

CLERGYMAN KILLED;

FOUR INJURED

Crushed Under Automobile
Fire Engine When Ma-
chine Strikes Tree

Ross, Cal., June 6.—Rev. Cecil L. Marrack, rector of St. Stephen's Episcopal church of San Francisco, died here at 6 o'clock last night as the result of injuries received in an accident in which an automobile fire engine on which he and eleven other clergymen were riding last yesterday. Four other clergymen were severely injured. The ministers were the guests of Rev. H. Carroll, rector of St. John's Episcopal church of Ross, at the weekly meeting of the Monday club, an association of Episcopal clergymen of the bay counties. They were invited to ride on the engine by Rev. Mr. Carroll at a demonstration of the town's new fire apparatus.

The dead, Rev. Cecil Marrack of St. Stephen's Episcopal church, San Francisco.

The injured: Rev. H. C. Carroll, rector of St. John's church of Novato, Cal.; left leg and thigh broken; serious internal injuries, but probably will recover. Rev. Clifton Macdon, rector Trinity church, Oakland, partially bruised about head and shoulders. Rev. F. A. Martyn, vicar Holy Innocent church chapel, Oakland, scalp lacerated and face cut and bruised. Rev. W. W. Mendenhall, vicar of Grace pro-cathedral, San Francisco; wrist fractured, ankle sprained and face cut and bruised.

Death met the merry-makers on the scene of the black Murders of November 1909, where Robert Black bade his sweetest goodbye and was found where he had left her, with a bullet through his heart, the next morning. It was the flutter of the woman's handkerchief that turned the big car from its course and threw Marrack and Carroll under the wheels.

Jimmy Greene, the driver, who had donned a new uniform in honor of the occasion, was chaffing his passengers as the engine went rumbling down "shady lane" homeward bound. It was a warm sunny day and the ministers had been singing as they clung to the footboard of the car. Mrs. Carroll, seeing her guests returning, and wishing to speak to her husband, stepped into the street, waving her handkerchief as a signal to Greene. The street had just been sprinkled, and as the driver put on the emergency brakes, the rear wheel skidded to the right. "Shady lane" is bordered by hedges and tall eucalyptus trees. The car lurched heavily against a trunk standing beyond the curb. Marrack and Carroll were caught and crushed. They fell under the car and the wheels passed over them. The others were injured by being thrown to the ground.

Greene stopped the car a few paces farther on and quickly summoned the injured were taken to a local sanitarium.

Greene declared he was driving at the rate of only two miles an hour when the accident occurred. Rev. H. Powell, vicar of St. Matthews' church of Berkeley, said they believed the car to have been moving at the rate of fully five miles an hour. Marrack who was unmarried, was graduated from Leland Stanford University, as an honor man in 1911. He taught for a year after graduation at St. Matthews' school, San Mateo.

NEW MAYOR FOR
CITY OF PORTLAND

A. C. Rushlight Elected —
Measure to Tax Earning of
Light Companies Passed

Portland, Ore., June 6.—Other than perhaps to slightly lower last night's estimate of the lead of A. C. Rushlight, the regular nominee for mayor, the change in the relative positions of the various candidates for mayor in yesterday's municipal elections. This morning it would appear that Rushlight's plurality over Mayor Simon, who had been re-elected as an independent candidate, is between 200 and 300.

A flock of twenty-three initiative and referendum measures met rather disastrous results. Propositions to pension aged or disabled firemen, policemen and employees of the street cleaning department were lost. A \$100,000 paving plant met a like fate, as did a further curbing of proposed ordinance which prohibited conductors from allowing persons to board street cars when "no seats" were available. This measure had come to be taken as the "no seat" rule, and this morning it was applied by its enemies, unquestionably was the cause of its death. The measure which authorizes the construction of an immense convention hall at a cost of \$600,000, was defeated. The measure providing for a 3 per cent. gross tax on the earnings of gas and electric lighting companies, and one providing a public service, apparently carried.

MERRITT TELEPHONES.

Merritt, June 5.—At a meeting of the council a petition for the recall of the city clerk was read, asking the council to pass a by-law to compel the local stores to close at 6:30 p. m. except on Saturdays, Mondays and pay-days. Ald. Field, seconded by Ald. Boyd, it was decided to leave it to the city clerk.

Ald. Menzies brought up the question of endeavoring to induce the government to grant better telephone facilities and allow Merritt a second opportunity.

It was resolved to appoint Dr. Tuttle medical health officer on a salary of \$100 a year.

NEW STAFF FOR

VERNON HIGH SCHOOL

Board of Trustees Decides on
Changes—Principal of Public
School Resigns

Vernon, June 6.—The regular meeting of the board of school trustees was a notable one in that Principal J. Forsyth Smith of the public school resigned his resignation; and also because of the decision of the trustees to commence the fall term at the High school with a new staff.

J. F. Smith and W. H. Matheson, principal and first assistant respectively at the public school each tendered his resignation to take effect at the end of the present term.

W. H. Rice moved and J. Harwood seconded that the board accept the resignations of both Mr. Smith and Mr. Matheson. Carried. It is understood Mr. Smith will proceed to Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.

Principal Smith reported on several matters of school method, and on account of his decision to leave, he dwelt on the need for uniformity on the part of the new principal coming. Change of principals, he said, necessarily disorganizes the work a little for the first two or three months, and it is advisable to reduce this to a minimum by having the incoming principal follow up the children's instructions at the point to which they were brought. He will lay down "limit tables" in each division for the guidance of the new principal.

Getting down to High school matters, much discussion took place. Taking many things into consideration, and discussing the situation from a fair and purely impartial standpoint, the board in the first place decided, at the instance of W. G. Armour, seconded by J. Harwood, that the secretary be instructed to write Principal Fulton of the High school, that the board will not require his services after the end of the present term.

It was resolved that the board advertise for the following teachers: Principal for the High school; assistant principal for the public school; assistant principal for the public school and two intermediate teachers.

INVESTIGATING THE
LUMBER INDUSTRY

Alleged Conspiracy in Restraint
of Trade — Chicago
Men Testify

Chicago, June 6.—A United States investigation of conditions in the lumber industry looking toward the prosecution of the so-called "lumber trust," began yesterday before a special grand jury in the United States district court. Three Chicagoans, Henry A. Sellen, vice-president of a saw and door company; Harry B. Munger, president of a door company, and George J. Pope, vice-president of a lumber concern, were the first to testify.

Coincident with the opening of the inquiry, Oliver E. Hagan, government indictment expert, reached here and began a study of the evidence said to have been gathered by special agents. The case is based on the theory that the lumber dealers' associations and companies form a conspiracy in restraint of trade. The inquiry will affect only organizations of the middle west, south and west.

Among the points alleged by government representatives into which the grand jury will search are: That the associations have forced consumers to buy lumber products from "recognized" retail merchants; that wholesalers and manufacturers, who have sold to consumers, have been blacklisted and that consumers buying from manufacturers have met the same fate; that the purpose of the lumber organizations has been to create lists of persons violating rules of the trade and to maintain restrictive rules governing the conduct of business.

The effect of the rules, the government says, has been to close the door of the wholesale dealer and manufacturer to the consumer in all parts of the country.

More than thirty witnesses have been subpoenaed, it is said, among them being Cornelius Crowley, Minneapolis agent of the Weyerhaeuser mills at Clatskanie, Minn.; Miss Martha Thompson, vice-president of the Northwestern Lumbermen's Association; H. E. White, vice-president of the Minneapolis, and Platt B. Walker, editor and manager of the Mississippi Valley Lumberman. It is expected that the grand jury will be in session at least three weeks.

IRON PRODUCTION DROPS.

Cleveland, O., June 6.—The curtailment in the production of coke and anthracite pig iron from the country was very noticeable in May, says the Iron Trade Review.

Statistics collected from the various blast furnaces show a total output in May of 1,556,935 tons, compared with 2,044,901 tons in April, a loss of 157,888 tons in May. The daily average output in May was 51,867 tons, compared with 67,313 tons in April.

A confirmation of the curtailment in figures is found in the reduction of the number of active blast furnaces, there being 220 stacks active on the last day of April and 201 on the last day of May, a loss of 13 stacks from the active list.

PRINCE RUPERT

HOSPITAL BY LAWS

Will Be Revised on Lines of
Those of the Royal Jubilee
Hospital

Prince Rupert, June 6.—A general meeting of the Prince Rupert General Hospital Association will be held on Tuesday for the purpose of considering the revised bylaws now being prepared on the lines of the Victoria Jubilee Hospital bylaws.

In order to carry on the work of the hospital at present the sum of \$4000 in ready cash is required, and the board has authorized the borrowing of this sum.

There was some talk at a meeting of the hospital board on the subject of the suggested appointment of an honorary president with voting powers in board matters. This is a question still to be decided, though President D. G. Stewart is inclined to the opinion that the board favors this appointment.

The secretary of the Amateur Dramatic Society of Stewart informed the board that the society was ready to come down to Rupert and give an entertainment in all the proceeds of which should go to the hospital funds, provided only that the board would pay the expenses of the amateur company's visit. The idea was not considered a practical one, though the board appreciated the offer of the Stewart amateurs.

MAY DAY A SUCCESS.

New Westminster, June 5.—The May Day committee has completed its labors and at the last meeting J. J. Cambridge was elected to fill the position of master of ceremonies in 1912. While there are still a few accounts to come in before the final settlement can be effected, it was brought out that this year had been a record-breaking one. The income from all sources had been \$1,322.10. Bills to be paid will amount, roughly, to something in the neighborhood of \$900, leaving a balance in hand for a nucleus for 1912 of over \$400.

When it is remembered that there was a balance of last year of but \$60, it is a handsome record. The secretary is instructed to write Mr. Hunting that his services will not be required after the end of the present term.

It was resolved that the board advertise for the following teachers: Principal for the High school; assistant principal for the public school; assistant principal for the public school and two intermediate teachers.

The matter of a better quality of candies came up for discussion and on this point there was much talk. In the result it was decided to give each child less but better class of sweetmeats in the future.

LIGHT AND WATER RATES.

Revelstoke, June 5.—"There are cases in the city where \$94 sewerage tax is being charged against property valued at \$400," said Clerk Lawson at a special meeting of the city council, "and it will only take two or three years at that rate to eat up the property."

This condition of affairs was brought to the notice of the city council by Mayor Hamilton, who explained that it was necessary for the council to go into the matter of revising the sewerage charges. "The matter must be gone into," he said, "but until we get the map of the city's distribution from R. H. Smith, the surveyor, we cannot act at the work intelligently."

This map he promised would be in the hands of the city council very shortly.

The water and light committee arranged to go into the matter of the water and light rates of the city and attend to the required adjustments as early as possible.

"These water and light rates are badly in need of remodeling," said the mayor.

DECKHANDS LOSE IN
CASE AGAINST C. P. R.

Agreed to Handle Cargo on
Sundays and Judge McInnes
Dismissed the Action

Vancouver, June 6.—Judge McInnes yesterday morning dismissed the second test case brought against the Canadian Pacific Railway by the deckhands on the company's coasting vessels. The case was dismissed by His Honor on the ground that under written articles signed by the men, handling cargo on Sunday was work which they agreed to do.

The first case brought by the men was against the orders given to deckhands to shift cargo on Sunday on the Princess Victoria. The action was brought under the Canadian act and as the Princess Victoria was registered under the Imperial Shipping Act, Judge McInnes dismissed the case. In order that there should be no misunderstanding the second time, another case was brought, in which the name of C. Tucke, a deckhand on the Amur, duly registered under the Canadian laws, was used.

The Amur employed on the run between Victoria and Port Eslington and while at that place and also at Prince Rupert, the men were ordered to move cargo on Sunday and when they refused were replaced by other men and upon arrival in Vancouver were discharged from the company's service.

The total assets of Canadian banks amount to \$1,246,746,415 and total liabilities to \$1,040,506,766.

UNDESIRABLES FINED

AND DEPORTED

Man Stopped on Boundary Had
Carefully Prepared Map
of Route

Cloverdale, June 6.—That the illegal immigration of undesirable persons from the United States is systematic and continuous was conclusively proved at Cloverdale on Saturday. A Frenchman named De Montier, rounded up by Immigration Officer Lawrence, was found in possession of a neatly executed miniature survey plan of the route to follow with instructions in French, how to reach New Westminster and Vancouver from the international boundary line. The plan was drawn in blue and red with certain zones marked "danger." Cloverdale was depicted. The railway lines are shown, the Fraser River bridge well marked and the river itself down to Ladner, accurately delineated with a tiny steamer on the river. The position of Vancouver was shown, which seems to have been the objective of the expedition, for he had eight companions with him, who were conspicuously represented on the map.

The instructions were explicit enough to allow anyone of ordinary intelligence to obey them. The undersirables were told to avoid this, keep to the side of the road and follow a minutely described track. De Montier also had a number of letters on his person which showed that the plan came from considerable sources and that he had been in communication with them for some time.

To show the persistence and numbers of these undersirables it may be mentioned that last month no fewer than three hundred were captured in the Surrey district alone, tried and deported. They generally travel in companies, which vary numerically from two to thirty. In the final trial by night and conceal themselves in the bush by day so the duties of the immigration officers are neither pleasant nor easy.

At their trial Saturday afternoon before Capt. Bose, J. P., the nine were individually interrogated as to their reasons for evading the law. One of the men said he had come down plainly to them. There were five Bulgarians, two Mexicans and one Frenchman and American.

British customs asked one of the Bulgarians if he knew Nick Barakoff. The man, who spoke English rather well, answered "Yes."

Well, he was fined \$50 and got six months imprisonment as well. Nick Barakoff, "What! you got Nick?" gasped the man. "He got \$10 to \$100 on other side." He laughed pleasantly when he heard Nick's name. The man was in possession of a gun and was jailed in a fine of \$5. Captain Bose refusing the application of Mr. Lawrence to confiscate \$50.

The Frenchman was fined \$5 and also being in possession of some funds. All protested ignorance of the Canadian immigration laws.

The American lad was most vulnerable about his head. He was told he knew he had to see the immigration officers at the border and he went to see one at Blaine, he said. He explained that he had not seen him to him that he did not seem to know where he stood. The prisoner then proceeded to Cloverdale to interview Mr. Lawrence. He wanted to say to him that he did not seem to know where he stood. He had no money, but wanted work. He was informed that Canada certainly did not want him in the circumstances.

Washington came when his goods and chattels were being returned to him. These included a knife with a blade over four inches long. Captain Bose told him it was illegal to carry such a weapon. Turning to the policeman of the town, who is also a blacksmith, the prisoner asked: "Can't you take him out of the country?" The policeman answered he would do so. The prisoner then turned to walk to the United States. He was, however, stopped and told that they would never let him go. He was then escorted to the station and sent to the United States.

All were deported in the afternoon with three others who had been roped in while the trial was going on.

COSTLY CONTEST.

New York, June 6.—Sol. Rosenblatt, a Chicago lawyer, has put the Mutual Life Insurance Co. to an expense of \$60,000 by having himself nominated for a member of the board of directors of the company under the New York state law was to get his nomination papers signed by one hundred policy holders. His success in this was made necessary by the fact that the company had no more than 100 policy holders containing the administration and his own ticket to the 90,000 policy holders throughout the world. The expense, great as it is, is not the worst feature confronting the members of the company. Experience in the contest of 1907 shows that many policy holders take occasion to enclose cheques for premiums and correspondence of various sorts in the return envelopes, none of which can be opened until the date set for the counting of the ballots. Mr. Rosenblatt's contest is the first that the Mutual has had since that time. The expense for that contest was estimated as high as \$500,000.

SHOOT HIMSELF.

Cincinnati, O., June 6.—A storm drove George P. Hutton, his wife, to commit suicide in Madisonville, a suburb of Cincinnati, yesterday. For ten years Hutton had been subject to shocks caused by the fact that he had been a member of the National Federation of Textile Workers' associations. Beginning next Tuesday the proceedings are to last five days, and many important resolutions are due for discussion.

It is proposed by the committee which met at Lille to run the vote at the congress at the rate of one vote for every thousand members represented, also that instead of a country being required to have 10 per cent. of its total membership engaged in a strike or lock-out before benefits can be claimed from the dispute fund, as at present, it shall be entitled to claim when five per cent. of the members in any one section of a trade are involved. Denmark has a resolution to make the strike fund always \$75,000. As soon as all the funds are up to that it is to be used as a relief fund for all strikes or lock-outs, and when it falls below that sum it shall be replenished by a special levy of not more than 2 cents per member per week.

Great Britain has sent in a long series of resolutions declaring for a textile 8-hour day throughout the world, more factory inspectors of both sexes appointed by the government to enforce the laws, a higher weekly contribution of workers to the trade union funds, for international peace and against the system of fines and deductions from the wages of working people in many factories. Great Britain also seeks to have the next congress in Manchester, London or Leeds.

AGAIN AT LIBERTY.

Nelson, June 6.—Madura, the Italian prisoner who made a sensational escape last week from his cell on Nelson Island, yesterday was arrested at Bonner's ferry, Idaho, by Immigration Inspector Davis, but is once more at large. After having breakfast he managed to escape from the lockup and has not yet been recaptured.

DETERMINED TO SET

UP NEW REPUBLIC

Movement Being Fostered by
Mexican Liberals in Lower
California

Los Angeles, Cal., June 6.—"General" C. A. Price, commander of the Mexican liberals in Lower California, who has been in Los Angeles for several days conferring with the heads of the Mexican Liberal junta and arranging for the despatch of supplies to his forces at Tijuana, departed yesterday. He announces that he was returning to assume command of the Tijuana forces. Price reiterated his intention to set up a republic in the Lower California peninsula.

To Welcome Madero.

Mexico City, June 6.—No citizen of Mexico was ever given a more enthusiastic reception than that which is planned for Francisco I. Madero, Jr., when he enters the capital on Wednesday. Soldiers of the army which has been fighting since November 20, 1910, will line the streets. In his honor the regular army might result in trouble, the government officials have deemed it wise to refuse their plea for participation.

Throughout the city troops will be placed but in the disposition of armed men there is a double significance. It is not altogether certain that the troops which will welcome the people's hero will preserve complete order throughout the day, and the authorities are determined that the celebration shall not be marred by any over indulgence in enthusiasm.

Liberated on Bail.

El Paso, June 6.—Daniel De Villiers, charged with complicity in a plot against Francisco I. Madero, Jr., yesterday was released from custody upon furnishing bonds in the sum of \$2,000. General J. B. Viljoen, who is pushing the case against De Villiers, said to-day that letters from Monterey in his possession indicated some former high Mexican officials were implicated in the alleged plot.

Trains Running Again.

Juarez, Mex., June 6.—For the first time in three months train service throughout northern Mexico was resumed yesterday. A train arrived in Juarez direct from Mexico City by way of Chihuahua. The last previous train that came through was in February. The re-opening of the road will enable federal troops to evacuate Chihuahua and the insurgents to take possession.

MONEY BY LAWS.

New Westminster, June 5.—Two by-laws will probably be submitted to the ratepayers in about a month's time. One is for \$7,500 for improving Albert Crescent and the other for \$12,000 towards the purchase price of the school site for the East End. Ald. Lynch is nursing the park by-law alone, and feels that the people ought to at least endorse the expenditure of \$7,500 for the beautification and improvement of Albert Crescent. Ald. Lynch has another scheme, and one which should meet with general approval. That is to exclude the professional lacrosse team from Queen's park and let them have the upper end of Moody square, which at the present time is unimproved. It is proposed to put that part of Moody square into good condition, erect a grandstand and bleachers and build an up-to-date playground. A referendum upon the subject will be submitted to the people on this subject.

INTERNATIONAL
PEACE PACT URGED

British Delegates to Textile
Workers' Congress Will
Submit Resolution

Amsterdam, June 6.—Delegates already arriving for the congress which opens next week under the auspices of the National Federation of Textile Workers' associations. Beginning next Tuesday the proceedings are to last five days, and many important resolutions are due for discussion.

It is proposed by the committee which met at Lille to run the vote at the congress at the rate of one vote for every thousand members represented, also that instead of a country being required to have 10 per cent. of its total membership engaged in a strike or lock-out before benefits can be claimed from the dispute fund, as at present, it shall be entitled to claim when five per cent. of the members in any one section of a trade are involved. Denmark has a resolution to make the strike fund always \$75,000. As soon as all the funds are up to that it is to be used as a relief fund for all strikes or lock-outs, and when it falls below that sum it shall be replenished by a special levy of not more than 2 cents per member per week.

Great Britain has sent in a long series of resolutions declaring for a textile 8-hour day throughout the world, more factory inspectors of both sexes appointed by the government to enforce the laws, a higher weekly contribution of workers to the trade union funds, for international peace and against the system of fines and deductions from the wages of working people in many factories. Great Britain also seeks to have the next congress in Manchester, London or Leeds.

SUSPECT RELEASED.

Manila, June 6.—The stayaway on the British steamer Proteus, who was believed to be "Pete" of the city limits, was in connection with the Houndstooth shooting affray in London, turns out to be a tramp. He has been released from custody.

ORPHANAGE WORK

GOES ON QUIETLY

Ladies Committee Met Yesterday—
Donations Acknowledged During May

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The regular business meeting of the ladies' committee of the Protestant Orphan's Home was held yesterday, with an attendance of the following ladies: Mesdames McTavish, McCulloch, Millar, Teague, Sprague, Munse, Vigilius, J. Langley, Huckel, W. Scowcroft, W. Denny, Cochenour, Few, Sherwood, Shakespeare, and Misses Kilmie and Metcalfe.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted and necessary purchases had been made and some laundering done in the home. The pound party was postponed until a future date, when it is hoped all kind friends will remember the orphans as heretofore. Three children have been admitted and an application for the admittance of a family from Alberta was referred to the reception committee.

Two letters were received asking for the services of two boys, but none were available. Bills were ordered paid amounting to \$454 and the visitors for the month appointed—Mrs. Denny and Miss Tolmie.

The following donations received during May are acknowledged with thanks: Mrs. Todd, clothing; Mrs. Vigilius, jacket; Mrs. Worsfold, boots, clothing; hats; Mrs. T. Jackson, James Bay, clothing; Daughters of Pity, cakes, candies, ham, jellies, oranges, sugar; Misses Lizzo and Nellie Lawson, 1 ton coal; St. Andrew's Young People's Society, candles and fruit; Mrs. McTavish, dress; Mrs. Taylor, Ormewood House, 2 jackets; Tony Silvers, 15 lbs. butter, 1 ham; Mrs. Munse, rhubarb; Fernwood Bakery, buns; Mrs. Ohlson, Oakland Nursery, 5 tons milk; a friend, \$2 sack clothing; a friend, Oak Bay, clothing, per Burns Co.; Mrs. Dewar, clothing, boots, books, toys, baby carriage; Mrs. Burgess, clothing; Mrs. Teague, one mincer; Times, Colonialist.

DEMAND MORE WAGES.

Winnipeg, June 5.—Whether the bricklayers and masons of Winnipeg will call a general strike will be decided at a special meeting of the union to be called to-night. The men now receive 65¢ cents an hour and they demand an increase of 5 cents an hour. Their demands have been received by the builders.

OAK BAY COUNCIL
AND NEW BUILDING

Need for Municipal Hall is Live
Question—Business Last
Evening

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

A small amount of business came up for consideration last night, at the meeting of the Oak Bay council, and of that which did come up the most important part had to be laid over owing to the absence of three of the councillors.

After the reading of the minutes the report of the general works committee was presented. This was adopted with a minor amendment from the report. Hon. Edward Dewdney attended to see what could be done for him in the way of laying a water pipe to his residence on Cadboro Bay road. He was informed that the pipe would be laid without delay by the council.

A communication was received from T. C. Sorby, secretary of the Victoria Ratepayers' Association, asking for a copy of the assessment rolls of the municipality in order to print them with those of the city. This was referred to the proper committee.

Three petitions were speedily disposed of, one of the health committee and two asking for sidewalks were quashed.

A circular letter coming from the police department occasioned a discussion as to the best means of riding the municipality of tent caterpillars. Nothing definite was done with this matter.

The most important question before the meeting was that of arranging for the formulation of a by-law regarding the erection of a fire hall and municipal office building. On motion of Councillor Pemberton this was laid over till next meeting.

Councillor Noble was diffident about seconding this, but Reeve Henderson thought it would be unwise to push the matter through without a full quorum. Councillor Noble agreed that in a matter as important as this, unanimous action should be sought, and accordingly he was willing to let it stand over.

ACCEPTED A BRIBE.

Columbus, O., June 6.—What Prosecuting Attorney Turner and Attorney-General Hogan have been hoping for, happened yesterday, when a member of the legislature confessed in open court that he had accepted a bribe of \$10,000 to influence the passage of a bill. As soon as the confession was made, the legislature adjourned.

The legislature adjourned yesterday, and a member of the House calendar committee, which was the object of much criticism immediately preceding the bribery disclosures.

Evans spent the day before the grand jury a new and large list of indictments is predicted as a result of his confession.

STRUCK BY ENGINE.

Nelson, June 6.—To see a tot of two and a half years of age knocked backward by a heavy freight engine at the city limits, was the experience of Engineer Smith, in charge of the Spokane freight, at a point near the eastern boundary of the city limits. The tot struck the child on the right shoulder, and he rolled over on the cinder track beside the rattle and got up and walked away apparently unhurt.

KING'S DAUGHTERS

CONVENE AT DUNCAN

Provincial Circles Meet in Annual Session, Hear Reports and Elect Officers

The eleventh annual convention of the King's Daughters Order in British Columbia was held in the K. of P. hall at Duncan on Thursday and Friday last. There were 47 delegates present from Vancouver, Victoria and Cowichan. The convention was opened on Thursday morning with devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. Canon Leakey, who afterwards welcomed the visiting delegates on behalf of the people of Cowichan.

Mrs. D. Holmes delivered an address of welcome from the King's Daughters of Cowichan to the visitors, which was responded to by Mrs. Watt, of Metcalfe, Miss Dickinson, of Victoria; Mrs. Wilson, of Vancouver, and Mrs. Whitely, of Cloverdale.

The chair was taken by Miss Leitch, provincial secretary, and after the minutes of the last convention were read by Mrs. Hasell, of Victoria, a letter was read from Miss Brown, Dominion secretary, conveying greetings from the East, and wishing the King's Daughters in British Columbia success during the coming year.

The report of the provincial secretary was presented by Miss Leitch, and the financial report for the past year was submitted to the consideration of the meeting by Mrs. Hardie, the provincial treasurer.

District reports were read by the different secretaries, which all proved full of interest. Vancouver reporting seven new circles in the past year, a great preparation being made towards a made-in-Canada fair, which is to take place June 14-22, to raise funds for a convalescent home in Vancouver.

Luncheon was served in the dining-room by a ladies' committee, consisting of Mesdames Jaynes, Dickie, Phipps, Welburn and others.

Thursday afternoon's session was opened by Rev. Mr. Raines, the most interesting business being the reading of reports of the various circles in the province. Much activity seemed displayed in all.

The delegates were entertained at an afternoon tea at the home of Mrs. Whitome, followed by a drive around the district.

Friday morning's session was opened by Rev. Mr. Christmas. Minutes of previous sessions were read by Mrs. Hasell. Nomination and election of officers followed, resulting as follows: Provincial secretary, Miss Leitch; provincial recording secretary, Mrs. Hasell; provincial treasurer, Mrs. Hardie (all unanimously re-elected). Executive committee—Mrs. Macdonald, Cowichan; Mr. Griffith, Vancouver; Mrs. Banfield, Vancouver; Mrs. Whiteley, Cloverdale.

Miss Wilson read an encouraging account of the work done by the scattered circles of Cowichan, also local and outside help towards the new convalescent home and emergency hospital, which has already proved to fill a long felt want in the district.

Friday afternoon's session was opened by Mr. Raines. New business was brought up and fully discussed. A cordial invitation was then extended to all circles by Mrs. Dickinson on behalf of the Victoria circles to meet in that city next year. This was most heartily received.

The convention was then declared closed, and the delegates were driven to the home of Mrs. Leather, Quamichan Lake, where they were entertained at a garden party by Mrs. Leather and Mrs. Elkington.

CONFERENCE AND
EMIGRATION QUESTION

Subject Discussed at Gathering in London—Navigation Laws

London, June 6.—A report issued last evening concerning the proceedings of the Imperial conference shows that Rt. Hon. Sydney Buxton, the board of trade president, moved that the overseas dominions consider in conjunction with the government some means for the utilization of the national labor exchanges for the purpose of securing employment for those desiring to go to the colonies. Premier Laurier opposed the suggestion, declaring that Canada did not favor direct promotion of emigration from Great Britain or elsewhere. Friction would result between the employer and employee in the Dominion if this course were adopted. The motion was withdrawn.

At the Imperial conference yesterday Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave notification of his intention to introduce a resolution with the view to securing liberty for any Dominion of the Empire to withdraw from the operation of any treaty made by the government without impairing the treaty in respect to the rest of the Empire.

A resolution for uniform navigation laws throughout the Empire and the employment of British seamen in British ships was adopted.

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