The Toronto World.

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THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
239 YONGE ST.
Night and telepone calls promptly attended to

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ALL THE LATEST DESIGNS IN

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LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

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SPECIFIC ARTICLES

AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST, HIGHEST PRICE Paid for cast off clothing; parties waited on at their own residence. W. SIMON.

A BIG CASH PRICE PAID FOR CAST-OFF clothing, old carpets, and old stoves (cooking or parlor.) Parties waited on at their own residences. S. SYNENBERG, 10 Queen street west.

AT 104½ QUEEN-ST. WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast off clothing, carpets &c.; parties waited on at their own residences. J. ABRAHAMS.

AT 187 YORK STREET, L. CRUTCH PAYS the highest price in city for old clothing. Prompt attention given to orders by post. 1y

BLOOD BITTERS AND OTHER HERB REMEDIES, IN PACKAGES sufficient to make four quarts, 25 cents, at HALL'S HERB STORE, next the Dominion Bank, Queen street West.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FEATHERS new or old, at the Feather and Mattrass renovating shop, 289 King street east. 1y

FEATHERS RENOVATED — MATTRESSES purified and made over equal to new; goods called for and delivered; satisfaction guaranteed; references given. B. H. VANDERVOORT & SON, 143 Victoria street. 246

FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN YOU can have your collars and cuffs dressed equal to new at the Toronto Steam Laundry, 54 and 56 Wellington street west.

FAMILY WASHING PROMPTLY ATTENDED to. Special rates made at the Toronto Steam Laundry, 54 Wellington street west.

FOR THE FINEST BERRIES AND FRUIT GO to CHAMBERLAIN'S, 187 Yonge street 561

FOR SPICED OYSTERS, LOBSTERS, CLAMS, Meats and canned goods of all kinds, go to CHAMBERLAIN'S, 187 Yonge street. 561

"GOOD TIMES" TOBACCO AND CIGARS—a choice selection of the best imported and domestic brands. W. TOLTON, Tobacconist, 1086 Queen-st. west, opposite Parkdale station.

GO TO PIPER'S FOR OFFICE FURNITURE OF every description; orders promptly attended to. 59 Adelaide street west.

MRS. LEVI PAYS THE HIGHEST CASH price for cast-off clothes; orders by post given immediate attention. 224 King street east, cor. of Sherbourne.

NO HUMBUG. I AM PREPARED TO PAY the highest price for cast off ladies' or gentlemen's clothing; please favor me with a call; 87 Queen West. H. ALBERT & CO.

SEND $1 TO W. R. CUNNINGS – LITTLE BRITAIN, Ont., for a setting of eggs from his Plymouth Rocks or White Leghorns. Stock first-class.

THE DOCTORS HAVE SAID IT AGAIN AND again,
That Phosphorous is the best food for the brain.
Now the way to secure a good brain-feeding dish
Is to purchase at once some delicious fresh fish.
So ye lovers of fish to Yonge street repair,
For the best of Lake Salmon and White Fish are there.
And to pleasure the palate of him who partakes
I have "longe" and Black Bass from our famous back lakes,
With Oysters and Lobsters as fresh as can be,
And Herrings and Haddocks just out of the sea.
My Salmon can never be beaten, indeed
No better fly rose to a fly on the Tweed.
Fish salt, smoked and fresh, to boil, bake or fry,
So ladies and gentlemen please come and buy

—AT—

CHAMBERLAIN'S,
187 Yonge street. 561

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker" continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen street west. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A WIDOW LADY DESIRES EMPLOYMENT as sick-nurse; is experienced. Apply No. 4 Buchanan street, near Yonge.

AS COACHMAN OR GARDENER, BY YOUNG man (single) eight years experience; thoroughly understands the business; first-class reference. Address A, gardener, 97 Adelaide street west.

A Young man, aged 20, wishes a situation in some wholesale business, is steady and temperate. Will give reference as to character. Address, John Davis, No. 286 Bathurst street, city.

AS STATIONARY ENGINEER—BY ONE with 3 years experience. Apply to STRAIN, 94 Adelaide street west.

BY a young lady as copyist, cashier or assistant book-keeper, would do copying at home at liberal rates. Good, plain, rapid writer. Address, "Ada," box 94, World Office.

BY A GENTLEMAN FROM ENGLAND A situation as salesman or representative for a good firm. Eight years' experience as valuator and auctioneer. Good city references. Address Box 93, World office.

BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN—WORK BY day or week. Apply at 13 Madeira Place.

MIDDLE AGED LADY AS HOUSEKEEPER for two or three gentlemen. City references given. Apply 234 Church street.

HELP WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES pupils in English, Mathematics and Classics. Teacher, 168 Simcoe street. 612

AI AGENTS FOR COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR, Coins, Foreign Stamps, Cards, Specialties. List cent. Free ticket to Manitoba. Beaver Advertising and Employment Agency, Mail building.

BOY WANTED—A SMART LAD TO GO OUT of town. Apply at World office.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO LEARN telegraphy; operators in demand; enclosing stamp. Dominion Telegraph Institute, 30 King street east, Toronto. JAMES THORNE, manager.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A FIRST-CLASS copper engraver. Apply by letter, with specimens of work, to P. O. Box 65, Montreal. 561

ROOMS TO LET.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT BEDROOM TO rent. Terms reasonable. 206 Mutual street. 6

NICELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms in first-class locality; with use of bath in private family. 242 Simcoe street.

CATARRH.

A NEW TREATMENT WHEREBY A PERMANENT cure is effected in from one to three treatments. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON, 307 King street west, Toronto 1y

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE—IN WEST END OF city, grounds, stables, etc. Box 90, World Office.

TO rent or lease, a store and dwelling with stable for four horses, large yard, &c. Apply on premises No. 481 King street west.

THAT beautifully situated residence No. 4 Homewood Terrace, Carlton street. Overlooking the Horticultural gardens, recently refitted with all the modern improvements. Apply P. Hynes, 161 Wilton avenue.

LEGAL.

A—A—ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street.
J. K. ROSE, J. H. MACDONALD,
W. M. MERRITT E. COATSWORTH, JR.

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EDGAR & MALONE, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries, etc. Offices: Trust Company Buildings, 27 and 29 Wellington street east, and 36 Front street east, Toronto.
J. D. EDGAR. 23456 E. T. MALONE.

MULOCK, TILT, MILLER & CROWTHER, Barristers, Solicitors, Proctor in the Maritime Court, Conveyancers, etc. Office, southwest corner of King and Church streets, Toronto, Ont. W. MULOCK, W. N. MILLER, J. TILT, J. CROWTHER, jr.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., Proctors in the Maritime Court, Toronto, Canada. OLIVER MOWAT, Q. C., JAMES MACLENNAN, Q. C., JOHN DOWNEY, THOMAS LANGTON. Offices Queen City Insurance Buildings, 24 Church street.

M'MURRICH, HOWARD & ANDREWS—OFFICE: corner King and Yonge streets, over Dominion bank, Barristers, Attorneys, &c. Winnipeg: WALKER & WALKER; office, temporarily, Government Buildings. Hon. D. M. WALKER W. B. McMURRICH M A G. R. HOWARD, G. F. A. ANDREWS, G. H WALKER.

O'SULLIVAN & PERDUE, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank.
D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

R. S. APPELBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, and notary public, Rooms 22 and 23 Union Loan and Savings building, 28 and 30 Toronto-st., Toronto. 6m

READ & READ, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, &c. Office, No. 75 King street east, Toronto.
D. B. READ, Q.C. WALTER READ.

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC—office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street, Toronto. 136
JOHN G. ROBINSON, H. A. E. KENT.

DENTAL

A. W. SPAULDING, DENTIST, 51 KING ST. east, opposite Toronto street. Office hours 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Evening office at residence, Jameson Avenue, Parkdale. 246

DENTAL SURGERY—111 CHURCH STREET—open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Anesthetics administered.
J. STOWE, L.D.S. F. J. STOWE, L.D.S.

G. WHALE, Dentist, 141 Yonge Street. Teeth extracted without pain.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.—M. F. SMITH, DENTIST, 266 Queen street east. Artificial teeth, life-like in appearance, and perfect in eating and speaking; moderate fees.

PERSONAL.

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR—TWO YEARS standing—wants a partnership, city or country, at $3.00 per year guaranteed. Bonus paid for good partnership. Address confidentially "Barrister," box 92 World Office. 23456

LAUNDRIES.

DOMINION LAUNDRY, 160 RICHMOND STREET West. Washing delivered to any address—no machines or fluid used.

TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY, 54 AND 56 Wellington street west. Order office 65 King street West.

BOARDING.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK FOR A FEW gentlemen—also rooms to let at 220 Church street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A. H. PAULL, HECTOGRAPH MANUFACTURER, insurance, and general agent

ACCOUNTS COLLECTED.

office at Paull & Son, architects, 25 Toronto street. residence, 23 Murray street, Toronto.

BUSINESS CARDS.

G. P. SHARPE, TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY 54 and 56 Wellington street west, Toronto Orders from the country promptly attended to. Send for particulars. 1y

HODGE & WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET East, dealers in Pitch, Felt, Carpet and Sheating Papers. Roofing done to order. Agents for Warrens' Asphalt Roofing, most durable material known.

J. L. RAWBONE, 123 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, guns, rifles, ammunition and fishing tackle. Send for price lists. 1y

MRS. T. BARFF, SUCCESSOR TO M. B. PALMER, ladies hair worker, in connection with hair dressing. Mrs. Barff has also opened a fashionable dress and mantle making establishment, No. 10 Richmond street west. Three doors west of Yonge, Toronto. P. S.—Highest price paid for ladies cut hair and combings y

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED by experienced and first-class workmen. T. CLAXTON, music dealer, 197 Yonge street, Toronto.

ROOFING! ROOFING! FELT AND GRAVEL Roofing done to order. STEWART & ROBINSON, 94 Leader Lane.

SHORTHAND WRITING—150 WORDS PER MINUTE. Mr. James Jameson, certificated teacher of shorthand, 29 Nassau street, is prepared to give a course of lessons to phonographers who desire to acquire this speed.

THE ONTARIO DISTRIBUTING AGENCY 297 Front street east—G. F. ROBINSON Proprietor—newspapers distributed to newsdealers on liberal terms—bills and hand bills distributed throughout all parts of the city—offices and windows cleaned. Orders left at Morton & Co., 3 and 5 Adelaide street East, will receive prompt attention.

W. McDOWALL, DEALER IN GUNS, Rifles, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, and all sorts of sporting goods. 195 King-st. east, Toronto. Ordered cartridge made promply and with care. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 1y

FINANCIAL.

ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LEND ON ALL sorts of personal securities at the Singer loan office, 115 Queen street west.

$10000 TO LOAN ON EASY TERMS Apply E. E. KNOTT & CO., 48 Adelaide street east, Toronto. 513513

$100000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT. on city or farm property; half margin; charges moderate. For particulars apply to C. W. LINDSEY, Real Estate Agent, 6 King street east.

NORTHWEST PROPERTIES.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S LANDING—BUSINESS openings—Town Lots—or any required information mailed. Address, THUNDER BAY SENTINEL. Enclose $2 subscription.

A Pitiful Tale of Prison Life

NEW YORK, June 8.—Aluah Tibbets, aged 27, recently placed in the ex-convicts home here, tells a pitiful story of suffering at the Elmira reformatory which he entered sound and healthy on June 5, 1877. He claims that more than one of his five years' incarceration was spent in solitary confinement, often being hung up by the wrists for fifteen hours at a stretch. He was paddled and knocked down by a keeper named Beach for striking a fellow-prisoner, and his chest being jumped on, he received an internal injury which developed into consumption. His term expired to-day, but he was taken away from the retormatory before, as he believes, to avoid reporters.

How They Rob a Bank in the West.

BROOKFIELD, Mo., June 8.—The robbers who took $6000 from the bank here yesterday, rode into the town just as the bank was closing for the day. Dismounting, they entered the bank, where they covered the clerks with their revolvers and went through the safe and money drawers. They then backed out, still covering the bank people with revolvers. Remounting, they departed, firing revolvers and shouting like demons. The men were all masked.

TWO MURDERS IN IRELAND

A GALWAY LANDLORD AND A SOLDIER SHOT DEAD.

Sensation at London—Parnell Deplores the Deed—Davitt's Mission to America—Amendments to the Repression Bill Rejected.

LONDON, June 8.—It is stated that the object of Davitt's proposed visit to America is to explain the scope and meaning of the new development in the land agitation, which has for its aim the nationalization of these lands. It is said that Davitt has embraced the theories of communistic writers which say that the ownership of the land should be completely vested in the state and not in private owners. It is thought that this doctrine will not be favorably received by the 600,000 Irish tenants, who have been taught by the agitation of the past few years to look forward to the ownership of their farms. It is asserted that the launching of the new program at a time so critical has been generally condemned by Davitt's parliamentary associates, who believe that the introduction of communistic theories will drive from the land league ranks the conservative and clerical element. Parnell will have nothing to do with the new theory. He intends to continue the struggle for the abolition of landlordism on the old land league lines of the establishment of a peasant proprietorship.

The debate on the repression bill was resumed in the house of commons. Russell's amendments defining intimidation as threats or acts of violence to person or property or incitement thereto was rejected. Before the vote Harcourt undertook to insert the words "providing the acts prescribed by this clause must, to be punishable, be done with rnimus." Parnell declared that the so-called concession made the clause worse. The amendment offered by Parnell seeking to define intimidation, and limiting it to certain definite acts, was rejected. T. P. O'Connor, in supporting the amendment, accused the ministry of imbecility. Objection was made, but the chairman ruled the language not unparliamentary.

The news of the murder of Bourke created a sensation in the house of commons to-night. Parnell and other Irish members expressed regret at the assassination. They stated the land league of the Gort district ceased to exist six months ago.

DUBLIN, June 8.—Walter Bourke, a Galway landlord, was shot dead to-day. A soldier escort was also killed.

Bourke contested for a seat in parliament for Mayo against Nelson. He had disputes with his tenants and recently left London to carry out evictions. A few months ago he entered the church at Carraro with a rifle while mass was being celebrated. The priest ordered him to leave. He escaped by a side door to avoid being mobbed.

A volley was fired at Bourke and the escort from behind a wall as they were riding near Gort. Both fell dead. Bourke was a magistrate and the son of the late crown solicitor. He was a barrister and had amassed a fortune in India.

CORK, June 8.—Davitt, addressing a meeting this evening, explained that his object in going to America was to make an appeal toward the support of Anna Parnell and the ladies league, and to contradict the lying rumor of a split in the league.

TROY, June 8.—Michael Davitt has cabled here that he will be in Troy at the festival of the amalgamated land league, July 4.

LATEST CABLE CHAT.

During May the British imports increased £350,000 compared with the same month last year. The exports increased £959,000. The liabilities of James Thomson & Co., suspended ship and insurance brokers of London are £100,000, and those of Vaughan & Co., merchants, of Liverpool, £200,000.

Funeral of Garibaldi.

CAPRERA, June 8.—The remains of Garibaldi were interred in the cemetery this afternoon. A storm of wind and rain raged the whole time. The coffin was covered with garlands and flowers, and was borne by the survivors of the thousand of Marsalla and followed by the Duke of Genoa, Zanardelli, Gen. Ferrero, the representatives of both chambers and the delegates of three hundred various associations. Speeches were delivered at the grave by the vice president of the senate, the president of the chamber of deputies, two cabinet ministers and Crispi. As the coffin was lowered salutes were fired by the Italian men of war Washington and Garibaldi.

The Bosnian Insurrection.

CETTINGE, June 8.—It is reported that an Austrian battalion was surprised on the 2nd inst. by 200 insurgents near Morine, north of Mostar. The Austrians retreated with a loss of 95 killed. The insurgents lost twenty-six killed and wounded. On the 3rd instant the insurgents destroyed the Austrian barracks at Bischina, killing twenty-five of the troops. The rest fled.

Jewish Refugees.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 8.—A deputation representing over forty Russian and Roumanian Jewish communities urged Gen. Wallace to exert his good office with the sultan to enable them to colonize Syria in groups of 200 to 1000. The Jewish refugees here are starving, and more still are coming. Gen. Wallace asked instructions from Washington.

The Population of Japan.

YOKOHAMA, May 20.—The census makes the population of Japan, in 1881, 35,35-000, showing an enormous increase. One hundred and sixty houses have been burned in Inaba, five hundred and twenty one houses, six temples and a school house in Yechigo, and four hundred and twenty-eight houses burned and twenty-nine damaged in Tokiyo.

Rebellion in China.

HONG KONG, May 20.—A Mohammedan rebellion has again broken out in the northwest of China, headed by Ben Yenho. The latter was driven to Russia some years ago after a formidable outbreak.

Utes on the Warpath.

PUEBLO, Col., June 8—The southern Colorado Utes are preparing for war. They have been incensed by the killing of some of their numbers. A large number of warriors assembled on the Denver and Rio Grande road in war paint. They threaten to resist their removal from the reservation as provided in the last treaty.

Death of an Insane Tannerite.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 8—Adolph Schomger, sentenced for stealing, and who subsequently became insane and refused food seven months, except it was forced down him, and whose weight fell from 150 lbs to 80 lbs, died yesterday. A few hours before death he ate voraciously, and at the last moment he lamented having violated Christ's commands by eating.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY.

The Proceedings at the Annual Commencement Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon a very large audience assembled in convocation hall, University college, to witness the usual ceremonies attending the conferring of degrees, prizes and standing in the university. The weather was very unfavorable but the attendance was fully up to the average and the deepest interest was taken in the proceedings to the close. The ceremony of conferring degrees on so many successful candidates is necessarily somewhat monotonous, but a little diversion was created yesterday by the repeated calls of the students for "Davis," against whom the senate's decree of suspension remains unrevoked, and who therefore was not allowed to go up for his degree with the others of his own year.

After the degrees had all been conferred Mr. Blake, who presided as chancellor of the university, briefly addressed each of the prizemen and scholars as they were presented to him in a manner always appropriate and often felicitous. The proceedings closed with the usual address from the chancellor. At the outset he returned thanks to the graduates for electing him to the office a third time, and then proceeded to give some interesting statistics, illustrating the rapid expansion of Toronto university and University college. He advocated affording women every facility for obtaining a liberal education, and warned them that the solution of the question rested mainly with themselves; if they showed that a solution was necessary by applying in still greater numbers in the future than in the past. The financial condition of the two institutions and the need of greater teaching power in University college were dwelt upon for some time, and he wound up with a few common sense remarks about the value of practical arithmetic, including account keeping in the public schools.

CANADIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

A despatch from Bay city says Wm. Gillett of Kingston was drowned there yesterday. His remains will be brought home for burial.

Applications are pouring into the Montreal brokers who are entrusted here with the sale of stock in the Canadian Northwest land company, for shares.

The store of James Lawrence of Newbury was broken into last night. The safe was blown open and the contents scattered over the floor. The burglars secured $246 in money.

The President Means Protection.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The high protectionists are well pleased with the tariff commission nominations sent to the senate yesterday. It is overwhelmingly a protection tariff list. The revenue reformers do not hesitate to speak of it curtly as packed in the interests of protection. They affirm that the only genuine revenue reformer among the nominations is ex-Gov. Phelps of Missouri. It is not seriously thought that the senate will refuse to confirm the nominations, despite the admitted one-sidedness of the list. It is believed the republican senators will not be confirmed without a stubborn contest in the senate. Some of the democrats who voted in favor of the commission bill, express their chagrin and disappointment over the character of the nominations. As a whole the protectionists are naturally rejoicing in the victory.

At a caucus of democratic senators to take action with reference to the nominees to the tariff commission, it was asserted that Hayes and Garland are salaried officers of the protective high tariff association, and Porter is a "stipendiary" of the same organization. Oliver and Kenner were also criticized as champions of protection for special interests. Underwood was referred to as an obscure old man and Ambler as an "unknown" quantity.

Phelps of Missouri declines nomination as a member of the commission.

Arrest of Counterfeiters at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, June 8.—Detective McVeity at an early hour this morning arrested two brothers named Martin and Angus Sparrow on a charge of issuing ten dollar counterfeit bills on La Banque Nationale. Martin Sparrow is drawing master in the Ottawa normal school, and Angus Sparrow was at no time private secretary to Hon. John O'Connor. The bills have been in circulation in this neighborhood for a month past and are quite plentiful. The counterfeit, however, is not very well done. None of the counterfeit bills were found on the prisoners. They were remanded until Monday.

Five Children Killed.

COSCOB, Conn., June 8.—John Lockwood's five children, aged from 4 to 14, were run over and killed by a train on the Harlem railway yesterday. The children were walking on the track when they heard a train behind them. They crossed to an adjoining track, but hardly had they put foot on it when the New Haven express dashed up. Bewildered, they were unable to get out either way.

NEW HAVEN, June 8.—Conductor Lockwood, who runs the train which passes through Coscob, denies the story of the killing of five children. The superintendent of the consolidated roads knows nothing about it.

New Factories at Peterboro.

PETERBORO, June 8.—Four new factories of various kinds are being erected in this town. The first will be occupied by McKee Bros., furniture manufacturers; it is 60 x 40 and will employ about 60 hands. The second is three stories high, 65 x 40 and will be occupied by Forsyth, agricultural implements manufacturer. The third is to be built by Robert Brodie as part of his new woollen mill shortly to be built. The new pulp mill is to be built at Dickinson's dam. The machinery will be furnished by J. Whyte & Co., of Oshawa.

Corner in Chicago Wheat.

CHICAGO, June 8.—It is stated that the advance of four cents in July wheat to-day was due to a corner. It is believed that the crop is oversold by twenty million bushels and all of it is said to be in the possession of a syndicate headed by Armour. The syndicate is preparing to ship two and a half million bushels of old wheat in the elevators to have a clear field for the new crop.

How Joyful it is.

ROME, June 8.—Garibaldi died with the window of his apartment open and while the sun was sitting. Before the last agony a bird alighted on the sill where it remained twittering. Garibaldi saw it and stammered "how joyful it is."

Silk Raising Exhibition.

NEW YORK, June 8—The first silk raising exhibition in this country opened here to-day under the auspices of the North American silk exchange. The exhibition will continue until Sept. 1.

THE OPPOSITION ORATIONS

J. D. EDGAR AND THOS. THOMPSON BEFORE THE ELECTORS.

Large Meeting at the Liberal Amphitheatre Last Night—Speeches by the Candidates for East and Centre.

The meeting at the liberal amphitheatre last night was largely attended. Campaign songs were sung and the speakers were well received and listened to attentively.

THE CANDIDATE FOR THE CENTRE.

J. D. Edgar was received with loud applause. They could all understand that he was an attentive reader of the Mail newspaper. It gave him a great deal of cheap advertising. Yesterday he saw something interesting to the community. That was the article under the head of Canadian enterprise. They could recollect that this steel association was announced at the other amphitheatre, and that if the government was sustained it would be a success. The stock was to be two or three millions. The conservatives propose to sell out their 700 acres of rocks at Madoc to some person green enough to buy them. Ick Evans was ready to take $500,000 of the stock, but he thought if it was a "brass" association he would take it all. [Laughter.] If the workingmen of Toronto could be fooled by that steel association, he was sorry for them. They were not afraid to discuss the N. P. They were ready to alter it where it was needed and improve it where it needed improvement. [Cheers.] Their opponents say, "Don't touch it, it is a sacred thing." It was not necessary for them to have any more evidence than to look at their bills and see if the necessaries of life were not dearer than before. [Cries of "yes."] What about the strike a few months ago? It was because the necessaries of life were dearer than before. They proposed to reduce the taxation on the raw materials that the manufacturers use. [Hear, hear.] Why should they not do it? They would do it, for they would be in power in a few weeks. [Cheers.] There was to be a large gathering of manufacturers a few days ago and thousands of circulars were sent out by Sir John and only 86 attended in answer to the circulars. [A voice, "yes, there were only 84."] They were not all unanimous if the reports in the papers were true. Sir John acknowledged that the tariff was not what it should be and he would like the manufacturers to say how they could fix it. [Laughter.] He did not think the people of the country were in any humor to be taxed any higher. They thought they were taxed higher now than necessary. They read in the Mail yesterday that Sir Charles Tupper had made a big speech in Nova Scotia, and he said the surplus

WOULD BE THIRTEEN MILLIONS NEXT YEAR.

The grits would not have a surplus of thirteen millions by increased taxation. What do they want with that thirteen millions? [A voice, give it to the Chinese.] That was about right, the Chinese would get the most of it. [Hear, hear.] As he was walking down street he noticed a little advertising done for him by Mr. Hay, who was telling the people that "J. D. Edgar was paid for his legal services for the Ontario government." Why should he not be paid? If he earned his money it was all right. [Cheers.] Mr. Craig and Mr. Rodgers were Mr. Hay's partners, and they were on the platform now. [Hear, hear and cheers.] If the workingmen had less increased taxation to pay they would be better off than they were to-day. [Cries of "you are right."] He hoped they would give Mr. Thompson a hearty reception [cheers], for he was going to by the member for East Toronto. [Renewed cheers].

Mr. Schuch sang "Ontario, Ontario" and the audience heartily joined in the chorus.

THE CANDIDATE FOR THE EAST.

Thomas Thompson was received with great applause. The position was somewhat new to him, that is public speaking. The Mail was also a friend of his and they were trying to tell the electors of east Toronto that he was an employer of "slave labor." The Mail had got the wrong man. The Mail said, "Who is Thomas Thompson?" Well, he would ask, "Who is John Small, anyway?" He (the speaker) had worked with his own hands for the last thirty years and spent three quarters of a million for labor. [Cheers.] John Small had been in a public office for a long time as well as his father before him, while he was laboring for his living. Sir John says he has lots of medicine for the people when it is necessary. The other day he went to his medicine chest and took out a bottle labelled: "The O'Donohoe mixture" or "Senate soothing syrup." [Laughter.] He feared Sir John uncorked the wrong bottle that time, as Bowell did not like it and neither did the cabinet. "You can take it and twist it about as you will, but the flavor of

O'DONOHOE HANGS TO ITS TAIL."

He would say something about the true national policy. This national policy was an old worn out sermon. He was content, for that to be dead and buried, but the government was not. They called them "free traders" They wanted to bury the national policy and the fourteen ministers in the same grave. This should be the epitaph: "Here lies the bodies of fourteen ministers who have gone where gerrymandering is unknown." [Laughter.] Why should not labor be protected as well as capital? Should there not be equal laws for the rich and poor? Every rule of justice proclaims that there should not be one kind of a law for the rich and another for the poor. [Hear, hear.] If it is right to protect capital, it is right to protect labor; and if it is not right to protect labor, it is not right to protect capital. [Hear, hear.] With respect to our railway policy, he believed the railway policy in the Northwest was more injurious and a greater sin than a dozen national policies. It created monopolies which the country would never get rid of. They were promised that they would get their wheat taken to the seaboard for 20 cents a bushel, but the Syndicate had it in their hands and they could charge $1.60 a bushel. A farmer who intended to settle in this country says that Sir John Macdonald's government decreed a far more severe form of vassalage, when they chartered the Canadian Pacific railway company than the sovereign of England did, when he commissioned the land among his nobles. If he consulted his own feelings he would rather have stayed at home. He would rather write an advertisement than an election notice any time. As to commercial treaties, he believed that Canada should have the right to make her own tresties. They were hardly known in the old countries. His motto was

"OUR QUEEN AND OUR COUNTRY."

[Cheers.] It was quite possible that they could enjoy Canadian independence, and form a federal part of that great kingdom on which the sun never sets. [Loud cheers.] They wanted men to represent them who have a knowledge of the times in which they lived, as for the Ontario boundary, he thought the idea of robbing them of that beautiful piece of Ontario would be an everlasting disgrace to the conservatives. The streams bill disallowance was an insult to the provincial government. The idea of speaking of Mr. Mowat as the "little premier," who, if he was "rolled out" he would make twice the man Sir John Macdonald would. [Applause] It was a direct interference with their provincial rights and they should stand out boldly against it. He hoped they would see on the 20th of June that it would be to their interests to elect him to represent them in the house of commons. [Loud cheers.]

G B. Smith followed Mr. Thompson. He was proud of Mr. Thompson as a fellow merchant. He found that there was none better informed on trade questions than Mr. Thompson. Some of the greatest questions that have come up since confederation were now to be pronounced upon. The subject of the discussion was always boundary award, disallowance and gerrymandering. The gentlemen speaking on the national policy were those who were trying to save their party. [Cheers.] The people against the boundary award were loyal to their country. They did not wish to see their country cut up. [Cheers.] The talk about the national policy was something like the devil shaving a hog, that is a

GREAT CRY AND VERY LITTLE WOOL.

[Laughter and crys of "good."] Are the present elections brought on for the good of the people or for the party? [A voice, "for the party of course."] Yes it is for the party. Another year would show the people what the boundary award was and the result of these monopolies. [Hear, hear.] This is the reason why the election was brought on a year and a half before it should be. They now found that the people were too indulgent. [Hear, hear.] The more the people discussed these matters the more they are disgusted with the government. [Hear, hear.] About the boundary award he thought, if it could be shown that this property belongs to Ontario, and if it could be shown by all measurements of right and justice that this belongs to us and the government goes against all this, it is for the people to say whether they will support the men who refuse them that award, or those who will give them their rights. They would see on the 20th of June that the people were not to be blinded. [Cheers.] He believed that thousands who have followed Sir John to this point would stop just here. [Hear, hear.] Those who tell us that we have not a right to a stick of timber or a lump of metal from that land under the boundary award are saying so for a party purpose. It is also said that these gentlemen may get part of the sweets of the monopolies in which they are silent partners.

After giving three cheers for Blake, the reform candidates and the queen the meeting closed.

THE UNIVERSITY DINNER.

An Enthusiastic Gathering—Speech by Principal Grant.

The annual dinner of the university of Toronto in the college dining-hall last night was one of the most successful ones held for years. Dr. Daniel Wilson, president of University college, occupied the chair and on his right was Senator Allan, representing Trinity college, and on his left Principal Grant of Queen's college, and Dr. Osler of McGill university. The vice chairs were filled by Dr. Adam Wright (Toronto school of medicine), J. D. Cameron, and William Dale. The minister of education, the professors of the college, and many gentlemen connected with education, besides a large number of graduates and undergraduates were present. The speech of the evening was delivered by Principal Grant, and he was warmly applauded. He took for his text fanaticisms in connection with education. He referred to university consolidation as one of these, to jealousy of rival institutions as another, and that examinations constituted education. He ridiculed the remark of Mr. Crooks that $60,000 was a splendid endowment; if instead of calling it a splendid endowment, it was represented as a very inferior one, as one altogether inadequate to meet the requirements of the institution the rich men of Toronto—who had hitherto done nothing—might follow the example of the benefactors of Cornell and open their purses and supply manifest educational needs. He referred in glowing terms to Canada, our country, eulogised patriotism, and said a man's first duty was to his country.

The great bulk of the toasts were academic ones, and out of the run of ordinary banquets. The honor men of the year made suitable replies, claiming that the class of '82 was the most wonderful that ever went forth, in that it had organized a students union, produced a Greek play, and included in its numbers a man who had taken honors in three courses.

In replying for the graduating year generally, Mr. G. Sandfield Macdonald took exception to a remark made a year ago by the chancellor that eastern Ontario was outside of the pale of the university, and maintained that its influence was felt from Glengarry to Essex.

Mr. E. P. Davis, the gentleman whose degree was refused him was repeatedly cheered and every speaker of the younger men expressed in pretty plain terms his regret that the senate had seen fit to refuse a degree to the man who had passed the most brilliant examination in the history of the university, after he had made ample apology to the examiner, whom he had offended. Not one word was said in defence of the senate. Even Pimcipal Grant said he endorsed the plain speaking he had heard.

The glee club sang several songs, and thereby added to the interest of the evening.

The caterer was Harry Webb, of upper Yonge street, and the manner in which he got up the bill of fare, and the service with which it was put on did him great credit.

The Grand Master of New York Masons.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Benjamin Flagler, of Suspension Bridge, was to-day unanimously elected grand master of the state grand lodge of masons.

A resolution was adopted hailing with satisfaction the interchange of representatives between the grand lodges of England and New York, and hoping that the mutual good will and cordiality thus expressed and established may lead to a closer union and more intimate relations.

Export Duties Repealed.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The Mexican congress has repealed the export duty on silver coin and bullion in existence since Spanish rule, and which was one of the principal drawbacks in the development of the mining industries of Mexico.

A Preacher Sent to Prison.

NEW YORK, June 8.—John Fitch, preacher for several years at the Presbyterian church in Woodhaven, was to-day sentenced to a day's imprisonment for larceny.

THE MISSION TO EGYPT.

TURKEY TO RESTORE ORDER AND SUSTAIN THE KHEDIVE.

Danger of England and France Losing Prestige—The Sultan Opposed to the Conference—Arabi Bey's Actions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 8.—It is learned from Arabian sources that Arabi Pasha is acting in conjunction with Sheik Oum Chi Refik, brother of the late Grand Cherif of Mecca, Hussein, whose assassination was believed to be instigated by the sultan. They are secretly fanning disloyalty among the tribes of Hedjaz, North Arabia, and Syria, and encouraging them to throw off the Turkish yoke and proclaim an Arabian caliphate.

The sultan has informed his foreign representatives that he is prepared to go almost any length to prevent the proposed Constantinople conference, which he regards as a direct infringement of his rights as sultan and as caliph.

CAIRO, June 7.—Arabi Bey has declared to the populace here that the Turkish commission will be sent to support him in the crusade against the Europeans. The prestige of England and France is gone unless energetic steps to suppress Arabi, diminish the army, and control the administration are instantly taken. Sheik Esood, member of the Turkish commission, was formerly a confederate of Arabi. It is feared the sultan will not be altogether unfriendly to Arabi. All trade is blocked. Pomeroy's appointment as American minister is much commented on, as such rank gives him precedence over all foreign consuls except the English.

Yacoub Pacha, emissary of the military party, despite the commands of the khedive travelled on the special train conveying the Turkish mission to Cairo. He afterwards proceeded to Ghezirah palace, seated in Dervisch Pacha's carriage. The military party arranged a demonstration of several hundred youths of the lower classes who ran before and behind the cortege shouting "Allah make Islam victorious, Allah, destroy the heathens." They also grossly insulted Europeans on the hotel verandahs. The khedive gave an audience to the principal members of the mission this evening. The khedive afterward returned their visit. Dervisch Pacha is the bearer of letters written by the sultan's private secretary, and the president of the council of ministers, explaining that the mission is intended to re-establish order and give fresh strength to the khedive's authority. Arabi and other officers waited upon Dervisch this afternoon. It is reported they were coldly received. It is rumored that the Egyptian officers held a meeting and decided that after a show of resistance they would yield to the sultan's commands and abandon Arabi and the other leaders.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Encouraging News About the Iron Strikes—Other Notes.

MILWAUKEE, June 8.—Yesterday representatives of the North Chicago rolling mill company held a conference with delegates from various departments of the mill at Bayview. An arrangement was arrived at relative to a number of matters involved in the great strike. It is understood