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TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

British Drive On North of Ginchy

French Beat Back Enemy Seeking to Recover Territory Recently Captured By Foch's Army

London, Sept. 14.—The British have made further progress on the Somme front north of Ginchy, it was announced officially today.

"The general situation is unchanged," says the statement. South of the Ancre there were the usual artillery bombardments on both sides, heavy artillery being particularly active in the neighborhood of the Pozieres windmill and south of Thiepval.

"Some further progress has been made by our north of Ginchy. In the neighborhood of Souchez we carried out a successful raid last night, taking some prisoners."

GERMANS REPULSED. Paris, Sept. 14.—The Germans made vigorous efforts last night to drive the French from territory occupied recently on the Somme and Verdun fronts. The War Office today announced the repulse of several assaults north and south of the Somme and east of the Meuse at Vaux-Chapelle Wood.

RUSSIAN REPORT. Petrograd, Sept. 14.—On the western (Russian and Galician) front the situation is unchanged, says today's announcement from the war office.

"On the Caucasian front, in the region west of the River Falp-lanchi, our detachments captured camels and cattle from the enemy."

FRENCH SPEED TAKES ENEMY BY SURPRISE. Paris, Sept. 14.—The speed of the French advance in Tuesday's battle on the Somme front took the Germans completely by surprise according to a description of the fighting given by an eyewitness. He said:

"The attack began at 12.30 p. m. in perfect order. The officers had difficulty holding their men, some of whom started even before the appointed time. In a few minutes the first objective was carried and at 12.35 came the news that the Berlin trench was already occupied. Then steadily came information of further gains and the observers saw a stream of surrendering Germans running toward the French lines."

"Many of the Germans who surrendered were hit by the curtain fire of their own artillery. Most of them were troops who had recently arrived from the Verdun front. The prisoners declared that, though they expected the attack, the rapidly with which it was delivered took them by surprise."

GERMAN PRINCES IN COMMANDS ON WEST. Berlin, Sept. 14.—Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria has assumed the over-command of the German armies on the Somme front. He is intrusted with the general direction of operations against the Anglo-French offensive.

Von Hindenburg's new order divides the western front into three sectors and assigns these to three princely commanders who, regardless of reasons of policy which dictated their appointment to command of armies at the beginning of the war have won their spurs by the successful conduct of operations.

Duke Albrecht, prospective heir to the Kingdom of Wurttemberg, is in command of the northern sector. He is in the first great defeat on the French in the dash northward through Belgium. Crown Prince Rupprecht was the victor in the battle in Lorraine in 1914. The German crown prince has the over-command in the Verdun sector.

IS NOT MISSING. Information has reached the Times from a reliable source that the whereabouts of William Hozen, of Mount Pleasant avenue, East St. John, who has been reported missing since September 4, is known to members of his family, and that there had been some home trouble.

LESS THIS WEEK. The St. John bank clearing for the week ending today were \$1,228,222; corresponding week last year, \$1,374,401.

POLICE COURT. Three prisoners faced the police magistrate this morning and two were given the usual penalty for drunkenness. Benjamin Fish, who was allowed to go some ten days ago to work on the Valley Railroad, was again before the court. It seems he went to work, but he returned here the next day. Last night he was arrested on drunkenness charges. This morning he overstepped the court etiquette and was sent below to be educated.

THE MODERN CANUTE. (Caption: "MAD! MAD! WHY DO YOU TELL ME THE DEPENDABLE LIE THAT YOUR VESSEL NEVER SINKS IF IT FORGIVES THEM?")

MASSACRE BY TURKS IN KAVALA. Bashibazuks Pillage and Slay When Garrison Leaves THE CITY IN A PANIC

Bulgarians Drop Bombs and Kill Nine Persons—American Lives as Well as Property in Danger

Paris, Sept. 14.—The Greek port of Kavala was pillaged and civilians massacred by Turkish Bashibazuks on the withdrawal of the Greek garrison, according to a Saloniki dispatch to the Havas Agency. The dispatch says that the Bulgarians sent an ultimatum to Col. Christopoulos, commander of the garrison, on the night of Sept. 10. Col. Christopoulos then left with 1,500 men for Thessalonica.

A terrible panic occurred in the city when the garrison withdrew. The Bashibazuks entered and, after breaking open the prisons, indulged in an orgy of pillage and slaughter. All who could, fled before the invaders.

ENEMY EFFORT TO STEM TIDE IN THE BALKANS

Report That 200,000 Germans and 100,000 Austrians Are to Be Sent There; Serbs and Bulgars Fighting

London, Sept. 14.—A wireless press despatch from Rome says that at the general council of the Central Powers at the headquarters of the German Emperor, an offensive campaign in the Balkans was mapped out, and that Germany will send 200,000 men and Austria 100,000 for this purpose.

SERBS AND BULGARS IN BATTLE. Paris, Sept. 14.—Serbians and Bulgarians are engaged in violent fighting on the Macedonian front. The war office announced today that the Serbians had captured Bulgarian trenches near Vetrinac and a height northwest of Lake Ostrovno. An engagement south of the lake is turning in favor of the allies.

BRITISH REPORT. London, Sept. 14.—3.40 p.m.—There has been considerable activity on both our Struma and our Dobran fronts, says the official report of today in regard to the Macedonian campaign. Our patrols have been active on the east bank of the Struma.

ROUMANIANS HOLD THEIR OWN. Petrograd, Sept. 14.—Roumanian troops have repulsed a series of attacks by the Germans and Bulgarians in Dobruja. In the region of Silistria, on the right bank of the Danube, fighting is still proceeding. The Roumanians repulsed a series of attacks by Germano-Bulgarian troops and captured eight light guns. Must Have Free Hand.

Athens, Sept. 13, via London, Sept. 14.—(Delayed)—M. Dimitracopolis has asked King Constantine to allow him forty-eight hours in which to consult his friends before deciding as to whether he will undertake the formation of a new cabinet. The former minister of justice also wishes to sound the minister of the interior before reaching a decision.

M. Dimitracopolis is known to have declared that his acceptance of the premiership will be made only on the basis that he be given full power to control the national policy. He will insist that he must be free to take whatever steps the present crisis calls for, even to the entry of Greece into the war.

WHY ZAIMIS RESIGNED. Athens, via London, Sept. 14.—Every effort to persuade Alexander Zaimis, the aged premier, to remain in office was fruitless. His pride was wounded by the appearance of the Allied fleet off Greece at the very moment when negotiations had begun for the entry of Greece into the war. The arrest of Austrians and Germans in Athens by the French legation by ruffians who fired shots there, taken in conjunction with the continual internal discord in the face of a great national crisis, finally led to his resignation.

The result was not only to precipitate the retirement of the Zaimis ministry but to bring about a standstill and possibly even to end all discussion of a departure from neutrality by Greece.

"I hope the Entente now sees where its policy of trying to force matters in Greece has opposed the Greek official with sympathies for the Entente, to the moral effect of Greece's entry into the war with the Allies unquestionably will be a shortening of the war by many months. Without a figure like Zaimis detached from politics to conduct the negotiations, there is scarcely a ghost of a chance that this can be arranged. God knows nobody in Greece has opposed entry into the war for the last fortnight, and if this country does not occur in the responsibility must fall on those who are too impatient to await the end of legitimate discussion of details."

King Constantine, however, much as he may be annoyed by the delay in settling the relations of Greece with the Entente, is seeking a premier who will hasten arrangements to depart from neutrality.

Nicholas Dimitracopolis, who was minister of justice under Premier Venizelos, was approached this afternoon with a proposal to form a ministry along the lines of the desire of the King. (This despatch probably delayed by censor was written before a despatch from the same correspondent which was received last night, announcing that M. Heavyfoc had accepted the king's invitation to form a cabinet.)

Phelic and Pherdinand WEATHER REPORT. Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis—A shallow depression is situated over Lake Superior, while the pronounced cool wave mentioned yesterday now covers the western and northwestern portion of the continent. Showers have been general in Manitoba and very local in Saskatchewan and Ontario.

Ottawa Valley—Fair and warm today, local showers tonight and on Friday, turning cooler during Friday.

Maritime—Moderate winds, fair today and on Friday, then local showers. New England—Overcast tonight and Friday. Probably showers, cooler Friday; gentle to moderate variable winds.

Constantinople and The Dardanelles For Russia

Duma Member in United States Says Allies Have Agreed to This

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 14.—That Constantinople has been promised to Russia by the Entente Allies should the Central Empires be defeated was said here yesterday by M. M. Itchas, a member of the Duma and one of a Russian parliamentary deputation sent by the Czar to England, France and Italy to confer with these governments.

"Russia has the solemn promise of the other allies that Constantinople and the Dardanelles will become Russian territory," said Mr. Itchas. He came here by way of Japan, and is visiting America to consult with committees of his countrymen measures for the relief of the thousands of refugees who fled into Russia when German troops occupied Lithuania.

JUSTIFYING MURDER. German Ministers Confess That Their "Inmost Thoughts" are Favourable to Slaughter of Innocents by Zeppelins

London, Sept. 14.—A Rome despatch to the London Morning Post says: The German newspapers are again discussing Zeppelin raids. Theodore Kaftan, general superintendent of the Prussian Protestant church, publicly expressed the hope that hundreds of Zeppelins would drop bombs on England, on the ground that it would be the best way of serving the cause of world peace.

The Vorwarts, the central organ of the Socialist party, stigmatised this pronouncement as the doctrine of "The War of Christianity."

The Reichsbote, the organ of the Lutheran Pastors, defended the superintendent and stated "what he said is the interpretation also of our inmost thoughts."

The Germania, the Berlin organ of the Centre party and the Prussian Roman Catholics, now expresses complete acquiescence in the views of the Protestant church dignitary on this subject, and writes to the Socialist indignation writes:

"We repudiate most emphatically the notion that there is anything in aerial warfare (which is moreover a perfectly legitimate means of attack, and in our case doubly justified for well known reasons when applied to England) that Christianity can condemn. There can be absolutely no question of that."

"It is true that for the Christian, war is a bitter and hard trial ordained by God and that he prays and implores God it may be brought to an end speedily, prevent a Christian from regarding himself as an instrument of God in the same war as he would regard one of all permissible means at his disposal in order to gain victory for his nation and its just cause."

WARRING FACTIONS IN HUNGARY MAKE TRUCE SEVEN CASES OF TYPHOID IN MARYSVILLE; ONE DEATH

Frederickton, N. B., Sept. 14.—Seven cases of typhoid fever are reported in Marysville and there has been one death—Bradford Harrison, aged fifteen, who passed away yesterday.

The new golf links, which were formally opened this afternoon. A handsome clubhouse has been completed on a site commanding a view of the river. The club starts out with a large membership and all are much pleased with their splendid course and house.

John Edey of Douglas, was fined \$10 in the police court this morning for assaulting a neighbor.

Harry B. Atabertson killed a seventeen pound salmon at Hart's Island pool this week, establishing a record for the season. His catch of the season is twenty-five. It is estimated that more than 100 salmon have been taken with the fly at Hart's Island pool during the season which will end tomorrow.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 14.—Four men are dead and a score of others narrowly escaped in a fire which swept the Salvation Army industrial building here early today. About seventy-five persons were in the building, most of them on the second and third floors. Or who jumped from a top story window may die. The property loss was nominal.

AMERICAN AVIATOR KILLED. Fredericksburg, Texas, Sept. 14.—Jack Miller, a Texas aviator, fell seventy-five feet and was instantly killed here yesterday.

GERMANS SEIZE STORES ACCUMULATED BY AMERICANS FOR RELIEF OF THE BELGIANS

New York, Sept. 14.—A London News Agency despatch to the Sun says: German soldiers are seizing stores accumulated in Belgium by the American Relief Commission and paid for by Americans who thought they were feeding the starving Belgians, according to the Copenhagen correspondent of the Times.

The correspondent quotes the Rife Stiftstidende as saying: "Not only do German troops going from Belgium to the trenches on the western front have their nations coked out by these supplies, but soldiers going home on furlough arrive with their knapsacks filled with these pilfered victuals."

BRITISH LIKE TO SEE FRENCH WIN. Almost as Happy as in Their Own Success. JUBILATION IN LONDON. Papers Give Preeminence to French Thrust of Tuesday—Allies in Fact as in Name—War Weariness in Germany

New York, Sept. 14.—A news agency despatch to the Sun from London says: "The British like to see the French take out of the German front on Tuesday is given great prominence by the newspapers and commented upon with great enthusiasm."

"Every French success arouses immense enthusiasm in the British army and makes our men almost as happy if they had done it themselves," one of the correspondents with the army in France telegraphs.