

question.

It follows that it would be altogether unjust to decide the question on the basis proposed in the draft resolution put before us by the delegation of the USSR. This resolution attempts to prejudice the issue by speaking of the restoration of rights which most members of this Organization have never yet agreed existed.

Such a resolution would not only be inequitable but also quite contrary to the interests of this Organization. The Canadian delegation will therefore vote against the Soviet draft resolution.

My delegation does not believe that a decision recognizing the importance of the question constitutes, as has been suggested in some quarters, a new form of moratorium. We would not regard the simple adoption of one resolution and the defeat of the other as a satisfactory outcome of this debate.

My delegation has entered this debate ready to consider carefully any proposals designed to settle equitably the question of Chinese representation. Unfortunately, neither of the draft resolutions before us offers scope for such a settlement.

What is needed most, Mr. President, is some further time for full examination, by whatever means may be found generally acceptable, of all the elements of this complicated question, so that by the next session we can look forward to a solution that will serve the general judgment and carry the cause of justice and peace.