FOR TO-NIGHT AND MONDAY

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN SERGE DRESS GOODS.

40 in. wide, all pure wool, extra heavy weight and fine bright finish in snages of ngar and ine, cardinal, crimson and black, regular 25C bright finish in shades of light and dark navy, mar-

LADIES' JACKETS

You will find prices cut away down in our Jacket section. Every cost must be sold this month. No consideration is paid to actual value or to

42 in. long, Ladies' Jackets, made of fine Kersey Cloth, lined throughout semi-fitting, in colors black and fawn regular price \$16.00, on sale to-night and Monday for

34 in. long, Ladies' Black Astrachar Jackets, elegantly fined with satin fine, even curl, glossy finish, regular price \$45.00, on sale for

HANDKERCHIEFS

You will find in our stock many reduced lines of fine embroidered hand-kerchiefs, choice designs and good qualities.

Ladies' very fine cambric handker-chiefs, hemstitched, various width hems, regular price 5c. each, on sale to-night and Monday at 7 for)

Children's colored picture handker-chiefs, good quality and attractive de-signs, special sale to-night and Mon-day at each

SALE OF MUFFS AT

HALF PRICE Ladies' Fur Mustis made of Coney Greenland seal and imitation stom martin, on sale to-night and Mon day at half-price.

\$1.00 muffs for 50c. \$5.00 muffs for \$2.50.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Winter weight merino un dervests, two thirds wool, one third cotton, unshrinkable, fire, soft finish, regular price 85c each, on sale to-night and Monday for

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Men's winter weight fleece lined regular price 50c, on sale to-night and

Childrens NIGHT GOWN

Children's night gowns made of good weight five striped shaker flamel, sizes, 10, 12, and 14 years, regular price \$1.00 each, on sale for

Thomas Stone & Son.

About Trunks and Valises is the correct thing in a holiday conversation for a Xmas present. Speak of Trunks and Valises anywhere, and you are pretty sure to hear something about us—The Boston Shoe Store.



We have No Use For "Great" sales and rainbow reductions. Good trunks and valies are like good dollars or Gurd's less are like good dollars or Gurd's we won't keep anything but good upto-date trunks, valises, etc., sales to FORCE trash are not in our lines.

wa number of distinct styles of Valises at rock bottom prices. Don't you think you could save money by coming here? We try to make every transaction of benefit to our customers. That's the way to make our

SOLE RIGHT OF SALE.... U.

THE MOST SENSIBLE

HOLIDAY -:- PRESENTS

can be bought at HUGH McDONALD & Co's. We keep full lines of all Furniture for use and adornment in a house.

- -Parlor Cabinets
- -Ohlna Cabinets
- -Music Cabinets
- -Book Cases
- -Secretaries

- -Library Tables
- -Couches
- -Sofas
- -Centre Tables -Jardiniere Stands

-Hall Chairs

-Morris Chairs

-Fancy Chairs

-Rockers

and all Staple Goods.

Our Prices Themselves sell the Goods Hugh McDonald & Co. FURNITURE AND CARPETS

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

WHAT THE GENERAL MAN

AGERS SAY ABOUT IT.

LABOR SITUATION THE MOST SERIOUS PROBLEM.

New York, Jan. 3.—The New York Post contains interviews with General Manager Hays of the G.T.R. and President Van Horne of the C.P.R. as to the railway outlook in Canada, Mr. Hays says: The continued increase in our passenger earnings was the most encouraging result of the past year from a railroad point of view, for the reason that it reflects, better than anything a railroad point of view, for the reason that it reflects, better than anything else, the continued prosperity of the community. We have been particularly pleased in this respect because of the fact that last year we had targe increases during the summer and early fall months from the traffic produced by the Buffalo Exposition, and we were apprehensive this year webuld show a large decrease arising from the absence of such an attraction, but, on the contrary, our passenger earnings show an increase of \$332,250 from January 1 to November 30. There is no apparent reason for our not expecting that the movement of high-class traffic in the interior will continue as large the following year as has been the case in the year just closing. So long as this is the case, and the scarcity of equipment of all kinds continues, there certainly does not seem to be any reason why there should not be a maintenance of rates.

"The labor situation is, perhaps, as serious a feature as exists in connection with the railway business. Although nearly all roads have made two or three increases in the payment of the various classes of employees since business commenced to improve in 1897, there is still an inclination in some directiona among the employees to make demands on us for even higher rates of pay, and this is in the face of the fact that the railway companies, while paying very much higher prices for fuel, and from 20 to 30 per cent. more for nearly all classes of material entering into the maintenance and operation of their properties, have been unable to secure proportionate advances in their fates, and have, therefore, reached the limit of their ability to increase wages without decreasing returns to the holders of their securities. The serious feature of these advances in wages is that while an increase in nay is prommet.

without decreasing returns to the holders of their securities. The serious feature of these advances in wages is that while an increase in pay is promptly demanded upon the appearance of better earnings on the part of the companies, there is always great unwillingness on the part of the employees to consent to reductions in these rates of pay when the earnings resent a lower scale, as it is not unlikely will be the case again in the future, and an attempt to make a proportionate reduction in

seale, as it is not unlikely will be the case again in the future, and an attempt to make a proportionate reduction in rates of pay generally involves strikes and contentions with the employees.

"As near as can be ascertained, I think the deliveries of new equipment will be sufficient to keep pace with the increase in tonnage. Considering the fact that during the aseveral years of depression the majority of roads made but little, if any, additions to their equipment, barsly maintaining their original stock, and in some cases not even that, and that, therefore, the necessities for new equipment have been extraordinary. I do not think the increase in the total equipment of the railroads has been larger than will be permanently required, except possibly in periods of severe depression.

"It is difficult to see in what directions additional economies in operation can be devised, for the reasons heretofore given.

"If the present ratio of net earnings is maintained, we shall feel that we

"If the present ratio of net earnings is maintained, we shall feel that we have but little cause for complaint. Prosperous times always have a tendency to bring to the front new railway projects, but I think there is less and less disposition to encourage the paralleling of existing lines. Regarding the physical condition of the railways, I think that 1903 will see a continuation of what has been done, so far in the way he present ratio of net earning

of what has been done, so far in the way of revising grades, climination of curves, etc."

Sir William C. Van Horne says:—"In Canada everything points to a large increase both in outward and inward traffectory that the point of the property of the proper crease both in outward and inward traffic next year up to midsummer; after that time, the crops will affect the question one way or the other to some extent, but the railways of Canada are becoming more and more independent of special crops, because of the large development of mining and other traffic. I do not anticipate any lower rates either in the United States or Canada for some time to come, for the cost of nearly in the United States of Canada for some time to come, for the cost of pearly everything affecting railway working has been largely increased within the past year or two, and it requires the utmost care and the exercise of every possible economy to maintain satisfactory, net earnings with the present rates."

Roy Soper and William McCrae, two young men from Wallaceburg, drove to the city yesterday. Metropolitan life was a little too rapid for the young men and they weren't accustomed to such excellent liquid re-freshments as are furnished in this great and busy centre. When they started home they were unable to skeep their saats in the rig. Soper fell out and seriously injured his head. Dr. Bechard dressed the wound and the two young men spent the night at the police station. They were permitted to return home this morning.

SOLD WIFE FOR \$2.

Windsor, Jan. 2.—Constable Patrick Delmore, of Anderdon, tells the story Maurice Covillon, it is charged, sold his wife to his friend, William McQueen, for \$2. Covillon and McQueen are young men who work in the stone quarry near Amberstburg. Mrs. Covillor was perfectly satisfied, and went to McCarella. quarry mear Amberstburg. Mrs. Covillor was perfectly satisfied, and
went to McQueen's home. She is the
daughter of a half-breed. In proof
of his charge, the constable produces
a document of which this is a copy:
"This is to certify that M. Covillon
has sold all right and title to his
wife to William McQueen for the sum
of \$2, and the said Covillon agrees to
never molest McQueen in regard to
possession of his wife in future, and
to leave the couple to enjoy a peaceful
life. (Signed) M. Covillon and W.
McQueen." On the reverse are the
names of two witnesses.

PROPOSE GIFT

Paris, Jan 2 .- A proposal has been made to present a piece of sculpture to President Roosevelt in recognition of his services to the cause of international arbitration. The idea to make this gift to the American president is an outgrowth of the Venezuelan af-fair and his attitude on that ques-

The funds for the purpose probably will be raised by private subscription among European advocates of peace. It is proposed that the work be exe cuted by a prominent French sculp-tor, or the committee possibly may invite designs from the sculptors of all nations party to The Hague peace

ONTARIO'S MEMBERS FATAL SHOOTING

A REDUCTION OF SIX IN THE REPRESENTATION.

REDISTRIBUTION UNDER THE NEW CENSUS.

HOW THE OTHER PROVINCES ARE AFFECTED.

Ottawa, Jan. 3.-In an official memor-

record his opinion as to the number of members to which each Province is entitled under the provisions of the B. N. In question provide that after each de-cennial census the representation of Un-tario, Quebee, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia is to be carried out in accord-ance with the following rules: Quebec is to have the fixed number of 65 mem-bers. To each of the local the second bers. To each of the other Provinces is to be assigned such a number of members as will bear the same proportion to the number of its population as the number 65 bears to the number of the population of Quebec. In the computation of the number of members for a Province a fractional part not exceed ing one-half of the whole number requ site for entitling the Province to a men ber is to be disregarded; but a frac-tional part exceeding one-half of that number is to be equivalent to the whole

number. Paragraph 4 reads: - "On any such readiustment the number of mem

ters for a Province shall not be requeed unless the proportion which the num-

ber of the population of the Province bore to the number of the aggregate population of Canada at the then last

receding readjustment of the number of members for the Province is ascer

diminished by one-twentieth part or up-

The number of members of the House

tained at the then latest census to

adjusted as Parliament sees fit.

adjusted as Farliament sees it. Applying the rules laid down by section 51 of the B. N. A. act to the figures under the new census, the representation of the Provinces in the readjusted House would be as follows:——.

pers; being a reduction of six members for Ontario, a reduction of two

members for Nova Scotla, a reduction of one member for New Brunswick, an in-rease of three members for Manitona and an increase of one member each for

British Columbia and Prince Edward Is-

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bition, endorsed by an experience and service in the aldermanic ranks,

contested the mayoralty and suffered defeat by a small majority, af-

ter conducting a clean and gentlemanly campaign. Mr. McKeough

took his defeat in the proper spirit, bowed to the will of the electors and busied himself just as heartily as a private citizen in the city's On the day following the election The Planet voiced the verdict

the electors when it stated that the people of Chatham could not af-

ford to lose the services of public men of his calibre, and requested Mr. McKeough to read the result, not as a mandate from the citizens to

Mr. McKeough did not seek the honor. Mr. Sulman had proved a good mayor, and, although the opportunity offered, Mr. McKeough preferred to enter the arena at the bottom of the lists again and work his way

The people heartily endo s I his stand and elected him as an al-

The endersation of Mr. McKeough's course given at the polls last

Mr. McKeough acquiesced. He has conducted a clean, manly and

January was followed by a large and influential requisition from our

citizens, asking him to become a candidate for the mayoralty this year,

erman with a magnificent ar jority at the head of the polls. It was a clean manly record, supplemented by zealous and upright

When Mayor Sulman offered himself for re-election last January,

definitely step aside, but merely as a petition to wait.

deavor while serving as public representative.

The decision now rests with the people themselves.

and pledging him their support.

SCHOOL BOARD VOTE

Ratepayer writes The Planet asking how the Public School Board vote

stood on the sale of the Queen St.

property. The Planet finds that

Trustees Morley, Bensen and Cornish

voted against and Dr. Bray and Mr.

SOUTH OXFORD APPEAL

Toronto, Jan. 2.-Judges Street and Britton this morning gave judgment on the application to settle the appeal

book in the South Oxford election

case. The appeal is taken by the petitioners (Liberals) on two charges on

which the court disagree. The re-

which the court disagree. The respondents seek to include evidence of the methods of collecting evidence employed by the petitioners. These judges hold that, having given their judgments, they have nothing further to do in the matter, and that the Court of Appeal must decide what evidence they wish to hear.

PEDRO SOCIAL

A good crowd attended the pedro social held in St. Joseph's Hall, last night. About 25 tables were kept in constant usage. Miss Eva Bass secured the ladies first prize and Ralph Ingalls the gent's first. These prizes were quite costly, the ladies' being a large vase and the gent's a silver mounted brush. Miss Violet Goodreau and Sid Woods got the booby prize, a tin born and a rag doll.

The program was a good one. The farce "The coal heaver's revenge," was decidedly funny.

Joseph Robert sang two songs and Eugene Crump sang a solo. Diss. Nellie Rhody was the accompaniste of the evening.

Mrs. and Miss Le Favour and Miss Kline, of Wallaceburg, were Chatham guests yesterday.

Paxton were out of town.

honorable campaign.

Alexandria, La., Jan 2.-About half of the town of Olla, La, on the St Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway, 40 miles north of this place, were destroyed by fire yesterday During the excitement that followed Town Marshal Everett Smith was killed by unknown persons. About 6 o'clock, when the excitement over the fire was subsiding, Marshal Smith went to a saloon to order it closed, as the license had expired at midnight. Shorily after he entered shots were heard, and when outsiders rushed in they found Smith lying dead on the floor. He had been shot six times in the heart. Seven business houses were destroyed.

THE DEFENCE OF FEZ.

PREPARATIONS TO REPEL AT-TACKS OF REBELS

Sultan May Renounce European Leanings and Proclaim Holy War-Powers Send Warships.

Tangier, Morocco, Jan. 3 .- Advices om Fez, under yesterday's date, have been received here. Guns were then being mounted on the walls for the defence of the city, but the rebels remained inactive. They have not sufficient supplies for expeditions at their headquarters. If the situation becomes more grave the Sultan will abandon the capital, return to Rabat and sum-mon the border tribes to a holy war. The Sultan will then proclaim himself shereof and defender of Islam, renounce all European leanings, and then at the head of new forces attempt to retake

The pretender has issued a proclamation that he is not fighting for the threme fer himself, but for the Sultan's imprisoned brother, Mulai Mohammed, surnamed the "One-eyed." It is now confirmed that the Sultan has ordered his bro that the Sultan has ordered his brother's release, and that the honors of his rank be paid to him. The Governor at a recent conference with the Kabyle chiefs pointed out to them that they were responsible for the safety of the roads running through their territory. The Spanish sloop of war Infanta Isabel and the Portuguese cruiser Rienna have arrived here.

rived here.
Paris, Jan. 3.—Telegrams received ere from Oran, Algeria, announce that etachment of Zouaves (French etachment of the Moorant of detachment of Zouaves (French troops) have been ordered to the Moorish frontier.

LA PATRIE'S REPLY.

Can Neither be Bought Nor Leased-Will Continue Present Policy.

nakes an energetic denial of the reports about the control of the paper, which, it says, is neither for sale nor to let. It will continue to demand efficient protection for our industries, our agriculculture, our working classes, and insist upon developing the St. Lawrence route, so as to permit competition with American routes.

Fire and Murder.

Alexandra, La., Jan. 3.—About half of the town of Olla, La., on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway, forty miles north of this place, was destroyed by fire. During the excitement that followed Town Marshal Everett Smith was killed by unknown persons. About 6 o'clock, when the excitement over the fire was subsiding, Marshal Smith went to a saloon to order it closed, as the license had expired at midnight. Shortly after he entered shots beard, and in they found Smith lying dead on the floor. He had been shot six times in the heart.

HIS WIFE A DRUNKARD.

The number of members of the House of Commons may be increased by Pariament, providing the proportionate representation of the Province as prescribed is not thereby disturbed. By subsequent legislation it was enacted that the readjustment of members for Manitoba, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island should also be carried out under the provisions of the B. N. A. act. The representation of the Northwest Territories and the Yukon is not subject to these rules, but may be readjusted as Parliament sees fit. Ap-SIR C. A. LAWSON OBTAINS SUM-

First Notable Case Under New English Licensing Act, Which Cortains Stringent Regulations.

London, Jan. 3.—The first notable case would be as follows:—\
Ontario, 86 members; Quebec, 65 members; Nova Scotia, 18 members; Manitoba, 10 members; British Columbia, 7 members; Prince Edward Island, 4 members; Prince Edward Island, 4 members; elsing a reduction of six members; under the new licensing act, which went into effect Thursday, came up in London Police Court yesterday, London Police Court yesterday, when Sir Charles Allen Lawson, the Anglo-Indian newspaper editor and writer, applied for a summons against Lady Lawson, whom he described as a habitual drunkard. The summons was granted. The new act enables either a husband or wife to secure a separation in the case of habitual drunkenness, and allows the police to arrest an inebriate anywhere, except in a private house, whether disorderly or not. After conviction drunkards are blacklisted for the space of three years. If they attempt to obtain drink during that period they are liable to a fine, while the publican supplying them is fined \$50 for a first offence and \$100 for a second offence. Imprisonment is provided for drunkenness while in charge of a child under seven years of age. British Columbia and Prince Edward Island. If the Northwest Torritories and the Yukon were dealt with in the same manner as the Provinces the organized listricts of the Territories would be entitled to six members and the Yukon to ine. This give a House of 210 members instead of 214, as at present. The Hinister of Justice calculates and complex instead of 214, as at present. The Hinister of Justice calculates and complex in the proportion of the population of Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island in 1891 and 1991, respectively, to that of the Uominion in those years, and finds that these Provinces are not saved from a loss of members by the application of paragraph 4, section 51, of the B. N. A. act. In the case of Ontario, the proportion in 1891 is expressed by the fraction in 1891 is expressed by the frac-

A Steamer in Distress.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Jan. 2.—The Dutch steamer Dordrecht, Captain Vesser, from Pensacola, December 23, for Bremen, has arrived here in distress. The cargo in her fore hold is on fire.

DAILY STEAMERS.

IMPROVED SERVICE ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

PLANS OF THE MORGAN STEAM-SHIP COMPANY

THEY SECURED CONTROL WITH THE NEW YEAR.

New York, Jan. 3.-The International Mercantile Marine Company, organized by J. Pierpont Morgan, and with Clement A. Griscom as its President and directing chief, took actual control, January 1, of the management of the various lines combined, says a press despatch from Philadelphia. One of the first moves of public importance, Mr. Griscom says, will be a re-arrangement Griscom says, will be a re-arrangement of sailings, to give a fast passenger and mail steamship service from both sides of the Atlantic each day except Sunday. It may take a little time before this daily service can be inaugurated. When it is, it will be important to travellers and business men as it will see the same as it will be same as it will see the same as it will be and business men, as it will nean a regular foreign mail delivery with no

WHAT CASTRO WANTED.

OBJECTED TO ARBITRATION BY HAGUE TRIBUNAL

He Thinks that the Venezuelan Dispute Should be Adjudged by an American Republic.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The condition which President Castro attached to his response to the allies arbitration proposal was in the nature of an alternative proposition. Almost from the beginning showing an aversion to the Hague tribunal. Castro, while accepting the principle of arbitration, asked that the case be tried by one of the American republics. As President Roosevelt already had declined to act in the capacity of arbitrator, and as some of the reasons which inspired him in his declination would annuly with equal his declination would apply with equal force to the chief executive of any other American State than the United States, he was obliged to withhold any endorsement of this proposition of President Castro. Therefore, it may be dismissed from the field of possibilities, and, unless Castro is unexpectedly insistent upon his own plan, the original proposition of reference to The Hague tribunal will carry.

FEWER FATALITIES IN 1902.

The Long Strike Saved Life in the

Hazleton, Pa., Jan. 3.—The annual reanthracite disetrict, made public yesterday, shows that 24 fatal accidents oc-port of the mine inspector of the fifth curred during 1902, leaving 13 widows and 36 orphans. In 1901 there were 60 fatal accidents. The long strike made the difference.

Death of Dr. A. Y. Scott.

Toronto January 3.—Dr. Archibald Young Scott, professor of chemistry and botany at the College of Pharmacy, died at 1.30 this morning at his home, 2 Lamport avenue. His death was due to heart trouble, which followed an attack of typhoid fever, which he suffered two years are and Last. followed an attack of typhoid fever, which he suffered two years ago. Last saturday, while engaged in conducting a lecture, he was seized with a fainting spell. He was taken home, and from the first the doctors knew that he could not recover.

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OF ALL DE-SCRIPTIONS CHEAPEST IN CHATHAM

PEACE & GO'Y