

obliquely backward to a little beyond the middle near inner third, yellowish-white; under surface piceous, the abdomen rather closely and strongly though finely punctate. Length, 1.4 mm.; width, 1.1 mm. Utah (St. George), Wickham.

This is a wholly isolated species, somewhat remindful at first of the genus *Hyperaspidius*; it may be placed just before *annexa* in the list but has no affinity with that species. The tarsal claws are obtusely swollen internally at base.

*H. tetraeneura*, n. sp.—Nearly as in *4-vittata*, though very slightly more broadly oval and decidedly less convex, similarly rather strongly and closely punctate, black, polished; head black; pronotum (♀?) black, with a very narrow, not very abruptly pale side margin; elytra with the side margin evenly and very narrowly pale to but little beyond two-thirds, each also with a similarly narrow even pale oblique vitta from basal sixth, slightly beyond the median line, to apical fifth at inner third. Length, 2.3 mm.; width, 1.45 mm. Colorado (Boulder Co.).

Resembles *4-vittata*, but differs in the abruptly abbreviated and much narrower vittæ, more finely and sparsely punctate abdomen, and, especially, in the much more narrowly rounded post-coxal arcs, which scarcely attain the first suture, along which they are contiguous for some distance in *4-vittata*.

The species described by Mr. Schaeffer (l. c., p. 143) as *Hyperaspis trifurcata*, is strongly remindful, in its form and general scheme of ornamentation, of a species published by me under the name *Hyperaspidius insignis*, and I would therefore advise a closer scrutiny of its generic characters. The species, though, is doubtless different.

#### *Hyperaspidius*, Cr.

The species described by LeConte under the name *vittigera* is not by any means the same as the Mexican *trimaculatus*, Linn., as becomes apparent at once on reading Mulsant's description of the latter. The species should therefore be known under LeConte's name, *vittigera* (= *trimaculatus*, Cr., nec Linn.).

*H. pallescens*, n. sp.—Broadly oblong, very obtuse at apex, moderately convex, polished; head and pronotum (♀) rufo-testaceous, the latter subimpunctate, with a narrow yellowish-white side margin; elytra rather finely and sparsely but strongly and evenly punctate, smooth, pale reddish-brown, the basal and lateral margins, retreating from the edge posteriorly; and not quite attaining the suture at apex, whitish, the basal stripe prolonged posteriorly, near the suture, touching or feebly joining the apex