

Casino Theatre!

(For a Limited Season)



Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Mrs. Davidson.

THE W. S. HARKINS PLAYERS.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

The House Next Door.

An English comedy of to-day. One of the most charming plays ever written. Lovers of good comedy should not miss it.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY NIGHTS:

A Confession.

Endorsed by pulpit and press as one of the greatest melo-dramas ever presented on the stage. Don't miss the famous Court Scene in Act 3.

Saturday Matinee to be announced.

Doors open 7.30. Performance at 8.15.

Seats now on sale, Atlantic Bookstore.

PRICES: NIGHT 20, 30, 50 and 75c.
MATINEE 10, 20 and 30c.

Roasted Chicken Sent to Prisoner Contained Money.

Kingston, Ont., January 7.—That many guards are supporting large families in a most extravagant manner on a salary of what was until a short time ago \$600 a year, was the statement of Inspector W. S. Hughes, formerly accountant at the penitentiary, at afternoon's session of the Penitentiary Investigation Commission.

In regard to the alleged traffic in tobacco by guards, Inspector Hughes stated that it was not the small guards whom the Commission suspected were the chief offenders. He stated that some of the oldest guards who had been in the service for some time were guilty and on a far larger scale than those under suspicion. These men he charges with trafficking on a large scale, not only in money and tobacco, but in drugs, whiskey and other contraband.

In his evidence Inspector Hughes stated that while the small offenders may have had money sent them in registered letters by friends of convicts, the men bigger in the game had dumps acting for them in Gananoque, Nanawake, Collins Bay and other points in this vicinity to whom the money would be sent and from the guards would receive it. These were the men he charged with living in a

manner a man with an income of \$2,000 a year could not live—and their salary was only \$600.

When pressed to give the names of some of these guards the inspector refused, stating that he had not sufficient evidence to make definite

Money and Spirits Found in Walnuts.

Inspector Hughes gave evidence showing the ingenuity of convicts and the manner in which contraband articles were brought in. Some time ago when convicts were allowed Christmas baskets, a roasted chicken was seized and on examination it was found to contain opium, brandy, whiskey and money. The shells had been split and after having been filled were glued together. Tobacco had been discovered in turnips. A piece had been cut from the turnip, the centre hollowed and filled with tobacco and the piece put back in place.

The inspector admitted that he was on for some time, but nothing could be done to get the source.

Politics as One of the Greatest Evils.
Inspector Stewart stated that in his opinion the greatest evil in the administration of justice was that politics was responsible for the appointment of guards. He held that by politics there would be grafting and inefficiency. The politicians who were the strongest advocates in the House of Commons for the reform of the penitentiary were the men who were responsible for the conditions existing in the penitentiary. He suggested that the Warden be made supreme with the power of engaging and dismissing his police staff.

Inspector Stewart stated that the penitentiary needed more industries for the employment of the convicts and he strongly favoured a suggestion whereby convicts will manufacture all office furniture required by the Government, uniforms and shoes for soldiers and police as well as mail bags, etc. He would recommend that the convicts receive a certain recompense for their labors, the balance, after paying for their upkeep, to be devoted to the support of their families.

Does Your Office require something new?

Would a fine Roll Top Desk fit that bare space before the window? If so, get one now and make your private room look up-to-date for the coming year's business. Good, quiet, dignified office furniture is a very valuable asset.

Our Showroom carries the finest stock of office requirements that can be found in the city, from a wastepaper basket upwards. Our prices for these goods during the month of January will be just a very little above cost, the reason being that we desire to have as little stock as possible on our lists after stock-taking. This is the business man's opportunity. We invite your inspection, and your inspection means a sale with a bargain.

U. S. Picture & Portrait Co.

Millions From Tobacco

According to statistics from France the tobacco monopoly of the French government netted the State \$105,000,000 last year, the largest return since the foundation of the monopoly, 103 years ago. The original capital out of which this vast profit was made was \$30,000,000, or about one-third of the capitalization of the lately dissolved American Tobacco Company. The French government supervises the growing of all tobacco and the planters are compelled to sell their entire crops to the State at a fair appraisement.

Twenty factories are permitted to work up this tobacco, and cigars are sold at a uniform price throughout the entire country. Quantity makes no difference, cigars costing just as much when purchased by the thousand as when bought singly. The hotels and restaurants buy their cigars at the same prices for which they are furnished to the general public, but they add from fifty to a hundred per cent as their own profit. The rights to retail tobacco are jealously guarded by the government, and it is necessary to obtain a State permit before opening any kind of a retail store.

There is not much chance for an ordinary individual to get rich selling tobacco in France, for these permits are usually granted to the widows of army and navy officers, or to employees of the government. The widows, however, are permitted to lease their permits to other persons in consideration of fixed annual payments. That the government conducts its business with a view to the greatest profit is attested by foreign visitors to France, who find the tobacco of an inferior quality to what they are accustomed to at home. But the Frenchmen, not being familiar with foreign tobacco, do not know the difference and go on smoking the home product with as much gusto as if it were of the finest Havana stock.

To Bring Suit Against Chancellor.

C. Von Bethmann-Hollweg Incurs the Displeasure of German Potash Syndicate.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—A suit against the Imperial Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg is to be brought by the German Potash Syndicate, which demands from him the return of \$2,000,000, forming the so-called "propaganda fund" for advertising the merits of the German fertilizer at home and abroad. This amount was raised by imposing a tax on all potash mined in Germany under the law of 1910.

A part of the fund for the specific purpose remains on hand and it is stated in some quarters that the government is allowing it to accumulate with the idea of diverting it to general purposes under the provisions of a new law now being formulated.

The law of 1910 was designed to conserve the natural supplies of potash in Germany to insure the prosperity of the German industry and to prevent Americans from getting a cheap supply, but it has been a partial failure.

New potash mines are constantly being opened up, thereby decreasing the quotas allotted to the various exporting mines and those interested declare that the time is coming when the bars to freer and cheaper production of potash must be lowered unless more effective methods of discouraging potash mining in Germany are devised.

Minard's Liniment Co. Limited.
Gentlemen, — I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT from time to time for the past twenty years. It was recommended to me by a prominent physician of Montreal, who called it the "great Nova Scotia Liniment." It does the doctor's work; it is particularly good in cases of Rheumatism and Sprains.

Yours truly,
G. G. DUSTAN,
Chartered Accountant.
Halifax, N.S., Sept. 21, 1905.

Stephano Sails.

The S. S. Stephano sailed for Halifax and New York at 8 p.m. yesterday taking in saloon:—
Lady Outerbridge and maid, W. MacKay and wife, W. J. Halley, Miss St. Croix, Miss McNamara, W. Stevenson, H. L. James, W. La Beau, J. P. Doyle and ten in steerage.

Marine Notes.

The R. M. S. Sardinian is due here from Philadelphia to-morrow.
The S. S. Florizel is due here tonight from New York via Halifax.
The S. S. Boethic sails to-morrow night for Sydney whence she takes a cargo of coals for this port.
The S. S. Coban is due here from North Sydney with coals to the Reid Company.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTER ITCH.

New Disease Caused By Wireless.

Every new invention seems to add at least one to the already long list of ills to which the human race is liable. Wireless telegraphy is no exception to the rule, for German physicians have just discovered a brand-new disease which claims for its victims the operators of wireless instruments on instruments on shipboard.

The disease is a form of anaemia, characterized by great weakness of mind and body. An analysis of the blood of sufferers from it shows a surprising decrease in the number of red corpuscles. The new "wireless debility" is believed to be due partly to the small unsanitary quarters which shipowners provide for their faithful wireless operators, and partly to the excessive ozonizing of the air by the high frequency currents of electricity required to operate powerful wireless plants.

This latter cause of the disease adds new strength to science's case against ozone. It used to be thought that the more ozone we got in the better, but now it is known that except in very minute quantities it is extremely harmful.

Healthy and Unhealthy Lighting

Gas, it may be said, vitiates the atmosphere. True. But it also helps to purify it. Its purifying power is greater than its vitiating power. Electricity does not vitiate, nor does it purify. Hear what three eminent men have said:—

Much evidence has lately been adduced to show that gas is more useful than the electric light in promoting efficient ventilation of air. It is for this amongst other reasons, that gas is being frequently substituted for the electric light. The latest example is, perhaps, the Society of Medical Officers of Health, which has recently installed gas on its premises, after experience with the electric light.—Dr. Jamieson 3. Hurry.

He would merely add that no member who had experience of their meeting room under the old conditions could deny the improvement that had taken place since gas had been substituted for the electric light and the new system of heating and ventilation had been installed.—Dr. Reginald Dudgeon, before the Society of Medical Officers of Health.

I have in my mind's eye, at the moment, a hall which, in the old days was lighted by gas, and in which a large audience could, with comfort, sit through an hour's lecture, or with pleasure through a three hours' dinner, but which with the march of civilization, had its illumination changed from gas to electricity, the latter been employed with all the latest refinements to effect the lighting under the best conditions, with the result that any large gathering within its walls leads to a state little short of asphyxiation.—Vivian B. Lewis, Professor of Chemistry at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich.—Nov. 8, 1913.

Man's Destiny

We hear constant warnings that the times are degenerate, that men are less manly and woman less womanly than they once were, that human life is unfitted to bear the growing strain to which it is subjected. It is not to be denied that we have some solemn warnings which we shall do well to heed; nevertheless, there is good reason to have faith in the growing adaptation of manhood and womanhood to the tasks and burdens which are to fall upon human life.

This is the spirit of those fine words of David Starr Jordan:
When shall man rise to manhood's destiny?
When shall slow-toddling race shall be full grown,
Deep in each human heart a chamber lone
Of holies, holiest shall be builded,
And each man for himself must hold the key.

Each man must kindle his own altar fires,
Each burn an offering of his own desires,
And each, at last, his own High Priest shall be!

The tests of our systems of education, of our systems of government, and even of our religion, come finally to this. Are they producing manhood and womanhood that are reliable, stable and righteous? The promise of God is that this kind of character shall possess the earth. Let us hasten the time when it shall be true.

The schr. Regina, with 1,002 barrels of herring and 124,000 lbs. of codfish, and the schr. Elizabeth N. with 1,973 barrels of herring and 107,000 lbs. of codfish, have left Bonne Bay for Buckport, Maine. The schr. Harry W. Adams has cleared from Bonne Bay for Lunenburg with 1,100 barrels of herring.

A Splendid Pick-Me-Up
An Oxo Cube in a cupful of hot water is just that nourishment which gives at once new life and vigour. Pure beef-goodness in readily assimilable form. Handy—Convenient—Ready in a minute.

OXO CUBES

Always a Warm Welcome Assured to users of Miller Oil Heaters.



SAFE — SAVING — SURE.
New shipment just arrived.
Prices as before—\$4.25, \$6.00, \$6.50.

Thermos Bottles.

1 pt., \$1.00 up; 1 qt., \$2.00 up.

Clark's Foot Warmers,
for cold weather driving.

Ayre & Sons
LIMITED

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When in doubt smoke GEMS.

Because every package contains 3 valuable coupons. These coupons can be exchanged for any one or more useful and valuable articles that cost from 50c. to \$15 each. This is one reason why you should smoke GEMS



Imperial Tobacco Co., (Nfld) Ltd.

How Flies Carry Germs For Miles.

How far can flies, mosquitoes and other disease-bearing insects carry the germs which make them so much dreaded? It used to be thought that their activities were limited to a radius of a few hundred feet from their breeding places and that even a high wind would never waft them more than a mile or so away.

The experts in charge of Cleveland's anti-fly campaign, however, have discovered evidence to prove that flies are carried by the wind over water for six miles, and it seems reasonable to suppose that over land the length of their flight might by greatly extended. This discovery was made in a curious way—through the request for some means of relief from the plague of flies which infest the cribs of the waterworks, six miles out in Lake Erie north of the city.

The presence of flies in this isolated spot could not be charged to passing steamers or to conditions obtaining on the cribs. Although tenders

live on the cribs, there are no animals and there is absolutely nothing in which flies of any kind could breed. All garbage and waste matters are dumped immediately into the lake or are put into a tight incinerator and burned daily. Lake steamers pass within about half a mile of the crib, but none of the men have ever noticed any evidence of flies coming from them. All the crib tenders maintain that a south wind brings a cloud of flies from the city and that a north wind carries them away.

The only explanation seems to be

that the flies are blown at least six miles off shore, and that they gather on the cribs as temporary resting places. Attraction of any other sort cannot be a strong factor, else they would remain on shore, attracted by the animals and men along the docks and the much richer food supply.

These facts and other evidence strongly support the theory that flies of certain kinds are able to travel much farther than is commonly supposed. Flies which have travelled these long distances appear to be ravenously hungry, and some of them bite viciously. It is not difficult to trap them under these conditions.

Cape Report.

Special to Evening Telegram.
CAPE RACE, To-day.
Wind northwest, strong, light snow showers. A steamer passed west at 6 p.m. yesterday, and another at 12.30 a.m. to-day. Bar. 28.95; ther. 18.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.