

## Questions

2.	Publications	Periodicals	Posters	Press Releases
1960	26	8	1	127
1961	37	8	1	135
1962	480	8	137	104
1963	522	8	144	90
1964	474	8	106	70
1965	893	8	134	98
1966	1178	8	254	86
1967	668	8	168	99
1968	750	8	127	143

All publications are the responsibility of each separate division of the Department of National Health and Welfare, and their cost varies according to the requirements of the division. Thus, costs involved are difficult to obtain as new publications, reprints and revisions are done through a number of different channels. To assess costs of each publication would involve an excessive amount of staff research and would be most difficult under the present resource limitations.

3. See answer in 2. Distribution is effected as follows: (a) health publications through the Provincial Departments of Health; (b) welfare publications through Canada Pension Plan, Old Age Assistance and Family Allowance Headquarters and Regional Offices.

CROWN ASSETS DISPOSAL CORPORATION—  
SALES PROCEDURE

Question No. 2,354—**Mr. Beaudoin:**

1. What criteria does the government use in the choice of its tenderers in relation to the disposition by Crown Assets Disposal Corporation of trucks, jeeps, etc.?

2. How many of these tenderers were from the Province of Quebec?

3. How much has the government realized each year from the sale of goods by Crown Assets Disposal Corporation for the period 1960 to 1968 inclusive?

4. On what basis does the government compare the original costs of such goods?

[Translation]

**Hon. James Richardson (Minister of Supply and Services):** In so far as Crown Assets Disposal Corporation is concerned: 1. The Corporation maintains lists of all companies, establishments and individuals who have in some manner recorded with the Corporation their interest in the sale of trucks, jeeps, etc.

2. There are 632 companies and individuals located in the Province of Quebec listed on the solicitation lists to receive tenders.

3. 1959-1960, \$6,671,475; 1960-1961, \$7,201,810; 1961-1962, \$7,166,131; 1962-1963, \$6,708,661; 1963-1964, \$6,430,775; 1964-1965, \$11,-

019,634; 1965-1966, \$10,932,480; 1966-1967, \$14,741,192; 1967-1968, \$9,820,259; 1968-1969, \$8,586,045; Total, \$89,278,462.

4. Most of the materials and surpluses sold by the Corporation consist of military equipment having little commercial application.

The bulk of the surpluses is sold on the basis of recovery of the value of the basic material content, as salvage and prices realized in most cases do not bear any meaningful relationship to the original cost of such goods.

[English]

NATIONAL PARKS—RENEWAL OF BUSINESS LICENCES

Question No. 2,432—**Mr. Sulatycky:**

1. How many applications by an existing business for a renewal of its licence to function in a National Park have been refused since 1957?

2. What is the name of each person, firm or corporation to whom or to which a renewed business licence has been refused since 1957?

3. Prior to the refusal to grant such renewed licence, did the Crown in any case make an offer to the lessee of the property from which the applicant for such licence carried on business, for the purchase of the leasehold interest, which offer was refused?

**Hon. Jean Chrétien (Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development):** 1. There are many business licences issued in National Parks each year and it would be necessary to examine each licence for each year since 1957 to yield this type of information. Records are not kept in such a way as to find this information without considerable cost financially and in man years. Business licences for established businesses are rarely refused renewal and when they are, if the operator agrees to meeting the minimum standards, the licence is issued or reinstated as the case may be.

2. As indicated in the answer to part 1, the costs financially and in man years to the taxpayer to search for the information would be exorbitant.