certain, however, that the imports and consequent revenue during the period mentioned were very largely in excess of the merchants' necessities, and the imports for the succeeding quarter were correspondingly small.

In order to complete the comparison of imports of the principal articles of commerce up to the end of the last fiscal year, I append the following comparative table, merely dropping the imports of 1876 and adding those of 1879. This statement will be found interesting and instructive, but does not appear to require any further remarks:—

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of the undermentioned Articles entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada, and the Countries from whence Imported, during the Fiscal Years ending 30th June, 1877, 1878 and 1879, respectively.

	Countries.	Entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada during the Fiscal Years ending 30th June.					
Articles.		1877.		1878.		1879.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
-		Lbs,	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Acid, Sulphuric	Great Britain United States	1,814 1,325,409	61 27,441	575 752,051		67,917 912,964	1,123 17,898
	Total	2,327,223	27,502	752,626	15,921	980,881	19,018
Butter	Great Britain United States Norway	Lbs. 2,148 178,689	520 40,770		22,277		208 20,858
	Total	180,837	41,290	111,557	23,773	96,490	21,066
Cigars	Great Britain United States France Germany Switzerland China British West Indies Spanish West Indies Danish West Indies Newfoundland Mexico Sandwich Islands. Spain Belgium St. Pierre Holland Phillipine Islands. Russia South America	263 279 93 44 349	126,559 1,176 9,271 790 67 315 86,914 1,109 510 218 84	74,708 2,935 21,959 544 456 639 20,734 21 36	159,712 3,285 10,688 503 468 1,504 60,095 45 15	97,577 3.865 50,137 395 395 32,614 28,099 52 1,128 109 65 146 2,728	1,65 21 16
	Total	99,652	241,142	134,186	255,443	211,681	339,26