MC2289

POOR DOCUMENT

THIS IS THE REAL ISSUE IN NEW BRUNSWICK SPORTING

Something Further About This Amateur Professionalism—Is Fred Cameron to Turn "Pro"?—Ring, Baseball, Athletic, Bowling and Other Sport

The eminent sporting authority whose lucubrations take the place of an ordinary funny column in the Fredericton Gleaner has something to say about "the fanatical St. John Times," the head and front of whose offending appears to be that it pleads for a sharp distinction between amateur and professional in sport.

So far as may be gleaned from the column and more of the Gleaner article, the writer wants amateurs and professionals playing together in hockey and baseball teams. It is just that sort of thing which has discredited sport in these provinces. What is needed now is that the teams shall be strictly amateur or strictly professional. That is what the M. A. A. A. seeks to bring about. If it be true, as alleged, that nearly all the good hockey players are professionals, let them play professional hockey.

There is nothing fanatical about this proposition. A few persons who had a financial interest to serve by introducing paid players into amateur teams have bedevilled sport hereabouts, and—surrounded it with an atmosphere of doubt and suspicion. It is folly to pretend that good amateur hockey teams cannot be secured. It would be better to wait until they grow than to continue the conditions of the last few years. It has not been the lovers of sport, but persons who sought to make money out of sport that caused so many players to get themselves into the professional class. Of what advantage would it be to sport to reinstate a professional player so that he might play one game and have him professionalise himself again to play another? The issue should be squarely faced, and the M. P. A. A. A. is trying to do it.

In the effort it deserves the sympathy and support of every lover of clean sport. We are told that the broader rules of the Federation work out better, but that is not the testimony of those who know sport as it is carried on under the Federation If the Gleaner man were as eager to have clean amateur sport as he is to beat the team of a rival town by any method, so long as it is beaten, he could assist very materially in clearing the atmosphere.

The Ring

With the sanction of officials and outside of the grasp of Virginia laws, R. H. Phillips and James Glavin, both enlisted men, will fight to a finish for the middle weight championship of the American navy at the St. Helena training station, Norfolk, Va., Thanksgiving Day.

The fight is to come off regardless of protests from women societies. Glavin is a member of the crew of the battleship Virginia, and Phillips is an electrician at the government wireless station. It is claimed that $20,000 will be wagered on the fight.

* * *

Bouts this week are:

Tonight:—Johnny Coulon v. Patsey Brannigan, Pittsburg; Young Donohue vs. Fred Kelly, Philadelphia.

Thursday—Bill Hurley v. Tom Sawyer, Lawrence; Joe Theel v. Brick (Twin) Miller, Philadelphia.

Friday—Kyle Whitney v. Mickey McDonough, Manchester, N. H.; Matty Baldwin v. Tommy Carey, Syracuse; Harry Lewis v. Harry Mansfield, Dayton, O.; Al Neil v. Frank Mantell, Sacramento; Young Loughrey v. Billy Donovan.

Saturday—Tom Sawyer v. Henry Hall, Portland, Me.; Phil Brock v. Unknown, New Orleans.

* * *

Ad Wolgast, of Milwaukee knocked out Henri Piet, champion lightweight of France, in the second round of a twenty-round bout in New Orleans on Saturday. A hard right swing to the jaw sent the Frenchman to the floor for the count of six in the first part of the second round. Fierce in-fighting followed, ending with a jab to the stomach, which put Piet out permanently a minute later. Wolgast weighed 129 pounds and Piet about 134. Hhe Frenchman rushed Wolgast from the start and virtually ran into the blows that finished him. Dr. Wallace Woods refereed.

* * *

Kyle Whitney, who defeated Billy Rolfe, will go against Mickey McDonough Friday night. This time the scene will shift from South Boston to Manchester, N. H. Mickey claims that he can defeat the colored man.

* * *

Hugh McIntosh, of Australia, is still in the field as a bidder for the Jeffries-Johnson bout, and has increased his offer to $75,000. McIntosh is anxious to have the contest take place in London.

Baseball

Every baseball season sees the decline of some great ones of the diamond. This season has been noteworthy because of the number of once-great pitchers who have been stamped as passed in the last set. Jack Chesbro, Carl Lundgren, Nick Altrock, Jesse Tannehill and Tom Hughes, five falling stars, have flashed across the baseball sky to sink into dimness or darkness of retirement.

* * *

The annual meeting of the National League will be held in New York on December 14.

* * *

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 16—The Baltimore Eastern League base ball club was sold today by Edward Hanlon to former manager Jack Dunn.

Football

Says a Boston football writer: Yale may defeat Harvard next Saturday, and the Elis will probably be the favorites in the betting, but the team that wins will know that some real football has been played.

* * *

The Pilgrims of England and a picked eleven from the New York Amateur Association Football League played a fast 2 to 2 tie game of soccer at Meyerrose park, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

* * *

Two of Yale's best football players, Fred Daly and Harry Vaughan, have been taken to the College infirmary, suffering from injuries received on Saturday, and it is feared that Daly will be out of the play against Harvard next Saturday. His shoulder was badly wrenched. Vaughan, whose knee was twisted, stands a fair chance of playing Saturday.

Capt. Ted Coy was found to have agravated his case of water on the knee by his strenuous work in the Princeton match, but he insists that nothing but the police will prevent him from playing against Harvard.

Athletic

The already large number of Canadian runners to join the professional ranks is likely to be further augmented by the addition of the present maritime champion, Fred Cameron. It is understood that the little Amherst runner has declared his intention of forsaking amateurism for the field that holds out the shining shekles as an inducement. While professional running is at its height now, there is nothing to indicate that it will be nearly as rosey next year, on the contrary it would not be surprising if the bottom dropped out of this class of sport, and that being the case, it would be a pity that the new arrivals in "pro" ranks should find themselves out in the cold; at the same time the sport would be that much the worse.

With all due respect for the gentlemanly little Nova Scotian, it might be mentioned incidentally that his time of 54.46, made recently for the ten miles, is not the Canadian record. The Canadian record is 53.59, held by George Adams.

* * *

Pat Dineen of Boston, won a professional Marathon race on the Wakefield Park track near Yonkers, Sunday, in 2.48.18 2-5.

* * *

All American track records from ten and a half to twenty miles were broken Sunday at Celtic Park, N. Y., in the twenty mile run, which was the main event in the annual games of the Shamrock Athletic Club. James Clark of the Xavier A. A., won in 1.58.27 3-5, against the old record of 2.07.11, made by James Crowley of the Irish-American A. C., last January.

The leader at ten and a half miles was Crowley, his time for that distance being 58.02, almost one minute better than the record, which has stood since 1889. Crowley led up to the seventeenth mile, breaking all intermediate records. Then he stopped almost to a walk and Clark took the lead, which he held to the tape, making new marks for every mile. He finished more than half a mile ahead of Harry J. Jensen, Pastime A. C., who was second, ten yards in front of William Frank of the Irish-American A. C. All three were inside the old record.

Bowling

In the City Bowling League last night the Newmans took three out of the four points from the Electrics on Black's alleys with a total pinfall of 1284 to 1244. The following is the summary:

Newmans.

				Total.	Avg.
Olive	98	100	95	293	97 2-3
Wilson	81	68	78	227	75 2-3
Hurley	91	89	80	260	86 2-3
Dean	95	83	99	277	92 1-3
Jones	85	62	80	227	75 2-3

Electrics.

				Total.	Avg.
Cosgrove	98	82	94	274	91 1-3
Kelley	94	88	86	268	89 1-3
Colvan	79	71	78	228	76
Smith	74	85	83	242	80 2-3
Campbell	66	92	74	232	77 1-3

* * *

On the Victoria alleys yesterday afternoon the compositors of the Standard won from the Sun typo's by 55 pins. The score was as follows:

Standard.

Ingraham	76	91	71
Ervine	81	62	67
Barry	75	74	77
Magee	75	76	64
	307	303	279

Total, 859

Sun.

McManus	63	77	79
Boyce	55	41	56
Morrisey	73	60	61
Mullins	98	89	82
	289	267	278

Total, 834.

Arthur Mullins, of the Sun team was high man, bowling 98 in the first string and having an average of 89 2-3.

* * *

Two new bowling alleys for the Victoria Bowling Academy have arrived from the Brunswick Balke Callendar Company, of Toronto. They will be ready in about ten days. With the two new alleys the Victoria Academy will have eight in all—the largest in eastern Canada.

WHAT GOLF WILL DO FOR ONE

(Boston Herald)

One is at times inclined to ask what is there in golf to excite such enthusiasm among the devotees and in what does it charm lie? The answer is that it is preeminently the game by which health is promoted and in which, at any rate if one desires to be proficient, it becomes necessary to throw off, certainly for the time being, all business cares, troubles and worries and devote one's self to the matter in hand. Therein do the health-giving porperties of golf lie.

The obesity and degeneration of middle age, when the biceps have diminished and one's energy is failing, may be helped by devotion to golf. It is pre-eminently in functional nervous disease that our great Anglo-Saxon game is to be recommended. No exercise or recreation is better fitted for the mentally overworked, the syterical, the melancholic; none so helps to preserve the concerted action of eye, brain and muscle known as the psychological moment.

None, perhaps, with the exception of swimming, gives one so good an appetite, there is not a more sovereign remedy for dyspepsia, and as to insomnia, such a thing scarcely exists among the devotees of golf.

DIVORCE COURT

In the divorce court yesterday afternoon the case of Bertha Wright vs John Wright, both of St. Martins, was taken up. This is an action for annulment of their marriage, performed by Rev. W. C. Townsend in 1907. They lived together until January, 1908. Judgment was reserved. W. B. Wallace and J. A. Sinclair appeared for the plaintiff, Mrs. Wright.

The handiest and most useful thing in the house is a Hot Water Bottle; but the most dangerous thing is a leaky or unreliable one. You are warned by all other makers of Hot Water Bottles not to use scalding hot water, because they know their bottles won't stand hot water. The WALPOLE Hot Water Bottle made by us, has been tested with 80 pounds of live steam and is guaranteed for two years against boiling hot water or any possible accident. We know they can't go wrong. Your druggist can supply you. Be sure and ask for WALPOLE. WALPOLE RUBBER CO., LTD., MONTREAL.

How to Pop Corn

It is done in different ways, but the most approved method is to pop your corns with Putnam's Corn Extractor—corns pop out for fair, and stay out too when removed by "Putnam's." Try this painless remedy yourself.

Had a Bad Cough For a Number of Years.

Was Afraid of Consumption.

Mrs. A. E. Brown, Ottawa, Ont., writes: "I have had a very bad cough every winter for a number of years which I was afraid would turn into consumption. I tried a great many remedies but only received temporary relief until I got a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and after taking two bottles my cough was cured. I am never without a bottle of Norway Pine Syrup."

Too much stress cannot be laid on the fact that when a person catches cold it must be attended to immediately or serious results may follow.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is the medicine you need. It strikes at the foundation of all throat and lung complaints, relieving or curing all Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Asthma, Sore Throat, etc., and preventing Pneumonia and Consumption.

So great has been the success of this wonderful remedy it is only natural that numerous persons have tried to imitate it.

Don't be imposed upon but insist on getting "Dr. Wood's."

Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PLENARY COUNCIL SENDING TO ROME 115 DECREES

Archbishop Bruchesi Tells His People Something of the Proceedings

There will be no less than 115 decrees sent to Rome as the result of the deliberations of the recent Plenary Council, and a good number of these episcopal findings are of great importance to the Canadian branch of the Roman Catholic church.

These documents have already been edited and prepared in the language of the church, and are now being carefully printed in a newspaper establishment in the Ancient Capital, and will be sent to Rome as soon as this important work will have been accomplished under the supervision of ecclesiastics. This Archbishop Bruchesi told his people in his church in Montreal on Sunday last.

ST. PETERS Y. M. A. 11th ANNIVERSARY

Good Time and Excellent Programme Last Evening

About 200 members of St. Peter's, Y. M. A., gathered in their rooms in Douglas avenue last evening to celebrate their 11th anniversary. Representatives of fraternal societies were also present. An excellent programme was carried out and the smoking concert proved to be a highly entertaining event.

President Frank J. Casey of St. Peter's was in the chair and after an opening number by the Y. M. A. orchestra under the direction of Professor Heenan, delivered an able and interesting address on the progress and prosperity of the society.

The following programme was successfully carried out and greatly enjoyed by all present: solo, Ed. O'Hara, reading, Jas. Martin; selection, orchestra; solo, F. deGrasse; reading, Arthur J. McCloskey; piano solo, C. Morgan; orchestra selection; solo, Hugh Campbell. All the numbers were well received, Mr. Campbell, an old time favorite with the boys was encored no less than five times.

Speeches of a congratulatory nature were delivered by the representatives present from the other societies, as follows: St. Joseph's, H. O. McInerney; C. M. B. A., Joseph Harrington; A. O. H., J. C. Ferguson; F. M. A., L. Conlon; I. L. B., John A. Barry; St. John the Baptist, Robert O'Brien.

The smoker was arranged by the literary and dramatic committee under the management of D. Colgan, chairman.

THE STEEL AND COAL MERGER

(Montreal Witness.)

The announcement that Mr. James Ross has sold out his fifty thousand shares of the Dominion Coal Company's common stock to the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, or interests representing the latter company, is one of the most important in the history of Canadian finance and enterprise. It means a merging of these two companies, so soon as the details can be arranged, and the formation of a gigantic company with a total capitalization of $43,000,000, which will likely be considerably increased as the iron works are extended. It means to the iron part of the combination a continual and an ample supply of good coal at the cheapest possible rate, and to the coal part of the arrangement it means an enormous and practically a perpetual customer. It will mean, too, a great saving of expense, as the one part of the combination will be complementary to the other, and economies in management will immediately suggest themselves. No one who has not been to Sydney and who has not seen the Dominion Iron and Steel plant can have the least idea of its vastness and moderness. Its completeness has astonished the leading iron and steel manufacturing authorities of England, the United States and Germany, and, situated as it is, near its principal raw materials, iron and coal, and having unrivalled shipping facilities, it is expected to be a world-beater at all competing points. Whether or no, the company is now in the hands of some of the most honest and capable of Canadian business men. It is enjoying much present prosperity, and has what promises to be a most brilliant future. In regard to the Dominion Coal Company's position, too, no one can have much idea of its immediate and future wealth who has not visited the vast coal fields and descended into the mines. The coal would seem to be illimitable, and from the shareholders' point of view, at least, the coal company seems to have made in the Whitney days a wonderfully good bargain with the provincial authorities, from whom the coal fields are leased. Both the coal company and the iron company are now in the hands of thousands of shareholders, large and small, throughout Canada, and in the United States and other parts of the world. These, at least, will be pleased to hear that there can never be again a disastrous fight between these two corporations.

Canada is the most progressive country in the world today, and the most progressive men and women in Canada are wearing CATSPAW RUBBER HEELS; that's why they are alive in the game.

HON. WM. PUGSLEY DEFINES THE VALLEY RAILWAY SITUATION

Government Desire Definite Proposition and are Willing and Anxious to Take Up the Matter—Tariff Question—Hon. Mr. Landry in Senate Denies Scene at Spencerwood

Ottawa, Nov. 16—The position of the federal government in regard to the St. John River Valley Railway project was clearly defined by Hon. Wm. Pugsley in the house of commons this afternoon.

Briefly, the position is that before undertaking to take over and operate the road proposed and to pay forty per cent of the gross earnings to the provincial government on condition that the latter guarantee the bonds to the extent of $25,000 per mile, the government desires to have a definite proposition placed before it with details as to the character of the road.

The matter was raised by Mr. Crocket, who asked whether the government had made any definite reply to the representations made by the deputation which visited Ottawa last session. He recalled that the delegation informed the minister who received them that they had an assurance from the government of New Brunswick that it would undertake to guarantee the bonds of the railway to the extent of $25,000 per mile provided that the federal government would agree to take over the road and plant and operate them on a basis of 40 per cent of the gross earnings going to the provincial government. The prime minister had promised to send a reply in a very short time but Mr. Crocket understood that no official communication had yet been received by the company or the provincial government.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said no proposal had been made to the government by the government of New Brunswick, but there had been a proposal on behalf of a company which they were informed had been incorporated by the provincial government.

When the deputation visited Ottawa it was stated that the company had the assurance of the provincial government that it would pass legislation guaranteeing the bonds to the extent of $25,000 per mile, provided that the federal government would agree to operate the line as part of the Intercolonial system and pay over to the provincial government 40 per cent of the gross earnings.

The government took the matter into consideration and a short time afterwards it was informed that the member for Carleton had received a telegram from the secretary of the company stating that they were desirous of having a reply. The member for Carleton was authorized by the government to send a telegram to Mr. Winslow stating that before the dominion government could give a positive answer it would require information as to the details of the proposition, and suggested that the local government pass the necessary legislation authorizing the guaranteeing of the bonds.

In reply to that a telegram was received, dated April 27, from the secretary to the effect that the local government would not introduce legislation guaranteeing the bonds unless it had the assurance that the dominion government would operate the road. The member for Carleton was asked to obtain that assurance.

No Proposition Made

Subsequently he (Pugsley) received a communication from the mayor of Fredericton, who was the president of the company, and after interviews with the prime minister and the minister of railways, he wrote making it very clear and plain to the company that before the government could give a definite answer it would be necessary to have a definite proposition submitted, showing what was to be the standard of construction, the character of the grades, the weight of the rails, the kind of bridges and culverts, and the nature of the equipment.

No legislation was introduced by the New Brunswick government, no proposition had yet been submitted in response to these suggestions by Mr. Carvell and himself.

Mr. Crocket—Does the government take the position that they will not consider this proposition until it is put in the form of a statute?

Mr. Pugsley—Not at all. What I have stated is that before the dominion government can consider such a proposition they must know something as to the character of the road proposed.

Mr. Crocket—Has not the government of New Brunswick asked for a conference with the dominion government?

Mr. Pugsley—Not directly, but the railway company asked me to arrange a conference, and I replied that I was authorized by my colleagues to state that when a definite proposition along the lines indicated was submitted to the government they would be happy to arrange a conference.

The rest of the session, which was very brief, lasting only two hours, was occupied with introduction of several bills, answers to questions and a discussion of two notices of motion by Mr. Monk relating to the repair of wharves in Jacques Cartier county and the deepening of River Des Prairies.

Among the bills introduced and read a first time was one by Mr. Lancaster proposing that railway companies, incorporated after the passing of the amendment relating to level crossings, should bear the entire cost of protecting their crossings.

Hon. Mr. Graham pointed out that the bill was subversive of the principle adopted last session, giving the railway commission the power to apportion the cost, and indicated that he would strongly oppose it.

Mr. Miller introduced a bill to suppress the business of betting and gambling on race tracks.

Replying to a question as to the cement merger, Hon. Mr. Fielding announced that the government intended to introduce legislation making more effective the law dealing with combinations.

Low Tariff Sentiment

Low tariff sentiment from the agricultural western provinces will be voiced during this session of the dominion parliament.

W. E. Knowles, a Liberal member from Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, has given notice of a resolution providing "that in the opinion of the house it is desirable that the government at an early date should take into serious consideration the necessity for the reduction of the tariff duties of Canada, especially with regard to such articles and commodities as are the necessaries of the agricultural classes."

This means American agricultural machinery. The more successful farmers of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan being Americans, they prefer American ploughs, harvesters and binders, which now pay a heavy duty. One dealer in Edmonton recently reported that he had sold sixty American steam ploughs to settlers.

The International Harvester Company, with a large factory at Hamilton, supplies the American type of machinery, but there is a demand in the west for other makes.

It is not likely that Mr. Knowles' resolution will pass, for the government is indisposed to open any of the schedules, much less those affecting American products, until it becomes evident what the United States will do with its maximum tarift as regards Canada.

The Senate

Ottawa, Nov. 16—In the senate on a question of privilege Senator Landry called attention to a report in the Montreal Herald from Quebec, which credited him with having created a scene at Spencerwood, at luncheon by the lieutenant governor of Quebec, by resenting having been placed below Judge Langellier at the table. Senator Landry said that he had given orders to his lawyers to take proceedings. He would not, therefore, discuss the incident further than to read some correspondence.

Before accepting the invitation to the lieutenant governor's luncheon Senator Landry wrote the lieutenant governor's A. D. C. pointing out that Judge Langellier was not entitled to rank as chief justice nor as deputy governor, for there was no such position in the opinion of Senator Landry and asking if he as a senator would be placed before Judge Langellier.

Senator Landry received a reply that there would be no change in procedure, but that as in the past each guest would be given him the place to which the lieutenant governor believed him entitled.

Senator Landry said that they had no doubt he would refuse to attend the function, but he believed it his duty to attend and had written accepting and intimating that he expected to be placed before Judge Langellier. Accordingly he went to Spencerwood and found his name was not on the table plan. He called the attention of the A. D. C. to this and that official offered to give him the place of Judge Routhier. He did not want to displace Judge Routhier and he did not want his place, because it would leave him below Judge Langellier.

He had not created a scene, but merely left, after giving the A. D. C. a letter to the lieutenant governor declining the invitation because his rank as a senator had not been recognized. He had not taken this stand for personal reasons, but to maintain the rights of the senate.

Sir Richard Cartwright said that he was sorry Senator Landry had lost his dinner. He would have the question of precedence investigated.

The address in reply to the speech from the throne was moved by Senator C. W. Ross, who spoke strongly for a navy built in Canada.

Senator Boyer, of Montreal heartily endorsed the government's naval programme.

Sir Richard Cartwright announced that the insurance bill would be introduced with practically no change from last year.

Correspondence

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—These are like September days in Ottawa. No frost or snow but sunshine and fog, almost oppressive warmth and not in any sense the sort of climate the new-comers here expected and prepared for.

The real work of the commons will, of course, not begin until after the address passes, but even now the members are having some reminders of what is before them. The insurance bill, for example, still continues to be of much interest throughout the country. Many of its provisions do not satisfy those who are engaged in this business and they are endeavoring to impress their views upon the members and the government by letter, petitions and otherwise. The Canadian fire companies are insisting that American insurance companies shall not be permitted to compete with them unless they deposit with the dominion government a sum sufficient for the protection of their policy holders.

There are, of course, many other clauses that are in dispute, but the delay in the passage of the bill may really be beneficial.

It will be remembered that the measure was "hung up" in the senate last year in the closing hours of the session, and there is where it will appear again this year.

Among the blue books is one from the department of justice touching on criminal statistics. It will not be surprising that there are more people in the penitentiary than there were last year, but at first glance you think the percentage of increase—14.6— is high. British Columbia contributes an increase of 34 per cent, Manitoba 20, St. Vincent de Paul, Montreol, 27 and Kingston, Ontario, 17. There is no increase of crime in the rural districts but the cities have contributed more than usual.

Montreal contributes 27 per cent to the population of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary; Winnipeg 82 per cent to that of Manitoba, and Vancouver alone has sent in 40 per cent of the convicts at New Westminster.

At the close of the year there were 570 convicts in Kingston, 510 in St. Vincent de Paul, 240 in Dorchester (N. B.), 144 in Manitoba, 204 in British Columbia and 91 in Alberta, a total of 1,765. Of these 1,046 were Canadian born, 199 English, 34 Scotch, 54 Irish and 23 of other British countries. Of 409 convicts of foreign birth, 181 were United States citizens and 71 Italians. There are 66 life convicts in the penitentiaries, half of whom are in Kingston. Ten per cent of the convicts are under 20 years of age; 15 per cent are unable to read or write; 17 per cent have been total abstainers and 40 per cent have been intemperate.

The inspectors assort the convicts by creed as follows: Roman Catholic, 871, Church of England, 343, Methodist, 185; Presbyterian, 173; Baptist, 78; Lutheran, 41. Other Christian denominations, 12; Hebrews, 15; Buddhist, 7; Mormons, 1; Unitarian, 1. No creed, 28.

The average daily cost to the country for each convict was 76 cents or $277.25 a year, as compared with 92 cents or $336.74 a year in 1907-08. Alberta leads in per capita cost with an average of $537 for 1908-9. The cost in British Columbia was $433, in Manitoba $425, in Dorchester $310 in St. Vincent de Paul, $248 and in Kingston $221.

Mr. Balkam, of the Transcontinental, has just returned from Winnipeg, where he was on official business.

Harvey Mitchell, who is connected with the dominion dairy department, and superintends its affairs in the maritime provinces, is here for a few days, making up his report.

Jas. McLean, C. E., of Plaster Rock, was also here last week. He returned east Saturday.

Premier Hazen, of New Brunswick, is still here and it looks as if he was enjoying a vacation. He is frequently to be seen in the house of commons and on Friday occupied a seat in a certain section of the commons chamber, a courtesy extended to members of local legislatures.

Oh, you Kid! CATSPAW RUBBER HEELS are just the thing for Kid shoes or for Kid's shoes. They are dressy and they wear the best. All dealers.

Earlie—Why is a free show like a counterfeit coin, pa?

His Pa—Give it up.

Earlie—'Cause you can't pass it. Hee-hee!

Could Not Sleep.

DOCTOR SAID HEART AND NERVES WERE RESPONSIBLE.

There is many a man and woman tossing night after night upon a sleepless bed.

Their eyes do not close in the sweet and refreshing repose that comes to those whose heart and nerves are right. Some constitutional disturbance, worry or disease has so debilitated and irritated the nervous system, that it cannot be quieted and causes nightmare, bad dreams, starting in the sleep, twitching of the muscles, restlessness, etc.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are a specific for all people troubled in this way. They have a soothing and calming effect on the nervous system.

Mrs. Calvin Stark, Rosemore, Ont., writes:—"About two years ago I began to be troubled with a smothering sensation at night when I would lie down. I got so bad I could not sleep in the dark, and would have to get up and rub my limbs, they would become so numb. My doctor said my heart and nerves were responsible. I saw Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills advertised and got a box to try them. I took three boxes and can now lie down and sleep without the light burning and can rest well. I can recommend them highly to all nervous and run down women."

Price, 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Tortonto, Ont.

DILLON IS TO BE HANGED ON FRIDAY

Governor-General Declined to Reprieve Book Agent Murderer

(Montreal Herald.)

John Dillon is to be hanged on Friday. Following the advice of the cabinet, the governor-general has declined to interfere in the case, and the law will take its course.

While the preparations have been under way for a few days at the Montreal jail, in anticipation of the approaching execution, it was thought by many that Dillon would be reprieved, in view of his advanced age.

The case of Dillon was one of the most protracted heard in the Montreal criminal courts. For nineteen months Dillon, alias Smith, has been in the public eye, accused of the murder of Constable Shea, and the wounding of Constable Foucault, and Chief Detective Carpenter.

The crime arose through some little difference with his landlady. At the time of the crime, Dillon was living on Mance street, near the Commercial Academy. He appears to have owed some money to his landlady, and she decided to have him ejected from the house. With this object in view, she sought the assistance of the police. Two constables from No. 5 station were sent there on April 6, 1907. Dillon received them with shots from a gun, and Foucault was slightly wounded.

The men went back for assistance. Three constables this time went to the house, and again Dillon fired, killing Constable Shea instantly.

The central police station was warned, and a body of seventy men surrounded the house, while firemen flooded it with water. But Dillon did not give way without a fight. For hours he held the force at bay, banging away at intervals with his gun. One of the shots struck Chief Carpenter in the leg—a wound from which he only recovered after a long illness owing to complications having set in. Finally, in a regular bombardment of shots, Dillon himself fell, wounded, and was taken to the General Hospital.

Delay after delay marked the hearing of the trial. A plea of insanity was put in, and a couple of special commissions were sent to Ireland to inquire as to the prevalence of insanity among Dillon's relatives there. The legal fight was a strong one, but a verdict of guilty was eventually returned by the jury, and Dillon was sentenced to death.

Not since 1902 has there been an execution in Montreal; and the scaffold on which Dillon will be hung will be that on which Belanger met his death at St. Scholastique for the murder of his brother-in-law.

CHANCES FOR FORESTERS

The need for trained men in Forestry is shown by the application which the Faculty of the University of Toronto is receiving for men for special work. Two members of the graduating class are now at work in Maine for the C. P. R. and a third for one of the Ontario lumber companies. Two members of the third year class, L. N. Ellis and Alain Jolie de Lotbiniere, have left for Rondau Park, where they will assist Professor E. J. Zavitz in marking the trees in the government forest reserve there, that are ready for cutting. This is in pursuance of the plan of the department to dispose of the mature trees while conserving the young growth of the park.

Jacob Jacobson, manager of the Maritime Metal Company, lost a valuable horse yesterday afternoon, the animal falling over Long wharf and being drowned. The wagon attached was also taken over the wharf. Mr. Jacobson jumped in time to prevent his being carried over.

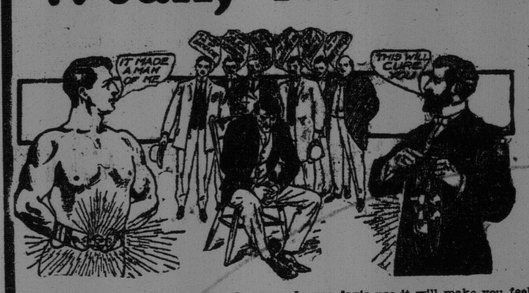
You need a pair of CATSPAW RUBBER HEELS, why not get them today—save your rubbers and money. All dealers.

Thomas Arthurs, of Marsh road, fell from the roof of a barn there yesterday and received painful injuries. He was severely bruised, and cut about the face. Dr. Emery was called.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops dropping in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c; blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Weak, Nervous People



This is to those who lack courage, whose nerves are shaky, whose eyes have lost the sparkle, whose brains are muddled, ideas confused, sleep restless, confidence gone, spirits low and easily depressed, who are backward, hesitating, unable to venture because they are afraid of failure, who want somebody to decide for them. It is to those who have part or all of these symptoms of nervousness and want new life, new force, I offer my

DR. McLAUGHLIN'S ELECTRIC BELT

It pours glowing, exhilarating vitality into you while you sleep; it rejuvenates, animates the sluggish circulation, stimulates the brain to activity, and fills the body with life, ambition and endurance. In one day's use it will make you feel as if born anew. It furnishes the motive power that runs your body and quickly banishes pain. It cures Nervous Disorders, Weak Back, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bowel Troubles, "Come-and-Go" Pains, and that Tired Feeling, after every other treatment has failed.

Do you doubt it? If so, any man or woman who will give me reasonable security can have my Belt, with all the necessary attachments suitable for their case, and they can

PAY ME WHEN CURED

Every one who ever used it recommends it, because it is honest. It does great work, and those whom I have cured are the more grateful because the cure costs so little.

Dear Sir,—I beg to say that I have been well pleased with your Electric Belt; in fact, I think I can safely say that I am completely and permanently cured, and will further be pleased to answer all inquiries on this subject, to sufferers afflicted in the same manner.

F. A. OUELLET,
Liverpool, N.S.

Dear Sir,—I am much pleased to state that I have had no occasion to use your Belt since I wrote you two years ago. It cured me of those deadly drains, also pains and kidney trouble, and I must say your Belt is all you represented it to be. I will heartily recommend your Belt to any one whenever I get a chance. Wishing you success in your good work.

GEORGE DUNCAN,
Lachine Locks.

Dear Sir,—I cannot speak too highly of your Belt. I cannot speak of its faults, as it has none whatever. My appetite is good and I sleep well. You can use my name if you choose and any recommendation or any and every good quality your Belt possesses that you wish to publish in may case. I am ready to back it up for you, as I know it is all true and I hope others who are sufferers will just give it a fair trial and be convinced.

W. A. GRAHAM,
Lock Box 19, Bobcaygeon, Ont.

Wherever you are I think I can give you the name of a man in your town that I have cured. Just send me your address and let me try. This is my twenty-fifth year in the business of pumping new vim into wornout humanity, and I've got cures in nearly every town on the map.

Come and see me, and I'll fix you up, or if you can't call, write to me. I've got a nice book on men that I'll send, free, also one for women, which you can have by asking for it.

CALL TO-DAY

FREE TEST BOOK

If you can't call send coupon for free book.

M. C McLAUGHLIN, 214 St. James St., Montreal, Canada

Dear Sir,—Please forward me one of your Books as advertised.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Write plainly.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wednesday and Saturday until 8.30 p.m.