

## National Council of Women of Canada.

## PROGRAMME CONTINUED.

FRIDAY, JUNE 18TH, 1920.  
Afternoon Session, 2.30 p. m.

Report of the Committee on Education.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Executive Committee.  
WHEREAS, the Dominion of Canada is composed in part of citizens who speak the French language, and  
WHEREAS the best relationships and understanding come through the medium of friendly intercourse, and  
WHEREAS in the conducting of interprovincial business it is necessary to understand both French and English,  
BE IT RESOLVED, that in the highest interests of good citizenship and for the furtherance of good fellowship and patriotism, both French and English shall be taught to all children attending public and separate schools—such instruction to commence in the curriculum for the Junior Third Room or its equivalent, and that this policy be approved from the national viewpoint by the National Council of Women of Canada and passed on to the Provincial Councils for such action as they deem fit.

Report of the Committee on Professions and Employments for Women.  
Minutes.  
Visit County Hospital and Simms Factory by special invitation.  
FRIDAY, JUNE 18TH, 1920.  
Evening Session, 8 p. m.  
Art Conference.  
Art in Canada—Mrs. Dignam, Convener of Fine and Applied Arts.  
Discussion led by the Moose Jaw and St. John Local Councils.  
Songs.  
The Art of Story Telling—Mrs. Horace Parsons (by request of the Woman's Art Association).  
National Anthem.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1920.

9.30 a. m. to 9.45 a. m.—  
Devotional Meeting in Committee Room.  
Silent Prayer.  
Correspondence.  
Report of the Committee on Supervised Playgrounds.  
Report of the Committee on Objectionable Printed Matter.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Calgary Local Council.  
(1) Resolved, that the National Council take steps to prevent the exhibition of trained animals in any theatre or places of public amusement owing to the cruelty necessary in training.  
(2) Resolved, that the exhibiting of deformed or freak children be prohibited.  
Saturday afternoon, Reception by Lieut. Governor Pugsley and Mrs. Pugsley at the Manor House.

MONDAY, JUNE 21ST, 1920.

9.30 a. m. to 9.45 a. m.—  
Devotional Meeting in Committee Room.  
10 a. m.—Morning Session—  
Silent Prayer.  
Correspondence.  
Report of the Committee on Equal Moral Standard.  
Business concerning the Woman's Century.  
Report of the Special Committee relating to Soldiers' Pensions and Soldiers' Dependents.  
Minutes.

MONDAY, JUNE 21ST, 1920.

Report of the Committee on Conservation of the Natural Resources.  
Report of the Committee on Agriculture.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Executive Committee.  
That in view of women's new positions as citizens, it becomes increasingly evident that the fullest information as to their status, problems, etc., should readily be available.  
AND WHEREAS, women everywhere need a centre for information and inspiration.  
BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that a Bureau of Information be instituted by the National Council of Women.  
Minutes.  
Auto Trips.

MONDAY EVENING.

To be arranged by St. John Local Council.  
New Brunswick Evening—Address, "Problems Affecting Public Health," by Minister of Public Health, Dr. Roberts.

TUESDAY, JUNE 22ND, 1920.

9.30 a. m. to 9.45 a. m.—Devotional Meeting in Committee Room.  
10 a. m.—Morning Session.  
Silent Prayer.  
Correspondence.  
Report of the Committee on Laws concerning Women and Children.  
Report of the Committee on Immigration.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Ottawa Local Council.  
WHEREAS, cases marked for deportation at the Ports may appeal to the Minister against the decision of the officer in charge, and  
WHEREAS the Minister's decision is final as to whether a mistake has or has not been made and, the order of the officer in charge.  
BE IT RESOLVED that we, the National Council of Women of Canada request the Government that the Deputy Minister of Federated Department of Health and the Medical Director of the Canadian Society of Mental Hygiene be associated with the Minister in being the first court of appeal in such cases.

TUESDAY, JUNE 22ND, 1920.

Afternoon Session, 2.30 p. m.  
Report of the Committee on Household Economics.  
Report of the Committee on Taxation.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Single Tax Association.  
WHEREAS the enormous National Debt caused by the war calls for greatly increased revenue, and  
WHEREAS industry is already overburdened with taxation and  
WHEREAS the greater part of Canada is held out of use for speculation,  
BE IT RESOLVED that the National Council of Women of Canada favor releasing industry from taxation and raising all revenue by collecting the annual rental of land, thus simplifying all reconstruction problems such as housing problem, the pension problem, and all problems that divide Capital and Labour and tend to overthrow free institutions.  
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the National Council of Women of Canada commend the proposal of the Federal Government to raise \$100,000,000 by taxing land values.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Executive Committee.  
WHEREAS the reading of books has become the habit of people, and  
WHEREAS on account of the multiplicity of inexpensive books offered to the public, there is difficulty of choice and wise selection.  
BE IT RESOLVED that a National Reading Union be established in the National Council of Women at their headquarters, to encourage systematic, carefully chosen courses of reading to be arranged for each year and approved by the Annual Meeting.  
Minutes.

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 22ND, 1920.

Reception by Mayor Schofield.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23RD, 1920.

9.30 to 9.45 a. m.—  
Devotional Meeting in Committee Room.  
10 a. m.—Morning Session—  
Silent Prayer.  
Correspondence.  
Report of the Committee on Public Health.  
Report on Nominations.  
Election of Officers.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Ontario Woman Citizens' Association.  
Seconded by  
BE IT RESOLVED that the National Council of Women study the clauses relating to Bigamy.  
(307-310 of Chapter 146.)—With a view (a) to having a minimum sentence imposed, and (b) to protect a woman who has been bigamously married in a country—not Canada (see sub-section 4 of clause 307) and (c) to decide whether sub-section B of Clause 310 could not be construed to make adultery of any sort, a crime.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Executive Committee.  
Seconded by The Ontario Woman Citizens' Association.  
RESOLVED that the name of the Peace and Arbitration Committee be changed to the League of Nations' Committee.  
Minutes.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23RD, 1920.

Report of the Special Committee on the Criminal Code.  
Report of the Committee on Mental Hygiene.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Brandon Local Council.  
BE IT RESOLVED that the proxy system of voting be done away with, and further, that if any Federated Association cannot send a representative from within its own organization, or an officer or a Convener cannot go, a written vote may be sent on any matter on the Agenda.  
Report of the Conference with the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.  
Minutes.  
Auto drive to Westfield, guests of Mrs. John Bullock.

THURSDAY, JUNE 24TH, 1920.

9.30 to 9.45 a. m.—  
Devotional Meeting in Committee Room.  
10 a. m.—Morning Session—  
Silent Prayer.  
Correspondence.  
Report of the Finance Committee.  
Budget.  
Resolution moved on behalf of the Brandon Local Council.  
BE IT RESOLVED that the National Council of Women strongly recommend that all Federated Associations adopt a policy of raising a special fund to cover expenses of their delegation to the Annual Meeting.  
Place of the next Annual Meeting.  
Other business that may arise.  
Resolution of thanks.  
Minutes.  
National Anthem.

THURSDAY, JUNE 24TH, 1920.

Afternoon Session, 2.30 p. m.

Meeting of the Executive Committee.  
RESOLUTIONS that may be considered under By-Law 34.  
Moved on behalf of the Kingston Local Council.  
RESOLVED, that Section 33 of the by-laws be amended by the insertion of the words "all nominations to be by ballot" after the words "by the Executive Committee."  
Moved on behalf of the Woodstock Local Council.  
RESOLVED, that definite steps be taken to strengthen the Immigration restrictions of Canada, and that special and closer examination be given at the port of debarkation by Medical Examiners experienced in defective work. All not passing these physical and mental tests to be denied admittance to Canada.

THREE-TWENTY-SEVENTH—

Moved on behalf of the New Westminster Local Council.  
RESOLVED, that The National Council of Women of Canada urge the Dominion Government to pass and enforce very stringent laws in regard to the importation and manufacture of those drugs that cause the users to become "drug addicts."  
Moved on behalf of The Ontario Woman Citizens' Association.  
(a) RESOLVED, that the name of the Peace and Arbitration Committee be changed to the League of Nations Committee.  
(b) RESOLVED, that the O. W. C. A. reaffirm to the National Council of Women its desire that another deputation be appointed to wait on the Senate to state our case in amendments to the Criminal Code.

(c) RESOLVED, that the O. W. C. A. ask the National Council of Women to petition the Government to have the British North America Act so amended as to allow women to be appointed to the Senate.  
(d) RESOLVED, that the O. W. C. A., believing that the responsibility of women to take an active share in citizenship is an immediate necessity, do move that the National Council of Women shall again urge its affiliated societies to continue, strengthen and organize any citizenship movements amongst women, and that such movements shall be developed not only along theoretical, but also upon practical lines, which shall provide for a special effort directed towards encouraging the candidature of the best type of citizens in various departments of Government; also that every effort shall be made to bring out voters at election times to their fullest capacity.

(e) RESOLVED, that the National Council of Women shall petition the Dominion Government to provide for the appointment of one commissioner in each province, under the charge of a federal commissioner, whose duty it shall be to co-operate on the matter of prisons, with the understanding that some of the necessities of life shall be exported till the needs of the Canadian people are provided for.

Moved on behalf of the Hamilton Local Council.  
WHEREAS, much confusion has arisen in the minds of the general public, and especially among the business firms of Canada, as to the connection between the Woman's Century, Ltd., and The National Council of Women of Canada and their mutual financial obligations.

BE IT RESOLVED, that in order to clear such misunderstanding official connection between the National Council of Women of Canada and the Woman's Century be now severed, and be it further resolved that the National Council of Women of Canada arrange for such space in Woman's Century each month as is useful to give publicity to the work.

Moved on behalf of the St. Catharines Local Council.  
WHEREAS, there is great scarcity of trained teachers in all the Provinces of Canada, and  
WHEREAS, trained and experienced British teachers are barred from teaching in the Public Schools of Canada, without a further Course of Teaching in Canada, and  
WHEREAS, many British trained and experienced teachers are already residing in Canada and willing to teach, and

BE IT RESOLVED, that The National Council of Women of Canada take into immediate consideration the advisability of petitioning the Education Departments of Canada to make such alterations in the existing regulations as will render British teachers eligible, without further training.

Moved on behalf of the Ontario Woman Citizens' Association.  
WHEREAS, the Government is giving attention to the matter of the entry of the Hearst papers into Canada, and

WHEREAS, existing legislation does not prohibit the entry of such papers,  
BE IT RESOLVED, that the law be so amended to cover such cases.

RESOLVED, that the National Council of Women earnestly request the Government to develop the mines in the coal area of Canada so as to secure a sufficient supply at reasonable rates and with good shipping facilities for the Province of Ontario.

Sail up the St. John River, guests of Commercial Club.  
Automobile trip to Gondola Point, guests of N. B. Automobile Association. Dates to be arranged.

## ACADIA.

(Continued from page 4.)

principle that each side restore captured territories to the other. That Louisbourg was not theirs to give—having been gained by Colonial arms—was ignored and there was kindled in the Colonial mind that spark that a quarter of a century later was to burst forth into a flame of defiance and rebellion that deprived the British Crown of half a continent.

As a counterpoise to this false move, the British Government sent Cornwallis the next year (1749) to establish a city at Halifax. Events commenced then to move quickly—six years later another New England expedition captured the forts at the isthmus of Chignecto, which was followed by the expansion of the Acadians. Three years later an English force captured Louisbourg and the next year Wolfe terminated the French regime on this continent by the capture of Quebec.

It was not until three years after the latter date (1762) that Acadia was opened up for settlers from New England, previously to which the whole country was practically a wilderness. In 1671 there were only six families in the territory outside of Port Royal and only seventy-four in Port Royal. There were only ten families along the St. John river

as late as 1695. The first English settlement in the Province of New Brunswick took place in 1761, when twenty-five families from Rhode Island came in and occupied the deserted French farms at Sackville. About the same date the township of Amherst was settled.

ISRAEL PERLEY of Newburyport, Mass., after an exploratory visit up the St. John River, arrived there in 1765, with four vessels laden with settlers for Margerville and Sheffield. At this time the Peabody, Simonds, White and Hazen trading establishment at the mouth of the St. John, commenced to build up large interests. The Hopewell, Hillsboro and Moncton settlements, largely by German from Pennsylvania, were made in 1765, when also William Davidson built up a trade in fish and masts at Beausabear's Island. Many of the original English settlers were merely squatters, immense grants of land having been made by Governor Wilmot's government in Halifax to non-residents land grabbers and speculators, such as Boquet, Haldimand, Desbarres, McNutt and many others. These were either excheated later on by the Crown or sold under judgments obtained by settlers. McNutt had a grant of a territory no less than 1700 square miles along the St. John River. On the arrival of the Loyalists all unoccupied lands were thrown open and freeholds by the thousand were bestowed on terms of actual settlement only. From that date, the progress and development of the country was assured.

## Delicious Pastry

Busy Bee's Pastry appeals to the epicure. Its richness and flavor are proof of the purity and quality of its ingredients and the skill of our high-class bakers.

THE BUSY BEE - 143 -  
CHARLOTTE ST.

Liberals and Progressives.

(Saskatoon Star.)  
On the most important question of fiscal policy the Liberals have made no declaration of principle and have refrained from suggesting any means of making up the revenue which would be lost through reduction of the tariff. On another important and really vital question, public ownership of public utilities, such as the railways, the Liberals have always opposed public ownership, and the New National Policy stands firmly for it. Many other differences in policy might be mentioned, insofar as the Liberals have a policy on the questions which the independent group considers of importance.

**REGAL**  
The Big Value in  
**FLOUR**  
for Bread, Cakes & Pastry  
The St. Lawrence Flour Mills Co.  
Montreal, P.Q. Toronto, Ont.



## Keeps Baby's Skin Healthy

If every mother could only realize the danger which lurks in the neglect of chafing and skin irritations she would not take chances on being without Dr. Chase's Ointment to apply after baby's bath.

It arrests the development of eczema and makes the skin soft, smooth and velvety.

60 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

## Dr. Chase's Ointment

## TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

## GOLD MEDAL HAIR OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1606. Guaranteed. All druggists, 50c. a box. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.



## Beware of the Moth!

Your Valuable Furs  
Your Valuable Winter Clothing

is assured

Absolute Protection  
by our storage system.

Scientific, thorough  
Cleansing  
Storing  
Insuring.

Receipts and guarantees  
furnished.

## Economical Estimates

are being furnished  
daily for repairs,  
remodelling, and  
special orders  
in Furs.

D. Magee's Sons, Ltd.  
Master Furriers Since 1859  
in St. John.