

develop in man, are consigned to the vat. The flesh of all animals suffering from any disease communicable or supposed to be communicable to man is confiscated. It is needless to say that the other departments are conducted equally well. Perfect cleanliness is required, and there is no confusion. The butchers have separate stalls of their own, and do their own killing, subject only to the general regulations.

I do not know very much about the hospital advantages for students of human medicine, but from what I could learn from my medical friends who were there at the time, and from the manner in which things are generally done in Berlin, I should say that they were unsurpassed.

So far as the cost of living in Berlin is concerned, if we can live as the German students live, it cannot be much. Few of us, however, would be willing to make our breakfast off cold sausage, dry bread and stale coffee; a dinner of mixed food, supplemented by a quart of beer; and a supper the same as breakfast. This, however, is the way in which all the students lived with whom I was acquainted, and they did good work on it, too. English-speaking people often try it, but they generally give it up in a short time, and to live as we are in the habit of living costs money there. I should say that from \$35 to \$40 per month was little enough to pay for comfortable lodgings and board in Berlin. Fees are low.

London, so far as veterinary education, and as near as I can learn with regard to human medicine, is not to be compared with Berlin, except from the important fact that one's native language is spoken.

On arriving in Paris it happened to be my good fortune to meet M. Pasteur in his laboratory. He is a very pleasant gentleman, of medium stature, and looking older than I believe he really is. This is probably due, to a great extent, to his hemiplegic condition. His laboratory is a very unpretentious affair, consisting of a long one-story building with numerous small, dark rooms, while in the cellar he keeps his menagerie of wild animals, or if not wild, at least mad. Rabbits and guinea-pigs form the bulk of his stock-in-trade. There are no dogs. His method of