

WM. FOREMAN & CO.
IMPORTERS.

Saturday's Shopping.

The many enticing values offered will make shopping interesting at this store Saturday.

Saturday's Sale of Gloves.

Saturday's sale of gloves will be more interesting than ever. If your hand measures 5 1/2, 6, 6 1/2 or 6 3/4 your luck for you can buy gloves here at prices heretofore unknown. The supply is very limited so be on hand if you want to have a pair of these.

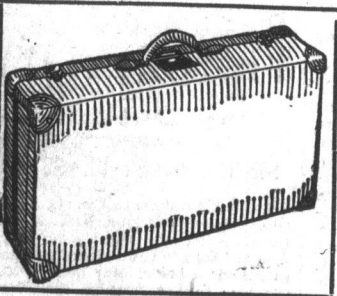
Perrin Freres Celebrated \$1.25-Gloves, sizes 5 1/2, 6 and 6 1/2, lacing, colors black and tan. Saturday at per pair, 50c
A miscellaneous lot of gloves at 10c
Black Kid Gloves in sizes 5 1/2, 6, 6 1/2 and 6 3/4, regularly worth 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Saturday, 10c

Lace Curtains.

Every day many pairs lace curtains move from this store and not to be replaced. You can save enough in this stock to buy two or three more pairs than you planned for.

Lace curtains ranging in price per pair from 25c to \$7.50. Saturday and until sold at a discount of from 20 to 50 per cent.

WM. FOREMAN & CO.



When You
Need A
Trunk

Travelling Bag, Dress Suit Case or anything of that sort, investigate our line. It's the largest and swellest ever carried in the city. We, of course, have the largest patronage because we carry a line that commands attention. See us before making a purchase. We'll save you money.

J. L. CAMPBELL

Boston Shoe Store.

Half-Sick If you feel run down, are easily tired, if your nerves are weak and your blood is thin, then begin to take the good old standard family medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If constipated, use Ayer's Pills.

THE MARKETS

The market square was crowded this morning with eager buyers. Produce of all kinds was offered in large quantities and brought good prices. Eggs were sold for 11 cents a dozen; chickens at from 25 to 45 cents each; and butter from 16 to 20 cents per pound. There was nothing new offered.

Following is the price list:

IN THE SHEDS.

Eggs, per dozen, 9 to 10c.
Butter, per lb., 19c to 20c.
Chickens, each, 25c to 40c.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

Spinach, per pound, 20c.
Lettuce, per pound, 25c.
Green onions, 4 bunches for 10c.
Rhubarb, per bunch, 5c.
Sage, per bunch, 5c.
Carrots, per peck, 10c.
Onions, per peck, 20c.
Parsnips, per peck, 15c.
Turnips, per peck, 10c.
Beets, per peck, 15c.
Cabbage, per head, 5c to 10c.
Apples, per barrel, \$1.50 to \$1.75.
Potatoes, per bag, \$1.50.

FISH.

White fish, 15c per lb., dressed.
Lake Huron trout, 10c per lb., dressed.
Yellow pickerel, 10c per lb., dressed.
Sturgeon, 10c lb., dressed.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Reported by L. J. Atwater, Broker, Northwood Block, Chatham, May 16, 1903.

Wheat—OPEN HIGH LOW CLOSE

July..... 72 72 72 72

Sept..... 70 71 70 71

Corn..... 45 45 45 45

July..... 45 45 45 45

Sept..... 44 44 44 44

Oats..... 33 33 33 33

July..... 33 33 33 33

Sept..... 30 30 30 30

Pork..... 1720 1720 1717 1717

Sept..... 1665 1667 1660 1662

Lard..... 897 902 897 892

July..... 897 905 897 895

Ribs..... 940 942 935 933

Sept..... 922 925 917 917

MR. HAMMOND'S EVIDENCE.

THE GLOBE REPORTER RECALLED BY PROSECUTION.

Mr. Johnston Protests Against Delay in the Gamey Inquiry—Mr. Chas. A. McCool, M.P., and His Conduct Money—More Information Required Regarding the \$900 Deposit.

Toronto, May 16.—At the opening of the Commission Chancellor Boyd asked Mr. Gamey to hand into court the memo-book he spoke of the previous day. He asked Mr. Johnston to inquire into the deposit of the \$900 in the bank by Mr. Gamey. Mr. Ritchie said he proposed to call the receiving teller in connection with that. Mr. Johnston, registrar of Nipissing, Mr. C. A. McCool, M.P., of Mattawa, and Dr. James, M.P., of Mattawa, were brought here because Mr. McPherson had been positively informed that they had an interview with Hon. J. R. Stratton on Sept. 11. They testified that they had no such interview, the first two saying they had not seen Mr. Stratton at all during Exhibition week.

Mr. McCool had a lively preliminary tilt with Mr. McPherson. He refused to testify until his railway fare was paid.

Mr. McPherson said that the money was laid on his shoulder in Ottawa, and he had no recollection of it.

Mr. McCool—That is not true. Mr. McPherson repeated that such was his information, and Mr. McCool declared emphatically that this was not true.

The Chancellor interfered with the suggestion that the conduct money would be paid anyway, to which Mr. McPherson agreed, and the witness proceeded.

Mr. M. O. Hammond, reporter of The Globe, recalled by Mr. McPherson, described again some of the circumstances attending the Gamey interview of January 29. In reply to a question he said he had not mentioned in his previous examination that Gamey had seen Mr. Stratton after having handed him the document. To Mr. Johnston he said he had added statements as an introduction to the interview which he had obtained from Mr. Gamey, touching general conditions in Manitoba.

In re-examination Mr. McPherson asked if he had been asked by Mr. Stratton at any time to suppress his evidence, or part of it. Witness replied that a few days after Gamey had made his charges, and after witness had handed his statement to Mr. Johnston, Mr. Stratton had asked if "he could not forget something in particular. He had replied that he might forget things he wasn't asked about."

Mr. Ritchie produced later an affidavit that Mr. McCool was tendered the conduct fare in Ottawa and refused it.

Mr. McCool rose and explained to the court that he had been given a subpoena in the House of Commons, and he told the giver of it that that could not be done there. Moreover, this subpoena contained a dollar, witness fee, but no railway fare. Later, on the walk in front of the buildings his attention was attracted to a boy's hand trying to shove something in his pocket. There was no word of explanation, and he would not allow it and passed on. Mr. Broder afterwards handed him a paper picked up on the walk containing four five-dollar bills. He refused it, as it was no proper service. Since giving his testimony here he had tried to get paid, but it was refused, on the ground that someone in Ottawa had the money.

The Chancellor suggested the delay was that \$40 should not be paid instead of \$20.

Mr. W. E. Buckingham of Guelph, called by the prosecution, produced a savings bank book of A. E. Ames & Co. It showed a deposit of \$1,200 on Sept. 11th. He got this money from the Ontario Bank shortly before. The account was closed two weeks later by letter, authorizing Ames & Co. to transfer to another account regarding a stock transaction. The stock was Chicago Great Western. He produced another bank book, of Dominion Bank, Guelph, which showed a check from O'Hara & Co. for \$2,300. As a matter of delicacy, he did not want to deposit it with Ames & Co., and so deposited with the Trusts and Guarantee Company.

This also was in connection with a stock transaction. The total check on the Ontario Bank on Sept. 11th was for \$1,000. He asked the teller for large bills, and got for the most \$100 bills.

In cross-examination by Mr. Riddell he said he had been a former partner of Mr. Coffee of the Trusts and Guarantee Company, and owed \$400. He gave him the \$2,300 check and took the smaller amount. The transactions had nothing whatever to do with this investigation. He came to town because Mr. Coffee had said the prosecution were not satisfied with his explanation. He knew Mr. Stratton but very slightly, and saw him with Mr. Boland in the Trusts and Guarantee office about a quarter to 11 on Sept. 11th. Mr. Boland and Mr. Stratton were engaged quite a long while with Mr. Coffee before he could see him. Mr. Riddell protested against this continued investigation of private accounts which had nothing to do with the case.

There were no more witnesses for the prosecution, and Mr. Johnston stated that, without desiring to reflect on anyone, he must say there was an impression abroad that there was an effort to postpone the case until after the session.

Chancellor Boyd remarked that he had already been decided to close the evidence to-day.

Mr. Ritchie—"Subject, of course, to the production of the bank evidence." The court then adjourned until to-day.

TRADE WITH THE EMPIRE.

MOTHER COUNTRY MUST DECIDE DEFINITELY.

Chamberlain Says Protection is an Issue—Upon the Decision Will Depend the Future of the Empire The Two Alternatives.

London, May 16.—Addressing his constituents at Birmingham last night, Colonial Secretary Chamberlain made an important speech, which seems to foreshadow the direct raising of the question of free trade versus protection at the next general election. In the beginning of his speech Mr. Chamberlain referred to his South African tour, and to his return home to find the minds of the people filled with local questions. He made told of the difficulties he had been told assailed the Unionist party. For him these local questions were comparatively unimportant beside the great Imperialist policy upon which the fate of the empire depended, namely, "whether we stand together one free nation against all the world, or whether we shall fall into separate states selfishly seeking their own interests and losing the advantages that unity alone can give."

In a passing reference to home rule, Mr. Chamberlain said that if separation began with home rule the empire would dissolve into its component atoms, but if he could believe that the Opposition party frankly had abandoned home rule he would be the first to sing "Nunc dimittis."

The Colonial Secretary proceeded strongly to urge the necessity in order to preserve the great empire that the trade of the colonies should be secured. Canada had offered exceptional advantages, he said, which Great Britain did not dare accept because of the narrow interpretation of the doctrine of free trade, the policy of dictation and interference by foreign powers. Mr. Chamberlain said he was justified by the belief that Great Britain was so wedded to its fiscal system that it could not defend its colonies. This was a position not intended by the pioneers of free trade, who, if they were alive to-day, would agree to a treaty of preference and reciprocity with the empire's children. The speaker said he believed that an entirely wrong interpretation had been placed upon the doctrine of free trade, but that the country ought not to be bound by this, and it should not hesitate to resort to retaliation, if necessary, wherever the interests of the colonies and the home country were endangered. Mr. Chamberlain avowed himself a free trader, but he objected to the artificial and narrow interpretation of free trade made, and that Bright had approved, a free trade treaty with France, and said: "There are two alternatives before you: first, to maintain the free trade policy in all its severity, although it is repudiated by every other nation and your colonies; second, to insist that we be not bound by purely technical definition of free trade. While we seek the chief object the free interchange of commerce between ourselves and all the nations of the world, we will recover our freedom, resume the power of negotiation and if necessary of retaliation."

In conclusion the Colonial Secretary said he desired to lay the discussion of this subject open. It was an issue graver in its consequences than mere local disputes. A mistake in legislation could be corrected, he said, but a mistake in the Imperial policy was irretrievable. Personally he did not think a general election very near; but, whether near or distant, the issue would depend upon whether the people have it in their hearts to do what is necessary even if it occasionally retarded against their prejudices to consolidate an empire which could only be maintained by relations of interest as well as by relations of sentiment.

London, May 16.—Premier Balfour, accompanied by the Chancellor of the exchequer, Mr. Ritchie, yesterday received a large and representative deputation of the House of Commons, headed by Mr. Chaplin, a former President of the Board of Agriculture; member of the House of Lords, and Delegates from the Chambers of Commerce and remission of who protested against the Mr. Balfour met grain duty.

In reply to the representative argument in the deputation, but did not give the least indication of conceding the demands. Without the slightest intimation he said the tax had accidentally given some protection to the millers, thus indirectly and unexpectedly helping the farmers, but the Government must not be blamed for remitting the tax. It was never intended to be a protective measure. Protection could not be introduced silently, as if by accident, and without a broad, public endorsement of such a change in the national policy. The Premier, continuing, said: "Immediately it became clear that the grain tax divides the two political parties of this country, it also became clear that the tax could not be a permanent part of the fiscal system. He did not intend to say that the present system was necessarily permanent. New conditions had arisen since the old free trade policy was adopted, and he could not imagine circumstances under which Great Britain by way of retaliation, would longer consent to be made a passive target."

He believed in universal free trade, but at present every country except Britain was protected. Mr. Balfour concluded with saying he would welcome a closer fiscal union of the motherland and the colonies. The movement, however, would be extremely difficult to carry out, and must come from the heart, conscience and intelligence of the great masses of the people.

The striking railway men of Victoria have submitted unconditionally to the Government's proposals.

Special For Saturday..

We want to see how many braces we can sell in one day—so have decided to put on sale for Saturday only 35 dozen Men's Fine Elastic Web 25c Braces for

19 CENTS

These braces have just been bought from one of the best makers. They have full elastic webs, mohair ends, leather facings and brass mountings, and are extra value at the regular price, 25c. For Saturday only—

19 CENTS

THORNTON & DOUGLAS, LIMITED

New and Pretty Dinnerware

"THE BAZAR and CHINA HALL"

Our new stock patterns of TEA AND DINNERWARE are just to hand. Buy just as much as you need and get it when you want it. The finest English semi-porcelain in neat shapes and new designs. New China Tea Sets are just lovely and the prices are down low. Special prices on common Dinner Sets just now.

J. H. GREY.

A DISTINGUISHED SPEAKER

Rev. J. H. Osterhout, B. A., B. D., Ph. D., addressed the Harwich Young Peoples Society at McKay's Corners last evening on the great international convention which takes place at Detroit in July. Mr. Osterhout will occupy the pulpit of Victoria Avenue Methodist church to-morrow at both services. The pastor, Rev. T. T. George, will preach anniversary service at Bethel church, River Road, Harwich.

DISTRICT DOINGS.

DRESDEN

May 16.—W. Radd & Co. have manufactured a fine new wagonette for A. Munro, liveryman, Inwood. The Misses Paxton, of Chatham, were the guests of their cousin, Miss Grace Carscallen, yesterday. Charles Peters is removing into his handsome new brick residence, York and Diggins. Umpire-Shannon. Attendance, 3,700.

ROCHESTER

May 16.—Miss Spencer, of Guilds, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. John Lee.

Mr. Anderson, principal of our Public school, will shortly move his family here. He has rented Mrs. Bell's house on Sheldrick St., now occupied by Mrs. Geo. Merritt.

L. H. Edmunds has purchased the Malcolm property on Talbot St. Mr. Edmunds intends making extensive improvements, and it will be occupied by Mrs. Stewart.

C. Jackson left this evening for Toronto to undergo a critical operation.

Miss McTavish, of Ridgeway, is visiting Mrs. Teetzel.

Mrs. Genereux and family have moved into James Graham's house.

Mrs. Sterling, Sr., has returned from Michigan and is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Stewart.

The Fourth Line Methodist Church, Harwich, will hold their anniversary services next Sunday, May 17th. Rev. C. W. Bristol, Guilds, will preach both morning and evening. On Monday evening the ladies will give a fine supper in the hall, which will be followed by a concert in the church.

This evening Dr. Thornton, of Chatham, delivers a lecture on "Ireland and the Irish," in the Methodist Church, Guilds. The church choir, Miss Shaw, of Cedar Springs, and other talent, from Chatham, will furnish the music.

Girls often wonder if there are any men in real life who make love as it is done on the stage.

WORLD OF SPORT

LAOROSSE

The Cornell University lacrosse team will make a western trip and will likely visit Detroit. The Chatham management should try to arrange a game for this city. There will be a lacrosse practice this evening.

BASEBALL

Two teams from Gray's factory will play on Tecumseh Park diamond this evening.

Crawford made the first home run of the season for Detroit on the home grounds yesterday, and received cigars, shirts, etc., from Detroit merchants.

Rube Waddell is back in form again, striking out his usual number, 13. This must be a lucky number for Rube, as he did the same trick last week.

Worcester

Base hits..... 020201000-5

Base hits..... 03020100-3

Toronto..... 11021121-9

Base hits..... 12021121-12

Summary—Home run—Rickett. Three-base hits—Burt, Kuhns. Two-base hits—Golden. Sacrifice hits—Miller, Carr. Bases on balls—Off McFall (3), Miller, Toft, Rickett. Hit by pitcher—Downey, Struck out—By Briggs (3), Rickett, A. Steelman, 3; Dupee; by McFall (3), Briggs, Miller.

Double plays—DeLoach to Madison to McAuley. Left on bases—Toronto 3, Worcester 5. Time—2:05. Umpire—Kelley. Attendance, 2,100.

R.H.E.

Buffalo..... 020201001-4 7 2

Providence..... 01000101-3 8 3

Batteries—Atherton and Shaw; Yarnes and Diggins. Umpire—Shannon. Attendance—3,700.

R.H.E.

Rochester..... 02021020-10 10 0

Newark..... 00000200-2 0 3

Batteries—McAleese and Lilly; Hester and Shea. Umpire—Brown. Attendance—500.

R.H.E.

Baltimore..... 000000000-0 4 4

Jersey City..... 001000001-3 10 1

Batteries—Souder and Robinson; Bartlett and McManus. Umpire—Latham. Attendance, 1,000.

EASTERN LEAGUE RECORD.

Won. Lost. P.C.

Jersey City..... 13 1 329

Buffalo..... 10 4 714

Toronto..... 7 6 457

Newark..... 7 8 467

Baltimore..... 6 8 438

Rochester..... 6 8 384

Providence..... 4 11 267

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES.

At New York..... R.H.E.

Cincinnati..... 000020012-5 8 2

New York..... 000100002-4 12 2

Batteries—Sustar and Ridgeway; Dignity and Warner. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 1,500.

At Philadelphia..... R.H.E.

Pittsburgh..... 500021500-10 13 5

Philadelphia..... 001000001-2 3 7

Batteries—Leever and Smith; McLaughlin, Doon and Zimmerman. Umpire—Johnston. Attendance, 2,904.

At Boston..... R.H.E.

Boston..... 42027000-9 10 1

St. Louis..... 000000000-0 6 4

Batteries—Malarkey, Moran and Kittredge; Hackett and Weaver. Umpire—Moran. Attendance, 2,513.

At Brooklyn..... R.H.E.

Brooklyn..... 021000001-4 9 2

Chicago..... 003200200-7 11 1

Batteries—Garvin, Evans and Ahearn; Taylor and Kling. Umpire—Emple. Attendance, 2,000.

AMERICAN LEAGUE SCORES.

At Chicago..... R.H.E.

Chicago..... 11040001-7 13 2

Washington..... 00010000-4 8 2

Batteries—Dunlap and Bemis; Tamm and Lee. Umpire—Hassett and Carruthers. Attendance, 2,675.

At Detroit..... R.H.E.

Boston..... 101300010-6 10 2

Detroit..... 01200101-8 15 3

Batteries—Hughes and Smith; McLaughlin and Eucly. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance, 4,200.

At Cleveland..... R.H.E.

Cleveland..... 00101000-5 7 3

New York..... 00011000-3 4 2

Batteries—Wright and Bemis; Tamm and O'Connor. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance, 2,870.

At St. Louis..... R.H.E.

St. Louis..... 100000010-2 7 0

Philadelphia..... 000201100-4 11 3

Batteries—Sivvers and Kahoe; Waddell and Schreck. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance—1,400.

—Langner and weakness, due to the depleted condition of the blood, are overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great vitalizer.