

(2) The provincial authority, from the particulars so furnished, shall determine whether or not the consideration for such assignment or transfer was inadequate or whether such assignment or transfer was made by such recipient or his spouse for the purpose of qualifying the recipient for assistance or for a larger amount of assistance than he otherwise would be entitled to receive or to prevent recovery of any claim under provincial law.

(3) Where, from the particulars so furnished or in the absence of satisfactory particulars being furnished, the provincial authority is of the opinion that the consideration for an assignment or transfer of property was inadequate or that such assignment or transfer was made by a recipient or his spouse for the purpose of qualifying the recipient for assistance or for a larger amount of assistance than he otherwise would be entitled to receive or to prevent recovery of any claim under provincial law, the provincial authority shall consider as income from such property an amount calculated as provided in section 11 in the case of property owned by a recipient or his spouse at the date of making application.

14. Where the recipient or his spouse re-converts into real property, personal property derived from the sale of real property held at the time assistance was granted, the provincial authority may, in lieu of calculating as income of such recipient the value of the personal property so re-converted as provided in paragraph (b) of section 11, consider as income an amount respecting the newly acquired real property calculated as provided in paragraph (a) thereof.

#### *When Assistance Shall Commence*

15 (1) Assistance shall be payable in arrears from the first day of the month following the month in which the recipient attains the age of sixty-five years or from the first day of the month following the month in which his application is approved, whichever is the later.

(2) Where an application is approved after the last day of the month in which it was received by the provincial authority, and delay in such approval resulted from circumstances wholly beyond the control of the recipient, the provincial authority may, in its discretion, declare that such approval shall be effective as of an earlier date which shall be a date after the recipient attains the age of sixty-five years and which shall in no case be earlier than the date of the receipt of the application by the provincial authority or a date not more than three months prior to that on which approval is given, whichever is the later; provided, however,

(a) that in any case where delay in such approval is attributable to the fact that the recipient is resident in a part of Canada that is accessible only at a certain time or times of the year, the period of three months herein mentioned may be extended to not more than six months;

(b) that during the first twelve months that an agreement under section 3 of the Act is in force with a province, where, in the opinion of the provincial authority thereof, it is necessary to do so, the said period of three months may be extended to not more than six months insofar as such province is concerned.

(3) Where assistance is suspended at the request of a recipient the same shall not be reinstated prior to the date on which the provincial authority is requested in writing by such recipient to do so.