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SIXTEEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING JUNE 24 1912—SIXTEEN PAGES

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Taft and Sherman Renominated Former's Majority Twenty-One Third of Delegates Were Silent

Roosevelt Men in Main Obeyed
Injunction to Abstain From
Voting But 107 Declared for
Colonel—Victory Received
With Cheers, Groans and
Hisses.

ADJOURNED IN WILD CONFUSION

CHICAGO, June 22.—(Can. Press.) With nearly 350 of the Roosevelt delegates declining to vote and hastening away at adjournment time, to tender to Col. Theodore Roosevelt the nomination of a new party, the 15th Republican national convention, at the end of a long and tumultuous session, to-night renominated William Howard Taft of Ohio for president, and James Schoolcraft Sherman of New York for vice-president.

President Taft received 561 of the 1678 votes in the convention, or 21 more than a majority.

The decision of the Roosevelt people, under direction of their leader to refrain from voting, left no other candidate near the president. The announcement of the Taft victory was greeted with cheering from his adherents and groans and hisses from the opposition.

When it became absolutely certain early to-day that Mr. Taft would be nominated without great difficulty, the leaders in control of the convention decided to give him as a running mate his companion on the ticket in 1908.

All others dropped from the race and Mr. Sherman was the only candidate regularly placed before the convention. A motion from New Hampshire to make the nomination by acclamation was declared out of order. There were made scattering votes on the roll call that ensued.

Adjourned Amid Disorder.

The convention, amid much confusion, adjourned sine die.

At no time was there an indication of a walk-out of Roosevelt delegates. As a rule they expressed their revolt by silence.

The detailed vote for president was: Taft 561, Roosevelt 107, La Follette 34, Cummins 17, Hughes 2, not voting 24, absent 6.

At times during the balloting the convention was in great confusion.

The result of the voting for vice-president was: Sherman 597, Borah 21, Marmion 20, Hadley 14, Beveridge 2, Gillette 1, absent 71, present but not voting 352.

In the confusion just before adjournment a resolution was adopted giving the national committee power to declare vacant the seat of any man on the committee refusing to support the nominees of the regular convention of 1912.

Adopted Credentials Report.

After the committee on credentials and the convention had approved the action of the national committee in giving the Roosevelt people four delegates from Texas, in the third and fifteenth districts, the credentials report as a whole was adopted. This ended the contests and the convention took up the report of the committee on permanent organization. It recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent.

Senator Root yielded the gavel to Representative Olmstead of Pennsylvania while the motion was put. When it carried he was given a big cheer.

"I thank you, my friends, from the bottom of my heart," said Mr. Root. "My first act as permanent chairman of this convention is to ask unanimous consent that a delegate from the State of Kansas, our Republican brother, Henry J. Allen, be permitted to make a statement. Is there objection? The chair hears none."

Mr. Allen then came forward to read the Roosevelt statement and to produce "The Roosevelt Valedictory."

When he announced he was about to read "a statement just valedictory" from Col. Theodore Roosevelt, the Roosevelt adherents broke into a demonstration and cheering and renewed cries of "We want Teddy."

Roosevelt Demonstration.

While Allen stood waiting for quiet, New Jersey's delegates tore her strains from the iron pole and started around the aisles. California was next in line. Minnesota, Nebraska, Indiana, West Virginia and Oklahoma joined the procession and the thing was on in earnest. West Virginia took her place in line. Out of a sea of seething heads and arms the standards were suddenly raised as the procession passed around the hall. Pennsylvania, Maine and North Carolina got in line. By this time the noise was terrific.

As the column reached the Louisiana section someone grabbed at the standard. A Louisiana delegate objected and a scuffle ensued that changed the course of the parade. One of the marchers succeeded in getting possession of the Illinois standard, although the Illinois delegates objected.

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The Great Revolution Begun in the United States.

As foretold in The World last week, and only in The World among Canadian newspapers, a great political revolution has begun in the United States. This paper said that once Roosevelt started the play he could not turn back. The other Canadian papers, blind to the situation, devoted the week to ridiculing and abusing the colonel; now they will see that he represents a mighty upheaval, a mighty uprising, of public opinion in the United States against two things:

First, the system or form of government, and second, the economic and social conditions which prevail throughout the Union. The reader will find these two things enlarged upon in another column of this issue, but for the moment we wish to emphasize the fact that a revolution, the most far-reaching probably ever in the history of politics, is now under way in the United States; and what it was in Chicago last week at the convention, or what it may be this coming week in the Democratic gathering, was, or will be, only a straw sign compared to the upheaval that will henceforward shake the entire country.

The significant thing in revolution of this kind is the number of people who refuse to see it coming, and the almost equal number who refuse to recognize it when it has arrived. But it has arrived, it has begun, and it will increase in its volume and far-reaching effect from this day forward. And when people start hearing abuse on a man like Roosevelt, in a crisis like this, they must be blinded by some kind of infatuation; for Roosevelt, to our mind, is not the demagogue that many are trying to make him out; he is a man of supreme courage, who has dared to head a movement for the salvation of his country; and for the maintenance of popular government.

What he has undertaken to do, or to try and do, can no more be effected by white-glove methods or by careful and decorous debate than Oliver Cromwell could have effected what he had in hand by any other methods than by his parliamentary moves, and later on by civil war. Roosevelt, in his phrase, "purging the convention," gets very near to Cromwell's attempt to purge the parliament of which he was a member at the great revolution in England two hundred and seventy years ago.

Cromwell saved England, and the rights of the people, and upheld the rights of humanity at large in a way that eventually brought him recognition as a great man performing a great office, notwithstanding the jeers of many, and for years, the abuse and contempt of historians; but every day sees his reputation grow greater, because of the revolution which he brought about, and which he brought about by methods very similar to those which are now under way in the United States.

The thing for us who are living in these times and events is to see them and not to blind ourselves to them. And the lesson to Canadians is

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15 PEOPLE DROWNED IN THE NIAGARA RIVER WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Excursion Dock at Eagle Park, Grand Island, Collapsed Under
Weight of 400 People, and More Than 100 Were
Thrown Into the River.

BUFFALO, June 22.—Between fifteen and twenty people were drowned and a number injured to-night when a 50-foot dock at Eagle Park, Grand Island, Niagara River, collapsed under the weight of 250 people, precipitating them into twelve feet of water. Up to midnight seven bodies have been recovered, of whom six have been identified.

The known dead: Mrs. McKee, Mary McKee, Mrs. McKee's 10-year-old daughter; Mrs. Riehmeyer and her 10-year-old son; Mrs. Gallagher, Cecilia Kelly, 9 years old.

Missing: Mrs. Helstrom and 4-year-old baby; Viola Sam, Miss Irene Thomas, Mrs. Westfall, Mrs. Hyde. So far as known, all of the victims were residents of Buffalo.

PRINTERS MAKE NEW AGREEMENT

Employees of Book and Job
Rooms Receive Higher
Wages for Next Five
Years.

The book and job printers of Toronto, on Saturday afternoon, signed an agreement with the Master Printers' and Bookbinders' Association for a period of five years. The terms of settlement provide a good increase for the employees of the composing rooms, including hand compositors, floormen, stone-men, make-ups and proofreaders, who shall receive for the first two years of the contract \$18.50; for the second two years of contract, \$19.50, and for the fifth year \$20.

The machine operators, including monoline and monotype operators and machinists, type-casters on type-casting machines, will continue under the present scale for the first two years of the contract, \$18.50, and for the second two years of the contract, \$19.50, and for the fifth year \$20.

The overtime rate also has been mutually increased, and now stands at a time and one-half rate up to three hours on any one day, and over three hours double time. The scale is retroactive, and the increase provided for will date from June 1, 1912. President Lynch materially assisted the local committee in their negotiations, who, it is understood, were seriously handicapped by instructions from their union to negotiate a flat scale.

LAI D THE FOUNDATION.

Rev. Dr. Barclay and a number of willing workers on Saturday afternoon laid the timber foundation of the new portable Methodist Church, which will be erected on Pauline avenue, near Bloor street.

REV. JOHNSTON SAYS FAREWELL

Retiring Pastor of Queen St.
Methodist Church Preached
His Last
Sermon

In the concluding sermon of his five years' pastorate at Queen-st. Methodist Church last night, Rev. C. O. Johnston gave a retrospective talk on his work among the congregation. He had been criticized, he said, by people who alleged that he had not been spiritual enough. Such criticism, he claimed, was unfair, because it came from those who had never heard his sermons or who had misunderstood his sincerity of purpose. He had always preached the gospel, and he had never gone outside the Bible for his authority.

"The Catholic Register," he said, "says I am to go to Hamilton, and from there to Cobocook. If you meet Father Burke, you may tell him from me that if he goes where a great many people think he belongs, it would not be to Cobocook."

In all, Mr. Johnston said he had spent ten years in Queen-st. Church, and during that time he had given 2109 sermons and addresses. He had married, he said, 645 couples, and had conducted 246 burial ceremonies. Over 30 infants had been baptized by him, and over 60 adults.

FIRE AT THOROLD

THOROLD, June 22.—(Special.)—Damage amounting to about \$1000 and dollars was caused in the freight shed of the Niagara, St. Catharines & Toronto Railway, early this evening. It is thought that someone threw a lighted cigarette stub on the floor and caused the fire. No. 1 section of the Thorold fire brigade extinguished the blaze.

PROGRESSIVES LAUNCH NEW PARTY

Roosevelt Acclaimed as Leader
in Rousing Demonstration,
at Which Slogan of "Thou
Shalt Not Steal" Was
Adopted—Formal Conven-
tion Will Be Held in August.

CHICAGO, June 22.—(Can. Press.)—Former President Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for president on an independent ticket to-night, in the dying hours of the Republican national convention, in which he had met a defeat.

The followers of Col. Roosevelt gathered in Orchestra Hall, less than a mile from the coliseum and pledged their support to the former president.

In accepting the nomination, Col. Roosevelt appealed to the people of all sections, regardless of party affiliations, to stand with the founders of the new party, one of whose cardinal principles, he said, was to be, "Thou Shalt Not Steal."

The informal nomination of Col. Roosevelt was said to be chiefly for the purpose of effecting a temporary organization. Beginning to-morrow when a call is to be issued for a state convention in Illinois, the work of organization will be pushed forward rapidly, state by state. At a later time, probably early in August, it is expected that a national convention will be held.

Col. Roosevelt to-night said he accepted the nomination on the understanding that he would willingly step aside if it should be the desire of the new party, when organized, to select another standard bearer.

Comptroller Wm. A. Prendergast of New York nominated Roosevelt. Dean W. Lewis Baker of the University of Pennsylvania Law School, who was to make one of the concluding speeches, delivered to-night the address which he had prepared for the Republican convention.

Twenty-two States Represented.

Representatives of twenty-two states composed the notification committee, which informed Col. Roosevelt of his nomination and in a sense stood as sponsors for the movement. The committee consisted of Comptroller W. A. Prendergast of New York, Meyer Lissner of California, former Congressman Richmond Pearson of North Carolina, Frank Knox of Michigan, Matthew Hale of Massachusetts, A. R. Garford of Ohio, David Browning of Kentucky, Everard Bierer, Jr., of Utah, Walter Thompson of Vermont, Judge Oscar R. Hundley of Alabama, Judge Ben. B. Lindsey of Colorado, Andrew Rahn of Minnesota, Judge Stevens of Iowa, Judge Lowden of North Dakota, William Allen White of Kansas, John C. Greenway of Arizona, ex-Gov. John Franklin Fort of New Jersey, Col. E. C. Carrington of Maryland, Pearl Wright of Louisiana, Lorenzo Dow of Washington, Walter Clyde Jones of

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METROPOLITAN TAKES OPTION

Chaplin Property Near Davis-
ville May Be Used as Freight
Yard if Double Track
Bylaw Carries.

An option has been taken on the Chaplin property on the east side of Yonge street, in Davisville. The property is about sixteen acres and adjoins the Belt Line Railway. A prominent real estate man in North Toronto says that the option for the Metropolitan Railway, and that it will be exercised if the double track bylaw is carried in North Toronto.

The land, it is believed, will be used as a Metropolitan Railway freight yard, as connection can be easily made with the belt line (G.T.R.). With this connection the Metropolitan Railway would have freight connections with the C.P.R., C.N.R. and G.T.R., and could turn Yonge street into a fully developed railway right-of-way.

Two Foreigners Murdered After a Drunken Carousal By Italians at the Humber



A familiar figure at every Knights of St. John Convention.

Ten Thousand Knights Are Now in Toronto For Big Convention

Pontifical High Mass Will Be Celebrated This
Morning as a Preliminary to Business Meetings
of Knights of St. John--Monster Parade From
Queen's Park This Afternoon--Novel Features
of Week's Program.

The legions of the Knights of St. John have descended upon Toronto, but it is a friendly invasion, the occasion being the thirtieth international convention of this honorable body. Six thousand knights had arrived last night, and more to the number of ten thousand in all are expected to be here to-day.

At 8.15 this morning the assembled knights will march from convention headquarters at the Prince George Hotel to St. Michael's Cathedral, going by way of York street to Queen to Teraville to Louise to Shuter. There a solemn pontifical high mass will be held, and the knights will then march to the Normal School grounds, where a photograph will be taken.

At 11 o'clock sharp the knights, with the ladies' auxiliary, will assemble at Canadian Foresters' Hall in College, near Yonge street, where a reception will be held. The grand president for Ontario will be in the chair. The convention will be opened by a prayer by Rev. Dr. Kidd, administrator of the diocese.

The welcome of the province will be extended by the representative of the premier of the province and that of the city will be tendered by Mayor Geary and Ald. McGuire. Representatives of a number of local Catholic orders will deliver addresses of welcome. To these will respond Gen. John C. Shea, supreme counsel of the order, and Mrs. Renner, president of the ladies' auxiliary.

The Great Parade.

The great parade of the order will be held at 3 o'clock sharp, the knights assembling at the Queen's Park at that

Mike Gyra Was Shot by Joe Napoli and Died Instantly, While John Masternak Died in Hospital of Knife Wounds Inflicted by Big Frank.

Napoli Was Captured After a
Long Chase and Big Frank is
Still Being Sought by Detec-
tives and Policemen.

One man shot dead and another so badly stabbed that he died later at the Western Hospital was the climax of a christening ceremony held by the Polish colony at Humber Bay last evening. Joe Napoli, an 18-year-old Italian water boy, was arrested on a charge of murder after a chase from the Humber to Mimico. Big Frank, an Italian sub-foreman, is being searched for by detectives in the vicinity of Mimico, as he is believed to be an accomplice of Napoli.

Members of the Polish colony had been holding a celebration all day yesterday in honor of a christening. The two Italians, who worked in the same construction gang as some of the Poles, were invited to take part in the festivities. There were several kegs of beer on hand and the afternoon was devoted to a drunken carousal.

There has always been bad blood between the two nationalities and the invitation to the festivities was extended in an endeavor to establish more friendly relations between the Poles and the Italians.

Big Frank has had several quarrels with the residents of the colony, but of late he had been treating them with more consideration.

The Fight Started.

When he called yesterday he was accompanied by Napoli. After partaking freely of the liquor and refreshments a discussion arose between Mike Gyra, aged 22, and Napoli. The two left the house and walked to the top of the hill, a short distance away, while the others stood on the doorstep. Gyra called Napoli some bad names, which the latter resented. Napoli drew a revolver from his pocket and shot Gyra in the breast, just below the heart. He fell to the ground and died almost instantly.

Drew a Knife.

John Masternak, a chum of the murdered man, then rushed to the scene and grappled with Napoli. He was followed by Big Frank, who, seeing his compatriot getting the worst of the fight, drew a knife and stabbed Masternak several times in the neck and shoulders.

Thomas Masternak went to his brother's assistance, and succeeded in taking a revolver from Napoli, who was still standing near Gyra's body with the revolver in his hand.

Both Ran Away.

The shots attracted the attention of Thos. Quinn and D. Shadwell, who live near by. They both rushed from their houses. Shadwell secured a large revolver, and with Quinn ran to the scene of the fight. In the meantime Big Frank and Napoli had started to run towards the railway tracks. Seeing that the pursuers were gaining on them, Napoli hid behind a bush near the railway track. When he was almost cornered, he ran west along the railway tracks to Salisbury ave., crossing there. There he was joined by Big Frank. A light engine which was passing at the time was flagged by Napoli, who boarded it. By this time Quinn was only a few yards away and he shouted to the engineer not to open the throttle. Shadwell then discharged his revolver twice, and Napoli dropped off the engine and disappeared in the woods on the banks of Mimico creek.

Stood on Crossing.

Big Frank stood on the crossing and when the rest of the pursuers reached the spot, he advised them not to follow. They were completely deceived by this.

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KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN, WELCOME

Toronto surely is the convention city. This week we are going to have the Knights of St. John as our visitors. We believe that it is the largest organization of its kind in the world and that the majority of the members come from the United States, which is to say that they have many relatives and friends in the convention.

The W. and D. Dineen Company extend a hearty welcome to the visitors and trust that they will not overlook the big showrooms of the company, which include a remarkably fine exhibit of fur goods, embracing the latest Parisian designs made in selected skins purchased in our own Canadian Northland. The Dineen Company are also sole Canadian agents for exclusive lines of men's hats by Henry Heath of London, England, and Dunlap of New York.