THE TORONTO WORLD

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THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 19, 1887.

Not a Laughing Matter.

The threats against Canada of the New York Sun and other journals of that school is not a laughing matter, as the elephantine and fat-witted Globe would have the Canadian public believe. We do not look upon it seriously because of the Sun's influence, or because of the undoubted strength of the anti Canadian elements for which it speaks, but because the responsibility lies at Canadian doors.

The Mail was silent yesterday upon the subject, but the Globe recognized the necessity of saying something, and attempted to get out of the scrape by an affectation of merriment that was exceedingly ill-assured, and beneath which was plainly apparent its annoyance with the Sun for having prematurely revealed the real feelings and purposes of the men who are trying to put salt on the beaver's tail. The Globe also mildly assured the calm and stately New York Times that Canada is not in quite such a bad way as the latter has been led to believe. Who is responsible for the impression now prevalent in the United States that Canada is going to the devil? The Canadian writers and speakers, of whom the Globe and the Mail are the chief organs. They have said again and again that this country is hopelessly dilapidated, and their organs have published and endorsed their assertions to that effect. The feeling of indignation with which most Canadians have read the truculent threats of the American press should be kept for home consumption. Right here we have the speakers and writers who have invited and encouraged those threats.

Mr. Wiman having written to Mr. Valancey E. Fuller that Canadians are "helpless and hopeless," the Mail and the Globe hastened to give that libel the widest possible publicity, reinforcing it with labored articles upon the miserable condition of Canada and her people, though there is no more prosperous or contented people upon the face of the earth. That an impression to the contrary prevails abroad is not so much the fault of misguided foreigners as it is of the Canadian who have taught them so to think—the ill birds who foul their own nest.

We might afford to laugh at the ravings of New York Hoodlum politicians and their press, but when we find them supplied with campaign literature by Canadian politicians and Canadian newspapers it is time to seriously inquire where this sort of thing is going to end. A combination of free traders who advocate a higher tariff and loyalists who demand discrimination against the Empire, affording aid and comfort to the Anglophobes across the border, is too incongruous to be honest and too dangerous to call for nothing more serious than a jest. It is firmly believed that American gold was employed in the last elections. At any rate it is making itself felt in this secondary campaign.

The Time Has Gone Past.

It is altogether too late in the day now to begin an agitation for the commercial union of these provinces with the United States. This is something that should have been tried, if at all, about the time of the rebellion discontent, about fifty years ago. Or, if not, then twenty five years ago at least, before Confederation made a beginning of our "new nationality." To talk about joining the States now, either commercially or otherwise, is preposterous. Every year the Dominion is developing her resources, and is becoming the better able to stand alone. Twenty-five years ago there was no Confederation, no Canadian Northwest, no Pacific Province in connection with the rest, and no Canadian Pacific Railway. These various activities, it is clear, have created a market for much of our farmers' stuff that used to be sent out of the country. It does seem astounding spectacle to look at, when we consider it—that of grown men amongst us, who cannot for the life of them imagine what we are to do with all this magnificent country of ours, lacking some arrangement which will enable us to lean upon the United States, we in return handing over to our neighbors the biggest part of the profits both ways. Had this craving for some one else to lean upon displayed itself half a century ago, or even a quarter of a century ago, an excuse for it might have been found. But coming at this time of the day it is ignoble, and utterly disgraceful to us as a people.

Those who imagine that if we had commercial union now we should have over again the American market for our farm produce of 1854-66, forget that some things have happened since then. We place alongside of each other two short columns of figures, showing United States exports of grain and breadstuffs, also of provisions, for the two years named—1860 and 1880 respectively:

	1860.	1880.
Grain and breadstuffs	$24,000,000	$288,000,000
Provisions	16,000,000	127,000,000

For convenience we omit the other figures, which for our purpose are not necessary. In twenty years America's export of grain and breadstuffs expanded from $24,000,000 to $288,000,000 worth; and of provisions from $16,000,000 to $127,000,000 worth. And to this country, which has such an immense production to spare, certain wise men of Gotham are trying to persuade our farmers that they should look for a market for their surplus grain and meat. Surely this is like carrying coals to Newcastle. And the figures have grown very much since 1880.

As for the other pretence, that we could find a market over the border for our surplus of manufactured articles, we don't hear so much about that now. We fancy that some of those who have been putting forward this pretence must feel as if they could scarcely make it hold water before the public. It is surely a bold attempt, this, to put upon our people the delusion that under free trade Canadian manufactures would sell in the United States. Exactly the contrary would happen—our markets would be promptly glutted with American goods; but our return sales would never come.

If we are wise we shall let well-enough alone. The Dominion of Canada is getting along very well, considering the comparatively new beginning as a nation. And, one thing just at hand—the iron policy of this year promises to work wonders for the country in a few years. Sir Charles, and his colleagues who sustain him in it, deserve unlimited praise for the iron policy as Canada's answer to the annexationists.

Facts and Figures.

It is wonderful with what rapidity an erroneous statement is circulated from person to person and newspaper to newspaper. Mr. Valancey E. Fuller during his address at the Farmers' Institute held in Toronto, said that "the farmers represent three-fourths of the population of the country," and strange to say a few minutes afterwards Mr. Awrey, M.P.P., a self-conscious politician, made use of the following words: "Reciprocity would benefit the farmers, and as they were five-sixths of the people, their interests would be paramount." These incorrect assertions of the relative proportion of those engaged in agriculture to those of other industries formed the basis of a false argument to show that if reciprocity benefited the farmers all other industries must succumb to their interests. Having been circulated so freely and believed in so credulously by certain of the leaders of the commercial union movement, that the number of people engaged in agriculture is far in excess of those depending on other callings, we place before our readers the following figures taken from the Dominion census of 1881, and will allow these to tell their own tale. The number employed in the different departments is given by provinces while the totals are below:

	Agriculture.	Commercial.	Domestic.	Industrial.	Professional.	Not Classified.
Prince Ed'd'ls'd.	20630	2183	2040	6388	1084	1987
Nova Scotia.	88984	15149	7832	39093	3663	1057
New Brunswick.	54384	9170	5188	31637	3276	1428
Quebec.	201933	34345	24279	81443	13398	7265
Ontario.	304633	44879	38354	193074	26273	9411
Manitoba.	19868	1339	933	2455	609	491
British Colum'a.	2617	1327	1019	6887	506	568
Territories.	3061	269	154	268	807	121
Totals	692230	107646	74820	262226	52916	22322

The total number of the employed is 1,390,904. The following table will show the percentage which each department bears to the whole:

Agriculture	49 per cent.
Commercial	7 per cent.
Domestic	5 per cent.
Industrial	20 per cent.
Professional	3 per cent.
Not classified	1½ per cent.

According to the census of 1881 the population of the Dominion, including the territories, was 4,324,810, and, as already stated, the total number employed in the various departments being as given above we find that the proportion of each department to the whole population is as follows:

15 per cent. Agriculture.
2 per cent. in Commercial Life.
1 per cent. in Domestic Life.
7 per cent. in Industrial.
1 per cent. in Professional.
4 per cent. not classified.

Two prominent members of the great anti-monopolistic Standard Oil Company have been convicted at Buffalo of conspiracy to blow up the works of a rival company which refused to come into the ring, which control a capital of $75,000,000. They bribed an employe of the rival concern, who now turns up as a witness against them. The Standard has heretofore had everything pretty much its own way, and has contrived to either buy or crush out all opposition. This check to their career will give general satisfaction, but the jury's verdict will have to run the gauntlet of all the courts, and will be set aside if money and law can do it. They already own many legislators, and, if we may believe some of our United States contemporaries, are not without a proprietary interest in some of the courts. The Alpha Oil Company of Sarnia aver that they came to Canada because of the 'Standard' power to hamper them in the United States.

The Philadelphia Record talks about "the Yankee codfish." It should next discourse of Irish snakes.

Mr. Henry George would put all the taxes on land. That would give the people free whisky, but as Mr. George is an advocate of temperance, that can hardly be what he is driving at.

Owing to the House being about to take holidays Mr. Charlton's rebellion stands postponed for ten days. He has not yet decided where he will hide when the trouble begins but he will probably hire a hall.

If you want to see Toronto the Good at her "goodest" attend a meeting in the Queen's Park, or even the Sunday preachings. Upon such occasions Toronto becomes so virtuous that clubs are trumps.

Mr. Blake ought to send the Advisory Committee whom he left in charge at Ottawa a few copies of his Malvern speech. The way in which they are wasting wind upon what he then declared to be a dead issue is painful. We advise the Advisory Committee to come off the corpse. The Riel agitation gave the country a surfeit of graveyard politics.

According to the Berlin News, a man in that town promised each of his sons $1000 upon the attainment of his majority on condition that the boy should neither smoke tobacco nor drink liquor up to that time. The eldest boy is now nearly twenty-one, and having kept the faith will soon come in for his reward. Then won't he have a high old time. It is worth a thousand dollars to abstain from drinking beer while living in Lagerloo, and we trust that the old man may have the money when the bill matures, but when the News asks all the rest of us to go and do likewise certain difficulties present themselves. Of course if the boys would take slow notes we might manage to die before settlement day and thus escape the liability, but it would be awkward to have one's son suing his esteemed father for the pound of flesh nominated in the bond.

Bob Burdette has been elected deacon of a Baptist church. It is to be feared that Robert will prove too frivolous for the position, unless he put to soak for a long period. The idea of a deacon going about and making jokes and creating laughter is too incongruous for anything. The Canadian idea of a deacon is more fittingly exemplified by the good deacon of the Globe, who is a proper person for the solemn office, and whose appointment thereto by The World has been ratified by the press of the country.

Henceforth all unmuzzled dogs found running at large in Chicago will be shot by the police. It will be a marvel if some of the citizens do not receive a consignment of lead intended for a dog.

The authorities at Washington are concerned to learn from several of their Canadian consuls that the inter-state law is killing off trade with this country. The effect of this will probably be to open their eyes to the consequences of non-intercourse, or retaliation, as they call it. Meanwhile Canada is unconcerned.

Misrepresentations

Being at present freely made by agents of other companies, as to their comparisons of cash profits with those of the Canada Life, and exceptional selected examples of these being published by them, the following

CORRECT STATEMENT OF ALL THE ACTUAL CASH PROFITS

given by the companies named during the last seven years, taken from the Government returns, is presented for public information.

Percentage of total cash profits given by each company to the premiums paid to each, during the years 1870 to 1886, inclusive:

CANADA LIFE—36.5 PER CENT.

Mutual Life of New York	22.6 per cent.
New York Life	18.9 per cent.
Ontario Mutual	14.2 per cent.

These figures prove the surpassing advantages of the Canada Life, and where agents show different results from the above, by use of specially selected exceptional cases, or examples of what their companies formerly did, but are not doing now, the public are warned against relying upon such examples.

Assurers joining the Canada Life Assurance Company at the present time will share in Four Years' Profits at the division in 1890.

OUR TROUBLE NOT ENDED,

THE TORONTOS AGAIN BEHEADED AT THE FLOUR CITY.

Hamilton-in-the-Hole Also Wiped Out at Buffalo—Latest Quotations on the O.J.C. Events—A Canadian Filly Third at Louisville—Spots of Sport.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., May 18.—About 1000 people saw the home team defeat Toronto this afternoon at Culver Park for the second time. Both teams played in the main a good game, making it far more interesting to watch than the game of yesterday. The home team was very fortunate in bunching its hits, while the visitors' were scattered through nine innings. A magnificent stop by Cline in the second inning was one of the features of the game. Score:

ROCHESTER.	B	R	P.O.	A	E	TORONTOS.	B	R	P.O.	A	E
Cline, ss.	0	1	1	3	1	Alberts, ss.	0	1	0	2	1
Visner, r.f.	1	1	3	0	0	Crane, r.f.	1	2	0	0	2
Lewis, c.f.	1	0	3	1	0	Slattery, l.f.	0	1	2	0	0
Kennedy, 1b	1	1	9	0	0	Fantz, 1b.	1	1	11	0	0
Knowles, 2b	1	1	3	1	0	McCor'k, 2b.	0	2	1	1	0
McGloin, 3b	1	1	0	3	1	Gilman, c.f.	0	0	3	0	0
Connors, l.f.	1	1	1	0	0	Kearns, 2b.	1	1	2	3	1
Zimmer, c.	1	1	6	1	0	Sheppard, p.	0	0	0	6	0
Parsons, p.	1	1	1	7	1	Trafley, c.	0	2	4	1	0
Total	8	9	27	15	3	Total	3	11	27	12	4

Earned runs, Rochester 3, Toronto 2; first base on errors, Rochester 4, Toronto 3; first base on called balls, by Sheppard 1, Parsons 2; struck out by Sheppard 6, by Parsons 4; left on bases, Rochester 8, Toronto 10; two-base hits, Visner and Knowles; three-base hits, Crane; home runs, Kennedy and Fantz; passed balls, Trafley 1, Zimmer 1. Umpire, Cummings.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

At Newark:		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 0 2 0 0 1 1 1 0—	5	10	3
Syracuse	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—	2	9	4

At Binghamton:		R.	H.	E.
Binghamton	0 0 0 3 0 0 4 1 0—	8	11	5
Oswego	1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—	3	8	5

Batteries: Stemmyer and O'Rourke, McCormick and Carroll.

At Buffalo:		R.	B.H.	E.
Buffalo	1 0 3 2 0 0 0 0 x—	6	10	6
Hamilton	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—	4	8	1

Batteries: Buffington and Gunning, Conway and Briody.

At Jersey City:		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1 0 0 0 3 4 3 0 0—	11	19	1
Utica	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—	2	7	2

National League Games.

At Washington:		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 2 0 1 2 2 0 3 1—	11	21	1
Chicago	0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0—	4	11	10

Batteries: O'Day and Dealy, Geiss and Darling.

At Boston:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 4 3 2—	9	17	4
Pittsburg	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—	2	10	3

Batteries: Stemmyer and O'Rourke, McCorkick and Carroll.

At New York:		R.	H.	E.
New York	2 3 1 0 1 0 1 0 0—	8	12	4
Indianapolis	0 2 1 2 0 0 0 5 x—	13	17	4

Batteries: Welch and Brown, Boyle and Myers.

At Philadelphia:		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	4 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 x—	9	14	10
Philadelphia	0 1 0 0 4 0 1 0 1—	7	13	5

Batteries: Buffington and Gunning, Conway and Briody.

Association Games.

At Cincinnati:		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2 1 3 0 0 1 0 0 0—	6	11	2
Cincinnati	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0—	3	9	4

At Cleveland:		R.	H.	E.
Metropolitans	0 0 3 1 0 1 0 0 0—	5	13	8
Cleveland	1 3 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—	6	16	2

At Louisville:		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 3 0—	6	8	3
Louisville	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—	5	11	3

At St. Louis:		R.	H.	E.
Athletics	0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0—	4	7	3
St. Louis	1 0 1 0 0 0 1 3 6—	12	19	2

Dust from the Diamond.

We are at home to-day.

The first ball will be pitched in to-day's game at 3.30.

Cline, Visner and Lewis, the first three batters of the Rochesters, are the heaviest hitters in the team.

Crane is expected to pitch the game of his life this afternoon.

The following is the batting and playing order of the teams in to-day's game at the Toronto grounds. *Toronto:* Alberts, s.s., Crane p., Becker 1b, Fantz 1b, Slattery l.f., McCormick r.f., Gilman c.f., Kearns 2b., Trafley c. *Rochester:* Cline, s.s., Visner r.f., Lewis c.f., Kennedy 1b., Knowles 2b., McGlone 3b., Connors l.f., Duguale c., Baker p.

It is said that certain scorers in the International League are assisting the players to swell their batting averages, by crediting them with hits where errors should have been charged to fielders.

The new coaching rules are not strictly enforced by International umpires. Remsen is said to violate the rules in a most flagrant manner, and other club captains as well, but not to such a noticeable extent.

Umpire Hoover, "the best of them all," is expected to officiate at the game to-day. He will probably arrive with the Torontos at 10 this morning.

The Toronto Cricket Club to the number of fifty-four, have secured reserved seats for to-day.

George O'Brien is the new manager of the Oswego team and Joseph Simmons of Syracuse, manager Gifford of the Stars has gone to Columbus, Ohio, to manage that team.

The Syracuse-Utica game, scheduled to be played at Utica Sept. 15 has been changed to May 22.

Peter Macdonald has been appointed by Secretary White to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Umpire Reid.

The Imperials of the northeastern part of the city challenge any club 15 years old or under on their grounds on Howard-street. Their secretary is Samuel Westman, 25 Rose-avenue.

The club batting and fielding averages of the International League clubs are:

Batting Rank.	Batting average.	Fielding average.	Rank.
1. Jersey City	.387	.897	3
2. Syracuse	.375	.891	6
3. Binghamton	.372	.910	5
4. Hamilton	.363	.919	1
5. Buffalo	.353	.913	4
6. Newark	.345	.928	3
7. Toronto	.339	.929	2
8. Rochester	.319	.876	7
9. Oswego	.312	.876	8
10. Utica	.307	.861	10

Latest Quotations on O. J. C. Events.

The latest quotations on the three principal events of the O. J. C. meeting are:

Queen's Plate.
1¼ miles, run May 21.

8 to 1 Wild Bruce,	8 to 1 Harry Cooper,
8 to 1 Bonnie Duke,	8 to 1 Fanny Carter,
8 to 1 Fred Henry,	8 to 1 Moonshine,
8 to 1 Bright Star,	9 to 1 Glen Cairn,
8 to 1 Augusta,	12 to 1 Aunt Alice,
8 to 1 Maggie May,	12 to 1 Edmonton,
8 to 1 Lucky Star,	16 to 1 Blenkiron, jr.,
8 to 1 Fred B,	16 to 1 Beasie,
8 to 1 D. W. Ferris,	16 to 1 D. W. C.,
8 to 1 Ben Bolt,	20 to 1 Passion Flower,
	20 to 1 Inspire.

City Jubilee Plate.
1 1-8 miles, run May 24.

Even, Lilith,	5 to 1 Lucky Star,
4 to 1 Queen's Own,	6 to 1 Harry Cooper,
4 to 1 Lady Darrell,	6 to 1 Cleveland,
4 to 1 Moonshine,	16 to 1 Passion Flower.

Woodstock Plate.
1¼ miles, run May 24.

5 to 1 Springfield,	5 to 1 Valor,
5 to 1 George L.,	6 to 1 Roddy Pringle,
5 to 1 Bralt,	6 to 1 Wildwood,
5 to 1 Felix,	6 to 1 Godard,
5 to 1 Wild Rose,	6 to 1 Maggie Bruce,
5 to 1 Blanton,	6 to 1 Long Shot,
5 to 1 Vigilance,	7 to 1 Ten Sheal,
5 to 1 Williams.	

Woodbine Whisperings.

From the Tout's Note Book, Wednesday Evening.

Deacon Duggan, under a big straw hat, was busily engaged behind the harrows.

Jamieson, while riding Oliver at exercise, broke one of his stirrup straps and was thrown to the ground, but without injury.

George L., accompanied by Bonnie Duke, went two miles, the last half at three-parts speed.

Ally Gates gave Silver King half a mile at top speed.

Beechmore was sent two miles at a slow rate of speed.

Direction, in company with Glen Cairn, galloped a mile and a half, the last quarter at top speed.

Blanton, led by Willie W., galloped two miles at a slow pace.

Inspire, accompanied by Lady Dayrell, were sent three quarters at top speed.

Warder sent Lucy Lightfoot and Maggie May two miles at a useful gallop, the last quarter at top speed.

Glyndon (Wise up), in company with Trapper, went a mile, the last half at a rattling pace.

Aunt Alice by herself covered a mile and a half better than three minutes.

Burgess' string, Bralt, Shamrock, Fred B., Valor and Moonshine, were given slow work.

Bob Lockwood was feeling his best and moved off twice with the boy while exercising.

Lelex did slow cantering on the road.

Jonathan Scott sent Jim Ferris two miles at a useful rate of speed, Fanny Carter doing slow work.

Butler's trio, Wild Rose, Augusta and D. W. C., did steady work.

Fred Henry was given slow work.

Boyle's pair, Wildwood and Lilith, are expected to arrive at midnight.

Steam cars will run on race days right to the grounds.

Lilith advanced to even money for the Woodstock Plate, while Queen's Own was freely offered at 3 to 1.

Wild Bruce, Fred Henry, Bonnie Duke and Bright Star are even favorites for the Queen's Plate.

The Hendrie stable, consisting of Wild Bruce, Ten Sheal, Long Shot, Godard and Bright Star, in charge of K. K. Allcock arrived in the afternoon and are quartered at Leslieville.

A Canadian Filly Third at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 18.—The attendance at the Louisville Jockey Club grounds to-day was fair, but the program was a disappointment. The Merchants' stake, which promised to be the greatest event of the meeting, dwindled down to a virtual walk-over for Baldwin's Volante; Montana Regent, the phenomenal Egmont and Wary were entered, but their owners being afraid of the Californian scratched them, and only Volante, Miss Lord and Elgin started. Volante proved an easy winner. The Canadian filly Belle Taw finished third in the Louisville Hotel purse. The summaries follow:

First race—Purse $400, for maiden 2-year-olds, 5½ of a mile—Autocrat, 95, won; White, 95, second; Biggoyet, 95, third. Time, 1.04.

Second race—The Louisville Hotel Purse, 6 furlongs—Violet, 100, won; Billy Lincoln, 102, second; Belle Taw, 102, third. Time, 1.18.

Third race—7 furlongs—Loflin, 107, won; Handy Andy, 89, second; Doctor, 102, third. Time, 1.32.

Fourth race—Merchant's Stakes for all ages, 1 mile and 1 furlong:

E. J. Baldwin's b.h. Volante, 5 years, by Grinstead—Sister Anne, 123 1
E. J. Baldwin's b.f. Miss Ford, 3, by Enquirer—Bribery, 97 2
R. W. Thomas' ch. c. Elgin, 4, by Springbok—Elemi, 3
Time, 1.58¾.

Fifth race—Club purses, ¾ of a mile—Modesty, 108, won; Wanderood, 105, second; Col. Owens, 110, third. Time, 1.18.

Trotting at Belmont Park.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—This was the second day of the spring meeting at Belmont Driving Park. Track and weather fine. Summaries

2.35 class:

Ida Bell	1	1	1	1
Little Vic	2	2	2	4
King Midas	4	3	2	2
Chancellor M	3	4	3	3

Time 2.25¼, 2.23¾, 2.31.

2.24 class:

McLeod	2	1	1	1
Lady Albert	3	2	2	4
Bessie Sheridan	4	4	3	2
Graceful	5	3	4	3
Gretlich	1	dis		
Young Morrisey	dis			

Time 2.27, 2.21¼, 2.22¾, 2.23¼.

Grand Derby Sweepstake.

1887—$10,000—1887.

First horse	$3000
Second	2000
Third	1000

$2000 divided among other starters; $2000 divided among non-starters; 2000 subscribers at $5 each; 10 per cent. deducted from all prizes. George Carslake, proprietor, Mansion House, Montreal. Send for tickets at once. Tickets can be had up to the 20th. Very few left. Race May 25 (192 entries). 246

The Wanderers' Trip to Woodstock.

The arrangements for the big trip of the Wanderers have all been completed and everybody going anxiously awaits May 24. The number going have necessitated the engaging of another special car, and steps have been taken in that direction. The start will be made per Grand Trunk Railway at 8.10 Tuesday morning, and no change will be made by the club, as the cars will be run through. On arrival of each rider at the station and when his wheel is handed in the baggage car, a number will be attached and a duplicate given him to identify the wheel. Upon arrival in Woodstock riders will immediately fall into places assigned and wheels will be handed out, after which they proceed to dinner, special arrangements for which are made. The club will have a curious collection of cycles on parade, besides the number of high bicycles and "stars" will be some fifteen or twenty "safeties" of all description, three tandem tricycles and one or two single drivers. The bugle music will be furnished by the corps consisting of four buglers. The elaborate dress of the two "mascots" accompanying the riders will also be shown to good advantage.

Sullivan Will Fight Kilrain.

NEW YORK, May 18.—John L. Sullivan has agreed to fight Jake Kilrain for $5000, Queensberry rules, the fight to be limited to from four to six rounds. The fight must take place in some park or public building, and the winner is to take two-thirds of the gate receipts.

Spots of Sport.

The Toronto Athletic Club will hold a meeting this evening at the Toronto Lacrosse Grounds for the purpose of picking out the best men to compete outside the city.

The Young Torontos will play the Meaford Lacrosse Club on May 24 for the Central District championship at Meaford.

Arrangements have been completed for the match between the Central and Western Football Associations for the "Caledonia Cup." The first match will take place at Galt on June 4. The return match will be held in Toronto on Oct. 15. The Western team will be chosen on May 24.

The team of the Toronto Football (Association) Club visit Buffalo Saturday: Goal, Mackie; backs, Gordon, Woods; half-backs, Dale, Anderson; forwards—right, Bell, McCallum; centre, A. M. Thomson, G. Meldrum; left, Elliot, Jas. Meldrum.

Scalper, who broke down on Tuesday, will go into the stud again at once and will stand at A. Gate's livery stable, Nelson-street.

The Glen Grove Club will give a day's racing on May 28. The program will consist of four flat races and a steeplechase. From the number of horses now here the club should have a large entry, and a great day's sport is expected.

Following is the standing of the three principal English jockeys to April 30: C. Wood, 94 mounts, won 23; G. Barrett, 118 mounts, won 18; F. Webb, 54 mounts, won 15.

Mr. Morrissey stated yesterday that he was willing to match Montana Regent against either Volante or Lucky B. for any amount that Mr. Baldwin desired. He said he had cleared $15,000 on the Regent in the Louisville Cup.

Tremont has been backed so heavily for the Suburban by public money that Mr. Cridge says he has nearly laid his book against him, and is at present offering the prohibitive price of 4 to 1 against the colt.

The principal American winning jockeys up to last Saturday are Covington and Godfrey 26 and 6 of 10 respectively; Hamilton, 25 wins each, Hilke 15, F. McLaughlin and Palmer 14 each, Caldwell 13, De Long and J. McLaughlin 12 each.

Silver King and Lochiel are matched to run a half mile dash to carry 140 pounds each. The race will be run on the second day of the Ontario Jockey Club meeting.

Mr. Richmond's Rock-and-Rye finished seventh in the opening dash, three-quarters of mile, at the Brooklyn meeting on Tuesday.

The Dwyers captured both stake races at Brooklyn on Tuesday. The Carlton for 2-year olds with Hanover and the Hudson for 2-year olds with Kinglish, McLaughlan riding both winners.

25 cents. The Intellectual and literary treat of the year—Canon Wilberforce at England, at Horticultural Pavilion Friday evening, May 20. Reserved seat plan now open at Nordheimer's. 75c. and 50c. General admission 25c.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Houghton & Nufleus publishing house, Boston, was gutted by fire Tuesday night; loss $30,000.

The Ray Cassimere Mill at Franklin, Mass., is to be shut down on account the poor demand for goods.

George Dammond, the editor who was shot by a lunatic in Plaquemine parish, La., on Sunday, died yesterday.

Ex-Deputy United States Marshal William Totts was shot and killed on Monday in the Court House at Edmonton, Ky.

Mrs. Martin Feeny of New Haven was dangerously stabbed by her husband yesterday. The couple had separated.

Major J. L. Rathbone of California has been appointed Consul-General of the United States at Paris. Major Rathbone is a native of Albany.

Ralph Pumf, a poor farmer of New Jersey has been given a verdict for $7500 with interest, for the alienation of his wife's affections by Geo. E. Phillips, a neighboring farmer of means.

A bill has passed the Michigan Legislature fixing the age of consent at 14 years. Any assault upon a female under that age is punishable by imprisonment for life, or for a term of years.

In a quarrel at Tahlequah, Indian Territory, on Monday, John Blair was mortally wounded by Jim Christie, whereupon Blair killed Jim Christie and seriously wounded French Christie.

Stephen Welden, an old gentleman living happily at Reading, Pa., with his third wife, has been sued by one Schetler for $100, the bonus that, it is alleged, the old gentleman agreed to pay for a bride.

Madame Januschek, the actress, while making a visit at the Perry House, Newport, fell down a flight of fourteen stairs and was so seriously injured that it has been found necessary to cancel all her engagements this season.

The President of the Seamens' Union in Chicago denies that a strike is contemplated by the union men to enforce their demands. A boycott may be placed on shippers who send their freight on vessels worked by non-union men.

As John Reachell, Lowe, Hopping and Bob Boyd, all colored, were plowing on Smithland Island, Ill., all in a line and separated from each other about twenty feet, lightning, which came from a small, fleecy cloud in a clear sky, struck them and their mules senseless.

The big distillery at Des Moines, Iowa, was served with notice yesterday that under the ruling of the Supreme Court it must close up. About 37,500 gallons of beer in vats was seized, which will be destroyed on advice of the Attorney-General, who decided that all the contents of a brewery are liable to seizure whether bearing Government stamps or not.

25 cents. Canon Wilberforce's lecture in Pavilion May 20. Reserve your seats on plan now open at Nordheimer's. 75c. and 50c. General admission 25c.

NO ONE WAS THE WISER.

How a Mother Shielded a Daughter Who Had Gone Astray.

From the St. Thomas Times.

A short time since two respectably dressed ladies, evidently mother and daughter, called at a residence on Talbot-street west, and asked to be allowed the use of a bedroom and parlor for a month. They were told by the lady that she did not keep lodgers, but they stated that they had searched the city thoroughly and could not find suitable rooms, and if the landlady would only accommodate them they would pay any reasonable rent. After considerable persuasion they secured the rooms and appeared greatly overjoyed in consequence. Four days later the apartment had three occupants, a little stranger having arrived, the younger of the two women having given birth to it. A week later the babe was adopted by some person, who called and took it away. The doctor who attended the mother in her confinement as well as the landlady were requested to keep the affair secret. The elder woman confessed that her companion was her daughter, and she had been led astray by a treacherous lover, who had finally deserted her. In order to conceal her daughter's dishonor from her husband, a wealthy citizen and prominent manufacturer of London, as well as from neighbors, the mother had hit upon the novel plan of giving out that she was going on a visit, had come to the city, and remained concealed with her daughter until the trouble was over, had handed the babe to a relative who had been entrusted with the secret, and returned home again, none of their acquaintances having been the wiser.

—"Close the door gently,
And bridle the breath;
I've one of my headaches—
I'm sick unto death."

"Take 'Purgative Pellets,'
They're pleasant and sure;
I've some in my pocket
I'll warrant to cure."

Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are both preventive and curative.

Sunday Street Cars.

Editor World: It is my candid opinion that if "Alicia Mann" would not try to be so much of a man it would be better for her. Her letters on Sunday Street Cars would stop a clock. However, "Tommy" has the whiphand of Alicia so far and she will have to hustle to get there. We don't want Sunday street cars at present, when we do the people will say so and they will be put on and run on time, until then Alicia Mann had better give more time to her house and less to letters re Sunday cars.

"NOTHER HOSS."

Astonishing Success.

—It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing consumption, severe coughs, croup, asthma, pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Threadoses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 50,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all druggists and dealers, in the United States and Canada. 246

Off Work.

—"For two years I was not able to work, being troubled with dyspepsia. One bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters relieved me; three bottles cured me as well as ever." John A. Rappell of Farmersville, Leeds Co., Ont. 246

—The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

Why is it So?

—Because a live house should never ask an unreasonable profit; because McKendry & Co. sell more ladies' and children's than six millinery stores put together, and because the Waterloo House must keep up the reputation it has made of being the cheapest store in Canada. These are the reasons why McKendry's prices for millinery are away below every other store. 246

Sudden Disappearance.

—"My face was covered with sores, arising from bad blood. By the use of three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I was completely cured." R. E. Sinclair of Port Burwell, Ont. 246

—Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes this trouble. Try it and see what an amount of pain is saved.

Query Box.

—Can you tell me through your very valuable paper who manufactures the best cigars on this continent and the names of the brands? and oblige A CONSTANT READER.

—Yes; the best cigars are made by W. E. Dobson, Toronto. Some of the brands are the General Middleton, Brave Boys and Wanderers of Toronto, and many others. 246

Useful to Know.

—Mrs. John Siddell of Orton, Ont., was afflicted for years with contraction of the bronchial pipes and tightness of the chest. She was cured by the internal and external use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. This remedy cures rheumatism, neuralgia, inflammation, lameness, and all external and internal pains. 246

—Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup stands at the head of the list for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It acts like magic in breaking up a cold. A cough is soon subdued, tightness of the chest is relieved, even in the last case of consumption is relieved, while in recent cases it may be said never to fail. It is a medicine prepared from the active principles or virtues of several medicinal herbs and can be depended upon for all pulmonary complaints.

—The Accident Insurance Company of North America is represented by Meyland & Jones, who are also agents for the British fire companies, the Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society of England, and the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company of Edinburgh. Insurers should