ECLIPSES.

Of Six Eclipses, viz. 4 of the Sun, and two of the Moon, those of the Moon only will be visible at Quebec. The first on the 14th February; the Moon will rise at 5h. 2m. and then be totally Eclipsed.—The middle of the Eclipse will be at 5h. 26m.—The exit of the Moon from the shadow, at 6h. 19m.—and the end of the Eclipse at 7h. 23m.

The second will be on the 11th August; it will begin at 12h. 49m. at night; the entrance of the Moon
into the shadow at 1h. 47m.—the middle of the Eclipse
at 2h. 37m.—the exit of the Moon from the shadow at
3h. 27m.—and the end of the Eclipse 2t 4h. 24m.

Explanation of the Calendar.

The first column contains the days of the month, the second the days of the week, and the third the Holidays, &c. and the fourth the rising and setting of the Sun.

For the information of such of our readers as may be unacquainted with the cause of Eclipses, it is proper to remark, that Eclipses of the Sun are occasioned by the moon in her revolution round the earth happening to pass between us and the sun.—Eclipses of the Moon are caused in like manner by our earth in her motion passing between the moon and the sun, intercepting its rays, and thereby occasioning either a partial or total eclipse.

The great men the date of whose deaths are not preferved in history have been placed indiscriminately as convenience suggested.

For the Sovereigns of Europe, their births, acces-

Le Pri L'Eté L'Aut

L'H'v

De Six E
de Lune, il
dec.—La P
sh. 2m. et
ieu:de l'Ec
le l'ombre
3me.—La
Minuit 4
7m.—Le
le la Lune
'Eclipse à

La prem onde les jo uatrieme

Souvera

Royaumes Bretagn

Russie Ispagne Portugal Prusse Vanemarc uede Islemagne ologne

Iollande apauté ardagne

m. Otto