

C.P.R. TRAINS IN COLLISION AT TERREBONNE

Two Men Killed and Several Injured When Boat Special Collides With Montreal Quebec Express.

HOSPITAL TRAIN RUSHED TO SCENE

Boat Special Remained on the Rails, the Express Coaches Receiving the Severe Damage from the Impact.

Montreal, Que. Nov. 23.—Two men are known to have been killed and six injured on Saturday night when a boat special on the C. P. R., near Terrebonne, on the C. P. R., between a special carrying passengers from the Empress of France, which docked yesterday at Quebec, for Toronto, and the Montreal-Quebec express. The men killed were members of the train crew while the injured were with one exception in the Montreal to Quebec express. The passengers on the boat special escaped with nothing more than bruises.

The dead are: Firman Sanchez, Quebec, on the boat special, and E. A. Milner, Montreal, an express messenger on the Montreal to Quebec express.

The injured are: Alphonse Leclerc, 70 Chamfleur street, Montreal; Ed. Dault, Charles-Magne street, Quebec; Joseph Marchand, 187 St. James street, Montreal; N. Freschette, 78 Seventh street, Lamouille, Quebec; George Prescott, 317 Prince Edward avenue, Quebec, (fireman), all on the Montreal to Quebec express and Leon Leclerc, Quebec, engineer on the boat special.

Traveling in Speed The two trains were travelling at a fair rate of speed when the collision took place. The boat special remained on the tracks, but two baggage cars and the second class coach of the express were derailed and subsequently caught fire. The passengers in the express were knocked about by the impact, people in the dining car being pitched across the tables. The accident happened about six thirty in the evening and within an hour the C. P. R. had despatched an auxiliary train with wrecking outfit and hospital cars to the scene of the collision. The boat special which was carrying about three hundred passengers, was derailed with a second special following and was sent on to Toronto this morning. The passengers on the Quebec express were brought back to Montreal and lodged in the Royal Victoria Hospital.

FATAL SHOOTING ACCIDENT OCCURS AT DELOP'S COVE

Sixteen Year Old Boy Loses His Life Under Peculiar and Mysterious Circumstances.

Special to The Standard. Digby, Nov. 23.—Word reached Digby today of a fatal shooting affair either accident or suicide which took place at Delop's Cove, last Wednesday, when Cecil Lewis, a sixteen-year-old boy lost his life.

He had been out in the yard cutting wood and about four o'clock went into the house and announced that he was going hunting. He went into his room for the gun and a few seconds afterwards a report was heard. His sister went in and found him lying dead, a bullet from the gun having entered his mouth and passed out through the brain.

It may have been purely accidental, but the wound was in the roof of the mouth and not even his teeth had been shattered, which makes it look as though he had the muzzle in his mouth. An inquest was held yesterday before Coroner McKay, of Annapolis, and an open verdict to the effect that death resulted from a rifle shot in his own hands was found. He was a son of Hilley Lewis and leaves, besides his parents, several brothers and sisters.

Steamer Myron's Crew Added To Victims of Lake Superior's Fury

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 23.—Eighteen persons, comprising the crew of the steamer Myron, are believed tonight to have been added to the victims of Lake Superior's fury of the past two weeks. Caught in a terrific northwester, the Myron foundered a mile and a half off White Fish Point last night, and early today sank in four fathoms of water.

Efforts were made by two steamers to throw lines to the men clinging to the cabin. So wild was the sea, however, that the men could not hold the lines, and for their own safety the two steamers were compelled to leave the scene. Tonight coastguards are patrolling the shores of White Fish Bay for forty-five miles, hoping the Myron's two lifeboats will be blown ashore.

Jap-American War Looms Up In Full Light

Paris, Nov. 22.—Commenting upon the failure of the American Senate to ratify the Peace Treaty, L'Humanite says: "Peace without America means continuation of a state of war. The American and Anglo-French alliances crumble with a crash, and an American-Japanese conflict appears in its full light. A League of Nations without America simply means reverting to pre-war alliances."

Ishii's View Of Shantung Reservation

Thinks Senate's Action Will Revive Drooping Spirits Of China, But Will Not Be Acceptable to Other Powers.

Tokyo, Wednesday, Nov. 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—Viscount Kikuchi Ishii, former Japanese Ambassador to the United States, commenting today in the Asahi on the reservation adopted by the United States Senate on the clause in the German Treaty concerning Shantung, said he doubted whether the other powers would approve the reservation. The Senator's action, he declared, would probably revive the drooping spirits of the Chinese, who lately have evinced an inclination to open negotiations with the Japanese. "The reservation will have no practical effect on the validity of the Shantung stipulation, since all the rights are in the hands of Japan and the question can hardly be submitted to the League of Nations," Viscount Ishii continued. "The only effect America obtains is the good will of China. However, the reservation may place an obstacle in the way of the Anglo-Japanese negotiations, resulting in an unfavorable situation both for China and Japan as well as for America in the far East."

WARNS AGAINST TOO OPTIMISTIC VIEW OF COAL SUPPLY

Mr. Connor Says a Blizzard or Heavy Snowfall Would Seriously Change Situation.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—Mr. D. H. Connor, head of the Fuel Section, Canadian Trade Commission, and assistant to Fuel Controller Magrath, commenting this morning on the United States embargo on the export of anthracite to Canada, thought there was a danger of too much optimism on the part of the Canadian dealers. Most of them, he said, have a fairly good supply on hand and, therefore, think they are safe for the winter, but the arrival of a blizzard with a foot or so of snow would change their tone. Mr. Connor stated that shipments of anthracite to Canada at the present time were about equal to those for the same period last year, but not so heavy as during the corresponding month of 1917. The bituminous coal supply situation is unchanged.

HUGHES REGRETS SENATE'S ACTION

Thinks U. S. Failure to Ratify Treaty Creates a Serious Situation.

Sydney, N. S. W., November 23.—Wm. H. Hughes, Premier of Australia, expressed regret today over the action of the United States Senate, saying it created a serious situation. He declared he was sure, however, the policy would be to cultivate the closest friendship with America even in the regrettable event that she is not yet included in the League of Nations.

MEXICO REFUSES TO GIVE JENKINS HIS FREEDOM

The Mexican Reply to the Sharp Note Demanding Release of Consular Agent Expected in Washington Today.

ADDITIONAL CHARGES LAID AGAINST AGENT

Charges Based Upon Alleged Evidence That He Actually Assisted Persons in Rebellions Against Gov't.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—The answer of the Mexican government to the sharp note demanding the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Puebla, probably will be delivered to the State Department tomorrow. A long despatch bearing on the Jenkins case, it was learned, had been received at the Mexican Embassy and was being decoded today for presentation to the government.

While authoritative information as to the attitude of the Mexican government was lacking, all indications here pointed to a technical refusal to order the release of Jenkins. Since the case was learned, additional charges against the American official have been formulated based upon alleged evidence that he actively assisted persons in rebelling against the Carranza government.

Payment of a large sum of money to the rebels, which was needed by them to purchase munitions, and acting in collusion with rebel leaders are said to be specific counts in the new indictments. What was regarded as a hint into Mexico's position in the Jenkins case was noted in an article published by the Mexican newspaper Excelsior, a copy of which reached Washington today. The paper stated specifically that Jenkins' second arrest was based upon charges that he actively assisted the rebels.

Hearing Secret. "The certain sum of money," which Jenkins is accused of delivering to the rebels, consisted of the 300,000 pesos he had conspired to pay as ransom for Francisco Comolli, the rebel whose forces kidnapped him. The collusion charge is based upon the fact that Jenkins agreed to pay the rebel leader the ransom in order to save his life and gain his liberty.

Contrary to custom in Mexican courts, the proceedings in the Jenkins case on the occasion of his second arrest were marked with complete secrecy. Jenkins was summoned to court where he was placed under arrest. His plea for bail was refused by Judge Gonzalez Praxedes on account of the "gravity of the offense" and every particular of the proceedings was kept secret. He was charged with the offense of "grave delinquency" and was ordered to be held in custody until he could be tried. The case is being handled with the utmost secrecy.

U. S. TO PLACE QUARANTINE ON ONTARIO BORDER

The Prevalence of Smallpox in Toronto and Other Places in Province Makes Move Necessary.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 23.—On account of the prevalence of smallpox in Toronto and other cities in the province of Ontario, the United States Public Health Service will establish border quarantine effective at seven a. m. November 24. It was announced here tonight.

AUTO ACCIDENT AT NORTH SYDNEY

Ford and Overland Cars Smash With Serious Results for the Former.

Sydney, N. S. W., Nov. 23.—A car accident on the North Sydney road today resulted in an Overland car (the offending partner in the smash) and a Ford being badly damaged. The Ford was badly damaged and the driver was injured. The Ford did not get off so easily. It went over the edge of the culvert, turned round and landed over and was smashed to a mass of scrap wood, steel and rubber. Four people are badly injured as the result, their names are unknown yet.

New York Gives Prince Big Send Off

His Departure from New York Saturday Attended by Many Demonstrations of American Good Will.

WELL ESTABLISHED IN PEOPLE'S AFFECTIONS

All Day Large Crowds Lingered on Waterfront, Seeking to Show Their Affection in Their English Visitor.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The departure of the Prince of Wales from New York was attended by many demonstrations of the good feeling of New Yorkers. From early morning a great stream of people went back and forth across the harbor, where the Prince's ship was moored, and for five hours the Prince received the farewells of his American friends. Military and naval officers, public and professional men, business men, big and small; diplomatic representatives of many nations, educational heads and newspapermen, society leaders and boy scouts were all represented in the delegations which came out to bid the Prince Godspeed. Several thousand people visited H. M. S. Renown during the day to express their pleasure in the Prince's visit and their desire that he must leave America so soon. In less than five days the Prince of Wales has established himself permanently in the affections of the people of New York.

Cheered to Echo. All day long on the waterfront crowds lingered in the biting wind, seeking by this simple means to show their affection in their English visitor. After luncheon this crowd was swelled by the thousands who came down to send a cheer as the Renown moved down the river. When she sailed out to sea, the salute of 21 guns mingled with the shouts of Godspeed which went up from the crowds at the Battery which had come to "see him off" from the lower end of the island.

Complete. The visit of New York is complete. He has been to the great American exhibition in person, since the thoughtless impudence in prize that a prize can be given to a good fellow. On every hand his hope is to return to America soon is met with the approval. It is certain that he will be welcome.

Steamer With Fire In Hold Obligated To Make Halifax

Sailed from New York Monday With General Cargo, Chiefly of Grain, Hemp, Flour and Sugar.

Halifax, Nov. 23.—With a fire in number five hold, the steamer Francisco of the Wilson line, arrived here last night bound from New York. Hail with a large general cargo, chiefly of grain, hemp, flour and sugar.

LOAN CAMPAIGN IN FREDERICTON WAS HUMMER

District Canvassers and Managers Enjoy Banquet When Honor Flags Were Presented.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, Nov. 23.—The Fredericton district, composed of Fredericton, York county and a portion of Sunbury county, went over the top in the Victory Loan Campaign by securing over 75 per cent. more than its quota, according to the first official announcement of the results of the campaign in this district made at a public meeting held at City Hall, Saturday afternoon, to celebrate the success of the campaign, honor the successful canvassers, and present the Honor Flags and Crests.

MUTINY AT SEA AND CAPTURE OF AMERICAN SHIPS

Plans of Russian Soviet Revealed in Raid on Their Headquarters in New York.

New York, Nov. 23.—Mutiny at sea and the capture of American ships for the Russian Soviet Government were advocated in a newspaper printed in the Russian language which was seized today in a raid on one of the headquarters of the Communist party. To carry out this plan members of the party were advised to obtain positions as sailors.

DISAPPROVE OF D'ANNUNZIO'S EXPEDITIONS

Government Will Do Its Utmost to Prevent Evidently Planned Raids on Other Localities on Coast.

TROOPS SPREADING TERROR IN ZARA

According to Despatch from Spalato D'Annunzio Intends to Occupy Whole of Dalmatia as Near as Monro

Rome, Nov. 22.—Disapproval of Captain D'Annunzio's expedition against Zara is expressed by the Italian press. Major Gherardi, an Italian officer who has been with the forces along the Dalmatian coast, has arrived here and is expected to issue a press statement saying that D'Annunzio's act was necessary, because he feared Italy would withdraw her troops from Zara and leave the city at the mercy of the Jugoslavians. Rome, Nov. 22.—A semi-official official communication describing D'Annunzio's raid on Zara, says there are indications that expeditions have been planned for other Dalmatian localities, and the government will do its utmost to prevent these. It points out that the country by acts of "hot-heads to turn flame events to account." The government has taken all necessary attention, and will consider as a crime any tendency to disturb the peace of the realm. Complete order, it adds, reigns throughout the country.

Serbia's Ready. Venice, Saturday, Nov. 22.—A Serbian division, 12,000 strong and composed of picked men, has been concentrated at Spalato, on the Dalmatian coast, ready to oppose D'Annunzio if he approaches that city, according to information reaching Rear-Admiral Andrews, commander of the American forces in the Adriatic on board the armored cruiser Pittsburgh.

The American commander is in wireless communication with the entire Dalmatian coast and is able to receive an answer to a message in any point within five minutes. Since the Zara expedition of D'Annunzio no incident has occurred at any point on the coast; the chief reports, mainly of a nature to cause alarm, are of a nature to cause alarm.

MITAU'S CAPTURE BY LETTISH TROOPS IS CONFIRMED

Reval, Saturday, Nov. 22.—(By The Associated Press.)—Confirmation of reports of the capture of Mitau by Lettish troops was given in an official statement today at army headquarters. The statement declared that the request of Colonel Avallor-Bernhardt, commanding the West Russian armies in this region, for an armistice had been refused.

M. Tonisson, the new Estonian Premier, in announcing his policy, says Estonia will continue her efforts to obtain peace, providing there is no objection on the part of the Allies, whose policies Estonia will conform to.

Crests. The Fredericton G. W. V. A. band was in attendance with Bandmaster Moore, their new leader in charge and played several selections, and there were a number of specials. Previously the canvassers were guests at a luncheon at the Queen Hotel at which covers were laid for thirty-seven. Chairman McLellan presiding, and afterwards a group picture was made of the party.

The subject for this year's intercollegiate debate between Dalhousie University and the U. N. B. has been received by E. A. McCavour, president of the U. N. B. debating section. The debate will probably take place here some time in March.

The subject is: "Resolved, That in order to settle disputes between government and municipal employees and their employers the right to strike should be denied to such employees and a permanent commission should be appointed to adjust all differences as to wages and working conditions."

General Eberhardt Asks Lettish Commander To Accept Truce

Copenhagen, Nov. 22.—General Von Eberhardt, who has assumed command of the West Russian army, has asked the Lettish commander-in-chief to accept a truce pending the decision of a Riga despatch under Eberhardt's telegram declares the West Russian army had placed itself under German protection. It is said. The truce will become effective at midnight next Wednesday.

(No reply has been sent by the commander of the Lettish troops, who, however, points out that General Von Eberhardt's action might make the aggressive campaign of Colonel Bernhardt against Riga a German affair, according to the despatch.

New Problems In Siberia Set Japs To Thinking

Tokio, Thursday, Nov. 20.—(By The Associated Press.)—The opinion is growing in Japanese army circles that the retreat of Admiral Kolchak and the increasing ascendancy of the Bolsheviki in Siberia are so menacing that Japan cannot remain indifferent, the Jiji Shimpo says. Japan, adds the newspaper, may make a new proposal to the powers regarding the Siberian problem and likewise strengthen the Japanese forces in Siberia.

Movies Groan Under Heavy Taxation

Deputation Waits on Minister of Finance and Request Repeal of 15 Cent Tax on Reels.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 23.—Claiming that the taxation imposed upon the Moving Picture Industry in Canada was excessive and burdensome, a deputation representing the moving picture exhibitors of Canada, held a conference with Hon. Sir Henry Drayton, minister of finance, yesterday. The chief request of the delegation was for the repeal of the fifteen cents per day on each reel of motion pictures which, it was claimed, had become a burden on the industry and especially on the small exhibitor in the country town. Film censorship was also discussed. The film censorship situation in Ontario and Quebec was referred to as being unsatisfactory, and Sir Henry Drayton, while pointing out that censorship was entirely a provincial matter, thought that some step should be taken for an inter-change system of censorship whereby acceptance of a picture in one province would mean its acceptance in other provinces.

As a result of the request of the deputation, the motion picture men hope to have the fifteen cents a day tax taken off. The Finance Minister intimated that the government did not intend to maintain a burden upon any person.

Valuables Saved. On the lower floors the students and some of the professors, who had rushed to the scene of the fire, managed to save some of the most precious articles. Valuable paintings, photographs, and other articles which would have been impossible to replace, were taken out and carried to the rooms of the Cercle Laval nearby.

When the fire was under control several firemen made their way into the third floor of the north wing and, with the help of Dr. Gaston Stange, chief of the Notre Dame Hospital house staff, salvaged many valuable articles.

The copper dome of the Notre Dame de Lourdes church nearby grew red hot from the excessive heat and several streams had to be used to cool it off. The church was slightly damaged by water.

The blaze was one of the most sensational ever seen in Montreal. So vivid was the reflection in the sky that numerous alarms were turned in elsewhere for supposed fires.

FRANCE STUNNED BY ACTION OF U. S. SENATE

There is General Disappointment, Frequently Mingled With Indignation, Over Senate's Failure to Ratify Treaty.

Paris, Saturday, Nov. 22.—This was the third day since the announcement of the action of the American Senate regarding the treaty of peace with Germany, but the public is still hazy regarding what has happened, and there is general disappointment, frequently mingled with indignation, over the Senate's action.

Officials understand the limitations which the American constitution places upon the President's powers, but even they had seemingly relied on assurances from Washington that the Senate would ratify the pact after the spirit of party politics had spent itself.

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MONTREAL UNIV. SUFFERS HEAVY FIRE DAMAGE

Fire Broke Out in the Main Building of the University on Saturday Morning, Doing \$40,000 Damage.

MANY HAD NARROW ESCAPE FROM INJURY

Explosion of Tank of Alcohol, Which Set Fourth and Fifth Floors Ablaze, Caused Many to Seek Safety.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 23.—The main building of the University of Montreal, better known as Laval University, Montreal, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The damage done is estimated at \$400,000, covered by insurance. The cause of the fire has not yet been definitely settled, but a smoldering concert was held in the building on Saturday evening and it is thought by the students that lighted cigarettes butts may have been left around after it.

Several of the medical students had a narrow escape when the blaze broke out. They were counting the balloons for the class election, which took place Saturday, and bits of plaster from the ceiling fell and they were later notified that the top, or sixth floor of the building, was ablaze. They rushed for their hats and coats and made their way out a short time before the occurrence of an explosion which set the entire fourth and fifth floors ablaze in the centre of the building. The explosion is believed to have been caused by a tank of alcohol.

Firemen Hard Pressed. Men of the salvage department were inside on the lower floors placing covers when the explosion occurred and they rushed out leaving the covers which were soon destroyed. The line of hose which was inside at the time was burnt. Several firemen had placed a ladder on the gallery over the entrance, and led by District Chief Martin and Gauthier, were about to climb into the fifth floor when the explosion came and they were knocked off the ladder which broke. None of them were seriously injured, however, beyond a few cuts from bits of broken glass. Every man and every chemical device of the Montreal brigade was used to fight the flames.

The medical museum, which contained the body of "Giant" Beaupre, was considerably damaged and the medical laboratory was destroyed with all the dissecting cadavers.

On the lower floors the students and some of the professors, who had rushed to the scene of the fire, managed to save some of the most precious articles. Valuable paintings, photographs, and other articles which would have been impossible to replace, were taken out and carried to the rooms of the Cercle Laval nearby.

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