

RECEIPTS OF EGGS.

Montreal receipts 1916-1917-1918.			
	1916.	1917.	1918.
January	11,949	2,708	6,032
February	15,742	12,120	8,043
March	28,669	35,489	31,390
April	72,440	50,896	50,570
May	80,886	82,441	61,668
June	93,046	70,829	59,676
July	76,233	22,764	38,057
August	13,372	4,824	6,128
August	8,790	6,191	7,026
August	8,648	6,597	7,689
August	8,710	7,297	7,833
Total to August 31st.	418,485	309,534	292,322

EGGS IN STORAGE.

Montreal Storage	Aug. 31.	July 31.	Aug. 31.
Stocks	1917.	1918.	1918.
Fresh	6,379	3,884	3,933
Cold Storage	114,549	83,198	93,753
Pickled	Nil	4,500	Nil

LOCAL GRAIN.

Favorable weather reports throughout the country as well as from the United States led buyers to hold off hoping for lower prices. The future market for oats at Winnipeg closed fractionally higher.

Fluctuations in grain on Saturday at Winnipeg were:

Oats:	
No. 2 C. W.	0.85 1/2
No. 3 C. W.	0.81 1/2
Extra No. 1 feed	0.81 1/2
No. 1 feed	0.80
No. 2 feed	0.76
Barley:	
No. 3 C. W.	1.05
No. 4 C. W.	1.02
Rejected	0.95
Feed	0.95
Flax No. 1 N. W. C.	3.97 1/2

Throughout Manitoba
Saskatchewan and Alberta

FARM LAND APPRAISALS

Land bought and sold on behalf of clients.

UNITED GRAIN ROWERS
SECURITIES COMPANY, LTD.

Winnipeg Regina Vancouver

DOMINION COAL COMPANY
Limited

DOMINION and SPRINGHILL BITUMINOUS STEAM and GAS COALS

GENERAL SALES OFFICE
112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL

ANCHOR-DONALDSON
PASSENGER SERVICE

Between
MONTREAL and GLASGOW

Apply to Local Agent or
THE ROBERT REFORC CO. LIMITED
General Agents
20 Hospital Street and 23-25 St. Sacrament Street,
Montreal.

CUNARD
PASSENGER SERVICE

Between
MONTREAL and GREAT BRITAIN
Money sent by Mail or Cable

Apply to Local Agents or
THE ROBERT REFORC CO. LIMITED
General Agents
20 Hospital Street and 23-25 St. Sacrament Street,
Montreal.

PUBLIC NOTICE

"LE PLACEMENT NATIONAL, LIMITEE."

Public notice is hereby given that, under the Quebec Companies' Act, letters patent have been issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, bearing date the twenty second day of August, 1918, incorporating Messrs. Arthur William Brodeur, accountant, Alice Brodeur, stenographer, Charles Brodeur, electrician, Joseph Napoleon Cabana, agent, and Joseph Amadee Thoun, advocate, of Montreal, for the following purposes:

To buy, sell, exchange or otherwise deal in all kinds of bonds, debentures, property, lands, mortgages, hypothecs and securities;

To take, hold, give and renew mortgages, hypothecs, liens and charges, to secure payment of the purchase or sale price of any property sold to or bought by the company or any money due or advanced to or by the company to purchasers or vendors of properties or dependencies;

To issue and allot fully paid shares, bonds or debentures of the company in payment or part payment for any property, mortgage, hypothec, business, rights, privilege, lease, license, contract, which this company may deem advisable to acquire;

To sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of the shares of the company for such consideration as the company may see fit, in particular for immovables, moveables, hypothecs, bonds, debentures, shares, claims, rights, licenses and powers;

To carry on wholesale and retail any kind of business except the building and operating of railways;

To acquire by purchase, exchange or otherwise shares, stocks, bonds, debentures and securities of any other companies, firms or corporations, and to dispose of the whole or part thereof by way of sale, exchange or otherwise, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, including the guaranteeing of the principal, interest and dividends attached thereto or any part of such securities and to enter into any agreements respecting such shares and other securities which may be deemed fit;

To act as agent and broker, to exploit real estate and anything subsidiarily connected therewith, to negotiate loans and invest capital, insurance matters, exploit the stocks in trade of any industrial or commercial company, to always carry on as such the business of bonds, debentures or other securities of any industrial and commercial company, firm, person, corporation or government;

To apply the funds of the company for the purchase of shares or stocks, bonds, debentures or other securities of any other companies or corporations;

To acquire by purchase or otherwise, take on lease any moveable or immovable property, rights and immunities which the company may think necessary or useful for the purposes of its businesses, or which may be pledged with the company or on which it may hold a lien or hypothec, and to give in payment of such property, rights and privileges, or for work done or for services rendered to the company, cash or bonds or shares of the company;

To undertake construction work of every kind and description and generally carry on the business, work and enterprises of contractors and builders; to supply tenders, plans, estimates and specifications and any other details and data relative to work and buildings of every description;

To acquire, hold and own any moveable and immovable property that may be necessary or incidental to the carrying out of any of the powers granted to the company and sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the said properties;

To acquire the property, rights, undertaking and assets of every description of any and all persons, incorporated companies or otherwise and carrying on businesses and undertakings whose purpose shall be the same as that of the company and within the limits of its powers and for any consideration including even paid up shares of the company;

To acquire under any title whatever mines, mining rights, timber limits, patents or invention of every kind and deal in same under every form, to acquire under any title whatever and establish lighting systems of any nature whatsoever, employ the funds of the company in whole or in part for the purchase of shares of other companies or for the acquisition of the assets and goodwill of any firm or person;

To promote, organize, manage or develop the business or assist in the promotion, organization, management or development of the business of any persons, corporations, companies, syndicates or undertakings;

To act as agent for the purposes of registering, issuing, countersigning and certifying the transfers and certificates of shares, stocks, bonds, debentures or other obligations of any other associations, corporations or companies;

To borrow money on the credit of the company, issue bonds, debentures or other securities of the company and to pledge or sell the same for such price and amount deemed appropriate provided each such bond, debenture or other security be not for a less sum than one hundred dollars;

To hypothecate or pledge the immovables or pledge the moveables of the company, or give both the above kind of securities to guarantee the payment of the bonds, debentures or other securities and of any loans made for the purposes of the company;

To give through its officers to one or more trustees, to secure the payment of the bonds, or debentures, a hypothec on the immovables of the company, mentioning therein the issue and amount of the bonds or debentures thus guaranteed;

To do all such other matters and things not here specified but that may be incidentally done for the purposes of the company, or that may be useful to more perfectly and completely exercise all the powers granted to the company;

To sell, exchange or dispose of the whole or part of the aforesaid properties, securities or rights, on

CONTROL OF THE SALMON INDUSTRY.

One of the latest articles of food to be affected by Government control is the British Columbia salmon output, and the civilian trade of the Dominion will have to be content with about 30 per cent of her usual requirements. The pack of sockeye salmon on the Fraser River, and in the northern part of B.C. was disappointing this year, and only a fraction of the domestic orders could have been filled if all the catch had been available.

Last year the needs of the trade were satisfied to some extent by shipments of Alaska salmon, but this will not be available this year, as it has been commandeered by the U.S. Government for shipment overseas. The situation seems likely to be continent-wide, as there is every indication of a salmon famine in the United States, where the food administration has communicated with packers advising them to reserve their entire pack of pound red and pound tall reds, medium reds, Cohoes and pinks.

Approximately one and a half million cases of salmon will be packed in British Columbia this season, according to a statement issued by the canning interests. The Government requirements are not yet known, but it is taken for granted that only a small number of civilian orders will be filled.

SALMON NEEDED IN EUROPE.

The embargo as originally drawn up prevented the distribution of salmon in the Dominion, but as modified at the close of last week, one-quarter of the pink salmon will be released for consumption within the Dominion. The representatives of the Imperial Ministry of Food on the Pacific Coast gave as the reason for the embargo that the Food Board considers that the public in Canada has a sufficient variety of other foods to be able to forego the use of canned salmon, so that this product will be available for consumption in Europe.

Permits for transportation have not yet been granted for thousands of cases of salmon of the 1917 pack that were sold to wholesalers in the United Kingdom through the usual trade channels. These goods have been stored in warehouses and have created a rather complicated situation for the canning industry, as storage room is likely to prove inadequate.

Railways have received instructions not to move canned salmon, except as provided for by the Government. The 1918 pack is estimated at 1,500,000 cases of all varieties, by the B.C. Salmon Cannery Association.

The latest information to reach the East is that the Government will release twenty-five per cent of the pink "talls" for Canadian trade. This salmon has not met extreme favor in the past, but this is practically all that will be available, except for the slim stocks of sockeye left over from last year. A few cars of sockeye were shipped from British Columbia before the restrictions were imposed by the Government. The commandeering of vessels to carry salmon to Europe made it evident that the Imperial Government was in earnest about securing British Columbia salmon for the army.

the terms and conditions that the company may deem fit; to distribute among the members of the company in kind, any shares, bonds, debentures, securities or property belonging to the company;

The directors may defray out of the funds of the company any expenses incurred in forming, registering and advertising the company, and remunerate any person or company for services rendered or to be rendered in the placing of the shares of its capital stock, debentures or other securities;

To do all such acts as may be necessary for the undertaking and carrying out all the business which the said company is empowered to carry on, and for all services or labor performed to charge, collect and receive any appropriate, legal or ordinary remuneration, and the costs and expenses incurred;

To pay for any expenses in connection with the organization of the company or for services rendered by the promoters or others, either in money or paid up shares of the company or with both as ordered by the directors;

The powers granted in any paragraph hereof shall not be restricted or limited by reference to or inference from the terms of any other powers granted to the company, under the name of "Le Placement National, Limitee," with a capital stock of forty nine thousand five hundred dollars (\$49,500.00), divided into nine hundred and ninety (990) shares of fifty dollars (\$50.00) each.

The principal place of business of the corporation, will be at Montreal.

Dated from the office of the Provincial Secretary, this twenty second day of August, 1918.

ALEX. DESMEULES,
3316-35-2 Acting Assistant Provincial Secretary.