

A SANDY HOOK 90 FOOTER

If Valkyrie III. Falls It Will Be Futile to Make Another Attempt.

Reduction of Mersey Dock Dues—The Behring Sea Act—Chinese Loan.

London, June 13.—The Times makes the assertion that the Russo-Chinese loan contract specifically recognizes the priority of existing silver and gold loans over its claims on the customs revenue, and also provides that in the event of any future loan being secured on the Chinese revenues, apart from customs, the present loan shall also be given a lien on these: £6,000,000 of the loan are assigned to the Russian syndicate and the remainder to the French syndicate, with a provision by which £2,000,000 may be assigned to the Rothschilds in Germany or England. The syndicate obtains the loan at 94 and sells it at 88 1/2. Thus China will only get £15,000,000.

The Times this morning announces that at St. George's church, London, on Wednesday, John Francis Harris, son of the late G. F. Harris, of Nebraska, was married to Gertrude, daughter of W. P. Upham, of St. Paul, Minn. A reception was tendered to M. Paul Bourget, the recently elected academi- cian at the French academy, Paris, this evening by Viscount Vogue, which was attended by many ladies, including Mrs. Pature, the wife of the president. Vis- count Vogue's address referred to M. Bourget's recent visit to America. "You went there to see our future image in the transatlantic mirror. You brought back fine work out of me, which, in some parts of your psychological investi- gations, were treated in a masterly way, but your intelligence was seduced by virtue of the virgin energy of the new world, by that feverish activity of man in the royal sway of his will and in the industry of his power."

The Belgian chamber of deputies to- day adopted a duty of two francs on flour and four francs on oatmeal.

The Mersey dock board has adopted a proposal for the reduction of rates and dues amounting to £20,000 annually on shipping and £23,080 on general goods, in which wheat is included. The ex- tions which are not reduced. The ex- tions which are not reduced.

The correspondent of the Times at St. Petersburg, under date of June 11, with reference to the Russo-Japanese com- mercial treaty, says: "Although rumors have been current regarding the special clauses of the treaty, and the particular advantages for Russian petroleum in the Japanese market, I understand that the treaty is identical with the Anglo- Japanese treaty with respect to the most favored nation clause, so that there can be no privileges which other countries treating with Japan on the same basis will not enjoy."

Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, replying to a question in the House of Commons to- day, said that the government of Canada was aware that legislation was necessary to replace the Behring sea act which expires on June 30, and that time ago it furnished to the Imperial government its views respecting the amendments it desired. These views have been carefully considered and the government had tried, in the Behring sea bill just introduced, to meet them in substance.

The postmaster-general, Rt. Hon. Arnold Morley, in answer to a question, announced that the Earl of Jersey's report respecting the mail question discus- sed at the Ottawa conference was still under the consideration of the inter- colonial committee, whose deliberations will necessarily be protracted, as it has many matters before it which are of the highest importance to India and Aus- tralia.

The Daily News correspondent at Vi- enna telegraphs that the coalition of the German Liberals, the Polish and the Conservative parties, upon which the Windischgraetz cabinet was formed, has collapsed by the secession of the Ger- man Liberals. The Liberal minis- ter of finance and commerce has been compelled to resign. The position of the ministry is precarious.

It is reported that Grand Duke George of Russia, the Czarevitch, has but one lung remaining. The physicians in attendance declare that a catastrophe is inevitable, though they are unable to say how far his life may be prolonged.

The Transvaal troops under General Gombert have routed the rebels, whose chief, Magoha, was killed after severe fighting. The rebellion in Zouthpans- berg is ended. The campaign against the rebellious tribes has only lasted about a month. The insurrection was precipitated by the paramount chief, Mosago, dismissing the Transvaal com- missioner from his country. The Makatees tribes subsequently massed at their various strongholds, being armed with mod- ern rifles which they obtained from the adjacent Portuguese territory. It was expected that the quelling of the in- surrection would take a six months' campaign.

Advices received from the island of Madagascar say that the advance guard of the French expedition forced the passage of Bellboka on June 9 and cap- tured Mostatanano, whereupon the Hovas retreated when the French began shelling them. Only two French soldiers were wounded, but the troops are suf- fering from the climate.

El Porvenir, of Cartagena, Colum- bia, considers the sole guarantee by the United States of the neutrality of the isthmus dangerous, and urges that one be formed with France. It also ad- vocates forts at the ends of the Nica- ragua canal, manned by Columbian forces. The paper expresses itself as being alarmed at recent events in Nicaragua.

Cardinal Gibbons presided at the Cor- pus Christi celebration and procession of Santa Maria Trastevere, from which

he derives his cardinal title. A number of the leading Americans in Rome were present at the celebration.

The Yachtsman to-day expresses the opinion that the spars of the Valkyrie III. will terrify all right thinking Ameri- cans. The Yachtsman adds that the Alisa's spars are puny in comparison, that there is a general belief that the Valkyrie III. will win the America cup and that if she fails it would be futile to make another attempt. Continuing, the Yachtsman remarks: "Watson, for the first time, has subordinated every con- sideration to the essential qualification of a Sandy Hook 90 footer."

London, June 14.—The Daily News' Vienna correspondent says it is reported there from Constantinople that Said Pa- sha will appoint a commission, to in- clude Armenians, to formulate a scheme of reforms of the Turkish administration of affairs in Armenia.

The League of Patriots continues to organize meetings in Paris protesting against the participation of France in the commemorative celebration at Kiel in commemoration of the opening of the Baltic and North sea canal. Pleafaris have been posted in various parts of the city calling upon the inhabitants to dis- play flags draped with crape as long as the French ships are at Kiel.

As previously foreshadowed by the dispatches of the Associated Press, Mr. H. S. Naylor-Leyland, who recently re- signed his seat as member for Colchest- er, has been nominated to contest the Southport division of Lancashire in the next general elections against the Hon. George N. Curzon, the present member for that division. Both Mr. Naylor-Ley- land and Mr. Curzon are Conservatives and their wives are American ladies. The former married Miss Jane Cham- berlain, daughter of H. S. Chamberlain, of Cleveland, Ohio, and the latter re- cently married Miss Mary Leiter, of Washington, D. C. Mrs. Naylor-Ley- land and Mrs. Curzon will, it is an- nounced, take an active part in the coming campaign.

The steamer Campania will take out to-morrow for Liverpool £245,000 of bar gold for the account of the United States bond syndicate.

The result of the polling yesterday in Invernesshire for M. P. to succeed Dr. Donald McGregor, Liberal, who resigned his seat in the House because of his dissatisfaction with the course of the government respecting the crofters' bill, will be announced to-morrow. Dr. Don- ald McRae, Ballan, organizing secre- tary of the Highland Land League, is the crofter candidate and Mr. Baillie, of Dochfour, is the Unionist candidate.

A dispatch from Christiania says that M. Svendsen, leader of the moderates, who was asked by King Oscar to form a new cabinet, has declined the propo- sition.

A dispatch from Rome says Signor Sonnini, minister of the treasury, pre- sented the budget statement. He esti- mated that the government would be able to effect a balance without an in- crease of taxation. The government pro- poses to unify the state debt in a new four per cent. issue and to endeavor to prevent a further increase thereof. A step toward the gradual withdrawal of state notes which are not covered by a metallic reserve the government pro- poses to restrict the note circulation to 110 million lire. The minister's speech was loudly cheered.

The United States cruiser Marblehead has arrived at Hamburg on her way to Kiel.

The yacht Britannia has been docked at Southampton and will be scrubbed. The Alisa docks there to-day to have the lead recently added to the keel re- moved and probably also the boom, which must be clipped and a longer top- mast given the yacht.

The Valkyrie will not race in the Mersey regatta, and it is doubtful if she will sail in any of the early Clyde regattas.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Discussion Regarding Recent Investiga- tions—Officers Elected.

The Teachers' Association met yester- day afternoon in the Y. M. C. A. hall. The vice-president, Miss E. G. Lawson, occupied the chair. The officers for the ensuing half-year were elected as fol- lows: President, Miss E. G. Lawson; Vice-President, L. Tait; Secretary-Treas- urer, E. F. Doran; Executive Commit- tee, Misses Cameron, Arrowsmith and Dowler and Donald Dallas. The wid- ow of the late Mr. Neil Heath, through Police Magistrate Macrae, conveyed her thanks to the teachers of Victoria for their goodness and thoughtfulness in tak- ing charge of the funeral.

The secretary of the Agricultural As- sociation asked the teachers to make ar- rangements for Children's Day at the coming exhibition. A committee was ap- pointed, consisting of Misses Cameron, Williams, Walker and King and Messrs. McNeill, Ross and Russell to make all necessary arrangements. This commit- tee was instructed by the association to insist on the payment of the money due Mr. Russell for training the children last year, before promising any assist- ance from the teachers in making Child- ren's Day a success.

After a short discussion 27 teachers voted for the adoption of the vertical style of writing in the schools, and 16 upheld the Spencerian system.

The publicity given to the speeches made by trustees in connection with the recent investigations was criticized by the teachers as calculated to injure the reputation of the public schools. A mo- tion to request the board of trustees to deal with such matters in private was after some discussion withdrawn and no definite action was taken in the matter.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SUPERANNUATION SWINDLE.

Hale and Hearty Public Officials Shelved to Make Room for Favorites.

National Policy Affecting Traffic on the Soo Canal—Protests From B. C.

Ottawa, June 14.—McCarthy in the House to-day presented a large number of petitions, from Ontario and British Columbia praying that Parliament do not interfere with the Manitoba school question. The petitions also censure the government for its remedial order.

The decision of the Manitoba govern- ment in the school case has created con- siderable talk. The Roman Catholic members will push for remedial legisla- tion this session. The Ontario members will urge the appointment of a commis- sion to investigate the schools.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Paid, Drawn Out. Lists names like Dixon, Dore, Duggan, Duck, Dewey, Forbes, Fox, Knight, Gordon, Agnew, Amos, Armstrong, Ashe, Hewitt with corresponding amounts.

There is a curious condition of things at Sault Ste. Marie in regard to coal. People on the Canadian side are complain- ing that the Canadian steamers, in- stead of using the newly-cut Canadian canal, are still going through the Ameri- can canal, which is, of course, open to them free. It turns out that the reason for this is the cheapness of American coal. In Canada there is a duty on soft coal which is largely used by the steamers, and naturally, if not patrioti- cally, the steambot prefers the article on which there is no duty because it is cheaper. It thus appears that a duty on coal increases its price. It would al- seem to be clear that patriotism is one thing and trade another, for even the Canadian Pacific line prefers to buy un- doubted American coal in the United States to the naturalized article on which the Canadian has patriotically paid duty. The result will be awaited with interest.

Perhaps a remedy will be the only solution. The soft coal of Nova Scotia cannot be carried to Sault Ste. Marie and made to underseil the soft coal of the west. If our steamers are to compete for the trade of the lakes with the American steamers they must get their coal as cheaply as these latter. What then is to be done but to take off the duty? And why should it not be taken off? It is certainly not levied in the interests of the great body of coal consumers.

E. & N. EXTENSION.
Correspondence Made Public by Mr. Haslam Settles the Question.

The following letters anent the pro- posed E. & N. extension appeared in the last number of the Wellington Enter- prise:
House of Commons, Canada,
Ottawa, May 31st, 1895.
Alex. Sharp, Esq.
Dear Sir:—I enclose a letter from the Hon. Campbell of Colchester on the col- lection of duties at Wellington postoffice, and another from the Hon. Minister of Railways and Canals, in reference to the subsidy for the extension from Well- ington to Comox. I have had a number of interviews with the Hon. minister on the subject, and he is fully aware of the im- portance of the work and the necessity for having it completed at as early a date as possible, but owing to the gen- eral policy of the government during this session to grant no subsidy it cannot be done from the position it has taken.

Owing to the falling revenue due to depression of business and reduction in duties, I think the government is justified in not incurring any new liabilities. I hope at the next session of parliament the government will be in a position to grant the subsidy, I hope they will do it. I am, very truly,
A. HASLAM.

Department of Railways and Canals, Minister's Office,
Ottawa, May 29th, 1895.
Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your let- ter of the 28th inst., with enclosure of a petition from residents and electors of Vancouver Island Electoral District in favor of granting a subsidy of \$3,200 per mile towards the extension of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway from Wellington to Comox.

As you are aware, the finance minister has announced to parliament that no railway subsidies will be granted during the present session. I am greatly impres- sed with the importance of the proposed extension, and when it is again deter- mined to grant railway subsidies, I will recommend to my colleagues the most favorable consideration of the applica- tion for a subsidy to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway as set forth in the petition.

In the meantime your letter and the petition will be kept on record in the department. Yours faithfully,
(Signed) JOHN HAGGART,
Minister of Railways.
A. Haslam, Esq., M.P.P.,
House of Commons, Ottawa.

—Lawn mowers at Shore's hardware, cheap for cash.
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

TARIFF REFORM VICTORY.

More Voluntary Increases of Wages Since the Tariff Was Reduced.

Birmingham, Ala., June 14.—The Howard Harrison Iron Company, operat- ing the largest iron pipe works in the south, located at Bessemer, employing 1500 men, have posted notices that the wages of their employees will be increas- ed ten per cent. on June 15. The advance is voluntary. This is the second large iron company that has advanced wages in this district within a week.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Protection Causes an Enormous Adverse Balance of Trade in France.

An Explosion at the Red-Car Iron Works, Yorkshire, Kills Nine Men.

London, June 15.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times telegraphs to that paper that it is almost certain that Russia will take no action to compel re- forms by Turkey in Armenia.

The Karlsruhe Zeitung says that the Grand Duchy of Baden also does not de- sire an international bimetallic confer- ence.

The director of customs at Paris reports that during the first five months of the present year French imports decreased 240,000,000 francs as compared with the corresponding period of 1894. On the other hand exports increased 100,000,000 francs during the first five months of 1895.

Advices from Madrid say the royal as- sessment was given to-day to a bill adopted by the senate on Wednesday last authorizing the government to raise in case of need a loan of six hundred million pesetas on account of Cuba. It is believed vessels will be pur- chased abroad and sent to Cuba in order to more thoroughly patrol the coast of the island.

It is reported at Paris that some diffi- culty has arisen between France and the republic of San Domingo in consequence of the coinage and circulation by the latter government of nickel money bearing an effigy of the French republic.

News of a disquieting nature has been received at Hongkong from the island of Formosa. It is stated that the Black Flag pirates are threatening to cause serious trouble and foreigners on the island are in a critical position. In view of this fact the commander of the British cruiser Rain- bow has left here for the scene of the trouble. A Japanese cruiser which was approaching Anping was fired upon with effect.

A boiler explosion in the Redcar Iron Works near Guisborough, Yorkshire, to-day resulted in the death of six persons and in serious injury to eighteen others.

Three of the injured persons died later in the day, making a total of nine killed. Thirteen out of the fifteen boilers ex- ploded. The masonry was hardly one hundred yards away and a volume of boiling water a yard deep poured over the workmen. The damage done will amount to about \$250,000. The latest reports from the scene of the disaster show that nine persons were killed, 20 were seriously injured and, in addition, 140 persons have been thrown out of employment.

The departure of the new American line steamship St. Louis from Southamp- ton on her return trip to New York after her first voyage across the Atlantic was witnessed to-day by a large crowd of people. She took 200 passengers, includ- ing Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer, of Chicago.

THE BOYS ASSIMBLE.

Will Deliver Ireland from the Rule of the Sassenach.

New York, June 13.—Arrangements are in active preparation for the con- vention of delegates from the society of Irish Nationalists in every city in the United States and Canada, to lay the basis for an open agitation against Eng- lish rule in Ireland, which will be held under the auspices of the Irish National League of America in a few weeks.

The club of this city met to-night, when the following resolutions were sub- mitted and unanimously adopted:
"Whereas the convention of Irish Amer- icans is to be held to formulate and proclaim a new public movement for Irish national independence, the '98' club, which was founded in accordance with the doctrines and principles of Wolf Tone and the Irish nationalists of 1798, endorses the proposal to hold the Irish convention to proclaim and work for Ireland's right to independence. Res- olved: That we, the members of the '98 club, believing as we do, that owing to antagonistic British interests the re- form of foreign rule in Ireland must of necessity be always impossible, we here- by give our cordial assistance to the pro- posed public organization for Ireland's independence and pledge ourselves col- lectively and individually to aid, morally, financially and in every way possible the endeavor of the Irish people to establish an independent national government. The resolutions were presented by P. T. Cody, Thomas O'Connell and P. J. H. Tynan.

Everywhere We Go
We find some one who has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and people on all hands are praising this great medicine for what it has done for them and their friends. Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness, by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition. It is the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite ca- thartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box

AN INTERNATIONAL BREACH

The Departure of a Filibustering Expedition With Muni- tions of War.

Likely to Involve the United States in Serious Complications With Spain.

Washington, D.C., June 13.—If the steamer Geo. Childs, as alleged, has car- ried from the United States a supply of munitions of war and armed men to aid the rebels in Cuba, the incident may raise a grave question as to the respon- sibility. On the statement of facts re- ported to our officials the case bears a strong resemblance to the celebrated Al- abama affair, which cost the British gov- ernment many million dollars to settle. It cannot be said that the decision of the United States courts in the Itata case fits this and would justify our officials in failing to put forth all proper effort to detain the ship, for in that case the courts made the point that the Itata ex- pedition did not originate in the United States and was simply a merchant ves- sel coming from a foreign country and receiving aboard a load of merchandise. While it is true this load consisted of arms under our construction of interna- tional law, these were goods which may be sold and shipped to any party. In the Childs case, however, the vessel was under the United States and practically the expedition originated in this country. It is said that our government was duly advised of the intended departure of the Childs' expedition, though whether the advices were in themselves sufficient to make a prima facie, justifying the arrest of the parties or the detention of the vessel under the terms of our law, cannot be learned.

By the terms of the treaty of Washing- ton, United States bound Great Britain and itself to the doctrine that a nation is bound to use "due diligence" to pre- vent the departure of armed expeditions against a friendly nation. This raises the point whether the United States can be held to have exercised due diligence in the matter. It requires the Spanish officials to furnish an absolute proof of the nature of the expedition or whether it should not bestir itself to secure the nec- essary evidence upon information being supplied to show that the departure of the expedition is probable. If the latter view is taken it would seem to follow that through the instrumentality of the secret service of the treasury, the government might easily obtain sufficient evidence to break up quickly the orga- nization of hostile movements in this country directed against Spain, and upon the decision of the administration as to its duty in this matter undoubtedly hinges the success or defeat of the cause of the Cuban rebels, for it is not believed that it can succeed without sub- stantial aid from sympathizers in the United States.

The confirmation of the reports that American missionary property in China has been destroyed makes it probable that the United States government will require China to make suitable inden- tity when the facts are officially estab- lished. A precedent for such recompense was made when the United States paid China a considerable amount for mob depredations on Chinese in the far Northwest. The reports of destruction of 400 persons' property in China vary, it is said that the indemnity asked will cover not only the actual damage and loss to American missionaries, but also a sum as recompense for the indignities offered.

MACCARONI-PEANNUTTI.
A Lively Conflict Between Italians—Knives Freely Used.

Honore Falls, N. Y., June 14.—A stab- bing affray occurred last night at a slanty occupied by about 40 Italian in- laborers in which one man was fatally wounded and another badly cut. Two brothers, Domoni Flor and Sel Flor, had an old grudge against Pontona Lacorono and Barrono Bruanon. The Flor brothers were using a stove last night when the other two, claimed as theirs, and in the quarrel over the matter all the men drew knives and began slash- ing one another. Lacorono was stabbed three times, once in the head, again in the chest near the right lung and again in the abdomen. He will probably die. Bruanon was also cut about the head and on the hands. Neither of the Flor brothers is badly injured. All the parties have been arrested and are held to wait the result of Lacorono's wounds.

Port Lemon, Nicaragua, June 14.—The authorities here forbade the landing of a schooner called the Carrie Mayer, flying the American flag, as they are convinced the vessel was carrying arms for either Columbian or Venezuelan rebels.

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merits everybody in a box of these are certainty of a light, ab- of odor, also of from accidental these features the EDDY MATCH at of low price.

everly rebuked Mr. Chamber- vocative language toward which he said was most danger- world's peace. He denied that ment intended to extend com- berlain repudiated any de- provocative, but had simply a statement of Sir Edward amentary secretary of the, that a certain act on the nce would be regarded as un- England, and asked to be as- steps were not to be taken his act. et precipitated a long discus- and the closure was finally end the debate. The credit ttppt by 249 to 51.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Finnes Will Move the Dis- sal of Fitzsimmons.

June 15.—At a cabinet meet- ernoon an order-in-council allowing the law to take its Hendersbott and Welter ses. They will consequently at St. Thomas on the 15th order has been sent to Que- signature of Lord Aberdeen, sion is strong that the gov- appoint a commission to in- the Manitoba schools.

CUBAN STRUGGLE.

the Head of a Body of Insur- ts Threatens a City.

June 15.—A law has been gran- ending the reduction of the es of 1890 in order to defray es of the war.

June 15.—Maxim Gomez has province of Puerto Principe of a number of insurgents ed near the city of Puerto capital. Several important in the neighborhood and the of Puerto Principe are go- a conference with Gomez of prevailing upon him to further armed revolution. of the province of Puerto not in favor of revolution.



Job Wilcox of St. Thomas, one of the best known men nity. He is now, he says, n. but Hood's Sarsaparilla him feel young again.

year ago I had a very severe e grip, which resulted in my well day for several months I was completely run down stem was in a

Terrible Condition.

sh and became depressed Finally a friend who had been y Hood's Sarsaparilla advised and I did so. I continued tak- I used twelve bottles and a honestly say Hood's Sars- restored me to my former ACOB WILCOX, St. Thomas,

Sarsaparilla the Only Blood Purifier

in the public eye today. In all other preparations fail. the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.