

# The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1826  
A morning newspaper published every day in the year by The World Newspaper Company of Toronto Limited, H. J. Maclean, Managing Director.  
WORLD BUILDING, TORONTO  
NO. 40 WEST RICHMOND STREET  
Telephone Calls: Main 5306—Private Exchange connecting all departments. Branch Office—40 South McNab Street, Hamilton  
Daily World—2c per copy, \$2.00 per year, \$2.80 for 6 months. \$1.35 for 3 months, by mail, in Canada (except Toronto), United Kingdom, United States and Mexico. Sunday World—5c per copy, \$2.50 per year, by mail. To other foreign countries, postage extra.  
TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 11

## Jerusalem.

Kaiser Wilhelm has received no heavier blow to his prestige than the stroke by which the British armies invested and captured Jerusalem, to be followed by the occupation of the Holy City by British, French and Mahometan representatives of the allies for the protection of the sacred shrines and places of sanctity.

The west has never quite grasped the distinction between the Turks, and the Saracenic power, largely Arabian, once more finding itself in the new kingdom of Arabia, with the vast populations of countries farther east under the way of more enlightened Mahometan authority, such as that of Agar Khan; and the huge Islamic population of India, which makes Britain the greatest of Mahometan empires.

The Kaiser, after his visit to Jerusalem in 1898, aspired to be recognized and regarded as the "defender of the faithful," in opposition to the British sovereign, perhaps, who is "Defender of the Faith." The faithful among the Mahometans, however, are by no means confined to Turkey. The Kaiser, brought up in the tradition of autocracy, had no idea of the true spirit of the great Islamic faith, the first official act of which was to grant a charter of freedom to Christians. How Christians, not widely differing from German methods, repaid Mahomet's clemency is a disputed point, but the true spirit of Mahometanism is more justly represented in the joint protection of the holy places of Jerusalem by Britain, France and Islam, than by any policy that the Kaiser would inaugurate.

The effect of the fall of Jerusalem on the German fortunes will be out of all proportion to the actual event. A straw shows how the wind blows, and the whole eastern world is aware today that the British, "who always come back," have inevitably followed their tradition. And what a tradition! But Coure de Lion rose on no prouder crusade than General Allenby, and achieved no fiercer triumph.

The Turks know that the Germans have failed them, and that they, like Salisbury, put their money on the wrong horse. The Mahometans of the far east and the near, the Arabians and the Egyptians, are all aware that Britain, who gives real freedom to all, is the champion of oppressed peoples, and that Palestine, like Egypt, has come under her restoring and healing power.

In the west we rely on professions. In the east men judge by practice. They have faith in the east that Britain will give the peace for which she fights. They know that Germany breaks her oath, keeps no faith, that her word is a snare. Those who, in India, would strive to change the immemorial faith of the people in their ancient religions, seldom realize that they are not setting the example that wins most hearts. The soldiers and statesmen are better Christians in this respect than the missionaries, excepting always the medicals. It will be a great test to the whole east the disposal that Britain will make of Palestine.

The Jews have had their promise recently confirmed to them by Mr. Balfour, and unquestionably when the war is over, all the Hebrew race who care to settle in the Land of Promise will be given an opportunity. But the greatest token of the great peace will be the dwelling together in unity of Hebrew, Moslem and Christian as Hindu, Moslem and Christian are learning to dwell in India.

In Europe the fall of Jerusalem to British arms will be an omen that will revive the memory of all the prophecies which have clung to the ancient City of Peace. Perhaps Mr. Carnegie will be willing to transfer the palace of arbitration from The Hague, and it would not be strange if the final treaty which will settle all the contentions of the great war, were signed under the shadow of Olivet and Calvary.

## Food Prices, the Law and the Railways.

The United States Government makes a good beginning in its attempt to regulate food prices by requiring all persons who manufacture, import, store, or sell at wholesale, food commodities, to do so under government license and regulation. Dealers will be compelled to sell promptly and to charge only reasonable profit over and above purchase price. Hoarding, speculation, and undue profit are forbidden.

Some of this is new; much is as old as the hills. For centuries the common law of England, which is also the common law of Canada and the United States, has peremptorily forbidden hoarding, hoarding, and speculation. These ancient statutes have, moreover, been reinforced by stringent statutes against combinations in restraint of trade. The trouble has not been with the law, but with the failure to enforce the law. In Canada an order-in-council which admirably covered the entire ground was rendered almost nugatory by the lack of federal enforcement. The duty of enforcing this federal law was cast upon the provinces and municipalities.

The United States authorities intend to enforce their federal regulations by federal officials and through the federal courts. We believe that Mr. Hanna in Canada will also have to ask for national enforcement of the nation's will. But in Canada and the United States alike, the government will not only endeavor to put an end to hoarding, speculation, and excessive profit, but also to waste, and willful destruction. Upon this subject of wasting food the commercial conscience of every country needs an awakening.

We have still the problems of transportation, and so long as private ownership and operation of the railways continue, it will remain the biggest problem of all. The railway is a necessary middleman, but if often engrosses an undue toll. It has not been many years since Kansas farmers burned corn instead of endeavoring to exchange that corn for coal. The exchange could only have been effected through the railways, and the railways demanded a toll that left nothing either for the Pennsylvania miner or the Kansas farmer.

In some cases the amount of this toll of the carrier is indeed startling. In 1910 a hay dealer in British Columbia was selling hay in the Fernie district at \$40 a ton. Of this he only got \$2.09 for his profit, and he

only paid \$6 to the New Brunswick farmer who grow the hay. Thirty-two dollars, or 80 per cent of what the consumer paid, went to the railway. North Atlantic freight rates have been so high at various times as to absorb as much money from the English miller as he paid to the Saskatchewan farmer.

However, a beginning has been made, and in every country we may expect to see the people more and more protected against extortion in the matter of food prices. It is not the farmer who is getting too much. No one grudges high prices to the farmer, because everyone knows that when the farmer has money the town is prosperous. The burden under which the consumer groans is the burden of the middleman, who deliberately advances prices by unfair combinations, by hoarding, by speculation, and even by deliberate waste and destruction.

## Sir Wilfrid's Gule.

Last February, when it cannot be said that the fever of an election campaign had anything to do with the matter, the recruiting committee of the Canadian Club of Hamilton wrote to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, asking him for a brief endorsement of their effort to arouse new interest and activity in recruiting. Similar letters were addressed to Sir Robert Borden and Hon. Newton W. Rowell, and both of these gentlemen responded with approving and heartening words. Sir Wilfrid replied that he was sorry he could not send at once an affirmative answer, but would look into the matter and keep it under advisement. He never replied further, but toward the end of last month stated in a speech in Ottawa that the gentlemen who wrote him were unknown to him, and having delayed replying, "for some reason or other, probably omitted the matter."

No one can pretend that this is a satisfactory explanation. Sir Wilfrid knows as well as anyone in Canada what a Canadian Club is, how non-political, or at least, non-partisan; and independently of those who applied to him, why should he fear to express his views on recruiting to anyone? A straightforward statement of approval—if he approved—would surely be the natural thing to expect.

Just why he declined to endorse the recruiting efforts in Hamilton last February, he did not attempt to explain. If it be suggested that he had a better plan in mind, the reply is that there is only one alternative to volunteer enlistment, and that is compulsory service. In 1904 Sir Wilfrid passed the Militia Act which calls for compulsory service by ballot. The only reason for not enforcing it and passing the Military Service Act, was to make the selection of those who were to serve according to ability to serve, instead of by ballot or chance. The Militia Act provides for compulsion and for service overseas.

Sir Wilfrid does not now approve of the Militia Act, nor does he approve of the Military Service Act. His own words are, "I did not believe in compulsion, nor do I yet. . . . I am in this war under the voluntary system to the last." Yet he did not endorse voluntary enlistment when requested by the Canadian Club of Hamilton to do so. Nor did he boast of being in the war "under the voluntary system to the last," until the voluntary system had absolutely failed and the house of commons was debating the adoption of compulsion.

His antipathy to the Military Service Act and to compulsory service is expressed in his official election statement. He says: "As to the present Military Service Act, my policy will be not to proceed farther, under its provisions, until the people have an opportunity to pronounce upon it by way of a referendum." That is to say, he would delay, at the most critical stage of the war, the reinforcement of the Canadian army, until their reserves were exhausted, and these gallant regiments, the 22nd of Montreal among them, would have to be filled with United States drafts, or merged with United States units.

Sir Wilfrid's policy is disingenuous, because he knows perfectly well that voluntary service is now out to be had. It is true that a large number of eligible men refuse to admit their liability to the state. But it is also true that there are many thousands of men perfectly willing to serve on a compulsory basis, who object to serve on a voluntary basis, simply on account of the injustice of the latter system. They will gladly fight if the "other fellow" is also compelled to do his bit. In all other countries compulsory service and, under the influence of German gold, rejected it, but the referendum is to be held again with more light thrown on the facts.

Canada is having its referendum in the only proper way to have a referendum, that is in a general election. Sir Wilfrid has taken the side of those who would not only not reinforce the army, but who decline to recognize the war at all, and who want the Canadian army to pass out of existence, buried in France or Flanders. And every vote given to a Laurier candidate is a vote on the grave of the Canadian army. The soldiers know.

## Other People's Opinions

### Name Wanted for Anti-War Liberals.

Editor World: I have noticed in the present election campaign that the party in opposition to the Unionists have endeavored to sequester to themselves the time-honored name of Liberals. It is well known that all the Liberals, who are really patriots in the broadest sense, are working with might and main with the Conservatives, and are supporting the Union government. It is not true that all patriotic newspapers should designate in every issue the people now servilely following Laurier and who name indicative of their allegiance. How would Laurier-men whose only desire is to get political preferment, or to re-establish the patronage system which the Union government has eliminated? Their patriotism is as deep as schemers as Liberals. The name is discredited by the application. A word to the wise is sufficient.  
A Loyal Elector.

### Reverie.

As the thought broadens, so the years run;  
Looks up the Worker, Death is at hand.  
Vast the design he has but begun;  
Should he not finish—why to have planned?

Faster to work than; mere mortal man  
Knows that less worthy, he, than his aim;  
Knows his own weakness, so in his plan  
Blots out the ego, hopes not for fame.

Perfect his work, then, child of his love,  
Gift to the world to admire or to scorn;  
Crimson the poppy, snow white the dove,  
Find him at even weary and worn.

E. W.

## SIR WILFRID SWINGS TO THE NATIONALISTS

Stewart Lyon Makes Strong Appeal for Help for Soldiers Through Union.

Stewart Lyon gave a strong address last evening speaking in favor of H. H. Hocken, the Unionist candidate for West Toronto, in the Masonic Hall, Euclid avenue. He asked, in view of the fact that Sir Wilfrid Laurier passed the Militia Act and also the Naval Service Act, why this change? "I will tell you," he said. "In 1910, when the Naval Service Act was passed, Mr. Henri Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He discovered that the majority of the people of Quebec believed that Canada soldiers should not be sent abroad. In short, Bourassa found his opportunity and launched in the Province of Quebec a campaign against Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the agitation spread and grew. It happened in the Province of Quebec at the last issue a number of Nationalists were elected to oppose Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Now he has not forgotten what happened in 1911. He