



FLEET FOOT SUMMER SHOES

CAN'T trust yourself to slippery leather, in canoe, sail boat or yacht. And, of course, you have to have Fleet Foot Shoes for tennis, baseball, golf and lacrosse. Fleet Foot Pumps or low shoes are the proper accompaniment of Summer apparel. And Fleet Foot Summer Shoes cost so much less than leather, that it is real economy to wear them.



Look trim and neat—enjoy yourself—and save money, by wearing Fleet Foot this summer.

WRIGLEY'S

THE PERFECT GUM

Let us make you acquainted with the new, luscious flavour—



It's all that the name suggests!

Wrigley quality—made where chewing gum making is a science.

Now three flavours

Chew it after every meal



Get it wherever confections are sold

Sealed Tight—Kept Right!

MADE IN CANADA

The Flavour Lasts

BE WISE! and Build This Year!

as Next Year Prices are Sure to be Much Higher

WE SELL AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES:

Rough and Planed Lumber of all kinds. Scantling and Dimension Stock
Steel Shingles and Roofing Sheathing Paper
Beaver Board Doors, Windows and Trim Hardwall Plaster
Interior Finish of all kinds
Douglas Fir and Hard Pine our specialty Estimates furnished
Electrical Work Done

NEWCASTLE PLANING MILL
CANADIAN GEAR WORKS, LTD.

Phone 139

Presbyterian General Assembly

Leave Union Question In Abeyance Until After the War—Universal Conscription and Woman Suffrage Endorsed
--Salaries to be Raised

The Presbyterian General Assembly of Canada, which began its meetings a few days ago in Montreal, adopted the following resolutions:

"Inasmuch as the forty-second general assembly, which met at Winnipeg last June, had provided that union should not be consummated until the second assembly after the close of the war, organized propaganda should in the meantime be discontinued by both sides."

Other sections were adopted providing for modification of the church union committee of the assembly "in order to secure the fullest approval for cooperative requirements" and that its functions during the period of truce between the pro and anti-unionists shall be confined to already authorized forms of co-operation with the other two denominations.

The following resolution was adopted:

"The assembly desires to express its appreciation of every legitimate effort to arouse the sluggards among the youths of Canada to a consciousness of duty, and to enrol those who are available in the great crusade for the world's freedom."

"It endorses the policy of selective conscription as applied to the battlefield and of universal conscription of the talent, wealth and energy of the Canadian people."

"It expresses further the hope that in this critical time, when united ser-

vice and sacrifice are urgently demanded from us all minor differences be put aside in a common enthusiasm to win the war."

Representation in the Assembly was reduced to one in ten, no Presbyterians, however, to have less than 4 representatives. This will reduce the Assembly from 597 to 438.

The minimum stipend of married ministers was increased from \$1000 to \$1200 a year with manse, and that of single ministers from \$950 to \$1150 to take effect January 1st, 1918. The minimum for ordained missionaries is to be \$1000 for married men, \$950 for single men, and the fee for Sunday supply fixed at \$18 or one and a half per cent. of stipend paid by the congregation. This means an increase in the scale of stipends in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, made absolutely necessary by the increased cost of living, and puts the east on a level with the minimums established in the west some years ago.

A resolution calling upon the federal authorities for prohibition; approving of the Dominion government's action in putting a stop to race track gambling while the war lasted and favouring woman suffrage throughout Canada, was passed as moved by Rev. J. G. Shearer.

RICHIBUCTO STATION BURNED
The K. N. R. station at Richibucto was burned on Thursday with several thousand dollars worth of freight.

BOUESTOWN

Boiestown.—The weather still continues rainy and our farmers are commencing to look glum over their potatoes, and the pulp people are having long faces over so much wet weather also.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Norrad are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a baby girl on Thursday.

Mrs. James Brewer spent the week-end with her niece, Mrs. John Whalen.

Miss Lizzie Hovey has returned to her home at Ludlow.

Miss Helen Russell of Doaktown, who has been staying with Rev. Geo. W. Tilley of this place, has returned home.

Rev. Mr. Allaby of Whitney preached at Boiestown and Bloomfield in the Baptist churches on Sunday.

Misses Mae Cameron and Merle Macdonald who are nursing at New York and Boston respectively, are home for a few weeks vacation.

Miss Etta Palmer spent Sunday at her home in Bloomfield.

Word received from P. E. Murray McCloskey last week report he has so far recovered from his wounds as to be able to attend a fair held near the hospital where he was stationed for a couple of hours.

The death occurred on Tuesday at Upper Hayesville of Mrs. Timothy Munn. The deceased has been ill for many months with cancer. She was formerly Maude Standish and besides her husband is survived by three sons, Elbridge, Rainsford and Jamie, all at home; her father, one brother Will of Upper Hayesville, one sister, Mrs. Ellis Pond of Ludlow. The funeral was held on Wednesday. Interment was made at Moir burying ground, funeral services were conducted by assistant pastor, Rev. Hewlett Upton.

Mr. Sypher, sec. for Liberal committee was in town last week, while attending a meeting among the Liberals.

Mr. Louis Allain and Mrs. L. G.

Allain were in town on Saturday evening.

Miss Annamay Norrad returned home on Thursday from Fredericton. Mr. Harry L. Norrad returned from Fredericton on Thursday.

Services for Sunday June 24th by Methodist Mission:

Avery's Portage—10.30 a. m.

New Bandon—3 p. m.

Doaktown—7 p. m.

Ludlow, Thur. June 21st at 8 p. m.

Govt. Planning To Conscript Wealth

Greater Taxes in Profits and an Income Tax in Effect Next Year.

Ottawa, June 15.—It can be stated definitely that the Government has under consideration further measures for the conscription of wealth. It is believed that plans are being made for a more comprehensive measure of taxation, including an income tax to be put into force next year. Between now and the end of the year the system for levying and collecting this tax will be organized.

The Government has already in force a conscription of wealth measure which has been severely criticized by the Liberals, financial papers and big interests as being too drastic. Under this measure one-fourth of the profits between 7 per cent. and 15 per cent., one-half of the profits between 15 per cent. and 20 per cent., and three-fourths of all profits above 20 per cent. are taken by the State.

As an illustration of the severity of this tax it may be pointed out that a company with a capital of a million dollars earning \$300,000 during the past year, would be obliged to pay \$120,000 to the Government. Under the business profits tax last year, which took one-fourth of the profits over 7 per cent. a list of the twenty-five largest assessments for the first accounting period after the war shows amounts running from \$734,000 down to \$104,000. There are three assessments in excess of \$500,000, two in excess of \$300,000, four in excess of \$200,000, and fourteen in excess of \$100,000.

It is felt here that under these circumstances and especially in view of the fact that the Liberals have severely criticised the present law any amendment providing for so-called conscription of wealth or using any other vague catchword, will be regarded by the House and the country as fairly vexatious. With the decision of the government to impose an income tax, the only other method of conscription of wealth would be direct confiscation.

FIRE CHIEFS' MEETING
The fire chiefs of the Maritime Provinces will hold their annual meeting at Truro, N. S., on June 26.

A levee break at Quincy, Ill., caused almost a million dollar crop damage.

Baptists Meet At Sillikers

The annual meeting of the Baptists of the Tenth District was held in the Little South West church at Sillikers, N. B., June 11-13. Considering the fact that the Tenth District is numerically the smallest in the province, the attendance was large. More than twenty-five delegates and ministers were present. The weather was not the best; but the interest in the meetings was keen. The church was crowded at the evening sessions.

On Monday evening the opening sermon was preached by Rev. W. Camp of Campbellton. It was a very timely sermon on I Cor. XIV:8.

The reports of the year's work in the various churches were most encouraging. There has been a large increase in membership, and one new church has been organized. Increased giving to missionary purposes was also reported.

The officers for the ensuing year are as follows:

Chairman—Rev. E. A. Kinley, Bathurst
Vice Chairman—C. C. Hayward, Sec'y-treas.—Miss Minnie Betts, Doaktown

The executive is composed of the officers, Rev. S. Grey, Newcastle, and Rev. W. Camp, Campbellton

Two young men were examined for ordination, A. E. Kochaly of Upper Blackville, and R. M. Brown, Pastor of the newly organized church of Restigouche. Both these young men passed very satisfactory examinations, and give great promise of future usefulness. They will be ordained in their respective pastorates at an early date.

Several outside speakers brought messages concerning the work of the denomination in other places.

Rev. E. Bosworth Secretary of the Grande Ligne mission gave a delightful and instructive address with regard to that very important work.

Rev. I. W. Williamson represented the Sunday School work. Rev. J. B. Gannon spoke on behalf of Home Missions work. Foreign Missions were ably represented by Rev. R. E. Gullison, a returned missionary from India. Dr. W. F. Coit, professor of Mathematics at Acadia, pointed out the need of trained men and women to solve the problems re-

sulting from the world war. All these addresses were thoroughly enjoyed and should result in the furtherance of the various interests of the denomination.

The visitors were charmed with the scenery on the N. W. Miramichi and Little South West. They were unanimous in their verdict that this meeting was the "best yet." They gave many expressions of gratitude and delight at the entertainment accorded them by the people of the Newcastle

NEPONSET TWIN SHINGLES

THE crushed slate surface of Neponset Twin Shingles—dull Red, or dark Green, gives the handsome appearance of best slate to the roof—increases the fire-resistance and adds extra years to the long life of the shingle. In the one year since they were introduced into Canada they have been used on some of the finest homes from coast to coast.

CANADIAN GEAR WORKS,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.

SILLIKERS NOTES

Sillikers.—The District Meetings which were held last week, were well attended by delegates and ministers from other places, though the weather was not pleasant.

Mr. James Travis of this place has joined the 12th Battery at Newcastle. His many friends wish him success and hope he may come safely home again.

Our pastor Rev. H. E. Allaby has resigned and intends leaving the last of June. Mr. and Mrs. Allaby will be much missed by their many friends up here.

We are pleased to hear that Mr. Wm. Matthews' little daughter is recovering.

A supper and sale will be held in the new Matthews school on Wednesday, June 20th.

Congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. James Johnston on the arrival of a baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert McTavish of Casilda are visiting friends in this place.

For Sale

To be removed from present premises, large barn, well built of first class lumber. Could easily be converted into dwelling. Apply Advocate Office.



NOTICE

To the Ratepayers of the Town of Newcastle:

Take notice that I have received the Assessment List of the said town for the year 1917.

All persons paying their taxes on or before June 8th are entitled to a discount of Five per cent.

And all persons paying their taxes after June 8th and on or before June 18th are entitled to a discount of Two and one-half per cent.

All taxes must be paid within thirty days from the date of this notice. Dated this 25th day of May, 1917.

J. E. T. LINDON,
Town Treasurer

WANTED

A capable maid, about the 15th of June. Apply to MRS. WM. ATKEN, Newcastle, N. B., or MRS. W. BEASLEY, Newcastle.

Strawberry Plants

Best varieties, 150 for \$1.00, post paid; \$3.50 per 1,000; 5,000 or over, \$3.00 per 1,000. RIVERSIDE NURSERY, West River, N. S.

The Testing Time!



Russia Prospers

During the first eight months of Prohibition in Russia the Savings Banks reports show savings increased 5,000 per cent. (net).

Help to Enforce Prohibition

Permanent Prohibition in New Brunswick demands strict enforcement between now and the day when Prohibition may again be voted upon after the war. The whole task of enforcement must not be left to the officers of the law alone. Everyone should help. Eternal vigilance is the watchword.

Dominion Temperance Alliance

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH

DONALD FRASER
President
Foster Rock, N.B.

REV. THOS. MARSHALL
Vice-President
Fredericton, N.B.

W. G. CLARK
Treasurer
Fredericton, N.B.

REV. H. C. ARCHER, Executive Secretary
Fredericton, N.B.

WHEN the test of the world-conflagration called for every ounce of strength in every available man to stem the tide of destruction, one of John Barleycorn's greatest friends, Russia, was the first to abolish the Traffic because it could not meet the test. In good time, when her hour of test arrived, New Brunswick banished the great Drink curse let us hope forever!

After the war, in his turn, John Barleycorn is going to put New Brunswick to the test. Prohibition may again be voted upon after the war.

Every bit of lax enforcement and indifference is just so much ammunition for him to use against us. How does Prohibition meet the test?

Russia—

Some idea of the enormous effect of Prohibition is afforded by the wonderful example of Russia. In spite of the fact that millions of producers are in the army the savings of the people enormously increased. In 1912 and 1913 they were saving, per year, about \$20,000,000. In the first five months under Prohibition they saved \$60,000,000. In 1915 the banks took in \$265,000,000. For the first half of 1916, the Russian people saved \$300,000,000!

The Dakotas—

Town and city population in South Dakota under License increased 168 per cent. in 20 years. In the Prohibition state of North Dakota it increased 494 per cent.!

In "dry" North Dakota, for the year 1909, 2,789 men produced \$19,137,000 worth of manufactured goods. In the "wet" Dakota it required no less than 3,602—813 more men—to produce only \$17,870,000 worth of manufactured goods, or \$1,267,000 less!

In 1890 commitments to Insane Asylums in "dry" North Dakota were 40 persons per 100,000 more than South Dakota. After twenty years of Prohibition they were forty less! And the Prohibition State began the period with only about half the population of its neighbor!

South Dakota has since adopted Prohibition.