myxomatous or colloid degeneration. There was, in all cases, a great increase in fibrous tissue, in some places very embryonic in type and interspersed among this, strands and columns of columnar cells in all stages of development and degeneration.

I should like to acknowledge my indebtedness to Mr. R. V. Dolbey, M.S., F.R.C.S., for his careful and detailed examination and report of the pathological specimens, both macroscopical and microscopical.

THE LIFE AND WORKS OF SIR ALMROTH EDWARD WRIGHT,
WITH ESPECIAL REFERENCE TO OPSONIC TREATMENT AND ITS RESULTS THUS FAR.

BY

G. E. J. LANNIN, M.D., C.M.

"The Briton may traverse the Pole or the Zone, And boldly claim his right

For he calls such a vast domain his own,

That the sun never sets on his might."

Well may the words of the poet be applied to the world of Medical Science. For more than two hundred years at least there has been a bright succession of men of genius and of eminence in Great Britain who have well sustained the balance against the brilliant and accomplished French savants, and the crudite and profound Germans. Such well known names from England as Sydenham, Bright, Paget, and later Lister; many others from old Scotia, from Edinboro, such as Cullen and John Brown, are all so familiar to us; and from the dear old Emerald Isle in medicine proper we have such names as Stokes, Graves, Churchill, Collis, Tufinill, and others, and to-day the man upon whom and to whom all eyes have been and are turned in keen expectation is Sir A. E. Wright whom we study to-night, and also to his pupils who have carried the work to the Colonies and throughout the Empire.

Obviously the writing of a portion of a man's biography during his life time is no easy task, especially when he is of so reticent and unassuming a nature as Sir A. E. Wright; and so in his case the collection of material was fraught with no little difficulty, but manifestly, intensely, and pre-eminently interesting to us to-day on account of his modern work in the cure of disease. However, this much we do know.

He was born in Dublin, Ireland; his father was an Irishman and his mother a Swede. He received his early education in Germany; subsequently at Dublin University, where he took his B.A., and was the first gold medallist in modern literature. He afterwards studied law