

BILLION INCREASE IN YEAR'S INSURANCE

Total Life Business In force in United States is \$21,591,053,669 a Gain of \$1,082,600,000

PER CAPITA PROTECTION \$216

Risks Protected by Assets Aggregating \$4,934,966,538—Wrote Nearly \$2,500,000,000 New Ordinary Life Insurance in Past Year.

Despite the European hostilities and the resultant detriment to business interests, the net increase in the amount of life insurance in force with American companies at the close of 1914 over the previous year exceeded one billion dollars, according to the United States Review. The immense proportions of this business may be realized when it is stated that the total life insurance in force on December 31, 1914, in the United States, was \$21,591,053,669. This is equivalent to a protection of nearly \$216 for every man, woman and child in the country.

Assets aggregating \$4,934,966,538 were held to protect these vast risks. This indicates one of the great reservoirs of capital, which is of tremendous importance in the security and money markets.

When the war broke out last July, the sudden restraint put upon all business and the financial strain incident to that were naturally reflected in a very marked decrease in the volume of new insurance written, the slump continuing for several months. The companies doing business in the United States wrote nearly \$2,500,000,000 new ordinary life insurance, and \$845,000,000 industrial life insurance in 1914, or a total of \$3,345,000,000, this being somewhat smaller than in 1913. The net gain in insurance outstanding was \$875,000,000 ordinary, and \$206,700,000 industrial, or \$1,082,600,000 increase.

Premium payments for the year totalled \$742,543,000, and income from interest, etc., brought the total receipts up to \$980,583,000. The companies paid back to policyholders and beneficiaries \$507,500,000, and kept for future protection \$278,000,000. After paying all expenses of the business the companies paid out to policyholders or saved for them \$43,000,000 more than the premiums paid in.

The following table shows some of the principal items of the life insurance business in 1914, with comparisons:

	Assets.	Income.	Insur. in force.
1914	\$4,934,966,538	\$980,583,000	\$21,591,053,669
1913	4,658,712,995	925,310,592	20,560,750,156
1912	4,407,957,949	803,125,241	19,247,699,359
1911	4,162,644,712	834,412,254	17,935,498,611
1910	3,874,678,975	779,588,314	16,409,806,117

EASTERN TRUST COMPANY WINS APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

London, April 28.—The Privy Council disagrees with the decision of the Supreme Court of Canada as to the appeal of the Eastern Trust Company versus Mackenzie and Mann Company, Limited.

A direction is given to the referee, however, that in taking the amounts paid by the Government of Nova Scotia to the creditors of the Nova Scotia Southern Railway there ought to be a set off against the amount payable by the respondents.

The respondents must pay all the costs in the courts below and of the appeal.

INSURANCE MAN WOUNDED.

Winnipeg, Man., April 28.—Capt. G. K. W. Watson, wounded, was formerly manager of the insurance department of the Winnipeg branch of the Retail Merchants' Association, but recently went into business for himself, and the firm was known as Hawkins & Watson, an insurance agency. Capt. Watson is married and has one child. He was gazetted captain in the 90th Rifles in November of 1913, but had been associated with the regiment for several years previous to this.

WAR INSURANCE IN GERMANY.

A company offering insurance against damage caused by the armies at war in Luxembourg is the newest outcome of the war. Such an organization, backed by Berlin capital, has established headquarters in the city of Luxembourg. It insures against fire and other destruction incident to the war, an uprising or plundering. The company will operate exclusively in Luxembourg, and will dissolve six months after the war has ceased.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER TO CLOSE BIG PLANT IN MAY.

Hamilton, Ont., April 28.—Owing to the absence of export orders to Europe, upon which the company should be now working, the International Harvester Company has decided to close its plant in May.

About 1,000 men will be thrown out of employment. In times of prosperity the company employs about 2,000 people.

H. H. Biggart, general manager, said that crop prospects in the West were bright, and that he felt hopeful as far as domestic trade was concerned.

INCREASING THE DIRECTORATE.

Jenkins Brothers, Limited, of Canada, will hold a special meeting of its shareholders on May 5th to pass a by-law increasing the number of directors from seven to nine.

WELL-KNOWN DRUGGIST DEAD.

St. John, N.B., April 28.—The city was shocked last night by news of the sudden death of Frank E. Craib of A. C. Smith and Co., who was one of St. John's best known druggists. A daughter is Mrs. Arthur Irvine, of Montreal.

MR. WHITE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

St. John, N.B., April 28.—The Canadian Club has elected J. Hunter White, broker and commission merchant, president.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY
Incorporated 1851
FIRE AND MARINE
Assets Over \$3,500,000.00
Losses paid since organization over \$61,000,000.00
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.
W. R. BROCK, President
W. B. MEIKLE, Vice-President and General Manager
QUEBEC PROVINCE BRANCH
61 St. Peter Street, MONTREAL
ROBERT BICKERDIKE, Manager

PERSONALS

Mr. M. J. Teed, K.C., of St. John, is at the Windsor.

Mr. A. H. Howie, of Toronto, is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Major E. T. Paquet, of Quebec, is at the Place Viger.

Mr. A. D. Johnston, of Ottawa, is at the Queen's.

Mr. Maurice Dupre, of Quebec, is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. D. H. McDougall, of Sydney, N.S., is at the Windsor.

Mr. J. A. Mann has returned from a week's visit to New York.

Mr. W. E. Matthews, of Toronto, is at the Ritz-Carlton.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy will leave Vancouver today for Montreal.

The Hon. L. J. Tweedie, ex-Lieut.-Governor of New Brunswick, is at the Windsor.

Mr. J. H. Plummer, president of the Dominion Steel, was at the Windsor yesterday.

Mr. A. R. Creelman is at present in Bermuda but is expected home early next week.

Mr. Justice Wallace Graham, of Halifax, N.S., has been appointed Chief Justice of Nova Scotia.

INSURANCE AND RATES ON COAL AND LAKE VESSELS.

Chicago, Ill., April 28.—Greater activity is expected in insurance on Lake vessels this season. Last year was dull. A much larger movement of ore, coal and grain is expected. The big fleets will have more business, as a large number of the smaller vessels which can go through the Welland Canal are going to the Atlantic coast to take advantage of the opportunities offered there because of the European war.

The rate for steel vessels is 3% per cent, net, which is approximately 1/4 of one per cent, less than the preferred rate for 1914, and one per cent, less than the non-preferred rate. The insurance rates on steel hulls for 1915 are based on a valuation of \$51 a ton.

The wooden hulls are now negligible, as no new wooden vessels are being built. The coal and ore rates for the season are increased from 5 to 8 cents, the experience of last year having shown that the lower rate was unprofitable. Lumber and package freight rates are unchanged.

DEPUTY CHIEF FOUND OIL SOAKED BAGGING IN HOUSE

Man Charged With Setting Fire to St. Lawrence Boulevard Premises Represented by Counsel at Inquiry.

When the case against Samuel Eld, arrested at the conclusion of a hearing on Thursday last charged with being criminally concerned in the fire which occurred at 469 St. Lawrence Boulevard, was resumed before Fire Commissioner Latulipe yesterday, the accused was represented by counsel. Mr. Arthur Bilette appeared for Eld, and cross-examined several of the witnesses, who, having testified at previous hearings, were now compelled to repeat their stories in the presence of the accused.

The chief witness heard for the first time was Deputy Fire Chief Arthur Mann. He testified that he followed immediately after the men who responded to the alarm, and was at the scene of the fire while the hose was being laid, and before the firemen had entered the premises. The flames had already made such headway, even at this time, that it was necessary to play a stream of water in advance of the men before entrance could be made. Asked by the commissioner how long it would take the men from the nearest station to reach the premises after an alarm had been turned in, witness said he would think about one minute and twenty seconds. In reply to Mr. Bilette, he said that, of course, he could not tell how long after the fire had started the alarm had been rung in.

After the fire had been got under control, said the deputy chief, he had discovered on the floor of the billiard room, in a spot where the blaze appeared to have originated, judging by the amount of damage done in that immediate vicinity, a quantity of bagging which had evidently been soaked in coal oil, and the necks of five bottles. The smell of coal oil in this part of the room was quite apparent. Asked if he thought the fire was of criminal origin, the witness said he could not conceive how it could have started unaided, or how it could have made such headway in a short time without assistance. He had sought for a possible cause at the time, but had been unable to find one, as there was no stove in the place, and no electric wiring which might have become defective.

The only other new witness was Morris Davidovitch, a jeweller, living at 467 St. Lawrence Boulevard, next door to the pool room. He said that his wife and children had retired, but that he was finishing a small piece of work late on the night of the fire. About 12:20 o'clock he heard a sound like that which would be made by the explosion of a fire. He went into his wife's room to ask her if she had heard it, and if necessary to reassure her. The partition between this room and the store in which the fire was discovered is of wood, and through the crevices he could discern the flames. He immediately hurried his wife and family into the street, where he found that a large crowd had already gathered.

Frank Schwartz, Bernard Goldman, Samuel Rubin, and Bennie Labis repeated the evidence they had given at the previous hearing, and the case was continued until this afternoon.

JOHN LABATT DIES IN LONDON.

London, Ont., April 28.—John Labatt, president of John Labatt, Limited, brewers, is dead at the age of 78. His illness was brief.

Mr. Labatt, who, the son of John K. Labatt, founder of the firm, was born here, was vice-president of the London & Western Trusts Company and a director of the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Society. A son, John S. Labatt, is vice-president of the brewing firm. Mrs. William Whitehead, of Montreal, is a daughter.

Sam Leiken sold to J. Jacobson, the northwest part of No. 939-11 St. Louis ward, with buildings fronting on Colonial avenue, measuring 18 x 73 feet for \$8,000.



SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Who attended a Liberal conference in Quebec yesterday. It is stated that if the Dominion election takes place in June, the Quebec election will be set for the same day, or a few days previous.

PREMIUMS AND AGENTS

An Insurance Company's Catechism of Insurance.

Q.—What is a premium?
A.—The consideration paid by the assured to the insurer for taking the risk.

Q.—What effect has premium extra?
A.—None whatever; a premium is never anything else but a premium.

Q.—Is the word "extra" premium ever used, and what does it signify?
A.—Yes, when some special hazard is to be included the extra premium to cover that hazard is exacted. For instance, a dwelling might be insured at the ordinary rate, and in consideration of an "extra premium" a permit be granted for carpenter's risk.

Q.—What is commission?
A.—A percentage of the premium allowed to the agent or broker placing the risk.

Q.—What is the agent's duty?
A.—He is the intermediary who negotiates the contract between the principals.

Q.—Is the agent entitled to any part of the premium?
A.—Not as such, though he is paid for his services an amount that has a relation to the amount of the premium.

Q.—Where a property owner instructs an agent to negotiate insurance and fixes the maximum price he is willing to pay is the agent justified in placing the insurance at a lower rate and pocketing the difference?
A.—No, no more than a stock broker or a real estate agent would be justified in practising the same deceit.

Q.—If, under the circumstances mentioned, an agent billed his client for so much premium, and so much extra premium, the "extra premium" being the difference between the actual premium and what the assured agreed to pay, what would you call it?
A.—Fraud, or obtaining money under false pretences.

Q.—Upon the cancellation of the policy what would the assured be entitled to receive?
A.—The unearned portion of the premium.

Q.—Would this include any portion of the difference above mentioned?
A.—No; that is not, never was and never can be premium.

Q.—Why?
A.—Because the insurer didn't get it.

Q.—Who is the insurer?
A.—The party who takes the risk.

Q.—What proportion of the difference would the assured be entitled to upon cancellation?
A.—He would be entitled to the whole of it at all times.

DISTRIBUTION OF BRANCHES

BY BANKS IN CANADA.
The total branches now maintained by Canadian chartered banks in the whole of the Dominion is 3,236, situated as follows:

	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Ontario	1165	1167	1169	1168	1166	1165
Quebec	646	647	657	662	672	683
Nova Scotia	109	109	108	108	107	108
New Brunswick	82	82	80	80	80	80
P. E. I.	17	17	17	17	17	17
Manitoba	205	205	204	204	204	204
Alberta	262	262	261	261	261	261
Saskatchewan	405	408	404	402	401	403
British Columbia	239	244	224	222	220	218
Yukon	3	3	3	3	3	3
Newfoundland	20	20	20	20	20	20
Elsewhere	72	72	72	72	72	72

Total 3225 3236 3222 3219 3223 3236

POLLUTION OF BOUNDARY WATERS.

Toronto, Ont., April 28.—Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, who is acting as sanitary expert to the Joint International Commission, has returned from the States, where he has been investigating the pollution of boundary waters.

Buffalo and Detroit, which will probably be the first two cities to benefit, are likely to be advised by the commission to proceed with the preparation of plans for sewage treatment that will put a stop to the dumping of polluted matter into the lakes and rivers.

CHEERFUL REGARDING BUSINESS.

Chicago, Ill., April 28.—Charles G. Dawes, formerly controller of currency, says: "I regard business conditions as steadily improving as a natural reaction from the depression in business."

James B. Forgan, says: "The business trend is towards improvement."

BIG CAR ORDERS LET.

Chicago, Ill., April 28.—St. Paul is preparing specifications for 2,000 freight cars to be built at its shops at Milwaukee. A contract has already been let for \$250,000 worth of sleeping cars. St. Paul has also started work on \$3,000,000 worth of track elevation in this city.

MOLSONS BANK PURCHASES

Vancouver, B.C., April 28.—The Molsons Bank has bought for \$230,000 the building of the Dominion Trust Company in Winnipeg. The former owners purchased it in December, 1912, for \$200,000.

A deficit of \$6,000,000 in the telegraph and telephone service of Great Britain is shown in the annual report of the postoffice controller. The amount received by the Government for telegrams and telephone service was \$52,000,000.

REAL ESTATE

Joseph Racette sold to Joseph Roch, a lot of land known as No. 531-250, Cote St. Louis, with buildings fronting on Garnier street, measuring 25 x 93 feet, for \$7,900.

Henri Dupras sold to Joseph Pilon a property known as lot No. 153-249, Cote de la Visitation, with buildings, Nos. 1278, 1278A, 1278B, Chabot street, measuring 24 x 73 feet for \$6,200.

Joseph A. Therrien sold to the corporation of the town of Sault au Recollet, a block of fifty-three vacant lots, Nos. 126-625 to 646, 649, 659, 785 to 809, 816 and 910, 126-652 to 753, Parish of Sault au Recollet, for \$12,919.40.

Prosper Charlebois sold to J. M. Loisele, a large block of 67 vacant lots known as Nos. 15-480 to 485, 488 to 491, 555, 556, 558 to 579, 581 to 587, 594 to 615, 618 to 621, Parish Riviere des Prairies, each containing about 25 x 85 feet, for \$3,685.

Joseph Bastien sold to O. Renaud, a piece of land situated in Cote St. Leonard, containing one and three-quarter arpents in front by thirty-one arpents in depth, with buildings fronting on the public road, this lot of land being known as No. 505, Parish of Longue Pointe, for \$10,000.

Edward W. H. Phillips sold to Avilda Raymond, several vacant improvements known as lots Nos. 97-111 to 113, 33-34, 38 to 47, 61, 69, 70, 90, 96, 97, 165, 622, 623, 624, 630, 98-6, 113-3, 4, 24, 32 to 38, 43, 54, 55, 84, 85, 90, 112 to 114, 119-9, 10, 15, 16, Sault au Recollet for \$2,500 and other considerations.

J. A. Genardin sold to Jules Girouard, an emplacement composed of lot No. 9-111 and the southeast part of lot No. 9-112 Cote de la Visitation, each emplacement measuring about 25 x 78 feet with buildings containing five tenements fronting on Parthenais street, Nos. 1223 to 1225, for \$12,000.

Chief among yesterday's thirty-six realty transfers was a transaction for \$13,445 for which amount Joseph Fred Martineau sold to R. Julian, two emplacements situated in the town of Maisonneuve, known as lots Nos. 18-248 and 249, Hochelaga ward, with buildings fronting on Bourbonniere street.

William H. Taylor sold to the Right Rev. C. Farthing, Lord Bishop of Montreal, a certain piece of land situated at the west corner of Gouin Boulevard and Pasteur street in Bordeaux ward, containing a superficial area of 15,065 square feet, and composed of lots Nos. 323-67, 323-68-1 and 323-68-3, Parish of Sault au Recollet, for \$6,000.

FIRE COMPANIES FEARFUL OF SASKATCHEWAN HOTEL RISKS

Of Six Hotel Fires Five are Being Investigated by Commissioners—Several Companies Have Cancelled Policies.

Saskatoon, Sask., April 28.—Six hotels in Saskatchewan have been destroyed by fire since Premier Scott's banish-the-hot policy was announced, and in every case save one an investigation is now being conducted by Provincial Fire Commissioner McLean. Several fire insurance companies have taken alarm and cancelled all their hotel policies in this Province, while others have scaled down their risks, according to Mr. A. J. Trotter, of the Willoughby-Sumner Company.

A large number of applications for new policies have been rejected. Many hotels are insured either by mortgage companies or by brokerages which are interested in them. Mr. Trotter said, and in these cases the insurance companies have been more inclined to continue the policies, but where a hotel is in private hands and its profit depends on the bar receipts, insurance companies have become exceedingly careful.

Several companies have made announcements of their future policies with regard to hotels. Some state that under no circumstances will they insure hotels for more than two-thirds of their estimated value, while others put the limit at 50 per cent. Still others will decline in future to carry any insurance of hotels whatever. In many cases advantage has already been taken of the clause which allows insurance companies to cancel policies on seven days' notice.

The appraisers of the damage done by the fire at the Alexandra School on the morning of April 4, have completed their work, and assess the damage done at somewhat over \$8,000. Fifty-one insurance companies are interested in the insurance of the building and the liability ranges from \$30 to \$500, according to the amount of insurance placed with them, the largest amount of insurance being held by the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company.

MARITIME PROVINCE SECURITIES.

(Quotations furnished by J. C. Mackintosh & Co., Members Montreal Stock Exchange, 166 Hollis Street, Halifax, N.S.)

	Asked.	Bid.
Eastern Canada Savings & Loan	145	140
Eastern Trust Company	160	155
Maritime Nat. & Tel. pfd.	98	93
xMar. Tel. & Tel. pfd.	75	70
Nova Scotia Underwear, pfd.	95	90
Do, common	35	30
Porto Rico Tel. Pfd.	105	102
Porto Rico Telephone Common	60	45
Stanfield's, Limited, pfd.	95	90
Do, common	45	39
Trinidad Electric	72	68
Bonds.		
Brandram-Henderson, 6 p.c.	97	92 1/2
Eastern Car, 6 p.c.	98	94
Maritime Nat. 6 p.c.	101	99
Mar. Tel. & Tel. 6 p.c.	100	97
Porto Rico Telephone, 6 p.c.	100	96
Stanfield's, Limited, 5 p.c.	98	95
Trinidad Electric, 5 p.c.	85	80
x Ex-dividend.		

C. M. SCHWAB ON INSPECTION.

New York, April 28.—Charles M. Schwab is in Bethlehem on a tour of inspection of the Bethlehem Steel works. Mr. Schwab, with a party of thirty, will leave Thursday for San Francisco, stopping en route at various points of interest. The party will return about June 1.

SIR THOMAS COMING HOME.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy leaves Vancouver this afternoon for the East, making the trip by easy stages in daylight.

BRITAIN'S FIRE LOSSES IN MARCH WERE \$1,507,500

An estimate of the cost of the principal fire losses in the United Kingdom during March made by the London "Times" shows an amount of £301,500, which compares with losses of £361,000 in February and £260,400 in March of last year. All three months were thus expensive for fire insurance companies.

The more important fires during the past month occurred at woollen mills at Morley, Yorks, on March 6, costing £15,000; at cotton mills at Rochdale on the 10th, costing £22,000; at Phillorth House, Edinburgh, on the 25th, costing £25,000, and at a Glasgow furniture warehouse on the 27th, costing £40,000. Only fires are taken into account in the estimate in which the damage amounted to £1,000 or more.

VERDUN TENEMENT BURNED.

Three families were rendered homeless yesterday afternoon by a fire which gutted a Verdun tenement house in Rielle avenue, Nos. 388, 390 and 392. The blaze originated from some cause as yet unknown, in the apartment occupied by Mr. C. Daoust, at 388. The Verdun fire department after an hour of hard work extinguished the fire, but not before the apartment in which the fire originated, as well as that of Fred. Bateman, at 390, and Narcisse Breton at 392, were badly damaged by fire, smoke and water. Damage will amount to nearly \$2,000, covered by insurance.

A barn belonging to the Cote des Neiges College, was destroyed yesterday afternoon by fire. The western division of the brigade, under District Chief Favreau, managed to confine the fire to the structure in which it started, although for a time other adjoining buildings were threatened.

ANOTHER FRATERNAL IN TROUBLE.

A committee of 250 members of the Order of Epitaph of Philadelphia, all members for more than 25 years, has applied to the Common Pleas Court in that city for the appointment of a receiver on the ground that the "Order is both decadent and insolvent" and that its only income is derived from assessments, constantly increasing in amount, from a dwindling membership. The Court is also asked for an injunction restraining the Order from expelling any member who declines to pay the assessment due April 25.

REAL ESTATE AND TRUST COMPANIES

Quotations for to-day on the Montreal Real Estate Exchange, Inc., were as follows:

Exchange, Inc., were as follows		Bid	Asked
Aberdeen Estates		—	125
Beaudin Lee		—	107
Bellevue Land Co.		70	75 1/2
Bleury Inv.		97	104
Caledonian Realty		3	5
Can. Cons. Lands Ltd.		3	5
Cartier Realty		—	78
Dumont Park Machine		100	107
City Central Real Estate (Com.)		—	8
City Estate Ltd.		—	120
Corporation Estates		—	85
Cote St. Luc & R. Inv.		50	52
C. C. Couture, 7 1/2 (Pfd.)		—	17
Credit National		—	114
Crystal Spring Land Co.		—	58
Damout Realty Co. Ltd.		45	60
Denis Land Co. Ltd.		75	90
Dorval Land Co.		15	20 1/2
Drummond Realities Ltd.		—	100
Eastmount Land Co.		90	97
Fort Realty Co. Ltd.		—	24 1/2
Greater Montreal Land Inv. (Com.)		174	180
Greater Montreal Land Inv. (Pfd.)		100	118
Highland Factory Ltd.		25	38 1/2
Improved Realities Ltd. (Pfd.)		50	60
Improved Realities Ltd. (Com.)		—	15
J. & R. Realty Co.		78 1/2	103
Monterey Realty Co.		55	70
Co. D'Immoblie Union Ltee.		55	67
Co. Immobiliere du Canada		40	73
Co. Im. Ouest de N.D de Grace		91	94
Co. Industrielle d'Immeuble		—	90
Co. Montreal Est. Ltee.		90	92
Co. Nationale de l'Est.		90	90
Chine Land Co.		—	125
Childers Co. Ltd.		—	97
City of Montreal		—	97
Circle Realty		—	100
Societe Blvd. Pie IX.		—	64
Colon Dry Dock Land Limited		—	80
Coquill Realty Co.		—	100
Union de l'Est		101	101
Hotel City Annex		—	10
St. Martine Realty Co.		—	10
Montreal Deb. Corp. (Pfd.)		—	44
Montreal Deb. Corp. (Com.)		—	34
Montreal Edmontown Western Land		—	30 1/2
Montreal Extension Land Co. Ltd.		—	92
Montreal Factory Lands		55	66
Montreal Lachine Land Syn. Co.		95	101
Montreal Land Imp. Co. Ltd.		40	64
Montreal South Land Co. (Pfd.)		10	18 1/2
Montreal South Land Co. (Com.)		10	18 1/2
Montreal Welland Land Co. (Pfd.)		—	15
Montreal Welland Land Co. (Com.)		10	15
Montreal Western Land Corp.		—	75 1/2
Montreal Western Land Co.		—	85
Montreal Sights Limited		76	84
Montreal Bond & Realities Corp.		76	85
Montreal Heights		50	84
Montreal Centre Limited		125	130
Montreal Land Limited		150	155
Montreal Dame de Grace Realty		—	100
Montreal Land Co.		100	124
Montreal Claire Co.		175	178
Montreal Estates		—	70
Montreal Land Co.		100	113 1/2
Montreal Field Land Co.		27	30
Montreal Hill Park Realities Co.		—	16
Montreal Andrews Land		75	80
Montreal Catherine Road Co.		—	50
Montreal City Land Co. Reg.		75	79 1/2
Montreal Realities		—	90
Montreal Lawrence Heights of Canada		—	115
Montreal Lawrence Heights Limited		—	85
Montreal Lawrence Inv. & Trust Co.		—	75
Montreal Regis Park		95	102 1/2
Montreal Northern Counties Realities Co.		45	47
Montreal Shore Realty Co.		—	34
Montreal Hill Land Co.		650	680
Montreal Realities Co.		50	55
Montreal Corporation Bldg. (Pfd.)		—	62
Montreal Land Co.		80	86 1/2
Montreal Bank Realities Co.		—	130
Montreal Worth Realty		140	147
Montreal Bourne Realty Co.		—	75
Montreal End Land Ltd.		—	80
Montreal Greer Arcade Ltd., 6% with 100%		—	79
Montreal Bonds and Debentures.			
Bldg., 7% sec. mtg. bonds, with		—	75
Gardens, Toronto, 6%		—	79 1/2
Canadian Realities Co. Ltd.		75	83
Central Real Estate Bonds		—	80
R. & Inv. Co. Bonds		—	80
Greater Montreal Realty		—	70
Greater Trust Gold Bonds		95	101
Greater Trust Deb. Corp., 6%		—	394
Greater Corporation Bldg.		—	70
Trust Companies.			
Bank of Montreal		110	112 1/2
Bank of Toronto		250	260
Bank of Nova Scotia		181	200
Bank of New Brunswick		—	221
Bank of New South Wales		490	505
Bank of India, 75, 50% paid up (Pfd.)		95	116
Bank of India, 75, 50% paid up (Pfd.)		—	80