

tirement he shall hold office as councillor for the next succeeding year.

(c)—The vice-chairman shall be elected yearly, and shall have all the powers of the chairman during the absence of the latter.

(d)—A registrar shall be elected yearly, and shall also be the secretary-treasurer. His duties shall be to attend all meetings of the Council and Institute; keep accurate and approved minutes of all such meetings; keep a set of books showing the financial condition of the Institute, a register of all members—their residence, occupation, and a synopsis of their engineering experience. He shall sign all certificates, cheques and official documents of the Institute, and at the end of each fiscal year he shall prepare a financial statement of the affairs of the Institute countersigned by two auditors. He shall be bonded for the sum of \$1,000. He shall also perform such duties as directed by the Council. He shall receive such remuneration as directed from time to time by the Council.

(e)—Five councillors shall be elected by a majority vote of the members of the Institute for the first year after the coming into effect of this Act. Thereafter only three members each year shall be elected. The councillor receiving the largest number of votes at each annual election shall act for two years. The retiring chairman shall constitute the fifth councillor.

(f)—Two auditors shall be elected at each annual meeting, and they shall audit the accounts and books of the Institute for the ensuing year.

8.—The functions of the Council shall be:—

(a)—To carry on the business of the Institute.

(b)—To adjudicate on such matters as are referred to it for decision.

(c)—To supervise the register kept by the registrar.

(d)—To make such schedule or schedules of minimum fees to be charged for engineering services rendered under the provisions of this Act.

(e)—To prepare the by-laws of the Institute, subject to their ratification by the members.

(f)—To formulate and enforce a code of professional conduct.

(g)—To suspend or dismiss a member for malpractice as hereinafter provided, or on conviction of a criminal offence.

(h)—To draw up an annual report on the affairs of the Institute for submission to members at the annual meeting.

Meetings

9.—(a)—The Annual General Meeting of the Institute for the transaction of business and election of officers and members of the Council shall be held at such place and time as the Council may appoint. Due notice of such meeting shall be given by the registrar to each member of the Institute by circular letter mailed to his registered address not less than two weeks previous to such meeting. Fifteen members to form a quorum.

(b)—Special general meetings of the Institute may be called when deemed necessary by the Council, or on written request of five members addressed to the registrar setting forth the reason and object for such meeting. The registrar shall thereupon give due notice of such meeting to each member of the Institute setting forth the object of the meeting.

(c)—Meetings of the Council shall be held when necessary. At least six meetings shall be held each year. Three members of the Council shall form a quorum at such meetings.

10.—All elections under this Act shall be by ballot in the manner according to the by-laws of the Institute.

Who May Practice

11.—(a)—Only such persons shall be entitled within the Province of Saskatchewan to take or use the name and title of "Engineer," or any abbreviation thereof, either alone or in combination with any other work or words, or any name, title or description implying that he is a member of the Institute, or act as engineer in designing, laying out, advising on, constructing or superintending the construction of any public work or any work upon which public money is expended, the cost of which shall exceed \$500, who are members of the Institute hereby incorporated and registered as such under the provisions of this Act.

(b)—Practicing Engineers in Saskatchewan who are not members of the Engineering Institute of Canada may be registered within one year of the passing of this Act without having to submit to examination provided that their credentials are approved by the Board. In case of men from Saskatchewan on active service having approved credentials, the year for registration is to date from their return to Saskatchewan.

(c)—Non-resident corporate members in good standing of the Engineering Institute of Canada, and Canadian Mining Institute, shall, on payment of the prescribed dues, be granted a permit to practice for a period not exceeding one year.

(d)—Qualified engineers who are members in good standing of British or Foreign Engineering Institutes and Societies, upon presentation of qualifications satisfactory to the Council, and upon payment of the prescribed dues, shall be granted a permit to practice for a period not exceeding one year. Such permits are not to be renewed except to allow for consideration by the Council of the Engineering Institute of Canada of a bona fide application for admission to the Engineering Institute of Canada.

(e)—Non-resident consulting engineers shall be given temporary permits by the Institute in case of employment by cities, corporations or any public body, but such engineers shall only act in an advisory capacity to an engineer registered under this Act.

Residence Within Saskatchewan

12.—No engineer shall be registered under this Act unless he establish an office or take up his residence in the Province of Saskatchewan, except:—

(a)—Engineers holding temporary permits as hereinbefore provided.

(b)—Consulting engineers holding temporary permits as hereinafter provided.

(c)—Engineers employed by the Government of Saskatchewan, urban or rural municipalities, public or private corporations, shall be deemed to have an office and be resident if registered as being employed in the Province of Saskatchewan by the above bodies.

Partnership

13.—In case of two or more engineers carrying on their practice in co-partnership, each person whose name appears as a member on the firm shall be registered under this Act.

Corporations and Joint Stock Companies

14.—No Corporation or Joint Stock Company shall be registered under this Act, but such Corporation or