on called to

Of the 15 manufacturers in Napar 13 have declared themselves in favou Mr. Blake's policy. It is the true National Policy for Canada, because it gives free raw materials to the manufacturer, and takes the tenes off the poor man's fuel and his bread.—[Whig.

A Religious Same of Blaff.

A paper published in Mitchell records that Mr. Trow, having given five deliars to a church subscription, Mr. Guest, his Tory opponent, head of it, and gave ten deliars. The paper aforesaid therefore dollars. The paper aforesaid therefore judges that Mr. Guest will receive the votes of those who weaship in that particular church. A greater insult was never offered to a raligious body.

We trust our friends in the constitu encies where they are "hived" will not neglect to poll every vete. A few vetes more or less may not master in that particular Riding, but it is important to show that the great bulk of the people of Ontario are Reform, and so make more manifest the glaring outrage in the John-Amander. Let the full Liberal vete everywhere polled.

What interest has the Conservative candidate in the Wast Riding of Huron, that he should take the support of the electors? He resides about twenty miles from the nearest corner of the constituency, and is in every sense of the word an outsider. While Mr. Cameron is net only a mesident, but all his interests are in the riding, and he is therefore an a better position to act as our representative. Electors, mark your ballot for Cameron. —[New Era.

When a man who is the leader of a great political party, and at the same time Premier of the Dominion of Canada, can not only state a positive untrushin a public meeting, but cenfirm it with an oath, it is time for the peeple of Canada to ask themselves what they have come to. Yet this is just what was done by Sir John A. Macdonald at Yorkville on Thursday evening. When questioned in reference to his action in Parisment on the approbation to pay the expense of the Bourdary Committee, he had the audacity not only to affirm that he voted against that approbation, but to support his asservation with an appeal to his Maker as invergence. peal to his Maker so irreverent that must have shocked every right-minded person in the assembly. One prominent clergymen at least felt himself compelled to utter his protest by leaving the

Washington, June 5.—The Court en banc to-day rendered the following decision in the case of Guiteau:—The Judges who listened to arguments in the have come to the conclusion that they have exhausted their powers upon it. They have heard it patiently, fairly and fully, and a reargument would bring them to no other conclusion than that already arrived at, and that they declined and quibbled, delayed and evaded the issue. arready arrived at, and that they declined to reopen the case for argument. Reed has received a letter from Mrs. Dunmire, formerly wife of Guiteau, saying, "I shall esteem it a personal favor if you will inform me at once if any effort will be made with the President for the commutation of the sentence of Charles. If there is aught I can de to assist to a successful accomnot in favor of him being hung." It is stated that Guiteau no longer indulges in reading and writing, but broods much, and sometimes paces the floor of his cell, wringing his hands and talking incoherently. It is reported he awske incoherently. It is reported he aweke the other night trembling, and exclaimed, "oh, why did I assassinate him!"

When quieted he said he had been dreaming. He was not afraid to die, but did not think it was possible the President would allow him to be hang-

The Real Field of Progress. The Reform nominee for London is exaddress of acceptance Mr. Campbell said "the N. P. was a national fraud; a charge more for his product. There is nothing more for the workingman. The consumer buys less, and thus the working of the tariff has not been understood in the tariff has not been und workingman will understand it—learning the lesson by bitter experience—between true policy is to support the Liberal candidates, who will give the manufacturers free raw material.

Inture prosperity depends so largely you will receive nothing—no

"Not one stick of timber, one acre of land, one lump of lead; iron, or gold!"

[Globe.]

GOLD—Is excellent for filling decayed Teeth; but "Traberry" prevents the decay, makes them white, and make permanufacturers free raw material.

[Globe.]

[Globe.]

[Globe.]

Conservatives to awear every question able veter on the Reform side. No objection can be raised to them awearing "questionable" ones, but there will be a tendency to awear some whose vetes are perfectly good, and we urge upon our Reform friends throughout the country the necessity of rigidly guarding against any subterfuges that might cause them the necessity of rigidly guarding against any subterfuges that might cause them the loss of legitimate votes.

Sir John A. Macdonald appears to be very rapidly losing his senses. At Workville, the other day, he stated that if he was returned to power, he would overthrow the license system of Ontario, and the fellowing extract :

"If he sarried the country, as he would do, he would tell Mr. Mowat, THAT LETTLE TYRANT, who attempted to control public upinion by getting hold of every little office, from that of a Division Court Bailiff to a favern-keeper, that he Court Bailiff to a favern-keeper, that he would get a bill passed at Ottawa returning to the municipalities the power taken away from them by the License Act." What do temperance Conservatives

think of that move? After individuals have been working for years to promete the interest of the interest of temperence, Sir John has the impadence to tell them that he will defeat all their efforts and introduce a system which county councils passed resolutions and petitioned to have abolished. And he will do it if he gets the power. It remains to be seen whether the temperance people of Ontario will sacrifice their principles in preference to party allegiance. - [New Era.

NOW OR NEVER

A Word to Thoughtful Men.

At no time since the institution of responsible Government in Canada have the people of this Province been called upon to decide at the pells so momentous an issue as that with which they are now brought face to face. Questions of taxation, of the establishment of monopolies, of the expenditure of the public funds, of Government incompetency and corruption-all these, grave and important as they are, sink into comparative insignificance beside the paramount question above all others for the electors of Ontario to consider. There is no millions-a policy conceived in the inmore question as to the ultimate inten- terests of the masses, in the interests of ons of the present Government Their policy is at least clear and well defined. In the interests of the horde of specula-For years Ontario has asked for her tors who throng to that country and rights under the Boundary Award. The desire to win millions out of the sweat matter has been steadily and persistent- and toil of those who will be called upon ly pressed on the attention of Sir John to pay the vast profits they expect to Sir John has finally refused to ratify the ministration. Award, incited Manitoba to steal 35,000 square miles of our territory, and tried scandals, at the head of which stands to humbur the people of Ontario by the Pacific Railway Syndicate bargain. suggesting another reference to the Privy a disgrace to this country, and not far Council, in order that the Dominion distant from which stands the Ondermight gain the advantage of delay and e are keep on selling our lands and timber in lt is the meantime. Finding himself compelled at length to make a declaration of his policy in the face of the pending election, he throws off the mask, and who is temperate, honest and capable of the highest personal character, recognized as a prince among his fellow men. [Ex.

robbed of territory until she is reduced to half the size of Quebec, and her magnificent resources taken from her, be-Mayor John Campbell, a man ufacturer cause our prosperity excites the maligor carriages who does a very extensive nant envy of the French Bleus, and our trade in Ontario and Manutoba. In his annual surpluses offer so striking a conannual surpluses offer so striking a contrast to their empty treasury and heavy of whom pronounced her case hopeless. discriminating tariff operating against taxation. Electors of Ontario! There is only one possible means by which notional policy which reduced the purchasing power of the poor man's dollar? Did it clothe the children of mechanic of spoilation can be prevented. If the sun of June 21st rises on a Tory her a postal and satisfy yourselves. Trial of the poor man's dollar? chasing power of the poor man's dollar?
Did it clothe the children of mechanic
and laborer? Did it reduce the price of
victory half of our territory is gone the poor man's fuel and breadstuffs? gone finally and beyond recall. The Large size \$1.00 (No. no, and cheers.) They had been deed will be consummated next session. told that Mr. Blake and Mr. Mackenzie

No after regrets, no subsequent punishtold that Mr. Blake and Mr. Maekenzie advocated free trade for Canada. A greater fallacy had never been promulagated. It was universally conceded that a revenue tariff was an absolute necessity in the present condition of affairs.

No after regrets, no subsequent punishment of the perpetrators can undo it. It is in your power now to defeat it. It rests with you to decide whether the ty in the present condition of affairs. ty in the present condition of affairs.

That was the position the leaders of the Liberal party held on this subject, and the position taken by himself. His own experience as a manufacturer proved that by the enhanced price of raw materials the profits were kept at about the now, if you allow other considerations to pressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constirials the profits were kept at about the old ratio." There it is again. Raise the price of the raw material and, to get his old profit, the manufacturer has to charge more for his product. There is level of a fourth-class member of the charge for the workingman. The

Canada while times were good and times brisk. Keep up the system, and every workingman will understand it—learn-

At Odessa D. W. Allison got off a good thing in regard to Sir John's apphustown. He said he was also once barefooted bey in Adolphustown, and replace: the power of granting licenses in this was any claim upon the suffrages of the hands of municipalities, according to the people his portion was far stronger than that of Sir John, for as soon as Sir John got his boots on he walked out of the county and had never assisted in its development, while he (Mr. A.) had reand had done all in his power to promote the social, religious and moral welfare of his fellow citizens. There was great applause fellowing this home

There are many things which the Liberal party will be able to do. It promises to be faithful to its history the world over, to have sympathy now and in the future for every move made in the direction of human progress.

It promises, further, to give to this country a policy which will afford just the equal taxation, and at the same time lead to a rapid and wealthy development of all the interests, especially the manufacturing interests, of this country.

It promises to call a halt in this sweep ing tide of public expenditure, which threatens to engulf the country in financial ruin.

It promises to adopt, as a matter of parliamentary policy, the assumption that the public debt is large enough, and should not be permitted to exceed reasonable limits.

It promises to pay due regard to pro vincial rights, and prevent the Federal power trespassing on the rights of the Previnces in this Dominion.

It proposes to adopt a land policy for this country with regard to the disposal saue of self-preservation. This is the of that vast public domain in the North West, which is to be the home of future the men who will till that soil, and not

It promises an end to those contract

It promises to remedy these things,

for her rights is—

"Not one stick of timber, one acre of land, one lump of lead, iron or gold."

This is final and conclusive. This is the Bleu ultimatum. Ontario is to be

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Snatched From the Grave. Mrs. Helen Pharviz, No. 331 Daytor st. Chicago, Ill., is now in her sixty eighth year, and states that she has suf-fered with Consumption for about ten bottles free at Rhynas's Drug Store.

At the approach of spring g eat atten-on should be given to purity the sy-m engarged with foul humors during to minter. Burdock Blood Bitters to



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COI The June S

The Cour

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Commission Road and B uary meetin a new bridg accepted the with stone with stone pleted by O Kingsbridge bridge is n high water mend that the county.
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