

SAY CAN'T MAKE FIVE-CENT CIGAR

Cigar Manufacturers Ask the Govt. to Reduce Duty

OR CUT DOWN THE EXCISE FEE

Declare Before Tariff Commission That Canadian Grown Leaf Does Not Fill the Bill.

Montreal, Nov. 8.—Almost the entire morning session of the tariff commission was taken up with a large deputation from the Dominion cigar manufacturers, who wanted a readjustment of the duty on foreign leaf and the excise duty, so that the total charges to the Canadian manufacturers should be reduced from \$7.85 a thousand to \$6 a thousand.

Sir Richard Cartwright accepted a seat beside Hon. Mr. Fielding, and during the long discussion asked a number of questions from different members of the association.

The claim made by the association is that with the present charge as high as it is and the increased cost of raw material, it had become impossible for the manufacturers to turn out a 5-cent cigar.

It had only been due to the great prosperity of the country that enabled people to buy a 10-cent cigar that had enabled the manufacturers to continue in business and make a fair profit.

While every other industry, almost, had made progress since 1896, the cigar industry had remained stationary.

It is claimed that the development that would ensue in the industry if the total cost was reduced to \$6 would make the revenue through the excise stamp much greater to the Government than it is for the present time.

Hon. Mr. Brodeur, who is mainly responsible for the protection accorded Canada tobacco, devoted a great deal of attention to the delegation, and tried hard to find out why Canadian tobacco was not used much more than it is in the manufacture of cigars.

Mr. M. Hirsch, vice-president of the association, said the manufacturers would gladly use Canadian tobacco, but as yet it could not be found of sufficient good quality.

In answer to Hon. Mr. Fielding, the officials of the association stated that they could not agree as to how this reduction in the total charge should be made, but stated it was just the same to them whether it was a reduction in the duty on the foreign leaf or in the cost of the excise stamp.

Mr. J. M. Fortier, who is interested in the companies manufacturing cigars from Canadian tobacco, claimed that just as good tobacco could be raised here as in the United States, but many of the manufacturers did not care to trouble themselves to find out. He claimed that it was mainly a matter of custom to ask for an imported cigar, and in many instances such a cigar was no better than that made in Canada from Canadian tobacco.

The officials of the association pointed out that Mr. Fortier, in making such statements, was speaking as an individual manufacturer, and did not represent the views of the association. The question of the stamp was also brought up, and after it had been shown that the black stamp, which is supposed to represent a foreign cigar, was often placed on a cigar made up partly of Canadian tobacco, it was decided that the question of stamps should be gone into at a later session.

A delegation from the Canadian tobacco manufacturers was then introduced.

The deputation from the Dominion Association was composed of the following gentlemen: C. J. Lockwell, Quebec; John Michael, R. Squit, Michael Hirsch, L. O. Grothe, E. N. Cusson and Louis Lewis, Montreal; Thomas Macneil, William Ward, P. D. MacDonald and Joseph Nolan, London; George McGowan, Kingston; H. P. Whitte, Hamilton; H. Gagner, A. Bolland, Andrew Wilson, Toronto; I. Erno, Pyrie, Granby. There appears to be no conflict between these two classes of manufacturers, in fact a good many of them are interested both ways.

At the afternoon session the Canadian cotton interests submitted their remonstrances in favor of a higher tariff, more especially in the higher classes of cotton. The companies represented were: The Dominion Textile

Company, the Montreal Cotton Company, the Canadian Colored Cotton Company. Emphasis was laid on the facts of the higher cost of production in this country, due mainly to the difficulty of keeping labor and the weather conditions.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY

Guns of the British and U. S. Fleets Will Boom a Salute.

New York, Nov. 8.—Eighteen American and British warships from their anchorage in the North River will fire in unison at noon tomorrow a national salute of 21 guns in honor of King Edward's birthday.

Rear-Admiral Pelote Louis of Battenburg with his squadron of six armored cruisers, is scheduled to arrive from Annapolis early tomorrow morning, coming to anchor probably about 8 o'clock.

Awaiting his arrival eight battleships and four cruisers of the North Atlantic fleet, including the USS Oregon, are stretched in single column in mid-stream from Seventy-ninth street to One Hundred and Twenty-third street.

The column consists of the battleships Maine, Missouri, Kentucky, Kearsarge, Alabama, Illinois and Massachusetts, Maryland and Colorado. Rear-Admiral R. D. Evans is in command of the fleet.

In the evening the prince will be the guest of St. George's Society at the society's annual dinner. Every day of the prince's six-day visit in New York is filled with elaborate entertainments.

EDWARD TO HALT GAMBLING

Seeks to Stop the Plunging of Aristocratic Young Clubmen.

London, Nov. 8.—The gambling craze in the West end has reached a stage that steps are being taken to ward reform. In one club in St. James street, a resort of the "young bloods" of London, reform in the card-room is to be insisted upon.

The King, who is a member of the club, has become seriously alarmed at the "sky limit" which has been played at this club, and is lending his kindly influence to reducing matters to a saner basis.

The play has been so high that it has been an unusual thing for a man to enter the club of a night wealthy, and leave it in the morning absolutely bankrupt.

As a first step in the proposed reform, the "box" will be abolished. This is the generic term for the system of dropping 1, 0, U's in a box and making weekly settlements. It is felt that by making the members pay their losses at the end of each sitting the tendency to plunge on credit will be lessened.

ALBERT NORDHEIMER

A Well-Known Member of the Trade Who Has Been Elected President of the Canadian Piano and Organ Manufacturers' Association—His Capacity and His Characteristics.

[New York Music Trades, Oct. 28, 1905.]

By the election of Albert Nordheimer to the presidency of the Canadian Piano and Organ Manufacturers' Association, the most representative and capable men in the Canadian industry, and under his administration, there is no question but what the affairs of the association will be most ably conducted, and the association acquire even greater authority than ever before.

Mr. Nordheimer is one of the owners of the famous house of A. & S. Nordheimer, one of the pioneers in the industry in Canada, and is, in fact, the managing executive of this great business enterprise, which has branches and agencies from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast. His business and executive ability is shown in the rapid growth and splendid financial results of the organization, and it is doubly significant that his house, in addition to being an extremely profitable institution from a financial standpoint, has long occupied a leading position of honor as an exponent of the artistic in pianos and musical instrument manufacture.

They have the Steinway piano agency, and they make their splendid pianos and factories in Toronto Junction, the well-known Nordheimer piano, an artistic instrument, which is a credit not only to Canada, but to the entire industry. In addition to this they have a line of representative instruments of American and Canadian manufacture, do a large sheet-music, portable and hand-organ and hand-instrument trade, and are deservedly recognized as a leader in the industry.

On Albert Nordheimer's capable shoulders falls the great responsibility of directing the immense business of his house, and that he has accepted the position of president of the Canadian Piano Manufacturers' Association is an evidence of his capacity, in fact, his liking for hard work, and his ability as a man of large affairs and broad knowledge of business conditions.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

"His Last Dollar," which is announced for presentation at the Grand Opera House tonight, is now in its third week. It is a story of the love of a man and a woman, a woman, well known with bright, sunny, and cheerful disposition. A strong drama well set in five acts is the result of the effort of Mr. Higgins and his collaborator, Dr. Cooke, and the play promises a continued life of success and popularity. A strong company will support Mr. Higgins and Miss Montell, and an elaborate equipment has been furnished to give the drama a proper setting. The scale of prices for the engagement range from 25 cents to \$1.

Miss Rose Coghlan, the talented and the Grand on Saturday next for afternoon and evening performances, was at the Princess Theatre, Toronto, for the first three days of this week. The engagement at that theater, the Globe speaks as follows:

Miss Rose Coghlan, the talented and thoroughly legitimate comedienne, who has been absent from the Toronto stage for too long a period, was the star last night in the Princess Theatre in a production of Capt. Robert Marshall's farcical romance of "The Duke of Killarney," which had a run of one year in Charles Frohman's Criticism Theatre, London, and of five months in the Empire Theatre, New York. The play is distinguished for its clever, witty dialogue. Wallace Erskine as Henry Pitt Welby, who wins the love of the widow, Mrs. Mulholland, by sheer dint of persistence, was clever and constant in his portrayal, and Miss Phillips as Lady Henrietta Addison, was attractive in a part that was not designed to be very positive. Rose Coghlan, Mrs. Mulholland, showed she had lost none of her rich, distinct enunciation, nor of her sure grip of the rare old comedy spirit.

UP MT. BLANC BY RAIL

Electric Line to 11,619 Feet Thence Afoot in Four Hours.

Geneva, Nov. 9.—An army of Italian workmen has been brought here to begin construction of the new electric line which is to take tourists nearly to the top of Mount Blanc. The length of the line will be about twelve miles, and the electric system adopted is the same as the one in use of the Jungfrau. The new line will start from the little village of La Fayette, in the Chamouni Valley, and gradually ascend the northwest side of the mountain, up to the plateau near the Aiguille du Gouter, at an altitude of 11,619 feet. From this plateau the ascent to the top of the mountain can be made on foot in four hours.

The trains will consist of a motor and two passenger cars, carrying about 80 passengers on each trip, and will be furnished with three powerful brakes independent of each other. All the stations will be connected by telephones. The cost of construction is estimated at \$2,000,000.

MARK HANNA ROCK GONE

It Mysteriously Disappears in Sea After Death of the Senator.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 9.—"Mark Hanna" Rock, otherwise known to the navigators of the North Pacific as one of the many marine graveyards, has been decorated the western seaboard of Vancouver Island, has strangely disappeared, the fact having been communicated to the resident agent of the department of marine by Lightkeeper Daykin, of Cape Cormann.

The rock, until very recently reared 80 feet above the water, near Bonilla Point, off Carmann, the Canadian sentinel at the entrance of the Straits of Juan de Fuca, opposite Cape Flattery, on the American shore.

The rock was named for the Ohio statesman and Republican organizer by Lightkeeper Daykin, because of the remarkable likeness its contour bore to a facial silhouette of the late American senator. Apart from this distinguishable feature, however, there was another peculiarity about Mark Hanna Rock, which in earlier times might have invested it with superstitious dread. It is said that it possessed a remarkable power, for on its rugged and storm-battered base many a vessel has pounded to destruction. But the rock is no more. It was destroyed some in the night by a strong and electrical disturbance felt in slight degree here and to a greater extent at Nanaimo. It was noticed, black and white, rearing itself through the storm in the afternoon preceding the quake. In the morning Lightkeeper Daykin observed with astonishment that the sea broke untroubled where it had hitherto itself from the deep. The question is now being debated among local scientists whether or not the strange magnetic force said to be a property of the rock had ought to do with its final demolition.

PECAN SHELLING

Many Hundreds of People Occupied in Extracting Kernels of Nuts.

Austin, Texas, Nov. 9.—Some idea of the magnitude of the pecan nut industry may be had when it is stated that in San Antonio alone there are 1,200 members of the Pecan Shellers' Union, a labor organization composed of men engaged as a regular business in the shelling of pecan nuts, and extracting the delicious kernels. Not all of the pecan shellers in San Antonio belong to the union. There are several hundred other men, women and children in the city who gain a livelihood from the work. There are branches of the Pecan Shellers' Union in Austin and several other towns of the state.

The pecan nut-shelling season lasts from Oct. 1 to July 1. The new crop of nuts begins to come in for market about Oct. 1, and from then until Jan. 1 the business of extracting the kernels is very active. The kernels are shipped in large bulk to New York, St. Louis and other cities, where they are used by confectioners in the manufacture of candies.

Pecan shelling is a comparatively new industry. It had its origin, so far as its becoming a recognized business is concerned, a few years ago. It was a candy manufacturer of New York, visited Texas.

He ate some of the candy made and sold by Mexican street vendors in San Antonio. Pecan kernels form an important part of this candy. As an expert he arranged for a small shipment of the pecan meats to be made to him.

The kernels were received in due time, and the highest art of the candy maker was employed in their use. The pecan candy became popular almost instantly and other orders for the pecan kernels were placed.

That was the beginning of an industry which now employs a great many thousands of people. There is a big demand for the pecan kernels in every large city in the country.

INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE

President of the Metropolitan Says It is the Most Expensive.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 8.—In the testimony of John H. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, before the legislative committee on the resumption of the insurance investigation today, it was brought out that industrial insurance was considerably more expensive than other forms of life insurance, and Mr. Hegeman, after classing industrial insurance as retail and ordinary life as wholesale, illustrated the fact by an example in which, for a stated age, it was shown that for \$1,000 policy of the ordinary life, the Metropolitan charged \$15 annually, while for \$884, the nearest amount for the stated age under the industrial plan, \$31.20 was charged.

To show that industrial insurance was more expensive than ordinary life, Mr. Hegeman said that a premium of \$65 on an old plan is paid once, twice or at the outside, four times a year.

In the industrial field the average premium is 10 cents a week, and for the same money 500 persons have to be called upon, and this has to be done 52 times a year.

Mr. Hegeman was on the stand the greater part of the afternoon, and his testimony dwelt upon the amount of the company's increase in business. At the morning session, Mr. McClellan, attorney of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, who had been examined at part of previous sessions, was called, and continued his testimony on technical insurance.

It was announced today that Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central Railroad, has consented to serve on the committee of three trustees to investigate the claims of the Wm. H. Truesdale and John Auchincloss.

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet strong, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—Hood's Pills

RELEASE THE TRAMPS

Beck says Ten Arrested at Hagersville Did Not Attack Him.

Aylmer, Nov. 8.—Constables Winters and Cascardi's brought up the three tramps arrested in Hagersville on the 5-30 train last night.

There were about 500 people at the station. The three men seemed to be in good spirits, and were lodged in jail for the night.

When taken to Beck's home this morning he said positively they were not the guilty parties, and the men were released this afternoon.

MOURNERS, BUT NO BURIAL

Report of the Finding of Mate Simmons' Body Was a Blunder.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 9.—A Milwaukee dispatch says that the mate of the steamer Kaliyuga, bodies from which have come ashore near Southwicks, Ontario, was informed that his son's body had been recovered, and was on the way home. Friends and neighbors, who gathered for the funeral on Sunday, were informed that the report was a blunder, as the body had not been found. At the time all flags on vessels in the harbor were at half-mast. The shock had a very serious effect on the mother, and fears are entertained for her recovery. Simmons was to have been married on his return from the trip on which he was lost.

For Foreign Missions.

Boston, Nov. 8.—The 38th annual meeting of the women's board of missions was begun here today.

The receipts for the past year were \$71,825, and the expenditure \$68,751. The cash on deposit with the American board of appropriations for 1905 is \$113,554. A remarkable feature of the report was that the board has under its care 123 missions in different fields, including eight assistants and 32 girls' boarding schools, nearly 300 day schools in whole or part, and about 25 little women.

Fine Cheese This Year.

Toronto, Nov. 8.—A conference with regard to the work of the dairy inspectors was held today between G. H. Barr, London, chief inspector, G. O. Public, inspector for Eastern Ontario, and Mr. Putnam, superintendent of the department.

It was announced that the quality and quantity of cheese was never equalled in any previous year.

Dairymen throughout the country are beginning to see the necessity for up-to-date sanitary equipment, and large sums of money have been spent during the year in modern cooling rooms in many factories.

Somehow the anticipation of revenge is always sweeter than the realization.

When Kidneys Fail, Health Declines

Dull, Aching Back Pains, Scanty and Highly-Colored Urine, Headaches and Insomnia Indicate Diseased Kidneys.

After experimenting for nearly 20 years, Dr. Hamilton discovered an absolute specific for weak kidneys. His pills, of mandrake and butternut cure permanently.

Can you afford to delay? No, your interest compels you to use this certain cure now. Only take Dr. Hamilton's Pills and an absolute recovery is guaranteed. In thousands of cases relief has been instantaneous. Such was the experience of James G. Gordon, of Meriville.

WHY NOT CHOOSE CHRISTMAS GIFTS NOW?

THIS HANDKERCHIEF, with a center of pure snow-white linen, with corners of filmy Point De Gaze lace and bordered all around with elegant Duchess Lace, was created in Belgium. It costs \$10.00.

WHY NOT CHOOSE CHRISTMAS GIFTS NOW?

A HANDKERCHIEF evolved on somewhat the same styles as the \$10.00 style, but with a more delicate and less pronounced design, comes at \$13.50.

WHY NOT CHOOSE CHRISTMAS GIFTS NOW?

BLANKETS Investigate!

The recent storms of sleet and snow herald the near approach of winter—warn us to prepare for the cold and frosty weather so soon to come. As at least one-third of our time is spent in sleep it behooves us to supply ourselves with warm and comfortable bed coverings. To arm ourselves at night with Blankets and prevent "Jack Frost" from giving us chills and nasty colds, which are hard to resist when the thermometer hovers around the zero mark. A word or two as to Prices. Did you ever buy anything at another store and find out afterwards you could have done better here? Well, this is just a hint to investigate our blanket prices before stocking up. Take our word for it. You'll be sorry if you don't.

Mail orders promptly filled.

FINE WHITE, ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, blue and pink borders, thoroughly scoured, good weight, splendid washers, per pair \$3.25

OUR SPECIAL, 7-lb. Blanket, all wool, very good value, size 64x84, blue and pink borders. Price, per pair \$3.75

BEAUTIFUL QUALITY WHITE, ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, fine twill weave, perfect finish, non-shrinkable, per pair \$4.25

QUALITY BLANKETS are worthy of special mention. They are a fine twill weave of beautiful white, all-wool, with pairs already split and ends neatly whipped, border of pale pink and blue \$4.25, \$5.00 and \$5.75

A VERY LARGE ALL-WOOL BLANKET, 84, best Canadian wool, thoroughly bleached, only, per pair \$6.00

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

Medicine Hat, in the center of the Canadian Northwest, is a natural gas city. Gas can be found at depths varying from 600 to 1,000 feet. The town owns the gas system and sells gas to domestic customers at 17½ cents per thousand.

Tacoma, Wash., claims to have the loftiest concrete chimney in the world. It belongs to the Tacoma Smelter Company.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY—Fair and cold.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Handkerchiefs

Pure Linen. Dressy. Elegant

Today we emphasize our more expensive lines of handkerchiefs. The dainty and elegant styles that appear on dress occasions—at receptions, balls, weddings, theater. Our prices are unique. Easily a half to a third less than you would pay for the same qualities in the large New York and Philadelphia stores. Less duty to pay in Canada is the reason. And why we compare ours with American stores is because there are so few stores in Canada that carry as high-class handkerchiefs as

Smallman & Ingram's.

VERY FINE LINEN HANDKERCHIEF, embroidered hemstitched, dainty designs, are shown at prices ranging from, each

50c to \$1.00.

BETTER LINES of fine sheer linen, embroidered and hemstitched or embroidered edges, are priced at, from, each

\$1.25 to \$1.75.

STILL DAINTIER LINES are pure linen, grass bleached, in exquisite floral designs, each

\$2.00 and \$2.50.

ELEGANT HONITON LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, at, each

\$2.00 to \$7.00.

REAL DUCHESS LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, hand-made, centers of beautiful quality of pure linen.

Price, Each \$3.

THIS HANDKERCHIEF, with a center of pure snow-white linen, with corners of filmy Point De Gaze lace and bordered all around with elegant Duchess Lace, was created in Belgium. It costs \$10.00.

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Correct Black Dress Goods

Color—if Black can be called a color—is the most important feature in Black Dress Goods. A fabric of the most beautiful quality minus the correct tone of black is almost worthless—certainly unworthy of a place in our stock. Just what we mean by the correct black is difficult to explain in words, but you'll find it defined in every piece of goods exhibited in our Black Dress Goods Section.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTA—Priestley, the maker of the fabrics advertised today, excels all others in the richness, beauty and elegance of his Black Dress Goods—has the reputation of making the BEST BLACK DRESS GOODS IN THE WORLD. You'll make no mistake of you buy Priestley's.

PRIESTLEY'S EUDORA, BLACK SILK WARP HENRIETTA—A beautifully-finished cloth, 44 inches wide, per yard \$1.00

PRIESTLEY'S SILK WARP HENRIETTA, rich, silky finish, a handsome black, 44 inches wide, per yard \$1.25

PRIESTLEY'S SILK WARP HENRIETTA—Heavy quality, soft and silky finish, very beautiful cloth, 44 inches wide, per yard \$1.50 and \$2.00

At \$1.50 We have an UNLINED MOCHA GLOVE, with two clasps, fancy embroidered backs, pique-sewn. The Black is a perfectly fast color; as are the Browns and Castor.

For \$1.75 You can buy a genuine MOCHA GLOVE, in perfectly fast BLACK, two dome fasteners, and pique-sewn. The slight friction of the silk linings produces an additional degree of warmth and comfort.

\$2.00 Purchases an extra fine quality of REAL MOCHA SKIN GLOVE, soft and velvety, two clasp, pique-sewn, fancy embroidered backs, lined with a superior quality of silk. Fashionable gray and brown shades.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD-WEARING GLOVE is made of DOGSKIN. It is such a GOOD IMITATION of MOCHA that we could sell it to you for the genuine article, but that wouldn't be honest, would it? The popular tan shades, pique-sewn, two clasp, fancy embroidered backs, silk lined, at, each \$1.50

Many people prefer a HEAVY CAPE SUEDE GLOVE for cold autumn weather. This one is unlined, pique-sewn, Paris points, one large horn clasp fastens the glove together; colors of tan and brown, and costs \$1.50

MAIL ORDERS Receive prompt attention, and are delivered, express prepaid within a radius of 200 miles from London.

Don't Miss This!

18 PAIRS FINE ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, heavy weight, soft and fleecy and warm, pink or blue borders, 64x84, 7 lbs. to pair. Regular price, \$4.75. Friday, \$3.89

25 PAIRS FINE WHITE ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, fine, soft fleece, 6 lbs. to pair; a regular \$4.00 blanket, for \$3.48

SEE OUR WOOL BLANKETS at, per pair, \$2.59

QUALITY BLANKETS are worthy of special mention. They are a fine twill weave of beautiful white, all-wool, with pairs already split and ends neatly whipped, border of pale pink and blue \$4.25, \$5.00 and \$5.75

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