

then left to look after it the winter with the full with the advent of spring creatures will awake from ready and eager to become another substantial addition balance in return for of attention as would, in ess, be regarded as ridicu-

e required for handling of all and in no way tech- common sense having by things in this connection; should not be difficult to product is always certain of market and finally, after the timidity have been over- stry is one which affords g source of interest and profit.

only too happy to answer which may be addressed to ject for I am certain that wonderful future in store in Nova Scotia as in an-

JOHN BAYNES.

College,
I. S.

S NEXT CENSUS OF POPULATION.

ensus of Canada will be ate of June 1st, 1911, and the subjects of population, culture, manufactures, min- and dairy products.

will be recorded under the lence and persnal descrip- ip, nationality and religion; upation and trade or means ge earnings and insurance; language spoken, and in-

n living on June 1st will be e schedule of population by ember of a family, institu- old, together with place of

habitation, sex, relationship to head of the family or household, and whether single, married, widowed, divorced or legally separated. The month of birth, year of birth and age at last birthday will also be recorded.

Entries will be made for each person to the country or place of birth, year of migration to Canada, if born elsewhere, year of naturalization if formerly an alien, and also racial or tribal origin, nationality and religion. Every person of alien birth who has become a naturalized citizen is a Canadian by nationality; and every British subject with residence in, as well as every native of Canada who has acquired citizenship by birth or naturalization, is also a Canadian by nationality. But there is no Canadian by racial or tribal origin, unless the Indians are counted.

Every person having an occupation or trade will be entered for it, but if employed in the census year at some other occupation for part or whole time he will be so recorded also. If the person is working on own account, the entry will be so made. An entry is also required to be made showing where the person is employed, as on farm, in woollen mill, at foundry, shop, in drug store, etc.

Wage-earners are entered to show the number of weeks employed in 1910 at chief occupation or trade; at other than chief occupation, if any; the total earnings in 1910 at chief occupation; the total earnings at other than chief occupation; and the rate per hour when employed by the hour.

Entries are required to be made for each person showing the amount of insurance held at date of the census upon life, as well as against accident or sickness, together with the cost of such insurance in the census year.

Under the heading of education and language records will be taken for every person of five years of age and over showing the number of months at school in

1910, and if the person can read and write and the language commonly spoken by each person. The cost of education in 1910 for persons over 16 years of age at College, Convent or University is also called for.

The last question on the schedule of population relates to infirmities. It calls for a record of each person having an infirmity. If blind, deaf and dumb, crazy or lunatic, idiotic or silly, a record thereof shall be made in the proper column, and the age at which the infirmity appeared is required to be specified.

THE CROPS AND LIVE STOCK OF CANADA

Ottawa, July 12—The census and Statistic Office to-day reports on the condition of field crops and the number and condition of farm animals of the Dominion at June 30. For the three years 1908-1910 the field crops range in condition from 82.16 for spring wheat to 91.42 for hay and clover this year, to 80 for spring wheat and 82 for rye and peas in 1908. Fall wheat is 85.47 this year compared with 77.28 in 1909 and 89 in 1908. Oats was 90 in 1908, and 93.81 in 1909, and this year it is 86.29. Peas is 86.94 this year; last year it was 84.40, and in the previous year 82. The condition of mixed grains is nearly the same, being 84.53 this year, 86.58 last year and 84 in 1908. Hay and clover is better this year than in either of the previous years, being 91.42 compared with 76 in 1909 and 87 in 1908. The condition of alfalfa has been recorded this year for the first time, and its average is 88.94. Pasture has a condition of 89.02 this year, compared with 99 in 1908, and 87.74 last year. The conditions of all field crops are good in Ontario, the highest being 94.29 for fall wheat and the lowest 84.79 for spring wheat. Quebec crops range from 74.45 for mixed grains to 102.58 for hay and clover. Peas is 84.42 and its condition is the next above mixed grains. In Prince Edward Island,