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TWENTIETH YEAR | TEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 5 1899—TEN PAGES | ONE CENT

CLARKE WALLACE ON THE REDISTRIBUTION

The Vindictive Measure of Sir Wilfrid's Cabinet to Retain Power.

EQUITABLE BILL OF 1882

Compared With This Grandchild of Sir Oliver's Gerrymander Bill in Ontario.

THE "HEELERS" WHO FIXED IT UP

Mr. John Ross Robertson Calls It Infamous Legislation, Unfair to Toronto.

Ottawa, July 4.—(Special.)—On the opening of the House to-day the Government bills which were passed through committee and reported last night were read a third time and passed.

Quick Work With Cash.

Hon. Mr. Fielding made a statement with regard to the estimates, the effect of which was that he had consulted with the ex-Minister of Finance, Mr. Foster, and had decided to adopt the precedent set in 1891 of asking for a vote of one-tenth of the whole of the estimates which had not yet been passed, so that the operation of the Government may not be embarrassed.

Mr. Foster said that in giving a frank and prompt assent to the motion, which would facilitate business, he could not resist the temptation of contrasting the action of the present Opposition with that of the Liberal Opposition in 1896, when the cry was "Not one cent shall be voted," and not one cent was voted.

A resolution was then introduced by the Minister of Finance, granting one-tenth of the estimates, amounting to about $3,000,000. The resolution was "railroaded" through, concurred in, and the supply bill read a first and second time, standing for third reading at the next sitting of the House.

Mr. Wallace on the Redistribution.

Hon. Clarke Wallace, in resuming the adjourned debate on the redistribution bill, said that the Postmaster-General, when introducing the bill, admitted that it was vindictive, and that it was proposed as a revenge for the Redistribution Act of 1882. He proposed to compare the act of 1882 with that of 1899, and thought he would be able to show that the former was by far the more equitable measure of the two. The Postmaster-General, when requested to explain the act of 1896, had refused to do so, and showed very clearly that he knew nothing about the bill.

Gets After Billy Paterson.

Mr. Wallace then turned his attention to the Minister of Customs (Mr. Paterson), whom he described as having, "with that magnificent foghorn voice of his," scarcely ever alluded to the bill in his long speech, but had confined himself to a criticism of the redistribution bill of 1882, which he had grossly misrepresented. He (Mr. Wallace) had heard that same abuse 14 or 15 years ago, and his speech of a few days ago was but little different from what he had then said. One thing, however, he had said in his last speech was that he had the audacity to say that the leader of the Opposition (Sir Charles Tupper) had not used one argument worthy of consideration. Mr. Wallace held that, on the contrary, the speech of the leader of the Opposition was the only one which had dealt with the constitutional aspect of the bill, and he had treated the subject in the most able and exhaustive manner. [Opposition applause.]

A Strong Comparison.

Mr. Wallace then referred to the manner in which the Redistribution Bill of 1882 had been supervised by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Hon. J. C. Aikins, and had been fairly worked out on the basis of representation by population, and compared it with the manner in which the present redistribution bill had been prepared. In this case, he said, those two notorious "heelers" of the Liberal party, Captain Sullivan and Mr. Simeon Hewett of Brantford, who are now outlawed in Ontario, had been called in by the Minister of Customs, and had been sitting "cheek by jowl" with that gentleman while they fixed up the bill to suit themselves.

Paterson Denies It.

Hon. Mr. Paterson said that he did not know Sullivan, and that he did not know whether Hewett had been in Ottawa lately or not.

Sameness is Remarkable.

Mr. Wallace said it was somewhat remarkable that the Minister of Customs should make the same statement which had been made by Hon. John Dryden in South Ontario, and Mr. Macnish in West Elgin. These gentlemen did not know anything about the men who had been working with them during the corrupt bye-elections in West Elgin and South Ontario. [Opposition applause.] The Ministers in the Ontario Cabinet and the Federal Ministers were all of the same breed; they used their heelers and understrappers when they were needed to do dirty work, then repudiated them when they were found out. [Great Opposition cheering.] Hewett had been born and brought up in Brantford with the Minister of Customs, who now did not know him. [Laughter.] The denial of the Minister of Customs reminded him of Preston's telegram to Macnish: "Hug the machine for me." [Roars of laughter.]

Those Assassinations.

Mr. Wallace next took up the charge made by the Minister of Customs that the Conservatives, by the redistribution act of 1882, had "assassinated" a number of prominent Liberals, such as the late James Trow, Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, Hon. David Mills and Joe Rymal, and claimed that all the "assassination" had been done by the Liberals themselves who had "sawed off" Trow's election without his knowledge or consent and had practically broken his heart, who had betrayed and deserted Alexander Mackenzie in his old age, had kicked him out of Lambton, which he had represented for over a quarter of a century, and had brought him down to East York with the intention of having him defeated there, which he would have been had it not been for the Conservative votes, which elected him. [Opposition applause.] He next took up the Ontario Gerrymander Act and criticised it, showing how townships had been cut up and county lines disturbed.

Continued on Page 2.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATE TO RESIDE AT OTTAWA

Leo XIII. Appoints Mgr. Diomede Falconi, Archbishop of Acerenza and Matera, Italy, to the Position.

A Man Sixty Years of Age, Who Will Receive Personal Instructions From His Holiness Before Leaving Rome at the End of July.

Ottawa, July 4.—(Special).—The creation of an Apostolic Delegation in Canada, and the appointment of the delegate will in a few days be officially announced.

The delegation was created during the recent visit to Rome of Cardinal Vaughan bishop of Westminster, and will be established accordingly at Ottawa. The English Cardinal returned to his own country a fortnight or so since, and upon his departure from Rome the news was allowed to become known to the extensive colony interested in American affairs.

Who the Delegate is.

The choice of the delegate has occasioned some surprise, but is certain to give general satisfaction. In the first place an archbishop has been chosen, and in the second, the appointee is a man of considerable experience of American life. He is Monsignor Diomede Falconi, Archbishop of Acerenza and Matera, Italy. He is a Franciscan (order of Friars Minor).

Sixty Years of Age.

Unlike Monsignor Merry del Val he is not young, being close upon sixty years, the first ten of which were spent in the United States. He is an Italian by birth, but his experience has acquainted him thoroughly with western ideas. Monsignor Falconi was called to Rome during Cardinal Vaughan's visit, and the two prelates conferred with the Pope. Upon being requested to accept the Canadian office the Franciscan promptly accepted, and left for his own diocese without delay to bid adieu to his flock who were strongly bound to him by national ties.

To Leave Rome in July.

He will return to Rome again and take his final departure for the Dominion about the end of July. Pope Leo, who is said to be greatly interested in the Catholic propaganda in Canada, will personally give the delegate his final instructions.

A Man of Wide Learning.

Monsignor Falconi is reputed to be a man of wide learning and deep theology as well as modern opinions. Upon his arrival in Canada he is likely to spend a month or two in Quebec and Montreal before establishing himself in the Dominion capital.

Corresponds With Washington.

In the creation of the Canadian delegation the Pope has decided that it shall correspond in every way with the sister delegation at Washington and Monsignor Martinelli, like Monsignor Falconi, is a monk. The jurisdiction of both is entirely ecclesiastical.

ARTICLE TEN THROWN OUT.

Arbitration Committee of The Hague Congress Modifies the Russian Proposals

GERMANY REFUSED TO ACCEPT

Obligatory Arbitration, and a Provision Making It Optional Was Therefore Substituted.

The Hague, July 4.—At a meeting this afternoon of the Arbitration Committee, the question whether arbitration should be obligatory or optional was raised, and drew a categorical declaration from the German delegate, to the effect that he had received formal instructions not to accept the principal of obligatory arbitration, otherwise than by special conventions.

In view of this statement, article 10 of the Russian proposal was struck out and replaced by a provision declaring arbitration should be optional except in the case of conventions between the powers.

All the delegates adhered to this, M. Bourgeois, head of the French delegation, declaring he accepted it only as a compromise.

PACIFIC CABLE CONFERENCE

It is Stated That the Conferees Have Arrived at a Satisfactory Basis.

COLONIALS WILL BE ADVISED.

Cable Will Be an Imperial Affair in the Fullest Sense of the Word.

London, July 5.—The Daily News says this morning: "We understand that the Pacific Cable Conference has arrived at a satisfactory basis. The general principles of the scheme have been provisionally agreed upon and will be communicated to the Colonial Governments. Unless a hitch occurs the cable will be an Imperial affair in the full sense of the word. Probably a board of delegates will be appointed to settle details and take the preliminary steps."

TO SAIL FOR THE CANADA CUP.

The Genesee of Rochester Ran Away From the Others at Chicago Yesterday.

Chicago, July 4.—The Genesee of Rochester, N.Y., was an easy winner of the first trial race held under the auspices of the Chicago Yacht Club to-day to select a boat to send to Toronto to compete for the Canada Cup in August. The Genesee covered the distance in 4.17.57, running away from the Prairie and Josephine, the other two competitors. The Prairie came in on her beam end second, and the Josephine last. The Bald Eagle, fresh from the stocks of Racine, in manoeuvering for position at the start, was dismasted.

Armeda Ceylon Tea has the flavor.

Jenkins Won From Roeber.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 4.—Seven thousand people saw the wrestling match between Tom Jenkins of Cleveland and Ernest Roeber at League Park this afternoon. Jenkins won two falls and the match.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Bath—Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W

Elkes Beat Gardiner.

New York, July 4.—Harry Elkes to-day defeated Arthur Gardiner in a 25-mile bicycle race at Manhattan Beach for a purse of $10,000. Elkes finished one mile ahead of Gardiner. His time was 47.32 2-5.

A Farewell Reception.

London, July 4.—This evening the Countess of Aberdeen gave a farewell reception to the delegates at the galleries of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colors in Piccadilly, London.

PRESIDENT MELLON ON HAND

The Head of the Northern Pacific Railway Conferred With Mr. Greenway Yesterday.

RESULT THEREOF NOT GIVEN OUT

A Galician Who Tied His Wife's Hands and Feet and Beat Her With a Club.

Winnipeg, July 4.—(Special.) President Mellon of the Northern Pacific Railway arrived this afternoon at 3.30, accompanied by General Traffic Manager Hannaford. Mr. Mellon, in reply to a question as to the object of his visit, said he had tried twice to meet Mr. Greenway, and did not know what was to be discussed until he saw the Premier. Asked how long he would remain, the president said he had put off a trip to come to Winnipeg, and would have to go south at the earliest possible moment. Other than this, he had nothing to say upon railway matters.

A long Cabinet Council took place this afternoon, after which Mr. Mellon had a conference with Mr. Greenway. The result was not made public.

A Brutal Galician.

H. Wolff, a Galician from the Drifting River settlement, was brought before a magistrate at Dauphin on Saturday, charged with abusing his wife. The evidence went to show that Wolff had taken a rope and tied the hands and feet of his wife, then beaten her unmercifully with a club. Not content with this, the brute also used the club on a daughter who interfered on behalf of the mother. The magistrate sentenced him to two months in jail at hard labor.

Nothing startling occurred at the Courts of Revision to-day.

SIR RICHARD HAS GOUT,

But He Has Returned to Ottawa From Mount Clemens Much Improved in Health.

Ottawa, July 4.—(Special.)—Sir Richard Cartwright took his seat in the House today for the first time in several weeks and was received with a hearty round of applause. His gout has been troubling him again, but his visit to Mount Clemens seems to have done him much good.

MORE TROUBLE IN SPAIN.

Rioting at Barcelona Renewed—Fire at Alicante.

Barcelona, July 4.—The disturbances were resumed here this morning. Many stores were compelled to close, and the horse car service was suspended. As the lines are worked by an English company, it is reported that diplomatic representations will be made to the Government on the subject of the damage sustained.

Trouble at Alicante.

Madrid, July 4.—At Alicante to-day a mob stoned the stores whose owners refused to close. The octroi offices were set on fire by the rioters. During a cavalry charge at Valencia a Frenchman, who attempted to raise a French flag at a window, was injured.

Try Glencairn cigars—5c. straight.

Fourth in Pretoria.

Pretoria, July 4.—The 4th of July was celebrated here on a large scale, Rear Admiral Howison and Capt. Cooper, with the other officers of the United States cruiser Chicago participating. Mr. F. W. Reitz, the Transvaal Secretary of State, called upon Mr. C. E. Macrum, the United States Consul, and tendered the congratulations of the executive of the South African republic.

Smoke Manhattan cigar, 10c. Try it

It was a sultry evening in town; on the cool verandah of the Queen's Royal sat the fairest of the fair. "Oh, for a gin ricky," she sighed, and the up-to-date, who had so far pleaded in vain, promptly ordered two made with Radnor. After that the world went very well. Empress of table waters. Telephone No. 8354.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed, $1.00

Grau in Royal Company.

London, July 4.—Mr. Maurice Grau was included in the Queen's dinner party this evening at Windsor Castle. After dinner he presented the opera, "I Pagliacci," before a large gathering of royalties.

RENNES IS FILLED WITH DETECTIVES.

All Strangers Are Watched and Residence of Mme. Dreyfus Guarded.

CAPT. DREYFUS ASTOUNDED

At the Mass of Documents Presented Showing the Machinations of His Enemies.

HIS EXISTENCE ON DEVIL'S ISLAND

Remains in His Memory as a Horrible Nightmare, Yet He is in Good Spirits.

Rennes, France, July 4.—It is impossible to imagine a town calmer than Rennes. The inhabitants continue absolutely indifferent to the presence of Dreyfus. Barely half a dozen persons witnessed the visits of counsel and Madame Dreyfus to the prison to-day. The town, however, is full of detectives, who scrutinize all strangers, and a few gendarmes are patrolling before the residence of Mme. Dreyfus. They approach and watch every one stopping before the gate leading to the court yard of the mansion.

Mathieu Visited His Brother.

Mathieu Dreyfus paid his first visit to his brother at 3 o'clock this afternoon, the interview lasting half an hour. Mathieu said he found his brother aged and broken in health, but not the physical wreck he feared. In spite of his sufferings, Dreyfus' eyes are as bright and his mind as clear and his intelligence as keen as when he was occupied with his duties on the general staff. He was troubled with insomnia during the voyage, but has now recovered and last night he had a refreshing sleep. The prisoner is still suffering from dysentery, but it is now slight, and there is every reason to believe he will rapidly recuperate. He is under medical treatment.

The Captain in Good Spirits.

Mathieu found his brother in good spirits, and buoyed up by the necessity of mustering all his strength for the coming ordeal, and by the hope that at last he will have justice done him. He is extremely reserved as to his life on Devil's Island, which has left an indelible impression and remains in his memory as a horrible nightmare. Dreyfus looks back to his existence of the past four years with relief, tinged with a feeling of the horror of a sane man who has escaped from a mad house. He declares his brain is almost reeling in the face of the mass of documents and Explanations MM. Demange and Labori are bringing out regarding the extraordinary machinations of his enemies and the persevering devotion of his friends. Dreyfus is astounded and full of heartfelt gratitude at their self-sacrifice.

This feeling is particularly strong as regards Col. Picquart, whom he hardly remembers, and the story of whose persecution has profoundly moved him.

Every Word Heard Officially.

Capt. Dreyfus was unable to talk freely with his brother, owing to the presence of the officer, who is under instructions to be present at all interviews between the prisoner and members of his family. This arrangement has been a terrible trial for Madame Dreyfus and the rest, as they have been obliged to restrain their emotions so far as possible and have been unable to converse as to intimate matters, because every word has been overheard and every gesture watched by the officer. Only Maitres Demange and Labori are allowed to see Capt. Dreyfus privately. His counsel will return to see him together at the beginning of next week, thus giving him ample time in the meanwhile to acquaint himself thoroughly with the contents of the various dossiers.

The Difference at Dineens'.

There is a decided difference which distinguishes the lighter July hat fashions which are shown at Dineens' this week for the hottest and longest part of the season—from the straw and felt hats sold during the earlier days of this summer. It is impossible to see these new changes of fashions in smaller stores doing a smaller trade, nor in the stores catering chiefly to a cheap trade. At Dineens', where the turn-over in stock for each month exceeds the entire trade of an ordinary hat store for a whole year, it is simply a matter of business necessity which constantly brings out the newest styles, and which makes it possible to sell really choice grades of hats at prices no higher than ordinary grades are offered at elsewhere—and at Dineens' you are always sure of the style.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants Bank of Commerce Building. George Edwards, F. C. A., A. Hart-Smith, C. A. 136

So Satisfying

Are the lovely big bunches of fresh, fragrant sweet peas that are shown in such profusion at Dunlop's.

As a wedding flower for bride and bridesmaids with maidenhair fern, they are hardly surpassed by any other flower for daintiness and suitability. 5 King West and 445 Yonge-street.

See our Spring Suits and Overcoats, the latest green and bronze tints. John Watson, 91 Bay st. 126

British Consul at Samoa.

London, July 4.—In the House of Commons to-day the Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, Right Hon. William St. John Brodrick, replying to a question, announced that Mr. Hunter, the chief police magistrate of the Fiji Islands, had been appointed British Consul at Apia, Samoa, during the absence of Mr. E. B. S. Maxse, adding that he would exercise the same functions as Mr. Maxse, whom he temporarily replaces but does not supersede.

"The book of the day in England; over 40,000 sold."—A Double Thread.

To Our Readers.

Subscribers leaving the city for the summer months can have The World mailed to any address at regular city rates. The World is now delivered by our own carrier boys by 8 o'clock in the morning in the City of Toronto at the following rates: 12 cents per week, 50 cents per month, 6 cents per week for the Island and Kew Beach; 25 cents per month. tf

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.

Dying From a Fly Bite.

Quebec, July 4.—As a result of a bite of a fly, a well-known conductor of the I.C.R., Mr. Alfred Couture, is now lying at death's door from blood poisoning.

PREMIER SEMLIN ASKS JOE MARTIN TO RESIGN.

Says His Attorney-General Conducted Himself in an Unbecoming Manner at That Banquet at Rossland.

Martin Denies it and Refuses to Resign, but Proposes to Batter the Government to Pieces and Appeal to the People for the Premiership.

Vancouver, B. C., July 4.—(Special.)—The British Columbia Government is said to be tottering to its fall, owing to the blundering of "Fighting Joe" Martin. To-day Premier Semlin asked the Attorney-General to resign, for three reasons, namely:

Bringing the Government into disrepute by conducting himself at a Rossland banquet in a manner unbecoming a Cabinet Minister, where he bombastically stated that he (Martin) wouldn't give Rossland a court house, and by shouting and saying, "You white-shirted hoboes can all go to hell."

Secondly, Because he had persisted in giving Cabinet secrets away to outsiders.

Thirdly, because he had neglected his duty as Attorney-General.

He Denies All Charges.

Mr. Martin has denied all charges, and refused to resign, but proposes to batter the Government to pieces and in the appeal to the people try for the Premiership. As he has the organized Socialists and all laboring classes with him, the chances are good.

Lieut.-Governor at Atlin.

The Lieut.-Governor is at Atlin and can take no action just now.

Carter Cotton is urging that Harry Helmcken, Opposition member for Victoria, be taken into the Cabinet instead of Mr. Martin in the hope that a peace may be patched up with the Opposition, as, if the Government goes to the country, Cotton is out of it, owing to his defying the labor element by refusing the urgent demands of Vancouver and sticking out alone in denying the right of Yankee capitalists to build their big sawmill on Dead Man's Island, the Government reserve, and by actively sharing in the acts of the Government in their eight-hour law, their Alien Act and their anti-Japanese legislation, all antagonistic to capital.

The political possibilities of British Columbia are well hidden just now.

THE BUSINESS OF MONTREAL

Collector of Customs White Tells of the Expansion in Late Years.

OVER EIGHT AND A HALF MILLIONS

Has Been Collected at the Montreal Custom House During the Year Just Closed.

Montreal, July 4.—(Special).—As the trade of Montreal is an important question all over Canada, the statement made to-day by the collector of customs is of material interest:

"In point of business," said Mr. White, "no previous twelve months at all approaches the year just ended. There have, indeed, been periods of larger revenue collections, as when the sugar duties alone were high enough to produce a revenue of $3,000,000 at this port, but in respect of the volume of business passing through the Custom House the year 1898-99 dwarfs all its predecessors.

Looking Back Five Years.

"Look at our receipts for instance: Five years ago the total amount collected at this port was $5,083,340; in the two succeeding years there was some betterment; in 1897-8 we received the considerable sum of $7,207,005 in duties, and in the year just closed we have taken in no less than $8,662,770. That represents a gain of twenty per cent. or $1,455,769 in a single year and reflects accurately the expansion the trade of the Dominion has experienced but these figures do not tell the whole story of the work of our staff. In addition to the customs revenue we collect that of the harbor commissioners, some $250,000, the pilotage dues, another $80,000; sick mariner and steamboat inspection fees $10,000, and as much more as this last figure from minor sources, so that in all our take for the year has been upwards of $9,000,000.

One-Third of the Whole.

"I observe," Mr. White went on to say, "that the total customs revenue for the whole Dominion during the year was $20,400,000, so that one third of this principal source of public revenue arises from the port of Montreal."

As to Expenditure.

"What about your expenditure?" Mr. White was asked: "Does it keep pace with your revenue? "No, quite the contrary; though I do not think it would be considered a remarkable thing if the great growth of work had produced a rising expenditure. The facts, however, are these:

"Nearly ten years ago, in 1890-1, the salaries at this port aggregated $149,021, from which figure they were in the immediately succeeding years cut down appreciably. Thus, in 1894-5 the salaries did not exceed $130,000; in 1897-8 they amounted to $128,496 and last year were $128,794, or practically unchanged."

NEW YORK CELEBRATED.

Any Amount of Noise, Plenty of Flags, Excursions, Sports and Fireworks.

New York, July 4.—The Fourth of July was celebrated in the metropolis under glorious weather conditions with noise, merry making, a profusion of flags and excursions and sports of all kinds. More fireworks were sold and more excursion boats were running than on any previous celebration, and therefore the police and fire departments expected more than their usual troubles.

Tammany Hall celebrated with formal exercises in the wigwam. Joseph J. Willett, president of the Alabama Bar Association, delivered the oration of the day.

MONTREAL YOUNG MAN DROWNED.

W. F. Milne, Aged 20, Ran Off the Lachine Wharf.

Montreal, July 4.—W. F. Milne, the 20-year-old son of Alex. Milne, a traveler for W. T. Benson & Co., ran off the Lachine Wharf to-night and was drowned.

Suffice it to say that "A Double Thread" is a love story and that the situation produces a "Comedy of Errors," which might easily have developed into a tragedy of errors.

To Continue the Fight.

Brussels, July 4.—At a large meeting held in the Theatre Flamand this evening the speakers exhorted the populace to continue the fight for universal suffrage. A number of civic guards entered with arms reversed. One of them said: "We had ten cartridges—too many for seven Ministers."

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Endeavorers at Detroit.

Detroit, July 4.—More than 1000 Christian Endeavor delegates arrived in Detroit this afternoon and evening, the forerunner of thousands of other Endeavorers now en route to the International Convention, which opens to-morrow night.

HOLDING THEM FOR RANSOM

Filipinos are Willing to Give Up the Sick Spanish Soldiers and Civilians.

BUT DRAW THE LINE AT FRIARS

Professor Schurman is Leaving for Hong Kong, and Thence to Japan.

Manila, July 4.—The negotiations between the Spanish officers and Aguinaldo at Tarlac, concerning the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos, have resulted in a partial agreement. According to unofficial reports, the insurgents have promised to release the sick soldiers, who number several hundred, and the civil officials; but they intend to keep the friars, expecting that the Church will finally pay a heavy ransom.

It is reported that the civilian prisoners are being concentrated at Tarlac and Aparie, as well as some of their ports recently opened, from which they could be shipped to Manila. The Spaniards assert that the Filipinos are impressing all the military prisoners into engineering, hospital and clerical work.

To-morrow the Bennington will take Prof. Schurman, President of the United States Advisory Commission for the Philippines, to Hong Kong, from which point he will sail for Japan, to pay a short visit there before leaving for the United States.

FIRE AT MEMPHIS.

Half a Block Burned, Including Liquor, Biscuit, Oil and Paper Concerns.

Memphis, Tenn., July 4.—A fire which broke out at Front and Gayoso-streets this afternoon has destroyed the buildings and stocks of the Blumenthal Liquor Company, the American Biscuit Company, the Standard Oil office, the Memphis Paper Company, comprising half a block, and has now spread to the Gayoso Hotel and W. S. Mallory & Co.'s cotton factories across the street.

UPROAR AT ANTWERP.

"Down With the Government!" "Down With the Thieves!" "Down With the Priests!"

Antwerp, July 4.—At a meeting of the Provincial Council to-day a councillor belonging to the left proposed a resolution in favor if the rejection of the new electoral bill. A Rightist councillor objected that the resolution was a censure of the Government. The remark was the signal for an uproarious outburst in the public galleries, where there were shouts of "Down with the Government," "Down with the thieves," "Down with the priests," and "The Marseillaise" was also sung.

GREER SAYS SO, TOO.

The Suspects at Campbellton, N.B., Identified Again as Pare and Holden.

Campbellton, N.B., July 4.—(Special.)—Detective Greer from Toronto arrived here this morning, and on seeing the men arrested here on suspicion of being Pare and Holden, the escaped bank robbers, identified them as the men wanted. The men will leave for Toronto by to-morrow morning's express. They have been very reticent all the time of their incarceration here. They have been guarded by five or six men, well armed, but to-day the guard has been increased to insure the safe keeping of the prisoners until they are ready to leave for the west to-morrow morning.

"What the stars say that the stars stick to, sir; and them that begins to argufy and make havoc among the planets will get their fingers burnt sooner or later."—A Double Thread.

Mosquitoes and Black Flies

Are harmless if you use Bingham's Mosquito Oil. Tourists, campers and fishermen should never be without it. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street. 1357

MARRIAGES.

MALONE—CALLAGHAN—At Toronto, on July 3, at St. Mary's Church, by the Rev. Wm. McCann, J. A. Malone of Stubenville, Ohio, to Miss Lizzie Callaghan, daughter of the late James Callaghan of Montreal.

No cards. Montreal papers please copy.

DEATHS.

ADDISON—On July 3, at 208 Logan-avenue, Sarah Ann Braithwaite, the beloved wife of T. D. Addison, moulder, aged 45 years.

Funeral private, on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m.

Kendal and Barrow, Eng., papers please copy.

THE WICKEDNESS IN WEST ELGIN.

Montreal Daily Witness Exonerates Mr. Donald Macnish Personally.

THE LIBERAL PARTY BLAMED

Standing Indictment Which Premier and Leaders Cannot Afford to Overlook.

SKILLED ELECTION SHARPERS.

Brought Humiliation and Confusion to the Candidate—No Excuse for the Sheriff.

Montreal, July 4.—(Special.)—The Daily Witness, speaking on the West Elgin revelations, after exonerating Mr. Macnish personally, says: "But that an organized band of skilled election sharpers should be at the command of the Liberal party, and should find it easy to take such a dominating part in an election in a constituency, in which they were strangers, and to play tricks upon the very candidate himself, to his utter humiliation and confusion, constitutes a standing indictment of the party, which the Premier and leaders cannot afford to overlook. Mr. Macnish was, according to reporters of the Conservative press at trials, 'looking very worn and griefstricken,' and there can be no doubt of the genuineness of his indignation and sorrow for what occurred; but it is inconceivable that none of Mr. Macnish's trusted friends in the constituency were aware of the work of the imported gang. The sheriff, for whom there was not a particle of excuse, should be called upon by the Ontario Government to resign, as he has raised doubts as to the impartiality of sheriffs as returning officers, thus discrediting the Liberal system to that extent, and certainly there would hereafter be no confidence in his own conduct as a returning officer."

BODY FOUND IN THE NIAGARA

Well Dressed Man, Had a Card in the Pocket, "Isaac Warner, Swansea, Ont,"

THE CORONER IS INVESTIGATING

Name "Isaiah Warner" Appears in the Directory — Whose Corpse is It?

Niagara Falls, N.Y., July 4.—The body of a well-dressed man, apparently about 35 years old, was found in the river above the Falls this afternoon. In one of his pockets was found a card bearing the name "Isaac Warner, Swansea, Ont." The coroner is investigating.

The name Isaiah Warner appears in the directory as belonging to Swansea. His occupation is given as manager of the "Swansea swinery."

Travelers' Letters of Credit.

Tourists provided with Circular Letters of Credit, issued by the Canadian Bank of Commerce, are enabled to obtain funds without delay at almost any point on their journey, by means of their own cheques on the Bank of Scotland, London or the Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York, which will be cashed by the bank's correspondents at upwards of 500 points throughout the world. 135

Look Out for Thunderstorms.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 4.—(8 p.m.)—A trough of low pressure is spreading eastward across the lake region. On the northern side of it, in Muskoka and the Georgian Bay district, rain has been falling most of to-day, while on the southern side and eastward to the Maritime Provinces, the weather has been fair and warm. Showers and thunderstorms continue in the western portion of the Northwest Territories.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—66; Kamloops, 56—68; Calgary, 50—62; Prince Albert, 42—70; Qu'Appelle, 44—72; Winnipeg, 48—70; Port Arthur, 50—64; Parry Sound, 60—70; Toronto, 62—85; Ottawa, 64—82; Montreal, 68—84; Quebec, 60—80; Halifax, 52—72.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes—Light to moderate winds; partly fair; thunderstorms in many localities.

Georgian Bay—Continued unsettled, with showers.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Light winds; fair.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Light winds; fair.

Maritime—Light winds; fair.

Lake Superior—Winds mostly north and east; fair.

Manitoba—Easterly winds; weather becoming showery.

You can get good, cool and cheap suits at Oak Hall Clothiers, 115 King-street east, for the boys to romp in during the holidays.

Steamship Movements.

July 4.	At	From
Spaarndam	New York	Rotterdam
Phoenicia	New York	Hamburg
Milwaukee	Father Point	Newcastle
Anchoria	New York	Glasgow
Mongolian	Glasgow	New York
Barbarossa	Southampton	New York
Gladestry	Fleetwood	Montreal
Hatasu	Manchester	St. John's, Nfld
Tainui	Moville	Montreal
Maplemore	Liverpool	Montreal
Maritime	Liverpool	Chatham, N.B.

Sailed.	From	For
Lake Ontario	Montreal	Sydney
Lord Antrim	Cardiff	Montreal
Ethiopia	Philadelphia	St. John's, Nfld
Tyrian	Philadelphia	Halifax