Suspension Of Arms.

Stretchers Fall Back.

"The negotiations resulted in a sus-

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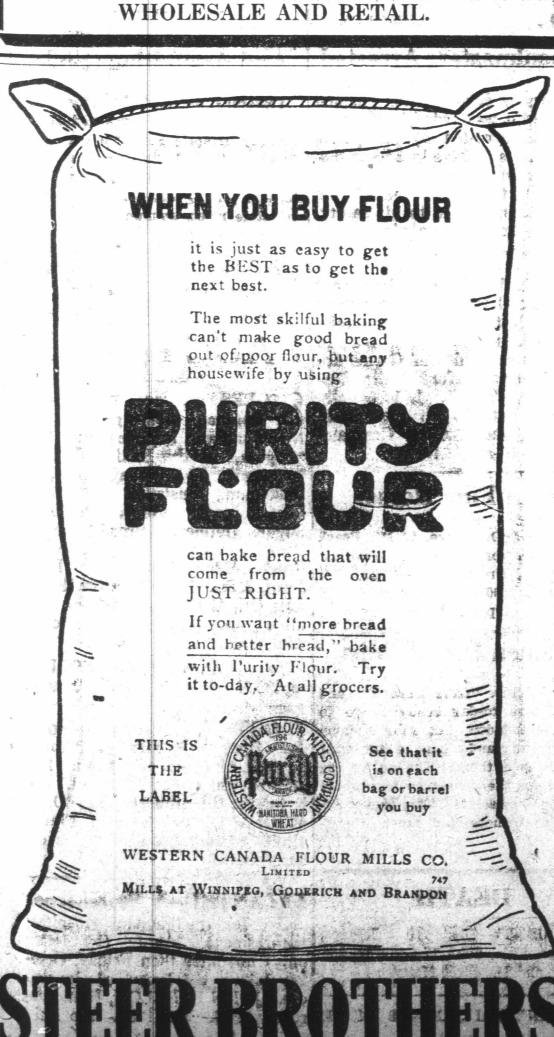
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GENERAL HAMILTON ON FIGHTING IN GALLIPOLI

A Soldier's Description of Hardships Endured --- No Word of Failure in Courage of Turks.

London, Sept. 23-How the British and French through the sumin Gallipoli, with terrible losses on carying through negotiations where the gain or loss of a few yards tually took place on May 24. the and the dead lay so thick that with red crescents began to dot the tive, is related by Gen. Sir Ian Ham- staff officer and two medical officers ces, in a despatch to Lord Kitchen-

The Turks' Courage.

Covering the fighting in the Dardanelles from May 5 to July 1, the columns were on the march in the account sheds little light on the gen- valley up which the Turks were aceral military situation, being mainly customed to bring reinforcements. of what the contenders endured. In-concentration continued and a mesdirectly it pays a tribute to the gal- sage was sent stating that no clearlantry and fighting qualities of the ing of the dead and wounded could Turks. General Hamilton gives no be allowed during the night. The support to the numerous newspaper stretcher parties fell back, and imreports that the morale of the Turks | mediately firing broke out." has been shaken.

The Nationalities Mixed.

Going back to May 5, soon after drove them back. But as the Turks he Allies obtained their first footing on the peninsula, General Hamilton relates how the commanders, hard pressed for reinforcements, had of the dead and wounded, arrangeand British troops "to an extent even Pasha were finally effected. of the French on our right having a British battalion holding their own

Following then three days of ter- p.m. May 24," continues the report.

"The steady advance of the Brit- were removed or buried in the area ish." says the general, "could be foltil the long lines entered the smoke since May 18." clouds. The French at first made no move; then, their drums beating and Swedish Banks to Make bugles sounding the charge, they suddenly darted forward in a stream of skirmishers, which seemed for a moment to cover the whole southern face of the ridge of Kereves Dere. Heavy Turkish Fire.

"Against these the Turkish gun-specified items to Sweden, five Sweers turned their heaviest pieces, dish banks, according to the Copeand, as the leading groups stormed the first Turkish reaction, in black Telegraph Company, have agreed o bursts high explosive shells blotted make Germany a loan of \$10,000,000 out both assailants and assailed.

"The trail was too severe for the bought in Sweden by Germany Senegalese Tirailleurs. They recoiled; they rallied. Another rush for- French Soldiers ward, another repulse. Then a small supporting column of French soldiers were seen silhouetted against the sky as they charged upwards

along the crest of Kereves Dere. "Not until next morning did any reliable detail come of what had happened. The next result of the three days' fighting had been a gain of 600 ards on the right of the British and 400 on the left and in the centre. The French captured all the ground i front of Farm Zjimmerman, as wel as the redoubt."

The German Leaders.

The German leaders of the Turk were quick to realize the advantage the attackers had gained, General Hamilton continues, and by counterto wrest away the trenches they had attacks after counter-attacks tried

"Everywhere our assailants were repulsed," says the account, "and now for the first time I felt that we had planted a fairly firm foothold upon the point of Gallipoli peninst

Some Relief.

This was on May 10, and General Hamilton was able to relieve some of the exhausted men on the firing line after eighteen days and nights of uninterrupted fighting.

"During this breathing space," says General Hamilton, "I realized that we had now nearly reached the ion of my numbers and dispositions same days as received.

parallel from the sea to the strait, Price \$6.00 for tactics which would bring fresh broken barbed wire. Siege warfare Men's Sinch Bellows Tongue Boots oeuvre battles in the open.'

Divided The Line. In preparation for this, the Brit- Boys' 10-inch Waterproof Boots ish commander tells of how he divided the front into four sections: Boys' . 8-inch Waterproof Boots then describes the fitful fighting up Price to May 18, when the Turks made a most violent assault on the British positions with forces estimated at 30.000 under command of the Ger-30,000 under command of the German Field Marshal von Sanders himself. But the British held firm, leaving upwards of 3,000 Turks dead within open view of the trenches.

Fortune of Morgan

J. P. Morgan, junior, born 1867, is the son of the late J. P. Morgan ganizer of the Steel Trust, the International Mercantile Marine and other great mergers. His son dropped the "The next four days," the account affix "Jr." on the death of his father mer kept at grips with the Turks says, "were chiefly remarkable for in Rome, April, 1911, and is now the for head of the great banking firm of J.P. both sides in the arid, congested area the suspension of arms, which ac- Morgan and Company, Wall Street, New York, financial agents in Ameri-On the 20th of May white flags ca for Great Britain during the war. J. P. Morgan, Junior, has had a life long training in banking. He graduated from Harvard in 1889, and entered his father's office in New York as lines. An informal armistice was a clerk. From the position of loan er, made public in London this eve- reached and stretcher parties on both clerk he graduated to that of bond sides began collecting the wounded. clerk and then to correspondence clerk. It is said he received no spe-"Meanwhile it was observed that gan office, rising steadily by merit of his own force, ability, and earnestness. After a thorough drilling in banking routine, young Morgan was sent to London in 1891, and there he developed a deep "inside" knowledge of finance, and an initiative. Handling the affairs of the London office he acquired an immense experience in international banking. It did not profit the Turks, General

Large, Genial Man

the international races and incident were anxious to bury their dead and ally became a figure in the publi eye of America. He had grown into science were in favor of the removal a man of genial exterior, much more found it necessary to mix the French ments with a representative of Essad approachable than his father had ever been, and with a distinctlyside. The present head of the Morgan firm, like his father, is a big man, weighing over 200 pounds with pension of arms from 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 heavy features, and a face suggesting rugged strength of character. The "The burial of the dead was finished late J. P. Morgan had an enormous at 3 pm. Some 3000 Turkish dead nose. This feature in the case of his son, though a strong one, is by no between the opposing lines. The howed by the sparkle of bayonets un- whole of these were killed on or means so extremely pronounced. Mr Morgan is a member of the New York Yacht Club. He was once also an enthusiastic golf player, but bus iness has encroached upon golf of Loan To Germany late years. In 1890 he married Miss

Jane Noron Grew. The Morgan estate upon the death of the late J. P. Morgan, paid a preliminary inheritance tax of \$2,500,-000. This was not suggested as the full value of the estate, however, estimates of which ran as high as \$300,-000,000. The amount paid was simply a deposit on the tax which required time to compute in full.

The Morgan Policy

In January, 1915, Mr. Morgan is sued a statement that the house of Mrgan had severed its connection To Get More Pay with the directing boards of about thirty great railway and industrial corporations of the United States. Paris, Sept. 27 .- The army commit-This step was taken voluntarily, pertee of the Chamber of Deputies has haps in anticipation of government decided to recommend that the pay of action following public sentiment French soldiers be increased from which had been become strongly opone to five cents a day, as from July posed to "interlocking directories." , 1915. The change would men an in-Most of these had been re-organized creased expenditure of about \$25,000,by the Morgan firm under Mr. Morgan's father.

The rise of the Morgan banking firm corresponds with the development of the United States as a field for investment since the American civil war, and the period of mergers and consolidations which grew up in the last twenty or thirty years. late J. P. Morgan saw the future for railroads in America at a time when transcontinental railway building had not begun. He entered the railway field of finance first in 1866. Later he joined the Drexel firm of bankers i 1871, with a \$1,000,000 marble office a Broad and Wall streets, which is stil the headquarters of the Morgan firm. Under him the United States entered international finance, placing \$200 000,000 American Government securities in Europe. It has developed that field until the firm stands now fore-

Just as the Rothchilds' fortune grew Our Hand-made Waterproof Boots, out of the Napoleonic wars of cen-

If It Is Required

Paris, Sept. 22."We do not want a premature, but a complete and lasting peace," said John Hodge, a member of the British Parliament, in an address last night at a meeting of French Socialists. "We do not want conquests, but the liberation of all oppressed peoples.

"We are anxious to beat Germany," conscription, then I say we'll have it." The meeting was the first of a series organized to explain to the French

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limit of what could be attained, for Fall and Winter wear, are now ready. We are showing as usual, good mingling initiative with surprise. honest footwear. Mail orders receive gan fortune would expand as a reThe enemy was as much in possessprompt attention. All orders filled sult of the present war.

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Men's 16-inch Bellows Tongue Boots.

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For Conscription "The opposing fronts stretched Men's 14-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. and now there was fittle scope left Men's 12-inch Bellows Tongue Boots Price \$5.90 battalions against the lines of un- Men's 10-inch Bellows Tongue Boots

Price \$1.40 Men's 612-inch Ordinary Tongue Boots

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