAST WEEK.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Last week's Admiralty report announced the sinking of 17 British merchant ships, ten more than 1,600 tons and seven less than 1,600 tons. The week previously only one craft of 1,600 tons and over, and five of less tonnage were sent to the bottom.

ITALIAN SHIPPING LOSSES.

ROME, Nov. 28.

Italian shipping losses due to submarine attacks during the week ending Nov. 23, were one steamer of more than 1,600 tons, and one under that tonnage and one sailing vessel, it was officially announced to-day.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

PARIS, Nov. 28.

The statement by the war office to-night reads: There were artillery actions north of the Aisne, Argonne and on the right bank of the Meuse in the sector of Chambeilles.

Eastern Theatre.—The day was calm along the whole front, except in the region of Dairin, where artillery fighting was resumed interruptedly. In the region of Monastir an enemy airplane was brought down.

FRATERNIZING ORDERED TO BE STOPPED.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 28.

It is asserted here that persons who conducted the German negotiations for an armistice were authorized by their government to do so. Pending the holding of a conference, Ensign

Krylenko has issued an order to the army, stopping fraternization and advising vigilance and caution.

FOODSTUFFS DISCOVERED AT PETROGRAD.

Petrograd, Monday.—In response to representations that members of the railway union and their families were suffering from want of shoes, American Ambassador Francis, in speaking to supply committees of the Ministry of Communications and of the Northern railways, said he was urging the immediate shipment of shoes contracted for in America. Sixteen hundred cars of provisions congested at Moscow are being rushed to the front. It is reported that enormous quantities of foodstuffs have been discovered in Petrograd, where they were being hoarded by speculators.

CHINESE COMMISSION AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.

The commissioners of the Chinese Republic, who are visiting the United States in the interest of closer industrial and commercial relations, arrived here to-day from Chicago. They will remain about a week and later will go to Washington. The party is headed by Li General Chiang Ting-tai and Commander Li Sing Hia. There are six other members of the Commission.

RUSSIA'S SHOE DIFFICULTIES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.

Contracts for two million pairs of shoes, approved recently by the Council of National Defence, were not signed by the Russian Purchasing Commission because of the unsettled conditions in Petrograd and uncertainty as to whether they had legal authority to make the purchase. An extension of time was asked American manufacturers to allow the Commission to communicate with Petrograd. Purchases of shoes was made to supply most pressing needs of the Russian forces. These shoes have been shipped but not arrived in Russia.

TO CONSIDER ARMISTICE.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 28.

The Germans have set December 2nd for conference for negotiations of an armistice.

SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.

Captain Max V. Thierichens, former Commander of the German sea raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, was sentenced by the United States District Court here to-day to fourteen months' imprisonment. He was convicted of violating the Mann White Slave Act.

CHINA WILL BE REPRESENTED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.

It is announced at the Chinese Legation that China would be represented at the Inter-Allied Conference at Paris by the resident Chinese Minister in France, Mr. Hu Wei Teh and by General Tam Tait Lieh, Vice-Secretary of the General Staff of China, who had already arrived in Paris.

TROUBLE IN MEXICO.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Nov. 28.

Military censorship has thrown a veil over the developments between this port and Chihuahua City. Mexican officials have admitted that telegraph lines have been cut, and that trains and service have been suspended, but would give no information as to the outcome of the fighting reported south of Laguna, 75 miles north of Chihuahua City, where General Hernandez was believed to have come in contact with Villa's forces. Dead and wounded federal officers are being brought into Guaymas Sonora on special trains after engagements between Yaquis and Federals last

week. Reports reaching here last night stated that newspapers from Talron announce that Gustavo Espinoza Morelos has been seated as Governor of Coahuila, instead of Luis Gutierrez, who contested the election. It was necessary to go to Matamoros to effect the inauguration of Espinoza.

AMERICAN AIRMAN ESCAPES FROM GERMAN CAMP.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

An American Flight Lieut., a native of Seattle, who had been flying with the British for a year, and who was taken prisoner on the western front by the Germans two months ago, has arrived in London after escaping from a German prison camp. The lieutenant had three narrow escapes from death. On one occasion he was nearly electrocuted by wires on the Dutch frontier. On arrival in London the lieutenant went immediately to the American Embassy to arrange for his transfer from the British to the American Flying Corps.

SUBMARINE TOLL.

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Fourteen British merchantmen, 1,600 tons and over, were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly admiralty statement issued this evening. This is an increase of four vessels in the larger category over the number reported sunk last week.

Driving Power.

(From the Boston News Bureau.)

The brilliancy of the latest British drive under Gen. Byng, in the Arras sector, would seem from the early accounts to complement handsomely in its significance the latest revelations as to the assured subsidence of the submarines. Here are parallel arrows—pointing one sure, however slow, way. What appears to have happened on nearly 35 miles of front between St. Quentin and the Scarpe needs no profound technical analysis. It is the plain evidence of an acceleration of the inevitable. And with it go one or two new developments of strategy that would seem to carry a considerable meaning of both interest and encouragement. Whatever qualifications may be urged as to a defensive form of Teuton fighting on the west, or whatever the attempted minimizing of success by Berlin, the inevitable stands out sharper than ever—that on the one vital front not only distinct initiative but also strong preponderance of power has passed to one side; and that this process is certain to be augmented. Germany, inside her circle, may have a minor initiative of attack, as against Italy; but in the first and fateful arena she has definitely lost the whip hand. No matter what further shifting she may make from the east, or drain upon her home manhood or boyhood, the equation of power there is sure—with America in—to expand against her. This would seem to be the big and clear lesson from Arras. The incidental points of interest in this latest offensive simply accentuate this main tendency. They are the sudden shifting of point of attack and the surprise element introduced by launching the attack with no precursor save the tanks. The usual artillery was dumb; while, to veil the larger strategy employed, that in Flanders was very brisk, as if in preparation for a final autumn drive in what seemed the single British big offensive. German lines of defence have for some time been reported as betraying much nervousness. May there not be now an ominous increase in that tension? Ability at Arras to dispense with the methodical building process may have helped by local conditions and by the factor of surprise; but the new development ought to have a still wider meaning. It should foreshadow the gradual and accelerated disintegration of the whole trench deadlock. Beside promising the fall of Cambrai and Lens, and thus assuring further "strategic retreats," it would seem to establish the symptoms of a waning morale among the Teutons. Berlin reports the ultimate stopping of the drive by "reserves." But how about the continuing quantity and quality of these? There is now one clearcut task, in one definite area, before the anti-Teuton alliance—including our own swelling forces. It is the killing, the crippling and the capturing of as many of the enemies bodies as possible, and simultaneously the wearing down of their spirit. No other argument applies. Gen. Byng's all-round toll is a very encouraging application.

Look Us Up! Open Nights.

Saturday Savings

At the "Boston"

BARGAIN HOUSE

A very comfortable place to buy. Always some very attractive prices.

Overcoat Time is Here

To-morrow, Saturday, we offer a very fine line of Men's and Boys' Overcoats, purchased in the British market previous to the advance. They are made from good heavy material, substantially lined, dark colors and are worth at to-day's prices \$20.00 each. Just twenty left. While they last you can have them at

\$15.00
each; all sizes.

Corsets.

389 pairs Job Corsets, D. & A. Parisian and other reputable brands; all sizes. Marked away down; slightly soiled. Very interesting prices. Come and save.

Hosiery.

Wool Hosiery for Men and Women. Very difficult to get these now. We have them though, bought two years ago. Good fast blacks, dyed when dye was new; not imitation, from 45c. up. Get a few pairs while they last.

We stock the famous American

**BLUE
DENIM
OVERALL,**
\$1.90 garment.
A very good Blue Overall we offer at \$1.19.

The "Boston" Bargain House,

362 Water Street,
Opp. Parker & Monroe's.

CERTAIN-TEED

PAINTS and ROOFINGS

Guaranteed the best obtainable

GEO. M. BARR, Agt.

ST. ANDREW'S NIGHT.—This anniversary will be celebrated to-morrow night by St. Andrew's Association at their club rooms.

Cold Cause Headache and Grip. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVES' signature is on box. 50. th.

The success of a gown depends on a combination of rich materials.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

OL' DAD MARTIN—He Makes a Rash Decision, But He'll Come Around!

By A. HITT



From the Wreck.

The work of taking the flour cargo of the stranded steamer Beverley, St. Mary's, was interrupted yesterday by a rough sea that raged. How conditions were more civil this morning and the transferring of the flour to the S. S. Erik to be brought ashore is being carried on.

The Beverley's cargo, we learn, comprised exactly 6,000 barrels all of which were damaged. After discharging one-third of the quantity, which is expected to be to-morrow evening, efforts will be made to refloat her.

IT'S HEALTH.—Infectious disease is on the decrease in the city. A single case of and kind was reported to the Health Authorities within the past week.