on the steel, and singing in chorus the well-known national air, "*Noch ist Polen Nicht verlorem.*" They keep step to the air, and on the first volley of the Prussian troops they fall on one knee, and then suddenly rising rush impetuously on the foe. This struggle for liberty which they hoped from Germany will be a war of extermination. Thirty-six pieces of heavy artillery and numerous field batteries are on the road, accompanied by grenades and rockets to carry on the slaughter.—On the evening of the 5th, heavy firing was heard in the neighbourhood of Wimario, which fort, as well as Fort Wilda, fired guns at intervals. At eleven o'clock the *rappel* was beaten in the streets of Posen, as it was reported the scythemen were advancing on the town.

The *Preussische Staats Anzeiger* gives the following particulars of the fighting at Buck:—

"Captain Boenigk entered Buck at half-past one o'clock, A. M., on the 4th inst. His force consisted of one battalion of infantry. He found the place in the possession of a civic guard, who assured him of their desire to maintain peace and order. Captain Boenigk quartered his soldiers in the town, and is said to have been careless in his measures of precaution. He was surprised by the insurgents about four o'clock in the morning. The soldiers were partly disarmed, and some of them murdered by the citizens, in whose houses they were quartered. All the officers were for a short time prisoners. They were liberated by ten soldiers, most of them Poles, who attacked the insurgents and drove them back.

"Captain Boenigk then succeeded in rallying his men. He drove the insurgents from the town, which he occupied till eleven o'clock in the morning, when he received information that fresh bands of insurgents were marching upon Buck. Upon this he evacuated the town and retired to Pelin. Six soldiers were killed, and sixteen wounded. One man's eyes were thrust out by the insurgents in the two mornings. He died during the night.

"An orderly from Buck informed Major Breetz at Gratz of these events, who sent off one company of foot to assist captain Boenigk. About ten o'clock information was received at Gratz that Buck was occupied by the insurgents, and the troops were either killed or taken. Major Breetz collected all his available forces and marched upon Buck, being reinforced on the road by the Company that preceded him, he approached the town, where he did not find the obstinate resistance he had been led to expect. His entrance was chiefly opposed by the priest of the place, who headed a party of scythemen. He was killed in doing so. The insurgents sacked Buck before they left; the booty was carried off by women who accompanied them. The greater part of the inhabitants of Buck have fled.

"The insurgents are spreading in all directions. This is no longer a war; it is downright butchery. Blood for blood is its motto. The insurgents of Stenszewo are the same who surprised Buck. They were led by Colonel Niezlewski. Eugen von Szczanicky, whom we captured, was one of the leaders, and very active in the attack upon our troops."

The following account of the battle of Miloslaw is given by a Polish officer, in a letter to General Willisen:—

"The Prussian artillery opened its fire upon the town, and the battle commenced at eleven A. M. The town, attacked first by two and then by two more battalions, was at length carried. Count Mielzynski's palace was plundered and he slightly wounded. In the meantime, Garczynski hastened to our support from Neustadt, whereupon we rallied, and took the palace and stormed the church, now defended by the Prussians, which, as well as the town, was soon in our hands again. But the Prussians, also reformed, attacked, and under cover of a heavy artillery, drove us into the neighbouring suburbs of Grunt. Already two regiments of the Prussian cavalry were advancing to charge us, when a loud hurrah was heard in the rear. This proceeded Bialoskovski, who, with his lancers and mounted scythemen, had hastened from Pleschen, and, falling upon the Prussian left flank, their cavalry, thus finding itself cut off, went to the right about, and dashing in amongst its own infantry, bore down everything in its flight. The Polish infantry, which had completely rallied by this time, again advanced, and, attacking the town on both sides, retook it, and drove the Prussians before them in great disorder in the direction of Wresnia and Schrada. Had our cavalry been in better condition, and not drooping with fatigue, we should have taken all the Prussian baggage, and, perhaps, artillery. Much blood has flown. Many brave men have fallen on our side. Only think, General, that with only 3,000 men in all, we fought from eleven A. M. to seven P. M., again st from 9,000 to 10,000 men, with twelve guns." The letter then proceeds to say, "Every district is preparing for revolt.—The whole province will ere long be in flames. A terrible blood bath is preparing. To what—to what, I beseech of you, can all this lead? They have driven us to a state of desperation! Would they have us act like madmen? Is there no means, no strength, no power, to prevent this? Do they not foresee the consequences that must result, if we fall, murdered by Prussia, in our exertions for freedom?"

The Royal Mail Steamer *Hibernia* arrived at New York from Halifax on Saturday last half an hour before the Buena Vista, American steamer, reached Boston. The news came back to Boston, by telegraph, just as it was about being forwarded to New York. If the Mail steamer had gone to Boston, the Buena Vista would have been *no where!*

A public meeting was called on Wednesday by the Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of considering the propriety of procuring admission into this Province, articles the growth, produce and manufacture of the United States duty free, provided similar articles are admitted into American ports without restriction. Resolutions to that effect were passed, and copies forwarded to the Lieutenant Governor, and likewise to members of the American Congress.

A change in the Mayoralty of this City is about to be made, consequent upon the elevation of John R. Partelow, Esquire, to the Provincial Secretaryship of this Province. We have heard the names of several gentlemen mentioned, whose claims to the distinguished office will be considered at the present meeting of the Executive Council,—among them, Henry Porter, William O. Smith, Robert P. Hazen, Isaac Woodward, and Henry Chubb, Esquires. A more popular appointment perhaps could not be made, than by the exaltation of the latter named gentleman to the office of Chief Magistrate of this City and County. But at the same time we must enquire what has become of the name of Benjamin L. Peters, Esquire, who is acknowledged on all hands to be the most efficient Magistrate in the City and County, and has served the public on former occasions with credit to himself and profit to the public both as Mayor and Alderman. It is therefore to be hoped that Mr. Peters' claims to the office will not go unnoticed.

The Executive Council closed their sitting at Fredericton on Wednesday, but the appointment of Mayor is deferred until their next meeting.

Her Majesty's schooner *Viper*, Lieutenant Bernard, commanding arrived in our harbor on Sunday from Bermuda. She will remain on this station during the season, for the purpose of protecting the Fisheries in the Bay of Fundy.

A large number of emigrants have arrived at Saint Andrews, for the purpose of being employed on the Railroad at that place.

APPOINTMENTS.

John R. Partelow, Esquire, Mayor of this city, and member of the Assembly for the County, has been requested by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor to take upon himself the office of Provincial Secretary, to which request Mr. Partelow has acceded, and will assume the duties of his important situation on the first of next month.

The Honourable John Simcoe Saunders has been appointed Clerk of the Circuits; George Botsford, Esquire, Clerk of the Legislative Council; Wm. A. Black, Esq. (late Sheriff of Kent,) is appointed to Northumberland; C. H. Jouett, Jr. Esq. to be Landing Surveyor at this Port.

Thomas Leavitt, Esquire, to be Commissioner of the Marine Hospital, at saint John, in the place of the Hon. John R. Partelow, resigned.

Robert Wark, Esquire, to be High Sheriff of the County of Kent.

William Scott to be Commissioner to expend £50 in King's County, out of the Grant of £100 for the Road from Hopewell to Hammond River.

We understand that an order was received by the last Mail from England, from the Honorable Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs, appointing C. V. Foreman, Esq., Superintending Officer of Imports at this Port, on the Imperial Establishment of Customs and Navigation Laws.—*New Br.*

Shipwrecks.—The ship *Cranston*, Cooper, master, 800 tons register, 23 days out from London, in ballast for this Port, went ashore near Shelburne, on the morning of the 22d inst., in a thick fog. The crew arrived here on Sunday morning in a schooner from Shelburne, and report that the vessel would become a total wreck. Materials were saved.—The C. belongs to T. E. Milledge, Esq., of this city, and was a fine ship about twelve months old. She was insured for £5,000. £2,500 in the Marine Assurance Office, £2000 in the Mutual Safety Insurance Co., New York, and £1100 in the Warren Office, Boston.

Captain Bonnigk then succeeded in rallying his men. He drove the insurgents from the town, which he occupied till eleven o'clock in the morning, when he received information that fresh bands of insurgents were marching upon Buck. Upon this he evacuated the town and retired to Pelin. Six soldiers were killed, and sixteen wounded. One man's eyes were thrust out by the insurgents in the two mornings. He died during the night.

Captain Healey, of the steamer *Herald*, arrived on Saturday night from Halifax, reports that the barque *Princess*, Newton, 39 days from Dublin, for this port, was totally lost on Cape Sable, on Tuesday night last, in a thick fog. Crew and passengers saved. The P. was about five years old, 506 tons register, and belonged to Messrs. D. & T. Vaughan, of this City. Vessel insured for £1500 in the Globe Assurance Office.

Capt. Healey also reports that a brig from Bordeaux, for this port had been lost on Cape Negro.

The Barque Bethel, arrived yesterday, reports a full rigged ship ashore on Saturday last, on Cape Sable,—the yards were lowered down, and topmasts struck; appeared about 700 tons, painted ports, and apparently new.—*Ib.*

More Murder.—We understand that a son of one O'Brian, a Turner, in Portland, quarrelled with one of his fathers apprentices, on Saturday night last, and attacked him with an axe, nearly severing the head from the body, rendering his chance of existence doubtful.

O'Brien's mother heard the scuffle, and went up stairs, but, whether from accident or design, she was thrown down again, and in the fall, her neck was broken.

Woman Drowned.—The body of an Irish woman was picked up yesterday, at the Breakwater; she is supposed to have fallen from an Emigrant vessel!

Fire.—The well-known and formerly much frequented resort, Frog-pond House, was burned down about noon on the 27th instant.

Man Drowned.—The Cook of the ship Ambassadress, lying at the Island Wharf, was drowned on Friday night last. It is supposed he fell from bows, as, when the tide receded, he was found lying on the mud alongside.—*Ibe.*

The new Bridge across the Falls we have not visited of late, but understand it is *going over* fast. The projector has already *gone*, [across the border.]

Fire.—The Dwelling House of Mr. Nathan H. Foster, at Upper Salmon River, in the Parish of Harvey, Westmorland County, with most of its contents, was accidentally destroyed by fire on the 11th inst.—leaving a poor man and six motherless children destitute of house or home at this time of general distress in the country.

A new American steamer, called the *Halifax*, burst her boilers in the Kennebec dam, at Augusta, Maine, on Tuesday last, with a tremendous explosion, causing the death of some six or eight persons.

We regret to learn, from a letter dated Hong Kong 21st February, 1848, that Assistant Commissary General Goldsmith's health had become so impaired by the climate, that he was obliged to go before a Medical Board, and obtain leave to return home for recovery. He would leave in a few days in the Ship *Fortitude*, for London, and we sincerely trust that the rest and quietness of the voyage, will, under the Divine blessing, be the means of restoring him to health. His return to this his native Province, would greatly gratify many warm friends and well wishers.—*Courier.*

Melancholy.—On Wednesday last, the body of Mr. George Pidgeon, eldest son of George Pidgeon, Esq., residing at Cardigan, was found drowned in the Nashwaaksis, in the neighbourhood of this city. No clue was found on the inquest, which was held before Henry Fisher, Jr., Esq., to develope the accident which led to his untimely death: but his fate will be long and deeply lamented in this place, not only by his friends, but generally among the people, with whom he was a great favourite.—*Fredericton Reporter.*

Destructive Fire.—*One Hundred and Thirty Houses Burned!*—At 2 o'clock on Friday morning, the watchman stationed by Messrs. Kipp & Brown to guard their extensive range of stables, corner of 9th avenue and 26th street, announced that they were on fire. Small spires of flames were seen to shoot up simultaneously from different parts of one of the large buildings, and, in spite of all exertions, soon enveloped the whole in a mass of flame. One hundred and thirty horses, and a large number of swine perished, and 27 stages, (two of them double) 40 tons of hay, 3,400 bushels of grain and feed, were destroyed, and also a large quantity of harness.—There were saved, 100 horses and 12 stages. The large brick house belonging to the firm was saved only by the great exertions of the firemen. The total loss is estimated at $75,000, on which there is an insurance of $14,000 at the Greenwich Insurance Co.; $4,000 at the N. American office; $3,000 at the Equitable; $2,500 at the Jefferson, and enough at three other offices to form a total of about $19,000.

There were seven buildings burned,—three of them brick, and the remainder of wood. Messrs. K. & B. have been once before burnt out, say about 15 years ago.—*New York Journal of Commerce.*

Indian War in Oregon—Four Battles—The Whites Victorious—Massacre of Missionaries.

Louisville, May 21, 1848.

By the arrival of Major Meek, from the West, we have late and most important news from Oregon, where all is confusion and bloodshed between the whites and Indians. Four powerful tribes have united and commenced a deadly war. Four battles took place in January, in three of which the whites succeeded in beating their enemy. Five hundred whites, fought a body of two thousand Indians a whole day, when the Indians retreated, after wounding a great number of whites.

On the 29th of November, a most horrid and brutal massacre was committed by the Cayuse Indians at the Presbyterian Mission, at the Wallah-Wallah Valley. Dr. Whitman and wife, with eighteen others, and sixty or seventy taken prisoners. The houses of the Missionaries and their neighbours were burned to the ground. The unfortunate prisoners were subsequently ransomed through the agency of Peter Skeo Ogden, chief factor of the Hudson Bay Company.

Major Meek passed up the river yesterday, on his way to Washington, with despatches for the Government, asking for immediate aid on the part of the Oregon settlers.

From Oregon.—The St. Louis Republican of the 18th publishes important news from Oregon. The reported massacre of Dr. Whitman and his family, by the Cayuse Indians is confirmed. The reason given by the Indians was, that Dr. W. had conspired to poison the whole tribe, in order that he and his friends might get possession of their lands and cattle. This suspicion seems to have been taken up by them in consequence of the death of numbers of the tribe, who had been sick with dysentery and fever, and were under the Doctor's care.

Eleven persons are reported to have been killed, and three to have been wounded. The following is given as a list of the killed:

Dr. Whitman, Mrs. Whitman, Mr. Rogers, Mr. Hoffman, Mr. Sanders, (schoolmaster,) Mr. Marsh, John Sager, Francis Sager, (youths,) Mr. Kimball, Mr. Gillen, Mr. Bewley, Mr. Young, Jr., (supposed to have been killed at John Day's River.) Hall made his escape and reached Fort Vancouver, but was unwell enough to attempt to get to the "lower country," after which time he was not heard of, except that the Indians reported that he had been killed.

The Legislature of Oregon assembled on the 7th of December, and on the 8th the Governor communicated, by special messenger to the Legislature, the particulars of the massacre, which took place on the 29th of November. The Legislature immediately authorised the Governor to issue a proclamation for raising 500 volunteer troops to make war on the Indians, and also a company of riflemen to occupy immediately the mission premises. The company was formed, and started the next day (the 9th) for Wallatpo, the seat of the mission.—Mr. Spalding and the women and children belonging to the mission family were escaped the fate of their companions, but were made captives by the Indians, had been randomed and given up, and had arrived at Fort Vancouver.

Mr. Meek, who was despatched as a special messenger to Congress, reports that when he left Walla Walla, on the 25th of January, the people of the territory of Oregon were at open war with four tribes of Indians—the Cayuse, Walla Walla, Shooter and Day Indians. Four Battles had already taken place between them.

Mr. Meek visited the mission premises on his way, and found that all the property about the place had been destroyed by the Indians, and the houses burnt. Here, too, were the heads of the Doctor and his amiable wife lying in the yard, and the bones of the other sufferers, scattered about on the ground.

He met on the way 245 wagons containing emigrants on their way to Oregon.—*Daily Evening Traveller.*

From Yucatan.—We learn from Capt. Fensley, of the bark Wave, from Sisal, May 8th, that the Indians are still committing most horrid cruelties. They were approaching, at last accounts, the only two cities left, Merida and Campeachy. If the whites do not get help soon from abroad, it will be all over with them. The hopes of peace are fallacious. Each party was deceiving the other. The whites were in hopes of gaining time that help might arrive, and the Indians were expecting ammunition; but on the 6th of may they had commenced again, and taken two towns in the department of Merida, and killed all they could get hold of. On the 8th of May the Indians were within 14 leagues of Campeachy.

A telegraphic despatch to this mornings papers, says: The Amigo del Pueblo, published at Campeachy, says the British Minister at Mexico has replied favourably to the offer of the sovereignty of Yucatan in return for assistance. A British frigate had arrived at Island Carmen. The Minister says there is no doubt the British Cabinet will grant aid.—*Ib.*

Dr. Halsey's Gold and Silver Pills.—Are founded upon the principle that nearly all diseases arise from the same causes, or that a morbid condition of the *liver, stomach, and bowels*, predisposes the system to every class of disease. When these important function become obstructed with superabundance of bile and viscid matter, Nature ceases to fulfil her proper office. It is then that the *blood* becomes impure, because the secretive organs of the liver, whose office it is to seperate the worn out principle of this vital fluid, are no longer fit for their office, and the wasted parts of the blood continues therefore in its circulation and become diffused throughout the whole system. Thus filled with infectious humours the body is made liable to sickness. If, by chance, it is exposed to a sudden change in the weather, a bad cold, or consumption, would be the result—if in the vicinity of contagious disorders, it would imbibe the infection.

Dr. Halsey's Gold and Silver Pills, although pleasant to take and innocent in operation, is the most excellent medicine in the world to remove the bile and viscid matter from the system, and to restore the liver, stomach, and bowels, to the performance of their proper functions thereby rendering the blood pure, and diverting the system from all morbid and infectious humours, which we finally remove every disease, however long standing, and endow the system with health, strength, and vigour.

A circular giving a full explanation of the twofold action of the *Gold and Silver Pills*, can be had of the agent gratis.

For sale at the Proprietors general Depot, No 2, Courtland street, New York, and by his appointed Agents in the Cities & Towns in the United states, and at the store of the subscriber, 5, brick building, North Market wharf. Price 1s 3d. per box with liberal allowance to wholesale Dealers.

H. G. KINNEAR.
General Agent for the Provinces

St. John, January 28, 1848.

☞ The Mail for England will be closed at the General Post Office, on Wednesday next, 3 p. m.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, 18th instant, by the Rev Samuel Robinson, Mr. John Harrington, of this City, to Miss Eunice Ann, second daughter of Mr. James Ellis, of Cornwallis, N. S.

On Monday 22d inst., by the Rev. Robert Irvine, Mr. Andrew Boyd, to Miss Isabella Green, both of Parish of Portland.

Same day, by the same, Mr. William Menely, to Miss Jane McConnell, both of this City.

In Trinity Church, on Thursday afternoon, by the Rev. Dr I. W. D Gray, Mr John L. Bean, of Red Head, Parish of Simonds, to Miss Ann Wilson, of this City.

On Saturday evening, 27th inst., at St. Luke's Church, Portland, by the Rev. William Harrison, Mr. John Hawa, Jr., to Miss Caroline Rebecca, second daughter of the late Mr. Jacob Carvill.

On Wednesday last, by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. William Henry Rigbay, to Miss Mehetab Caroline, fourth daughter of Mr. Charles Maston, all of the Parish of Portland.

On Wednesday the 31st ult., at Saint John's Chapel, by the Rev. Dr. Gray, Rector of the Parish, Beverley A. Robinson, Esq., second son of the Hon. E. P. Robinson, Auditor General, to Anna Maria, eldest daughter of John V. Thurgar, Esq., of Saint John, N. B.

On Friday, May 19th, at the Cathedral Church of St. James Toronto, Canada West, by the Rev. H. J. Grasett, M. A. Rector, George Black, Esq., of this City, Barrister at Law, to Mary Frances, second daughter of the late James Burrows, Esq., of London, England.

DIED.

On Thursday morning, in the 9th year of her age, Adeline Eliza, eldest daughter of Mr. George N. Robinson, of this City.

On Saturday, 27th inst. Mr. George Thompson, aged 61 years, leaving a wife and five children to mourn their irreparable loss. He was a native of Kinsale, (Ireland,) and for thirty years a respected inhabitant of this City. He died in sure and certain hope of a blessed immortality, through the atonement of his Divine Redeemer, Jesus Christ.

In Portland, on Saturday last, Catherine, wife of Mr. Henry O'Brien, in the 48th year of her age.

At Cocagne, on the 17th inst. Mr. Colin Livingstone, a native of Lanarkshire, Scotland, and for the last twenty years a resident of Cocagne.

SHIPPING LIST.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED

Sunday.—Brig Fellowship, Harrington, St Thomas 24—G. Thomas, coffee

Equity, Hodgson, Newcastle, 45—John Robertson, coal.

Commodore, Low, Stockton, 47—Order, coals.

Brigt. Maitland Mickerson, St. Thomas, 25—J. M. Hamilton, rum, &c

Monday.—Ship Avon, Johnston, Liverpool, 37—J. Ward & Sons, merchandise.

Britannia, Simpson, Carthagena, 49—S. Wiggins & Son, ballast.

Helen Thomson, Gray, Wilmington, 8—James Kirk, ballast

Barque Bethel, Mosher, Londonderry, 31—George Thomas, ballast.

Brig Henry, Young, Newfoundland, 7—Order, ballast

Lord Brougham & Vaux, Dunn, Newcastle, 43—R. Rankin, & Co, coals.

Brigt. Alvarado, Richardson, Boston, 4—Master, flour meal, &c.

Schr. Charlotte, Henneberry, Halifax, 3—G. & J. Salter, assorted cargo

Tuesday.—Ship New-Zealand, Wilson, Newry, via New York, 8—W. Carvil, iron

Barque Rokeby, Robson, Boston, 44 hours—James Kirk, ballast.

Brig Quebec, Pearson, Boston, 4—W. Thomson, ballast.

Ailsa, Blair, Boston, 4—W. Thomson, ballast.

Lydia Jane, Meritan, Sunderland, 50—John Robertson, coals.

Schr. Kosciusko, Eells, Boston, Master, ballast.

North Carolina, Hariman, Boston, 4—Order, ballast.

Wednesday—Ship Orleans, Bogart, Liverpool, 31—J. W. M. Irish, merchandise.

Barque Thetis, White, Bermuda, 7—Order, ballast.

McDonnell, McDonnell, Cork, 32—Rob. Rankin & Co, passengers.

Schr. Debonnaire, Lockhart, New-York, 8—G. A. Lockhart, flour, &c.

L. O'C. Doyle, Frost, Larkendor—Master, fish.

Thursday.—Barque Ann Hall, Hubert, London, 38 James Kirk, ballast.

John S. DeWolfe, Read, New York, 7—Geo. & Jos. Salter, ballast.

Schr Pheasant Petch, New-York.

CLEARED.

May 29—Brig Magoz, 215, Shank, Air, timber & deals—James Kirk.

29—Barque Janet, 519, McIntosh, Port Glasgow, timber & deals—S Wiggins & Son

Gleaner, 548, Duncan, Glasgow, timber & deals—R Rankin & Co

Triumph, 177, Dudley, Limerick, timber & deal—S Wiggins & Son

Tadmor, (new) 648, Bowie, Dublin, timber & deals—W Carvill

Brig Gratitude, 253, Forrest, Falkirk, timber and deals—James Kirk

30—Ship Infanta, 807, Haws, London, timber and deals W. H. Scovil

Brig Bache McEvers, 209, Sullivan, Cork, deals—John Mackay

Sir W. Wallace, 191, Jeffry, Aberdeen, timber & deals—R Rankin & Co

Schr. Isabella, 74, Hilton, New-Foundland, lumber—Thomas Hanford

MEMORANDA.

Boston.—Arrived, 23d, brigantine Malanta, Lawrence, Cornwallis; schrs Boundary, Industry, and Columbine, Windsor; Hebes, Digby; Galaxy and Victoria, Yarmouth; Satellite, Parsboro; Acadian, Cass, Clare; Vine, Liverpool; Sisters, New Edinburgh; Clements, Osprey, and Joseph Howe, Annapolis; Sarah Jane, Wilmot, Nelson, Hinds, St. Andrews; Kosciusko, Eells, hence; 24th, brig Circassian, Baltimore, hence; Richard N Parker, Hebert, Cork; 25th, barque Mary Whitney, Purvis, Newport; brig Lively, Ellis, Lunenburg; 21st, schr Susannah, Anthony, Digby; Three Sisters, Slocomb, Wilmot; Beverley, Jones, hence; 22nd, brigt Charlotte, Annapolis; Winchester, Windsor; schr Leo, Halifax; Reindeer, Braintree, Defiance, Liverpool; Henrietta, Digby; Edwin, Cornwallis; Zorario Wilson, Parsboro; Sarah, Argyle; British Queen, Windsor; Chronicle, Horton; Joseph Howe, Scott, and Eliza Jane, McLean, hence; 25th, barque Lord Elgin, Irons, Liverpool;—Cleared, 23d brig Ailsa, Blair, St. John; 24th, barque Rokeby, Robson, do: 25th, brig Live'y, Ellis, do.

New York.—Arrived, 20th, ship Chester, Maxwell, Liverpool; 22d barques Cosmo, Outerbridge, Bristol; Blake, and Intrinsic, Liverpool; Helena, Waterford; Marquis of Bute, Cardiff; 23d, ship Wakefield, Forbes Cork; barque Commerce, Henry, Liverpool;—Cleared, 20th, ship Aurora, Cottier, Quebec; 23d, ship Cushlamachreen, Thomas, Greenock; barques Sarah Millidge, Lynch, Quebec; John S. DWolfe, Read, St. John; 26th, brig Emperor, and schr. Pheasant, Petch, do; 23d brig Virginia, Kendrick, do; ship Chester, Maxwell, do; schr Debonnaire, Lockhart, do; Philadelphia.—Cleared, 23d, brgt Rainbow, Church St. John.

St. John's N. F.—Arrived, 18th, schr Olive Branch Thomson, hence.

St. Andrews.—Arrived, 22d, barque Stephen, Walton, Liverpool, 23d, brig Laurel, Lawson, Seaham.—Cleared, 22d barque Lady of the Lake, Smith, Jersey.

Halifax.—Arrived, 15th, brigt Lightfoot, Sleeper, Liverpool; 16th, barque Neptune, Turnbull, do: Corsair, McKenzie, do; 23d, brig Lively, Chukley, London.

Liverpool.—Arrived, 7th, barque Sophia, Spence, hence; 8th, ship Lesmahagow, Gaskins, and Charlotte Campbell, do; 9th, ship Catharine, Robertson, and brig Thetis, Brown, do; ship Commodore, Pritchard, Mobile; Swan, Taylor, New Orleans; barque Pearls, Rowles, Savannah; ship Lord Wellington, Winsled, Charleston; Portland, Leavitt, Mobile; Oriental Hort, Savannah; 9th, ship Juno, Martin, do; 12th, ship Admiral, Crisp, New Orleans—Cleared, 12th, Ship Wm. Vail, Wishart, St. John, via New York;—Sailed, 2d ship Bee, Mair, New York and Quebec; 10th, Agnes, Isaac, New York and St. John; 11th, ships Jane, Crowell, and Chancellor, Dudne, do - Ship Royal Sovereign, Wade, New Orleans; Sirlingshire, Stewart, do; Colchester, Withers, New York and Charleston;—Sailed 8th barque W. Penn, Coughlan, St John ship Speed, Grundell, St. John.

Newry.—Arrived, 9th, barque Brothers, Wilson, New York;—Sailed 9th, barque William Penn, Coupland, Saint John.

Greenock.—Arrived, 9th, barque Palendar, Leavitt, hence.

London.—Arrived, 1st, brig Pilgrim, Clark, Philadelphia, and loading for Phil.—Sailed, 2d, ship Glenlyon, Muirhead, New York.

Bristol.—Sailed, 29th, barque Falcon, Buckingham, Boston; Recovery, Williams, Portland; Mercy, Penstreath, New-York

Penzance—sailed, May 3d, barque Marquis Chandos, Calenson, New-York.

Sunderland—sailed, 29th, brig Horn, Hunter, New York

Shields—sailed, 1st, barques Isabella Walker, Walker, and Waterloo, Fredgen, New-York; 1st May, Virginia, Robinson, and Forager, Spendlove, do.

Greenock—sailed, 3d, barque Catharine, Walshaw, Boston

Londonderry—sailed, 29th ult. ships Java, Duffy and Malabar, Frazer, Philadelphia; barque Lord Byron, Campbell, New-York

Galway—sailed, 26th, barque Albion, Turner, Baltimore; 29th, schr. Lord Fitzgerald & Vesci, Yorke, New-York.

Waterford—sailed, 29th, brigt Sophia, Bellord, N York

Gibraltar—sailed, 30th, brig Spentor, this port

Milford—sailed, May 7th, brig Maria, Campbell, do

Cork—sailed 8th, barque Kate Kearney Roe, do

Sligo—sailed, 5th, brig Rebecca, this port.

Newport—Cleared, 11th, brigt Fox, Minturn, Saint John

Sydney, C B.—Arrived, 18th, barque Mary, Dobie Liverpool; brig Symmetry, Perd, New-Castle.

Charlottetown, PEI—Arrived, 12th, brig Fanny, Williams, Plymouth; 13th, barque Adelaide, Grant, Halifax, 16th, barque Concordia, Barritt, and brig Jessie, Thomson, Liverpool; schr Vine, Campbell Halifax. At Port Hill, 13th, barque Mary Jane, Dey, Bristol.

Commodore, Pritchard, for this port, barque Agnoria, Hare, for Boston, loading at Liverpool; Caroline Lesace, for this port, loading in the Clyde.

WM. GARNETT,

Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

Has received by recent arrivals from New York and Boston, and offers cheap for Cash, the following:—

100 BARRELS superfine FLOUR,
100 do. CORN MEAL;
50 do. Fine PILOT BREAD;
150 ten pound Catties Choice Souchong TEA;
10 chests Old Hyson TEA;
10 do. Ninz Yong do;
20 bags Good Retailing COFFEE;
20,000 Spanish and American CIGARS;
5 Boxes Extract of LEMON;
100 Boxes SOAP—various qualities;
10 Boxes STARCH; 4 Bbls SALERATUS; best sort.
4 cases Salted OIL;
20 Boxes TOBACCO—various brands;
2 cases INDIGO; 25 doz. Painted PAILS.
6 boxes Pepper SAUCE;
6 Boxes WRITING FLUID;
5 Boxes CROTHER PINS;
100 Boxes Window Glass; 10 Hhds SUGAR;
10 Boxes Tobacco Pipes; 6 Boxes scythe Stones;
June 2, 1848.

ROBERT STUBS & CO.
No. 25, King Street,

Agents for a variety of Approved Patent Medicines, also for the sale of Doctor Townsend's EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA—

KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Family Groceries, Teas, Confectionary, Pickels, Woodenware, FLOUR, Meal, Cheese, TOBACCO, &c. &c. &c. which they are retailing at the lowest possible rates for Cash.

St. John, June 2, 1848.

For sale at No. 25, King Street:

DR. Townsend's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla;
Corbett's Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla;
Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills;
Halsey's Sugar Coated do.;
Curriers and Perkins's Pain Killer;
A French's best quality Bay Water;
Fr. Maria Farina Cologne;
Extract of Lemon, Lemon Syrup, &c. &c.
June 2, 1848. ROBERT STUBS & CO.

FURNITURE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has ready for inspection at his Ware Rooms in Germain street a select assortment of Mahogany Sofas, Couches, Centre Tables, Rocking, Lounging and Drawing Room Chairs. Also a variety of Butternut Furniture, together with a large stock of Cane and Wood seated Chairs, Birch Tables, Post and French Bedsteads, &c., all of Domestic Manufacture, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

DANIEL GREEN, Jun.
June 2, 1848

HARDWARE.

G. T. WILEY,

Has just received from Liverpool by the ship *Wanderer*:—

TABLE Knives, Drawing Knives, Shingling Hatchets, Turnscrews, Britannia Metal Pocket Flasks, Scissors, Chisels, Plane Irons, Framesaw and Handsaw Files, &c. &c., which, with various other kinds of HARDWARE, are offered for sale at very low prices.

☞ Store adjoining the *Golden Fleece*, Prince Wm. street. June 2, 1848.

Sand's Arcade, Prince Wm. street.

Marsh, late Drury,

Importer and Retail Dealer in Cutlery, Family HARDWARE, and Carpenter Tools,

IS now opening by the *Wanderer*, a complete assortment of Carpenter's Down Locks, and Hinges; an extensive variety of Table and other CUTLERY; Scissors; Tin Ware; Brass Taps; Hand saw Files, and a general stock of Shelf Goods suited for the season,—all of which are offered at lowest Cash prices. June 2

Best Wallsend COAL.

LANDING ex Brig *Lord Brougham and Vaux*, and for sale by the subscribers:—250 Chaldrons best double screened st. Hilda Wallsend COAL.

Ex Brig *George Smith*, from Newcastle:—
200 Chaldrons Haswell's Wallsend COAL.
June 2. J. & H. HAMM.

To Cash paying Customers.

Coat, Vest, & Pantaloons.

MADE to Measure, of all Wool Scotch TWEED—Warranted to fit or no Sale, ONLY 40s.

GARRETT & SKILKEN,
Tailors & Drapers

Pantechnetheca, Prince Wm street, June 1.

FLOUR & SALERATUS.—Ex Admiral from Boston 100 barrels Genesee superfine FLOUR; 10 boxes Saleratus.
June 2 T. HANFORD.

By the "Orleans"

And other arrivals from Liverpool, and Admiral from Boston:

300 BOXES Steele's best SOAP, boxes best Blue Starch;
Slabs Spelter; Casks raw and boiled OIL;
Bags assorted cut NAILS; Jars Tartaric Acid;
Boxes Servants' Friend; bbls bleached Ginger;
Jars Essence of Lemon;
Also from Boston:
10 barrels Bright Varnish; 12 boxes Castor Oil;
12 WILLOW WAGGONS for children;
Saleratus, Clothes Pins, &c.
For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.
June 2 Prince Wm. street.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

JUST received from Shediac, a large supply of Prime Bed OYSTERS. Also a supply from Prince E. Island. For sale in lots to suit purchasers.
June 2. D. WOODILL.
New Brunswick Saloon, Water street.

TO LET—A FLAT of a HOUSE in Germain street. Apply to
D. GREEN, Jr.
June 2 1848. [com times]

SOAP.—Ex *Orleans*—300 Boxes Liverpool hard yellow SOAP. For sale at Hammond's Brick Buildings, 20 Dock street by
June 2. H. G. KINNEAR.

REMOVAL.

THE Office of the Subscriber is removed to Sands' Arcade, south side.
May 5. W. H. NEEDHAM.

THE Members of the *Grand Lodge of New Brunswick*, are hereby notified that the Semi-Annual Meeting, for the transaction of business, will take place at Woodstock, in Carleton Co., on the last Wednesday in June, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M.—The brethern will govern themselves accordingly. By order of the G. M.
St. John, May 18th, 1848

WOODSTOCK LODGE, No 38, meet on the first Monday in the month R. N. By order of the W. M. Woodstock, June 2.

YORK, No. 3.—The brethren of No. 3, are requested to meet on Monday evening next, at 7 o'clock R. N.—By order of the W. M. June 2.

VERNAR, No. 1.—The brethren of Vernar are requested to meet in their Lodge Room, on Tuesday evening next. R. N. By order of the W. M. June 2

CUMBERLAND, No. 7.—The brethren of No. 7 are requested to meet in their Lodge Room, Portland, on Wednesday evening next. R. N. By order of the W. M June 2

HARDWARE.

No. 2, North Market Wharf.

C. & W. H. ADAMS,

Are receiving from ship WANDERER, and other late arrivals—

23 CASKS and cases containing a good assortment of LOCKS, Latches, Hinges, screws, PLANES, Plane Irons, Chisels, Rules, Hammers, Saws, Pocket & Table CUTLERY, Scissors and shears; *John Wilson's* shoe, Butchers', and Cooks' KNIVES, Brass and Enamelled PRESERVING KETTLES, Tinn'd, Unmin'd, and Enamelled TEA KETTLES, and Saucepans, Goss COFFIN MOUNTING, Counter Scales and Weights, sad Irons, Wire Window Lattice, Hoes, Cowbells, Fire Irons, JAPANNED Canisters, Trays, Candlesticks, &c. &c.; HAIR CLOTH, Curled HAIR, and a variety of small Iron and Brass Wares.

—ALSO—

6 tons SHORT LINK CHAIN, ¼ to ⅝ inch,
210 bags CUT NAILS, 10 bags Clasp do.
1 package Blacksmith's VICES,
1 cask Pump TACKS,
8 dozen BALLAST SHOVELS,
10 bundles spring STEEL

—ON HAND—

HOOLE & CO's Gang Cider or Cross Cut and Hand Saws, Files, and Mesh and Ship card's Files, Hay and Manure Forks, Spades and steel Shovels, steel socket [illegible] handled Spades, Blacksmith's Bellows, Anvils, Vices, HOLLOWARE, Glass, Paints, Oil, OIL. May 25, 1848

CORNUCOPIA.

OYSTER SALOON.

THE Proprietor begs to announce to the Public of this Province, that he has opened that Establishment at the House formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Henery, and having had considerable experience in the business, he flatters himself he shall be able to serve his customers to their taste.

☞ Dinners, Lunches, &c., served up at the shortest notice. OYSTERS and all the varieties of the season always on hand. ☞ Fancy drinks prepared. June 2, 1848.

ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE
AND GENTLEMEN'S
OYSTER SALOON.

THE Proprietor most respectfully informs the Public of saint John, that he has taken that Commodious House in Cross street, (nearly opposite his old stand,) and formerly known as Mrs. Brook's Boarding House, and that he has, at a very great expence, and a disregard of time and trouble, fitted it up in the most approved manner, after the style of similar establishments in Great Britain and the United states. He flatters himself that he has among his friends and well wishers, a great number of highly respectable gentlemen, and to them he would now tender his most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received from them. To those who may henceforth honour the ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE with their patronage he will pledge himself to give every satisfaction both in the quality and style in ser