

NOTICE

To All Ladies and Gentlemen of Newfoundland.

THERE WILL BE A
Free Demonstration of
"5 Diamonds" Flour

AT
WOOD'S (Central) CANDY STORE,
Water Street, St. John's,
FOR ONE WHOLE WEEK, beginning Monday, June 12th, ending Saturday, June 17th.

Samples of Bread will be given away.
Be sure and get yours.

Arrangements have been made with Wood's Central Store to demonstrate the qualities of "5 Diamonds" Flour as a "bread" flour, &c., for one week as above.

The public, we hope, will assist the millers of this high grade flour by making special calls at "Wood's Central Store" for their afternoon teas, and pass judgment on the bread, &c., made from "5 Diamonds" Flour.

Ask your grocer to get "5 Diamonds" Flour" for you.
Milled by The Canada Flour Mills Co., Ltd., Chatham, Ontario, Canada.

TO-DAY'S Messages.

10.15 A.M.

ROOSEVELT'S PROBABLE NOMINATION.

CHICAGO, To-day.
Theodore Roosevelt will be nominated for President to-morrow by the Progressive National Convention, unless there is some political miracle, such as an agreement between its conferees and those from the Republican Convention, or a direct emphatic word from Roosevelt himself that the Progressive nomination would not be accepted. For hours to-day the leaders of the Convention staved off the nomination, which every delegate in the hall knew was rushing forward with the hours themselves. It can no more be stopped than an avalanche, if the Convention is assured that the last hope of peace with the Republicans was gone. After three sessions that ran through the gamut of emotions, from hysteria for Roosevelt to calm dispassionate discussion of the planks in the platform, the Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

SELBORNE ON THE NAVAL FIGHT.

LONDON, To-day.
Earl Selborne, President of the Board of Agriculture, speaking in London last night of the recent battle in the North Sea, between the British and German fleets, said: "How precipitate was the flight of the German fleet was shown by the fact that only three men were wounded in the whole of Admiral Jellicoe's fleet, and that not one of his ships was able to get into gunfire for more than six minutes. The only one of the ships to suffer was the battleship Marlborough, which was torpedoed by a submarine but reached

harbor safely. No sensible man ever expected anything from the Germans but great efficiency. In the first two phases of the action the German sailors fought well. Their strategy was right in retiring at the beginning of the third phase of the battle, when Admiral Jellicoe's fleet arrived, for if they wanted to preserve their fleet it was necessary to avoid deliberately challenging us for the mastery of the sea at this time. But after that to proclaim a great victory and a school holiday, and to publish a speech like that of the Kaiser's, was making the German Navy ridiculous.

BRUSSILOFF'S BRILLIANT ATTACK.

PETROGRAD, To-day.
Operations began in the vicinity of Olyka, where skirmishing has been frequent lately. Both sides appeared to have been feeling for a weak spot in their opponents' line. The Russian advance from this point, which is 25 miles from Lutsk, was accomplished in two and a half days. During the period of inactivity the Austrians constructed strong fortifications in this section. The topography of the country formed a strong natural defence, and military observers regard the operations as extraordinarily brilliant achievements which emphasize the able leadership of General Brussiloff, who has conducted the Carpathian campaign and has made a record for prisoners, guns and munitions captured. Lutsk is an important link of connection between the southwestern region and northern section. Possession of it by the Russians is regarded as a valuable step towards recapturing the lost territory. The possession of Lutsk is a direct menace to Lemberg, upon which place the Austrians are now massing their forces.

AUSTRIANS TAKEN BY SURPRISE.

LONDON, To-day.
Reuter's Petrograd correspondent sends the following concerning the Russian offensive against the Austrians and Hungarians. "Wounded Austrian officers assert that the Russian attacks against their armies were totally unexpected. One eve of the attack the enemy were celebrating the German victory in the North Sea with champagne and Cognac, but the opening of the Russian bombardment ended the festivities. From other sources

comes the tale of how the Russians seized by surprise an Austrian railway station with its personnel. Fifteen minutes later a military train with troops and supplies arrived, and all the Austrian supplies were captured. One hour later a railway train load of shells arrived and fell into the hands of the Russians. Complete Austrian divisions including two Generals surrendered. The only person to resist was a Hun Sister of Mercy. She fired a revolver but was afterwards disarmed without difficulty."

LONDON BUDGET.

LONDON, To-day.
The Germans after their successful thrust at Thiamont Farm have ceased for the moment their infantry attacks against this section of the Verdun front. Paris reports that the artillery bombardment continued heavily in the regions south of Thiamont Farm, Chapite Wood, Fumin Wood and South Damloup. On the left hand of the Meuse several attacks by the German infantry against Hill 304 have been repulsed by French. Under pressure of artillery attacks the Italian troops have withdrawn to new positions in the zone east of Asiago, and east of the Campo Milo Valley. This is admitted by Rome. The Vienna official claims further gains on the Asiago highlands. The Austrian-Hungarians report the aggregate Italian made prisoners since beginning month to be 12,500. King Constantine has signed an order demobilizing twelve classes of the Greek Army amounting to 150,000 men. Paris considers this action to be the result of pressure by the Entente Allies. The demobilization order reported from Athens may bring about the downfall of the Skondovits Ministry.

CONVENTION ADJOURNED.

CHICAGO, To-day.
After taking two indecisive ballots for the presidential nomination the Republican National Convention adjourned until to-morrow. The second ballot showed Hughes 328, half Root 88, half Fairbanks 88, half Cummings 85, Roosevelt 80, Weeks 79, Burton 76, half with balance, scattering the necessary choice of 495.

ACTIVITY ON BRITISH FRONT.

LONDON, To-day.
A British communication yesterday morning says: Last night a party belonging to the Gloucester Regiment entered the enemy trenches near Neuve Chapelle. After successfully attacking the garrison they captured a machine gun. Otherwise there was no infantry action. Yesterday afternoon our heavy artillery destroyed the railway station at Salome, east of La Bassée, setting a train on fire and damaging the track. Good results were obtained against strong points behind the enemy lines north of Hulloch. To-day (Friday) there was much artillery fighting east of Ypres, our guns engaging various enemy positions successfully, while the enemy carried out short bombardments at a number of points behind our front line between Ypres and Comines Canals and the Ypres-Roulers Road. South of Armentieres we effectively bombarded the enemy's trenches. East of Laventie and south of La Bassée Canal there was little activity. Near Souchez we destroyed the enemy trench mortar which was bombarding our lines. Mine warfare continues in Hohenzollern redoubt, south of Neuville, St. Vast and north-east of Albert. In the last 24 hours we exploded successfully six mines. The enemy sprung a mine without damage or casualties to us, and a small defensive mine with trifling damage. There was aerial activity yesterday.

DERFFLINGER SANK.

LONDON, To-day.
The report that the German battleship Derfflinger has been sunk is reiterated in an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. It says that travellers arriving in Amsterdam from Berlin say they were told in Germany that the Derfflinger sank after the North Sea battle while being towed to Wilhelmshaven.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY FIGHTING.

PARIS, To-day.
Violent artillery fighting was in progress on Verdun front last night in the vicinity of Avocourt, Thiamont and the Chapire and Rumin Woods. No infantry attacks.

VICTORY WITHOUT PARALLEL.

LONDON, To-day.
The victory won by the Russians is without parallel in military history, says a Petrograd despatch to the Reuter's Telegram Co. The Russians now occupy the whole of the triangular fortified positions at Kolk, Lutsk and Olyka. Military writers dwell on the great strategic importance of this triangle, which includes some of the best Austrian communication lines and connects the centre between Polesia, Volynia and Poland, and the roads to Galicia and Bukowina. The Russians fought their way to Lutsk, a distance of 35 miles, in three days, through forests and marsh lands over the battered defences of invincibility which the Austro-Germans were boasting throughout the winter and spring. There is still no response to the Russian thrust. Military writers declare matters begin to look serious for the whole enemy line in Russia. Col. Shumsky, military critic of the Bourze Gazette, declares the junction between the Austrians and Germans has been cut clean through, thus exposing the right flank of the Germans and the left flank of the Austrians, making them almost defenceless to further Russian attacks.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES.

To hurry the cooking of anything in a double boiler add salt to the water in the outer boiler.
Bacon rinds that cannot be boiled with cabbage are good to hasten a slow fire.
A simple remedy for bites is vinegar. It is also good for cuts and stings.
You can get more juice from a lemon that is heated than from a cold lemon.
The blossom buds of rhubarb are said to make good greens if stewed like spinach.

Wanted--A Lady Canvasser

to solicit subscriptions for the Best, Healthiest and Most Economic System of Cookery in the World, for which we have just received the sole agency for Nfld. A rare opportunity for a lady to display her business ability to advantage, and make money.
S. E. GARLAND,
Leading Bookseller.

THE GALLANT CAMPANIA.

LONDON, To-day.
One of the ships engaged in the North Sea battle was the old Cunard liner Campania, which acted as a dispatch ship. When the cruiser Warrior was hit by a torpedo the German ships and unable to move, the Campania pushed herself between the German ships to aid the Warrior. She threw a salvo and towed the Warrior for 10 hours, when the cruiser sank. The Campania was thus the means of saving the crew of the Warrior.

ITALIAN TRANSPORT TORPEDOED AND SUNK.

ROME, To-day.
The Italian transport Principe Umberto has been torpedoed and sunk in the lower Adriatic, with a loss of a large number of soldiers, according to an official statement issued by the Admiralty yesterday.

BADLY DAMAGED IN NORTH SEA FIGHT.

COPENHAGEN, To-day.
The new German Dreadnought Koenig was struck several times in the

battle with the British fleet off the Jutland coast, and badly damaged, says a message from Kiel, to-day. The Koenig displaces 25,297 tons, was put in commission in 1914, and carried a crew of 1,150 men.

MORE STEAMERS SUNK.

LONDON, To-day.
A despatch from Amsterdam says that a trawler has brought to that port thirty-two sailors, the crew of the Norwegian steamer Eskendal, sunk by a mine. A despatch from Copenhagen says that the Swedish barque Heidi has been sunk by a mine near Aberdeen. The British cruiser Hampshire was seen to be on fire before she sank off the Orkney Islands, according to statements of men trawling and steaming away from here from the Orkneys. The disaster occurred last Monday night, only an hour after Earl Kitchener and members of his staff had embarked on the cruiser at the extreme north of Scotland. One trawler reported that the warship appeared to have blown up, although no sound of an explosion was heard, probably on account of the terrific storm that was raging. Twenty minutes after she was seen in distress and on fire, the Hampshire sank in between Mearck Head and Brough of Birsay, off the western coast of the mainland of the Orkneys. The raft from the cruiser which was flung ashore with twenty men from the Hampshire clinging to it, was discovered by a policeman who was searching along the rocky coast. The men were battered and exhausted, a few of them murmured Kitchener was on board and then fell asleep. About eighty bodies were found along the shore, many of them in warm. In their terrific battle with the sea, the clothing of some of them had been torn from their bodies, their hands and feet had been mutilated in their desperate efforts to climb the cliffs. According to reports, Earl Kitchener and members of his staff were placed in one of the ship's boats which got clear of the wreck, but was swamped in the terrific sea raging.

IRISH NATIONALISTS WILL MEET TO-DAY.

LONDON, To-day.
The Irish Nationalist Party will hold a meeting in Dublin to-day, to discuss the suggestion for a settlement of the Irish question. The Dublin correspondent of the Daily News predicts that important developments will result from the meeting and that the Nationalists will not object any terms excluding the northern counties from operation of the Home Rule act by any other means than the vote of the electors of those counties, they say that the terms given in the newspapers as suggested as basis of negotiations give away more than was purposed two years ago.

Supreme Court.

(Present: Justice Johnson)
In the case of Thorne vs. Thorne. This is a matter of right of way to certain lands in Torbay. A settlement between both parties was arranged at 3.30 yesterday afternoon.
(Present: Justice Kent)
Martin and Others vs. The L. M. Trask Company.
This is a matter in relation to the sale of motor engines and refund thereon of certain money paid. Mr. F. A. Mews for plaintiffs and Hon. R. A. Squires for defendant.
Court adjourned at 1.30 till Monday morning.

LOCAL FISHING.

—This morning a number of boats were on the sea fishing grounds and got good fares of cod, some of which were of a very large size.

PASSED FINAL EXAM.

We extend congratulations to Mr. George Show on the success of his son Alex, who has lately passed his final exam. for the Royal Naval Engineers. We understand he passed with honors. Alex was formerly Engineer on the s.s. Bonaventure.

Letter Tell Tale.

At Berlin nothing more can be got for one's money; no more fat, no more milk. (December 5.)
Everything of first necessity is beyond price. In many towns there is no more petrol. We can think ourselves lucky in having electric light. Others have to remain in the dark, for there is no petrol and a candle costs 25 pfennigs. (October 18.)
Julie is working at the capsuling. She would do better to come home. She is killing herself with work and is half dead of hunger. (Teterow, December 4.)
The mobilized are also complaining of their food. You know I have to send parcels to Johann. It is in the 142nd that they have least. They have almost nothing to eat. (December 9.)
I am very sorry for you. To have to do your service and have nothing to eat—that's too much. (December 9.)
It cannot last. Our strength is falling. When we get peace we will thank God on our knees. People are so happy that the last month of the war has come that they are counting the days separating us from peace. (November 5.)
On November 11 the report spread that Serbia had made peace. Plugs appeared at the windows. An hour

CENTRAL STORES. G. Knowling's CENTRAL STORES.

Dry Goods Department Specials.

We are now able to offer some splendid values in the following Seasonable and up-to-date goods which we are able to offer at

Remarkably Low & Attractive Prices

<p>Valenciennes Lace Special</p> <p>We are now able to offer a lot of dainty, fine grade Val. lace and insertion, many patterns match, at remarkable low prices. Just the thing for trimming summer garments, etc. Prices range from</p> <p style="text-align: center;">2 cts. to 25 cts Per Yard.</p> <p>These goods are scarce. However, we can offer this lot much below regular values.</p> <p>WHIPCORD SPECIALS— This is a good sound 39 to 40 inch Fabric in Brown, Navy, Black, Saxe, Crimson. Worth \$1.00. We offer at 85c. per yard</p>	<p>Cream All Wool Costume Cloth</p> <p>Really very special pure wool, 56 inches wide Costume Cloth bargain, suitable for Women's and Children's Costumes, Coats, Skirts, etc.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">\$1.75 Per Yard.</p> <p>We have it in several different weaves. Note the width and observe the quality. The price at to-day's value would be about \$2.50 to \$3.00 per yard.</p> <p>POPLIN SPECIAL— A 54 inch wide Silk finish Poplin in Black, Tan, Navy, Grey, Saxe. Note the width and quality. \$1.10 per yard</p>
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<p>American Dainty Voile Special</p> <p>In dainty stripes, large assortment of coloring; makes a splendid high class Summer Dress and Blouse fabric.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">35 cts. Per Yard.</p> <p>This splendid offering is 36 inches wide and would be good value at from 45c. to 50c. per yard.</p>	<p>Colored Velour Special</p> <p>A splendid high grade fabric in Navy, Fawn, Beaver, Slate, Mole, Khaki, suitable for women's and children's costumes, sports coats, skirts, etc.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">55 cts. Per Yard.</p> <p>27 inches wide. Would be good value at 70 or 80 cents.</p>
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Central Stores. G. Knowling's Central Stores.

Smallwood's Big Shoe Sale!

Great Clearance Sale

MEN'S FINE BOX CALF BLUCHER BOOTS. Regular value \$3.50.
Now only \$29 5.

A good, solid, everyday Boot to walk in.

Just in: A line of WOMEN'S FINE BOOTS and SHOES, selling at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Here's where you save one dollar on a pair of Shoes.

F. Smallwood, The Home of Good Shoes.

Missives on Prisoners Indicate the State of Germany.
A number of extracts from letters found on 1,200 German prisoners captured at Hartmannswillerkopf have been published. Some 5,000 letters were found on these men, who belong half to the active army, Fourteenth Battalion of Chasseurs, and half to two regiments of reserves. The letters are mostly dated November and December, and come from many different towns.
"Everything is three times dearer than before. (Violsen, November 14.)
There are no means of getting milk to drink. (Hamburg, December 12; Mannheim, November 29.)
It takes three or four hours' waiting before a creamery to get a quarter of a pound of butter. (Berlin, December 14.)
The shops are shut or they say all the butter is sold. There are no vegetables. (Glauchau, December 4.)
For eight weeks I have not been able to get any sort of fat. It is frightfully scarce. No fat, either at the market or in the shops. (Altsiedde, November 3.)
Dry bread and potatoes won't keep up anybody's strength. (November 7.)
At Berlin nothing more can be got for one's money; no more fat, no more milk. (December 5.)
Everything of first necessity is beyond price. In many towns there is no more petrol. We can think ourselves lucky in having electric light. Others have to remain in the dark, for there is no petrol and a candle costs 25 pfennigs. (October 18.)
Julie is working at the capsuling. She would do better to come home. She is killing herself with work and is half dead of hunger. (Teterow, December 4.)
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It cannot last. Our strength is falling. When we get peace we will thank God on our knees. People are so happy that the last month of the war has come that they are counting the days separating us from peace. (November 5.)
On November 11 the report spread that Serbia had made peace. Plugs appeared at the windows. An hour later they had to be taken in. (Nov. 15.)
After service the pastor returned and said with joy that peace would be made in February. Everybody in the church began to weep. People could be heard sobbing. (November 21.)
These last days many have gone again. They did not think their turn would ever come, for it was said that peace negotiations had begun. (Nov. 29.)
It is said that men of the Landsturm will be called up to 53 years. It is not possible that things can last like this. (December 9.)
This evening we saw a half battalion leave for the front. It was a lamentable sight. (Cologne, November 14.)
When every one is dead perhaps the war will end. (Cologne, December 1.)
At Plauen alone 5,000 men are missing. (December 5.)
Everything is finished. We shall have to abandon everything if the war does not end in the spring. It will be the third season without receipts. We shall not be able to hold out. (December 5.)
This abominable war cannot last much longer. The misery would be indescribable. (Trevs, December 5.)



LONDON

PRINCESS ARTHUR'S LITTLE SPEECHES.

LONDON, May 15, 1916.

Princess Arthur of Connaught, one of the smartest and best-dressed of our Princesses, is taking quite a big part in public life, and relieving her great aunts, Princess Christian, Princess Louise, the Duchess of Argyll, and Princess Henry of Battenberg, all of whom have worked hard in the past at Bazar-opening and such ceremonial duties. Princess Arthur, like so many of our modern women, has a pretty gift for speech-making. The elder generation of Royal ladies has been content with the stereotyped "I have much pleasure in declaring," but Princess Arthur can make a graceful and appropriate little address. She has a particularly pleasant voice, and is a very popular addition to our platform Princesses.

GERMAN WAITERS.

It seems probable that the number of German waiters finding employment in this country after the war will be very much smaller than what it was in recent years. Hotel and restaurant keepers are not likely to force upon their customers, at a rate for several years to come, unbecome services of a class who, like German dyes and chemicals, largely owed their ubiquity to a superior organization for turning them out. Hamburg and other German towns possess considerable colleges, where youths are trained as waiters and where even the opening and shutting of a door is taught as a fine art. In the London County Council technical school British boys have for some time past been receiving instruction, and many of them are now in good employment; but there is little doubt that the Germans will endeavor to return to their well-paid jobs when peace is restored. With the object of preventing this, the Incorporated Association of Hotels and Restaurants on May 5th resolved that the Council should use its influence among members to prevent the re-engagement of German waiters and waitresses in hotels after the war. It was recognized that while members could not bound, the influence of the Council would have the desired effect.

MEDICINES FOR SERVICE "DEPENDENTS."

Shortly after the outbreak of the war, the British Medical Association and the Pharmaceutical Society organized a fund for the relief of the dependents of the fallen.

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A beautiful four-act social drama
"A SAFE INVESTMENT"—A V

COMING IN FIFTEEN P