

PROBLEM 49.—TO DESCRIBE A CIRCLE TOUCHING TWO GIVEN CIRCLES *BC*, *DE*, AND ONE OF THEM IN A GIVEN POINT *A*.

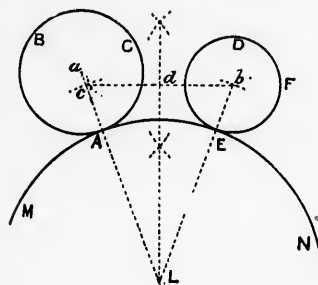


Fig. 1.

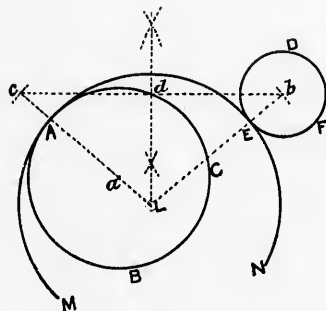


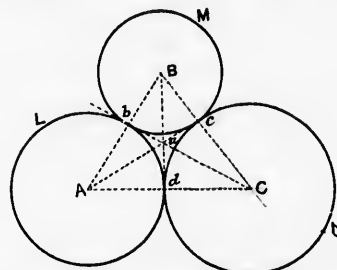
Fig. 2.

Join the point *A* to *a* the centre of the circle *CB*. In this line, or in the line produced, make *Ae* equal to the radius of the other given circle *DE*.

Join *b*, the centre of the circle *DE*, to *e*, bisect *eb* in *d*, and draw the perpendicular *dL*, meeting *Aa* produced in *L*.

From *L* as centre with the radius *LA*, describe the required circle.

PROBLEM 50.—FROM THE THREE GIVEN POINTS *A*, *B*, *C*, AS CENTRES, TO DESCRIBE THREE CIRCLES TOUCHING EACH OTHER.

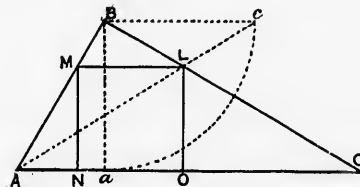


Join the given points and bisect the angles *A*, *B* and *C* by lines meeting in *a*. From *a* drop perpendiculars *ab*, *ac*, *ad* on the lines *AB*, *BC*, *CA*, respectively. With *A* as centre and *Ab* or *Ad* as radius, describe a circle.

With *B* as centre and *Bb* or *Bc* as radius, describe a circle which will touch the former in *b*.

With *C* as centre and *Cc* or *Cd* as radius, describe a circle touching the two former circles in *d* and *e*.

PROBLEM 51.—TO INSCRIBE A SQUARE IN ANY GIVEN TRIANGLE *ABC*.



From the point *B* draw *Ba* perpendicular to *AC*. Draw *Bc* parallel to *AC* and equal to *Ba*.

Join *Ae*, cutting *BC* in *L*.

Draw *LM* parallel to *AC*, and *LO*, *MN* parallel to *Ba*.

MLOK will be the required square.