#### THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE 山湖福建田以 (11)

### 山风山 JULY 29, 1885

HAVE

## BISHOP NULTY'S SPEECH. A Stirring Vindication of National Rights. $z + \lambda$

SUSTINES.

6

July 2nd was a red letter day, writes the Freeman, in the annals of the Irish Church. Surrounded with their flocks, and greeted with fervid welcomes, five distinguished members of the hierarchy returned from the Tomb of the Apostles to their respective dioceses. The learned Dr. Carr, of Galway; the patriotic Dr. Nulty, of Meath; Dr. Mc-Cormack, the erudite and practical Bishop of Achonry ; Dr. McEvilly, the clear headed. sagacious, and commanding Archbishop of Tuam ; and the pious Dr. Gillooly, Bishop of Elphin-all were received by their people with manifestations of heartfelt enthusiasm which a king might ency, but which gold could not buy. The triumph of the joint cause of Irish Faith and Irish Nationality in the appointment of the Most Rev. Dr. Walsh to the Metropolitan See has touched of whom St. John in the Apocalypse speaks the heart of the country to the core. The boundless thankfulness of the people that their efforts have been successful for as Archbishop of Dublin who would be of them and with them in their legitimate struggles for social and political reform, manifested itself anew with a spontaneity and warmth alike touching in devotion to the Holy See and inspiring in its Nationalist fervor. Of those who thronged to do honor to the returned Prelates not a few were Protestants The welcome hone to his Grace of Tunm and the other prelates is only the opening of a series of such demonstrations wherever the Bishops go through their dio-C6568.

## MISHOP NULTY.

The Most Rev. Dr. Nulty, in replying to the many addresses presented him by his faithful people, delivered a long speech, in the course of which he said :

The Bushop replied to the charges of intimidating the Pope which were made against him by the anti-Catholic press of London and Dublin as follows : I to intimidate the Sovereign Pontiff! An humble country Bishop to think of intimidating the Sovereign Pontiff! Why, I should not have a particle of faith, or religion, or even a vestige of common sense if I was silly enough to do so. Intimidate the Sovereign Pontiff!. Why, you could not. Ladies and gentlemen, you would feel the moment you enter into the august presence of the Sovereign Pontiff a feeling of indescribable awe come over yon. You feel you are standing on the spot, the highest point on earth, the point where earth almost touches heaven, and you cannot help venerating, revering and loving the Sovereign Pontiff-loving him not merely on account of his high and exalted position, loving him not merely because he is the highest representative of God's law on this earth, loving him not only on account of the great erudition and wisdom which he but Irishmen will feel com-DOBSESSES, pelled to love him on another ground, and that is because Leo's heart-as we Irishmen say-is in the right place (Cheers) Leo's heart beats fervently, warm ly and affectionately for the Irish race and the Irish nation (loud cheers). Therefore, the idea of intimidating the Sovereign Pontiff is simply absurd and ridiculous To intimidate the Sovereign Pontiff ! Why, there were great and mighty kings and despots-Alaric, the King of the Huns; the mighty Emperor of Cormany, and, lastly, in our own times, the powerful Napoleon I This man, with countless legions at his back, he and every one of them failed ignominiously. At the single word of non possumus these despotic tyrants quailed. These words paralyzed the arms of legions. At these words the sword fell from their hands and they were rendered powerless. I, then, to think of doing what these mighty emperors failed to do is simply absurd and ridiculous. But, ladies and gentlemen, what is the meaning of intimudation? Every one of crime. writers accused Why, to intimidate any one is to do him an injustice and injury. That is the wrong it does. It causes nim pain and gives him dis pleasure. Now, what is my intimidation ? My letter did not intimidate the Sovereign Pontiff. My letter, instead of causing him or doing him an injustice or wrong, con ferred a great benefit on him. Instead of causing him pein, that letter filled his heart with joy and gladness; for, ladies and genthemen, the answer you gave to that letter was simply this -that in two weeks you collected and sent to me in Rome the splendid contribution of £1,800 for the Sovereign Pontifi (great closering and cries of "We'll do it again")-and in sending that contribu-tion you proved incontestibly and unanswerably to the world that your love and affection and devotion to the Holy See is as deep and solid and as strong and as affectionate as could warm the bosome of Irishmen in any part of the world (great cheering) The Holy Father, when I presented him with your gift, was overpowered and astonished by your munificence and generosity, and, said he, "when you return tell your people that Iam grateful, most grateful and most thankful to them, and that the munificen e and generosity of their gifts hatouched me most p ofoundly. Tell them that I reciprocate their feelings and affections and love in all their strength, their sincerity and their earnestness ; that 1 reciprocate from my heart, that I cannot show my love for them as they have shown their love for me ; that I have not gold nor silver with which to express to them how deeply I love them ; but that I will give them all I have, and that is my apostolic henediction (cheers.) When you return assemble your people, not only those of your own parish, bui of all the parishes adjoining, and tell them that I send them my apostolic blessing from the bottom of my heart, and that I hope that blessing will strengthen their faith, will form their resolution in accordance with God's Holy Law, will support them in their onward march to glory, where, perhaps, we may all meet hereafter, and where I may thank them ugain for the favor they have be stowed on me" (great cheering). I said "Holy Father, I have been assailed by an organized combination of the anti-Irish and anti-Cathone press. I don't fear them. I am a humble mad, but I am not afraid of them ; I am only afraid of you, Holy Father, and I should not wish that they should poison your mind against me, and therefore I think that it is better that I should not write any more "-the Pope at once stopped me" and said : "Write on, write on," without any qualification. The Holy Father told me to write on (great applause). Now, ladies and gentlemen, I will write on (renewed cheering). Hitherto I have written a little. hitherto my countrymen at home and abroad have extended to me an amount of confidence. gratitude and esteem which I do not deserve. The Irish people bestowed that confidence upon me as a favor which I did not merit, but now I come forward and claim the confidence of my countrymen, a large share of that confidence of my fellow countrymen, and 1 claim that as a right I carry my credentials to that (cheers) right in these addresses in my hand. I point out as the proof of my claim to the confidence of my countrymen, to the fact that the most organized, combined, and desperate combination has been made by Dangerous Fics are often caused the anti-trish and anti Catholic Press of Lon- by worms. Freeman's Worm Pow-don and Dublin to destroy me (cheers). ders destroy worms desperate combination has been made by

That is the proof that I-have my country-men for the claim which I make now of a large share of their confidence in the fature (renewed cheering). Now, ladies and gentle-men, the meanness and cowardice and hypocrisy of these London journals, uand Dublin journals too, or, at least, of a particular class of Dublin journals for we are proud of our National and Catholic Dublin ournals-the meanness and cowardice and by poerisy of these London and Dublin papers accusing me of intimidating the Sovereign Pontiff, are the most unblushing and shame-

less I ever read (groans). Now, what are the London journals to which I refer? They are the very journals-the normal, character of whose literature is blaspheming against the Holy See, scorn, contempt and hatred for the Sovereign Pontiff, and hatred and hostility to the Holy Church over which the Sovereign Pontiff presides (hear, hear). They told their readers that Rome is the greatest evil mentioned in the Apocalypse, that the Sovereign Pontiff is the man of sin, and that the Holy Church and the See of Rome are that Scarlet Lady so severely. There is the normal character of these journals; those are the journals that encouraged the exertions of those who lately robbed the Holy Father of his possessions. In my own memory the Times, the Standard, and other such journals represented they had killed the Papacy. A dozen of times at least they laid it out on the bier and buried it amidst the shouts and exultations of the rabble, to be no more heard of. They are the journals which now with unblushing effrontery should turn round to become the advocates of the Holy Father -they are jeslous of his honor and zensitive of his glory and they are jealous that any Bishop should intimidate the Holy Father. See their impudence. I have not intimidated the Holy Father. He

dismissed me with kindlinesss, affection and love. He sent to you, through me, his bless ing and benediction. I can hardly remain any longer on this matter, though I could turn the tables on these papers and accuse them of many crimes of which they are really guilty, for I say that they have done more to create dissensions between the Irish and Eng lish people than any other agency with which I am acquainted. I love, esteem, reverence and respect the mass of the English people. I think they are naturally honest, industrious, truthful, generous, and brave as lions in the battle field, and I believe that if the English people and the Irish people were left alone to their own natural in stincts they would live in peace, and hardly require a divine precept to make them love each other. One of the consequences of those writings assailing me, and one perhaps which the writers did not anticipate, they have introduced me to the people of England-Bishop Nuity, as they called me They have given me a notoriety amongst the people of Eagland; in representing Bisnop Nulty as defying the Pope they made me, as it were, a hero; therefore, if ] find my opportunity to address the people of England before I die, I have a weighty mes sage to deliver to them, and I am sure that they will hear me. I am sure of a friendly. and impartial hearing-I am sure even of a favorable hearing at their hands, and I may thank my slanderers for that benefit, as I said before. If the people of England were leit to themselves they would be the noblest people on the face of the globe, but the minds of the masses are poisoned and prejudiced and embittered against us by the wholesale petrified lies that are circulated by these journals. Amongst them they have succeeded in inspiring them with hatred and contempt against frishmen. These jourvals have vilified me and my opinions, and, ladies and gentlemen, they not only vilify us to the people of Eugland, but they vilify and calumpiate us through the whole glove, for these London journals have the ear of the whole world. Foreign editors never heard the Irish newspapers at all, and the Irish journalism, able, enlight-ened and talented as it is, is entirely ignored. Anyone that reads these foreign ournals will see that they take all the know edge and information on Irish public affairs directly and immediately from the prejudiced and slanderous columns of the London newspapers. We have no remedy, unfortunately, we have no means of replying at the present moment. Yet, notwithstanding all this, this -poch appears to me to be the grandest and happiest that has occurred in our history for several hundred years. We have now, if we wisely avail of it, an opportunity of recovering our civil and religious rights, and of reovering our reputation and character too (cheers). At night a banquet in honor of the Bishop was given at St. Mary's College by the peo ple of Mullingar. The room was very pret-tily decorated with flowers and evergreens auf national motroes. About two hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner. Mr. James Tuite, chairman of the Mullingar town commissioners, presided. On his right sat the Most Rev. Dr. Nulty and Mr Harrington, M P., and on his left Mr. T D. Sullivan, M P., and the Very Rev. Dr. McAlroy, fullamore; a large number of clergy men, representatives of the Poorlaw Board and Town Commissioners of the district. 'Our Holy Father the Pope," was the first toast given, and was enthusiastically acknow ledged. "Ireland a Nation" was then given, coupled with the name of Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M P., to which he replied in an eloquent speech. " The Guest of the Evening, the Most Rev

THE REBEL LEADER'S TRIAL THE COUNSEL SUCCEED IN GETTING

المراجع المراجع المراجع المراجع المحاج المحاج المراجع المراجع المراجع المحاجم المراجع الم

A POSTPONEMENT FOR A WEEK is considered a leght narring on and IN ORDER TO OBTAIN WITNESSES THEY DEMAND THE PRODUCTION OF A NUM-

BER OF, DOCUMENTS SENT, TO PARLIA MENT-JUDGE BICHARDSON DECIDES HE HAS POWER TO TRY FOR TREASON.

WINNIPEG, July 21. - Despatches from Regina announce the resumption at 10 s.m. to day of proceedings in the trial of Riel. Mr. Greenshields, who followed Mr. Fitzpatrick on behalf of the defence, took ground that before the Dominion statute of 1880 was passed the English statutes applied in this country. British statutes applying to this country had never been repealed, though the act of 1880 had been passed. He quoted from the English statutes, in which power was given to justices of the peace to try oriminals for minor offences committed in these and other territories of Canada, showing that in no case where the individual was charged with a capital offence could he be tried by such justice. Clauses in the act from which he quoted, passed in George IV.'s reign, had never been repealed, although certain other clauses relating to other portions of Canada had been repealed. Under this conclusion the Dominion act of 1880 was ultra vires.

Mr. Robinson replied on behalf of the Crown, and dealt with only two pointswhat the Dominion Parliament had a right to enact and what it did enact. The only question was the jurisdiction of Parliament. By a series of decisions it had been repeated that the Legislature of Canada or the Legislature of any Province is just as supreme as Imperial Legislatures, and therefore Parliament being supreme its legislation is absolute. The Crown had weighed every point urged by the defence, and finally resolved that the trial could only be held where the crime was committed.

Mr. Usler, on behalf of the Crown, stated that there was no clash between the imperial and colonial acts. The fullest power was delegated to the Canadian Legislature by the Imperial Parliament, and he reminded the court that the law as to treason was administered without the act of a grand or petit jury, the stipendiary magistrate sitting unuided, and himself charges the accused and tries him for the offence. This legislation was approved by the Imperial Parliament. The statutes were interpreted as they were found, and as such he claimed this was a properly constituted court.

Judge Richardson, in ten seconds, gave his opinion. The act of 1880 he did not consider ultra vires. He therefore called upon Riel to plead

Riel then pleaded "not gnilty." When asked if he was ready for his trial, Mr. Firzpatrick asked for an adjournment till to-day to prepare an affidavit showing the necessity of having certain material witnesses brought from Montana. The first thing done this morning was the filing of Riel's affidavits in -upport of the application for an adjournment. They set forth that Gabriel Da mont and Michael Dumas, of Helena, Montana, were essential witnesses, that Napoleon Nauld, of Turtie Mountain, Fathers Tonsand and Gourmond, A. M. Burgess, deputy minister of the in-terior, and Mr. Vankoughnet, Indian Commissioner, are also material witnessess for the defence. Mr. Burgess and Mr. Van koughnet are custodians of various official documents, petitions and representations made by the half oreeds of the North-West to the Dominion Government, praying for a redross of grievances, the refu-al to grant which had led to the agitation by the people to secure a redress of the wrongs. He said he had reason to believe that the documents are in

THE HALIFAX BOYS WARMLY WELCOMED BY THE CITIZENS, OF MUNTREAL.

THEIR RECEPTION AT THE TANNERIES-THEY SHOOT THE BAPIDS -THE AD-DRESS OF WELCOME TENDERED BY THE MAYOR.

All was excitement at the government sheds. All was excitement at the government sites, St. Henri, this morning, n'anticipation of the arrival of the Halifax regiment. Evidences of much tasts on behalf of the committee were manifest in the liberal and artistic. decorations of the shees. Bunting had been stretched from the centre of the building to all sides, and fes toons of the same all around the building. At one end hung a ban er with the word "Wei-At one end hung a ban er with the word "wei-come," and a large flag, at the other a banner bearing the insc iption "Well done, Halifax," also with a large flag. In addition to these a number of small flags were distributed about the building, which served to give it a very gay appearance. At first the ba talion had been ex-pected to arrive wt S oclock, and in consequence quite a crowd of eager citizens had assembled at that hour to welcome the returning braves. By an early train from the city a large number of the man bers of the reception committee as well es military men left St. Henri, but it. was fully 9.45 o'c ock before the train conveying the Haligonians steamed into the station. Aming Haligonians steamed into the station. Aming the principal persons noticed on the platform awaiting their arrival were Mayor Beaugrand, Mr. M. H. Gault, M P., detachments of the 65th, Prince of Wales, 6th Fusiliers, and Victoria Rafles, Col. Crawford, tol. Caverhill, Col. Gardner, Major McCorkill, Captaina Lydon, Patterson, Hurland, Stewart, Lieutenants Smith, Ross, Jackson, and a number of others. A posse of the city police (50 men) were in at-tendance, kreping in order the large crowd which kept const-ntly increasing. Besides the music which cheered up the waiting multitude, Master Freddy Upton, son of Sergeaut F. Upton, of the 6th Fusiers, in the full uniform of the regiment, greatly amused those present

by going through the bayonet and sword ex-ercise. The boy is only five years of age.

As the train rolled into the station and the bronzed faces of the boys appeared in the wiudows of the cars, shouting and waving of hets w is begun, and was kept up until they had disembarked, while the Victoria Rifles' band struck up the "British Grenadiers," As soon as the train stopped His Worship Mayor Beaugr nd a d the commanding officers of the different regiments enter d the Pullman car in which were the officers of the Halifax B ttalion, and bil them welcome to Montreal ; at he same time the Mayor presented Col. Bre oner with a large bouquet. The battali n is composed of three companies of the 63rd, three of the 66th, and two companies of the Halifax Garrison Artillery, numbering in all about 356 men. Wi hout any unnecessary delay the b stalion were march-ed into the sheds and seated at th-ir b eakfast, which consisted of beefsteak, mutt n chops ham and eggs, bacon, hot rols, bread butter, tea coffee, best English sauce and pi kles The service was of the best, and refl cted much credit on Mr. ' arslake, the caterer, who was indefa igable in his efforts for the comfort of the returning braves. The floral decorations of the tables which were both profuse and art stic, reflected much credit on Mr. Carslake, who sup pied them at his own personal expense, as well as a botton-hole bouquet for each man. Two splendid ma quees had also been erected es-pecially for officers. After full justice had been done to the excellent med provided, the boys with their h sts again boarded the train and started for Lachine, where they took the steamer kilgate to shoot the rapids. The Vict ria Rifles band accompanied them on the trij and discourse I some lively airs while descend ing the rapids. The men appeared to enjoy the novel sport very highly, and spoke very feel-ingly of the receptions tendered them at every point where they stopped,

As the steamer hove into sight under the Victoria bridge, salutes were fired from the steamer Quetec, of the Richeleu and Ontario Navigation company, and this joyful sound announcing the arrival of the troops served greatly to augment the large crowd which had already gathered. The Field Battery also began firing its salutes, while several f the steamships in port, which also displayed a large reason to believe that the documents are in amount of bunting, also discharged a large amount of bunting, also discharged several bombs. Mr. Joseph Vincent a so conclude be produced as evidence of agitation tributed his share to the welcome by constitutional means. Without them he rep atedly loading and discharging a miniature bound not make a defense and mould be occasioned by other causes. As the boat touched by the island wharf the men were loudly ich ered by the crcwds on the revetment wall, and the detachments of the city regiments having disemburked, the bronzed Haligonians, headed by the Victoria Rifle-, marched out in companie to the head of a line, which p wition they held up Jacques Cartier square, where they were loudly cheere ', until i drant of the City Hall. where they were drawn up and addressed by His Worship the Mayor. He said that they had welcomed both officers and men on these last visit, t ree months ago, as soldiers ready to do their duty, and they were now happy to be able to w-loom- than as veteraus who had proven that the confidence put in them had not been misplaced. He had patrio s, and such faithful Ca-adian-, who had r-ceived their baptism of blood in supporting he cause which bound them all together. In

carriages were in waiting, the men were taken up the mountain and se-corded an opportunity of viewing the city. After spending some time on the Moun-tain they returned by way of Simpson street to the Bousventure depot, where they, took the train for St. Henri and were supplied with a good dinner consisting of roast beef, roast lamb, preast near heel calificities, new polatoes. good dinner consisting of roast beet, roast lamb, green peas, corn beet, cauliflower, naw potatoes, cabbags, plum, pu'ding, strawherries, tes, coffice, sle, ginger beer. After doing justice to the good things provided the men were allowed to return to the city, where they spent the afternoon "doing the town." The men are highly playsed with the enthusiastic reception accorded sheen by the citizens of Montreal, and too, much prase cannot be given to Mayor

Beaugrand and the other members of the reception committee for their end avors to make the welcome as hearty and general as possible. The battalion will leave S. Heart this evening for home, where they are anxiously awaited.

## AN AMERICAN COL RT.ER. (From the N. Y. Sun)

Mr. Phelps, our Minister to England, holds up the Prince of Wales as an example to youth. Speaking before Albert Victor, the young son of the Prince, at a reception of the atter by the Lord Mayor of London, the republican courtier told the boy that he could cast for him out of the stars that shine upon him no happier horoscope than that he should

follow in his father's fuotateps." Thus Mr. Phelps hit two birds with one follow in his father's tootateps. Thus Mr. Phelps hit two birds with one stone. He noticed the boy and paid the fa-ther a compliment at the same time. That was a neat enough thing to de, but the re-presentative of a republic like ours is not en-gaged in very appropriate business when he levotes himself to the flattery of princes and goes out of his way to address a heardless youth as if he was a personage of great impostance. We do not remember when any other American Minister to England includged in that sort of thing in an conspicuous a place with so much formality and with so many of the airs of a courtier.

The eldest son of the Prince of Wales, we believe, is rather a dull boy, but so far he is well behaved, and it is yet to be seen whether he yields in manhood to the vices of the males of his race. He is too young for anybody to prophesy as to his career, except that it is not likely that he will ever sit upon the English throne.

But did even the necessities of his self assumed function as a republican courtier justify Mr. Phelps in telling this blameless boy to "follow in his father's footsteps?"

The Prince of Wales seems to be a good natured fellow of modern abilities and much serviceable tact, but his manner of life has hardly been such that he can profitably be held up as an example for youth. In fact. if reports be true, he has been loose in his morals to a quite remarkable degree, so that decent women have not cared to receive his attentions, or to be known as his frequent associates, or as favored members of the set with which he goes. It gives a pretty woman a sinister reputation to have her name often connected with that of this Prince whom Mr. Phelps so much admires.

There is a suspicion abroad, too, that the Prince of Wales is not unfamiliar by personal experience with the horrible traffic which has lately been exposed in Loadon. The Pall Mall Gazette has not hesitated to hint very broadly that he is in some way mixed up in the business .-... If that is the case his high position ought not to shield him from exposure, but all the more ought he to he made to suffer for his acts. English snobbery, however, will protect him, just as English squeamistness about meeting the case squarely and boldly so long saved the iniquities and those who practised them from the public indignation. Society served the interests of the brutal assassing of woman's virtue because of its unwillingness to

talk about the disagreeable subject. But whether the Prince of Wales is or is not among those who have engaged in these hrutal practices, the course of his life has not been such that it deserves the praise of an American Minister, or of any right thinking nd right feeling

Hot and dry skin? "Hot and dry skin?" Scelding sensations? Swelling of the ankles? Vague feelings of unrest? "Frothy or brick-dust.fluids? Acid stomach? Aching loins ? "Orampa, growing nervousness?" "Strange soreness of the bowels? "Unaccountable languid feelings? "Short breath and pleuritic pains? One-side headache? Backache?

One-side headache? Backache? Frequent attacks of the "blues"? Fluttering and distress of the heart?

Albumen and tube casts in the water Fittul rheumatic pains and neu ralgia?

Loss of appetite, flesh and strength? Constipation alternating with

looseness of the bowels? Drowsiness by day, waketulness at night?

Abundant pale, or scanty flow of

dark water? Ohills and fever? Burning patches of skin? Then

# BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.

and then death is inevitable. This fearful disease is not a rare one-it is an every-day disorder, and claims more victims than any other com-plaint. It must be treated in time or it will gain the nastery. Don't neglect it. Wurner's SAFE Cure has cured thousands of cases of the worst type, and it will cure you if you will use it promptly and as directed. It is the only specific for the universal

# BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

## LET THEM STAY AT HOME.

LONDON, July 21.-It is rumored that at the last moment the German Crown Prince and Princess will refuse to attend the wedding of the Princess Beatrice, although the Queen is doing her utmost to induce them to atrend. It is believed that the German court disapproves of the match.

Pleasant as syrup ; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

John Kelly has been much improved by horseback riding.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain.

Georgia has become as much of a temper-ance state as Maine or Kausas. Whiskey is scarce article, and a drunken man is a rare sight.

HANINGTON'S "QUININE WINE AND IRON," taken according to directions, produces buoyancy of spirits, vigor of mini and gives lasting strength to the whole system. See that you get " Hanington's," the original and genuine.

A North Carolina man shot his head off to cure a ringworm on his neck.

THE TRUE PHILOSOPHY OF MEDICATION is not to dose for symptoms, but to root out disease. Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, the Great Blood Purifier, has proved itself equal to this tesk. It is a most searching without being a violent remedy for Constipation, Biliousness and Inligestion. It is as well adapted to the needs and physical temperaments of delicate females as to the more robust sex, and is a fine preventive of disease as well as remedy for it.

ad right feeling man. As a courtier, bir, Phelps may succeed to pay a visit to Newport this season, it is said. Mr. J. P. Cuthbertson, Toronto, writes : My wife had a very severe attack of Pleurisy and Inflammation of the Lunge, about three years ago, and ever since has been subject to severe colds on the slighest expossure; in fact they were so frequent that her system was quite reduced. She tried several remedies, but without any permanent effect. until she was induced to try Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver On and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, and I am appy to say it has exceeded our anticipatiens. I have no hesitation in recommending it as a ROYAL REMEYY for all affections of the Lungs and Chest, and for all classes of Wasting Diseases, and building up of Weak Constitutions." The polygamists of Utah now introduce one woman as " the wife" and the others as her "companions," and the law is put out over the trick.

Dr. Nulty," was then given, and was received with every honor.

A perfect specine-Dr. Sage's Ustarrh Remedy.

The Thousand Islands are "said to be almost 1,600 in number.

A FREQUENT ANNOYANCE. Many people suffer from distressing sick headaches and bilious attacks of frequent occurrence which a bottle or two of Burdock Blood Bitters would entirely remove. It regulates the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood to a healthy action.

An American scientist says the ivory of Central Africa will give out in ten or fifteen years,

UNKNOWN.

There is no remedy known to medical science that can excel Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry as a cure for Caolera Morbus, Diarrhoa, Dysentery, or any form of Summer Complaint afflicting children or adults.

Philadelphia has a barber shop where Indian squaws do the shaving,

## HE ACTED WISELY.

"I am so weak I can hardly move, all run down with a Chronic Summer Complaint," said one gentleman to another on our street the other day. "Now, take my advice," re-plied his friend, "go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I have never known it to fail in curing any kind of Summer Complaints,"

could not make a defence and would be deprived of justice. He had no means of bringing witnesses, and unless the Government paid their expenses he could not procure said witnesses te the difence. Various papers and documents taken from him at the time of his surrender should be placed in his counsel's hands. He believed that among the papers was the certificate of a United States court that he was a duly naturalized citizen, and he desired this to prove that he was not a B itish subject. Mr. Fuzpatrick said Riel had no means,

and the ends of justice would be defeated unless time were given to raise money to pay for the attendance of such witnesses. He intended to prove insanity as an inmate of Beaufort asylum, that the rebeilion was couducted by a council of which Riel was not a member, nor did he take part in any of the fights.

Mr Greenshields contended that if the trial were proceeded with now injustice would be done both to the prisoner and the counsel. He dwe.t at length on the right of the people to agitute to redress grievances that were now admitted on all hands to exist. If an adjournment were procured Mr. Lemicax would go to Quebec and secure those wit nesses, and other cases could be taken up in he interim.

Mr. Fitzpatrick, supporting the application for an adjournment, maintained that by the witnesses wanted it could be proved that it Riel's advice had been taken not one drop of blond would have been shed.

Counsel for the Crown asked ten minutes to consider the question, and upon their ro-turn Mr. Robinson argued that Riel's certificate as to being an alien was not material to the case as there was a certified copy in Winnipeg. As to the plea of insanity, he could not see what his state of mind six months ago had to do with the matter. He did not think the Crown was exercising undue haste. As to bringing Gabriel Damont and Dumais here, it was absurd, and the Crown could not entertain the idea. As to the documents found at Batoche, he believed they were utterly inadmissable as evidence in the case. The documents were regarded as State docu ments, as they might implicate others. Aloct give three cheers for the Mayor and City of though the Crown felt they could refuse an adjournment, still they would be willing to grant one week, and would offer that the grant one week, and would offer that the Crown co-operate with the defence in telegraphing for witnesses and bearing the exense of hringing them here.

The offer was accepted by the defence, when the court adjourned until Tuesday, the 28th, then to go on peremptorily.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills .- Autumnal Remedies .- Towards the fall of the year countless causes are at work to lower the tone of the nervous system, which will be followed by ill health unless proper means be employed to avert that evil. Holloway's far famed preparations supply a faultless remedy for both external and internal complaints, connected with changes of season. All affections of the skin, roughness, blotches, pimples, superficial and deeper seated inflamm tions, erysipelas, rheumatic pains, and gouty pange alike succumb to the exalted virtues of Hol-loway's Ointment and Puls; which will effect a happy revolution in the patient's condition, though the symptoms of his disorder are legion, and have obstinutely [withstood the best efforts of science to subdue them.

the name of the citizens of Montreal, without distinction of creed or nationality, he tendered them the we come and hospitality of the city. The city would welcome the Halifax boys as citizens of the Canadian Confederation of whom they were proud. He requested them to rep-at here wo ds of welcome to their brethren f Nova Scotia, a d tell them that the chizenof the metropolis of C nada send hearty greet ings to the citizens of the metrop dis of Nova

Sentin. The Mayor was frequently interrupted by applause during the delivery of his brief address, and on its conclusion he called or three hearty cheers for the Halifax battalion, which were eiven with much eathn asm. The Mayor then announced that each officer and private of the battalion would be presented with a bouquet, and the o der for open order haring been obey-ed the following I dies passed mong the ranks pinning the nonquets on the breasts of the gallant volunteers, viv., Virs. Beaugrand, Mrs. Mooney, Mrs. S. C. St-venson and the Misses Mooney. Livut.-Col. Bremner then made brief reply to the Mayor's address in which he expressed his inability to fittingly testify his gratitude for the excellent manner in which his batt dian had been breated not only in Montreal but fr mone end of Canada to the H- assured them that he would acquaint his fellow-citizens of the brilliant receptions tondered his battalion, and that they would be fully as grat ful as he and all his officers (and

The officers were then taken for a brief tour The officers were then taken for a brief our through the City Hall, after which they returned to their companies, reformed, and continued on their march along Notre Dame street, being loudly cheered as th y marched along. On St. James str et they met with a brilliant-ovation, and their fine soldierly physique and steady and their me solutery physical and sleavy marching was very favorably commented upon. The order of procession was as follows :--Squad of police, Montreal Cavalry, Montreal Field Battery, R val Scots, with pipers, 6th Fusiliers, P ince of Wales Rilles, Viacota Rifles, officers and staff of the different regiments, in-cuding the 65th, the Victoria Rifles, band and the returning battalion in passing Victoria square an excellent illustration of the water-power was gi en from the countain in the centre of the square, the water towering up higher than any house in the vicinity. On the photorm in front of the Star office the 5th Rusiliers band had again as em-bled and discoursed some lively music as the

his own satisfaction, but as a representative of American septiment he is failing badly.

"FIRE PROOF PAPER MAY BE MADE,"

says a scientific exchange, "from a pulp, con-sisting of one part vegetable fibre, two parts a-best-s, one-tenth part borax, and one-fifth part alum." It is a pity that such facts as the one following cannot be written, printed or otherwise preserved, upon some sort of in-destructible paper. "My wife suffered seven years and was bedridden, too," said W. E Huestis, of Emporia, Kansas, "a number of physicians failed to help her. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery' cured her." All druggists sell this remedy. Everybody ought to keep it. It only needs a trial.

Thirty-four female Arab soldiers were killed in one of the battles with the English in the Soudan.

## EVERY WOMAN IN THE LAND

owes it to herself and her family to take care of her health. When she finds her health failing, and debility and weakness undermines her strength, her surest and hest remedy is Kidney Wort. It builds up the general health, keeps the scoretory system in perfect order, regulates the Kid neys and Bowels, and enables these important organs to perform their natural functions in throwing off the accumulated impurities of the body.

IRELAND AND THE VATICAN.

LONDON, July 21. -Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, author of "Young Ireland," is en gaged in editing a confidential narration written by Mr. Frederick Lucas, M.P., on the true state of the political parties in Ireland thirty years ago to Pope Pius IX It is thought that the article will throw great light on the relations which at that time existed between the Government of Great Britain and the Vatican. Despatches from Rome state that Cardinal Howard is expected to spend a short holiday in Ireland as guest of the Earl of Carnaryon at Dublin Castle. It is stated at Rome that the reports to the effect that the Valican has empowered the cardinal to negotiate with England for closer relationship between that country and the Vatican, are untrue.

ATTORNEY MORGAN BROWN'S LUCK CASHED.

It has been ascertained that Morgan Brown, attorney at law, of this city, and formerly a clerk of Secretary of Stute Allison, was the lucky holder of one fifth of ticket No. 51,106, which drew \$150,000 in the Louisiana State Lottery. The money has been collect-ed and is now on deposit in the First National Bank of Nashville .- Nashville Banner, Juno 23rd.

## PUSHING BUSINESS IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, July 21 -In the House of Lords to-day, the Land Furchase bill passed the committee stage without, amendment. The Secretary for Scotland bill was read a third time. The House of Commons rejected by a vote of 226 to 22 an amendment by Mr. bled and discoursed some invery music as the continued intervention of the rest of the res

For Nettle Rash, Summer Heat, Eruptions and general tollet pur-poses use Low's suppur Soap.

Fattening stock of all kinds should be encouraged to take as much 100d as they can possibly digest.

O. Bortle, of Manchester, Ontario Co., N. Y., writes: "I obtained immediate relief from the use of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I have had asthma for eleven years. Have been obliged to sit up all night for ten or twelve nights in succession. I can now sleep soundly all night on a feather bod, which I had not been able to do previous to using the OIL"

A man of seventy was among the nincteen residents of Arlington, Ga., arrested recently for playing ball on the street.

Mrs. Barnhart, corner Pratt and Broadway, has been a sufferer for twelve years through rheumatism, and has tried every remedy she could hear of, but received no benefit until she tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil; she says she cannot express the satisfaction she feels at having her pain entirely removed and her rheumatism cured. There are base imitations of this medicine for sale ; see that you get Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. \*\*

A Boston street railway company is being defrauded by some one counterfeiting its dekets.

Scott's Emuision of Pare Cod. Liver Oil with Hypophosphites.-For Rickets, Marasmus and all wasting dis-orders of children, is very remarkable in its results .- The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful.

Senator Thurman is also accused of an ambition to write a book.

As well expect life without air, as health without pure blood. Cleanse the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The question of abolishing car tickets and receiving cash fares only is being considered by a Boston street railway company.