

Many Austrian Reverses

(Continued From Page 1.)

as great a force as a few weeks ago, and it has been almost impossible to hold the ground not interfered with their movements the Russians in the centre would have penetrated by this time many miles into Hungary, he says. One day the Austrians left hundreds of dead in the snow by the Dukla Pass, and when in the morning they wanted to bury their dead they found no trace of the bodies, the snow during the night having buried them. In the spring during the time the snow melts many hundreds of such dead will be found in the valleys, especially around the Lator Ezer River, where several snowstorms have revealed during the many battles that have been fought there the last two months.

SERIES OF REVERSES.

Canadian Press Despatch.
Petrograd, March 5.—Via London, 2:25 a.m.—Advices received from Petrograd are to the effect that the Austro-German forces have met with a series of reverses as they have already captured Sadgora, a few miles to the northeast of the capital. Further to the west they are again in possession of Stanislau, which was evacuated a fortnight ago.

Serious battles are reported in the Masiolaborez pass in the Carpathians and the River San, where the Austrian advance is said to have been checked. In the vicinity of Salinka, midway of this line, two Austrian regiments are said to have been wiped out by the Russian machine guns. During the fighting on March 2 and 3, the Austrians charged the Russian lines repeatedly at times reaching the Russian trenches.

Losses Never Heavier.
Austrian officers captured during the fighting are reported to have said that their losses never have been heavier.

At Lutovsk, just east of the San and 35 miles south of Zrenyay, on the night of March 2, the Austrians made four attacks on the Russians which are said to have been repulsed with heavy losses.

The surrender of Stanislau was preceded during the period from Feb. 21 to March 3 by heavy fighting, the Austrians having fortified Halicz, a short distance to the north, and also the valleys of the Lator Ezer and Lutsa rivers. Here, it is asserted, the Russians captured a large number of guns and rapid fire, many officers and men and a quantity of stores.

Russians Again in Bukovina.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
BUCAREST, March 5.—Heavy cannonading has been heard in the direction of Bolan Mihalien and Chernowitz. Russian officers in the town of Bolan state that the recapture of Chernowitz by their troops is only a question of a few days. All traffic has been down after six o'clock in this evening has been forbidden by the military authorities. The Austrians have enlisted youths from 17 to 20 years of age.

Eighteen Thousand Prisoners.
LONDON, March 5.—(11:47 a.m.)—The Petrograd correspondent of Reuters sends the following despatch: "It is announced that during the operations around Stanislau (Galicia) between Feb. 21 and March 3, the Russians made 180 officers and 15,000 men prisoners, and captured 6 guns, 52 machine guns, 519 horses and numerous trains."

Russians ON OFFENSIVE.

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, March 5.—Except in the central Beskid Pass of the Carpathians, where the fierce Austrian attacks have moderated, the Russians are now on the offensive along the whole length of the extremely long line, from the Baltic Sea to the Rumanian border. Apparently they have definitely disposed of the German and Austrian attempts to outflank their two extreme wings and, having turned, are making slow but steady progress westward.

After retreating right back to the Dniester River, the Russians again have crossed into Bukovina and are modifying their positions. They are now reported to be back in Chernowitz, which they have already captured. It is probable, as they have already captured Sadgora, a few miles to the northeast of the capital. Further to the west they are again in possession of Stanislau, which was evacuated a fortnight ago.

On the Russian side, the Austrians are advancing slowly westward from the Niemen River, and the Germans are fighting a rear guard action. Only at one point is the German attack being seriously checked. The Germans are using their railway from Lutzk and there is a good road across the marshes, but with their arms falling back on either side, they cannot remain in the south according to a Berlin despatch, the Germans have evacuated Myslenice, which is right on the East Prussia border, northwest of Lomsa, while further west, near Mlawka, they are believed actually to have crossed the border after their defeat at Praszka.

The Russians also show revived activity in central Poland, and have attacked the German east of Plock, and near Sieniewice, southeast of Warsaw.

German Guns Captured.
A despatch to the Exchange Telegram Company from Praszka declares that, altogether, the Russians captured 13 guns and 18 Maxim, with their own and 122 ammunition cases and one aeroplane.

The message adds that the Cossacks have been successfully winning the German siege artillery. In the Carpathians, the attacks of the Austrians are reported to be everywhere growing weaker.

SECOND ATTACK ON SUEZ CANAL?

Another Attempt May Soon Be Made by Djemel Pasha.

FRESH TROOPS MOVING

Artillery Was Buried in the Sands, Ready for an Advance.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
CAIRO, March 5.—Will the Turks make a second attack on Egypt and the Suez Canal? That is the question both civilians and the military are discussing here. The balance of opinion would appear to favor the belief that Djemel Pasha will make at least another attempt before giving the task up as hopeless. Many people believe his effort early in February was not a reconnaissance in force, and now that he has a bare idea of what he has to face he will try again with all the strength he can muster. Reports speak of great bodies of troops in motion near the frontiers. It is added, half a dozen big guns are being brought along. These are mounted on camels, with camels and wheels, and each is drawn by a party of twenty-four oxen. Some of the reports say that the army started off from Palestine without artillery, and that it will be gathered from this that artillery used in the fighting was sent off long before the war started. Others believe that long before the war Turkey was declared German officers with the Turkish army in Syria sent forward artillery to be buried in sands ready for an advance across the desert.

FASHIONS FOR MEN.

A Demonstration of What is Correct For Men This Spring.

All that is written of style in dress does not apply solely and wholly to women. They control the share in fashion literature. At the same time, the men are interested as the seasons come and go.

This thought will surely come to anyone who may visit the House of Hobbs, Limited, 161 Yonge street and 9 East Richmond street, and see for himself the wide assortment of new fabrics in men's tailoring for the spring season. The correct thing in design and pattern, and in style of make-up, are points all emphasized in the Hobbs display for the coming Easter, with prices for suits ranging at \$15, \$20 and \$25.

FRENCH MADE GAIN OF THIRD OF MILE

Progress in Champagne Over Four Mile Front So Far Unchecked.

GERMANS REPULSED

Russian Guards Regiment Engaged at Mesnil, Met With Severe Losses.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
PARIS, March 5.—The French offensive in the Champagne region has increased in extent and importance. They are continuing to make progress on the front north of Souain, Meulles, and Beauséjour, and today they held on the entire attacking front of about four miles, a total of German lines representing a depth of about a third of a mile.

Particularly marked progress was made to the west of Perthes today, where trenches were captured and the French position in the woods was extended. Ground was gained north of Meulles, and several counter attacks were repulsed. In this fighting, which became violent, the regiments of the Prussian Guards engaged met with severe losses.

About 100 prisoners were taken with a machine gun in the afternoon. The fighting elsewhere has been confined to the repelling of several German attacks in the Convoys north of Verdun, and in the forest of Le Preire, west of Pont-a-Mousson.

The Germans have commenced the bombardment of Rheims with incendiary shells.

GOLD BARS STOLEN ON ATLANTIC LINER

LONDON, March 5.—The Scotland Yard detectives have not been notified formally of the loss of a large amount of gold from the American liner New York on her last voyage to New York. But it is reported unofficially that the Liverpool police have begun an investigation into the alleged theft.

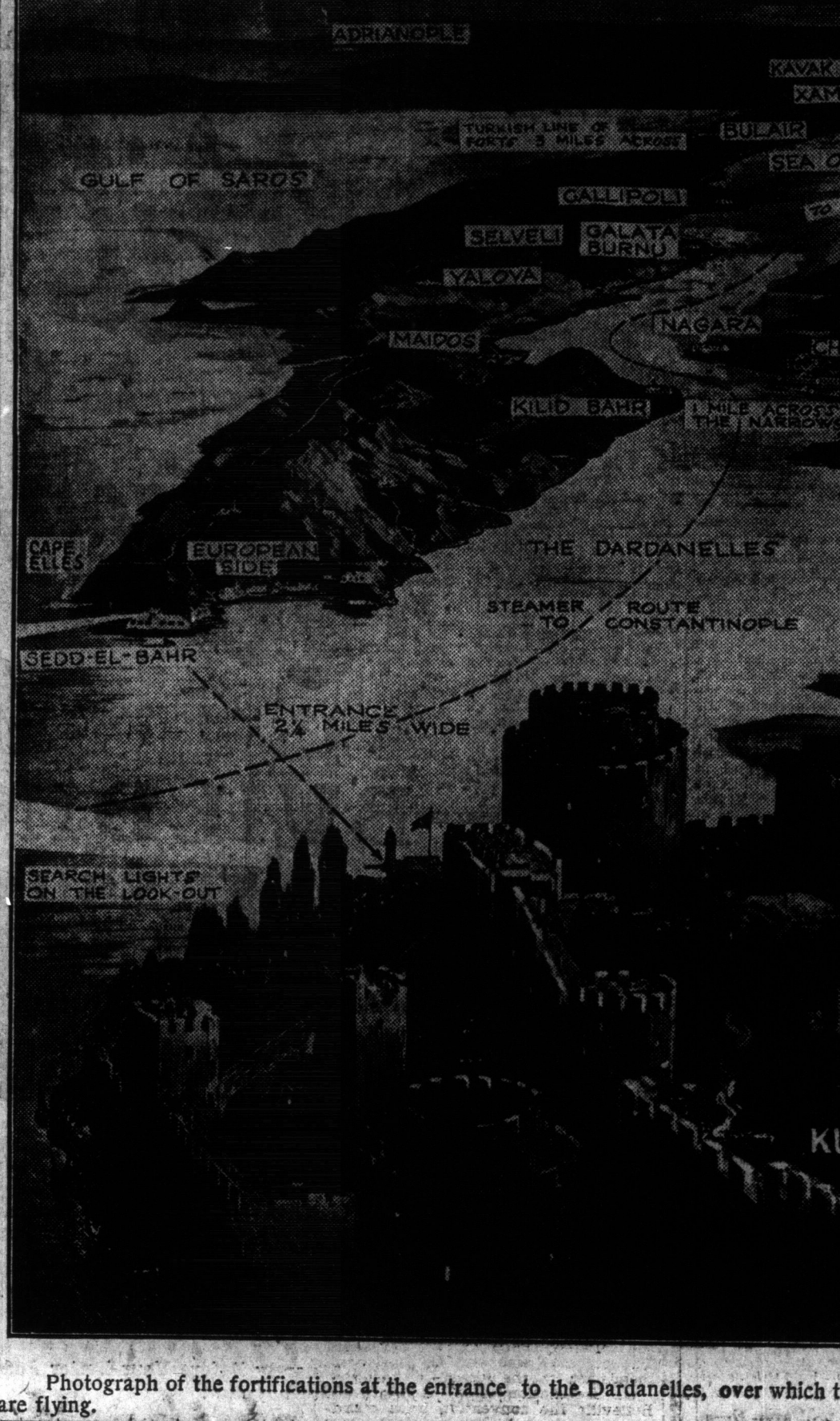
Representatives of Baring Brothers & Co. here are reticent about the matter, but while they decline the discussion of the amount of gold on or bullion involved, they admit having shipped gold to Kidder, Peabody & Co. of New York, and state it was placed in the safe deposit room aboard the New York at Liverpool.

The London newspapers treat the affair very gingerly, give the amount of gold as \$250,000 and do not mention the names of the consignors, consigner or the ship.

PREMIER TAKES MONDAYS FOR GOVERNMENT DAYS
By a Staff Reporter.
OTTAWA, March 5.—Sir Robert Borden has given notice that on Friday this the government notices of motions and government orders will have precedence after questions and notices of motion for the production of papers.

This action on the part of the government in taking Monday, which is private members' day, makes it begin to look as if the session would be a short one.

FORTS ON THE DARDANELLES



Photograph of the fortifications at the entrance to the Dardanelles, over which the allies' flags now are flying.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

OTTAWA, Saturday, March 6.—The MCA, Douglas of No. 1 Stationary Hospital, at London General Hospital, Chelms, with probable irritation. Next of kin, Elizabeth Douglas, 41 Rockland avenue, Verdun, Que.

Wounded—March 2, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 3, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 4, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 5, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 6, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 7, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 8, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 9, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 10, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 11, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 12, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 13, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 14, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

Wounded—March 15, Pte G. H. Slaughter, admitted to No. 11 Stationary Hospital, Verdun, Que. (Report does not indicate seriously wounded not reported.)

FRENCH RECAPTURE GROUND NEAR ARRAS

Trenches Taken by Germans Did Not Stay Long in Their Hands

GAINS IN CHAMPAGNE

Company of Prussian Guards Surrounded and Captured Near Perthes.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.
PARIS, March 5.—The trenches captured by the Germans north of Arras did not stay long in their control, but were retaken by the French troops today in a brilliant advance, together with many prisoners, including a machine gun company. The enemy made a new attack today, but he was thrust back and all the lost positions were regained.

As time goes on the French troops operating against the German trenches in the Champagne region accelerate their speed of advance and increase their gains. Near Perthes a company of the Prussian Guards was surrounded and captured. Next the Germans were expelled from a trench northwest of Perthes, and north of this point a silent was seized with fire. Northwest of Meulles a group of trenches about six hundred and fifty yards wide and 225 yards deep fell into French hands. Further advances were made in the adjoining woods, the ravines northwest of Beauséjour were entered, and several trenches carried in a brilliant dash. Prisoners taken over that day the Germans were extremely high.

Driven From Vanquies.
The French have practically driven out the Germans from the village of Vanquies, in the Argonne region, the finishing touches to the enemy being administered today.

The French defeated a German attack in the forest of Le Preire, and in the regions of Badon, Villers and Celles they have advanced as far as the German war entanglements.

An advanced trench to the north of the sand dunes in Belgium, and they dispersed twelve attempts of the enemy to push forward his trenches.

The French attack on Hartmannsweilerkopf, in Alsace, has made some headway, a small fort, and two machine guns have fallen into their hands today.

RUSSIAN FLEET IS ON WAY TO BOSPHORUS

Warships Are Reported to Have Passed Port in Bulgaria.

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, March 5.—The Russian Black Sea fleet is steaming toward the Bosphorus, says a despatch from Rome.

ADMIRAL MEUX TO SUCCEED JELICOE?

London Report Says Sir John Jellicoe Will Advise Sea Lords.

MEUX'S LONG SERVICE

Entered Navy Forty-Five Years Ago—Career Distinguished One.

The Telegram last night printed a London despatch stating that Sir John Jellicoe had been appointed admiral, and that Sir Hedworth Meux succeeded him as admiral of the home fleet.

While the announcement came as a surprise, it was still to be the belief that the sea lords considered Sir John Jellicoe could render more valuable service in an advisory capacity than as commander of the fleet during its enforced inactivity in the North Sea. Sir John was lord commissioner of the admiralty, and controller of the navy in 1908-10, subsequently being appointed commander of the second squadron of the home fleet. When war with Germany broke out, he was given command of the home fleet.

Admiral Meux's Career.
Admiral Meux, G.C.B., K.C.B., C.V.O., C.V.O., naval A.D.C. to the King, is the third son of the second Earl of Durham. He entered the navy in 1870, served in the bombardment of Alexandria and in the Egyptian war, 1882; became captain in 1889; was private secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty, 1894-7; commanded the naval brigade at Ladysmith, in the South African war, 1900-2; was second in command of the Channel Fleet, 1903-4; and commanded the cruiser division of the Mediterranean Fleet, 1904-5; commanded the China station, 1908-10; and has been in command at Portsmouth since 1911. In 1909 he contested Newnham in the Liberal interest, and in 1902 was made a commander of the Legion of Honor.

MEXICO CITY ON THE VERGE OF STARVATION

General Obregon Refuses Aid From Foreign Colony and Allows Looting.

Canadian Press Despatch.
WASHINGTON, March 5.—Mexico City is on the verge of starvation. Gen. Obregon, the Carranza commander, refuses to permit an international relief committee, composed of wealthy members of the foreign colony to supply the needy. "Mexico needs no foreign aid," the general is reported to have said.

All merchants who closed their stores have been ordered to reopen under threat of punishment. Three hundred of them, Sir Meux have been imprisoned. The people of the city are living in terror of another evacuation, since Obregon has announced that he will not permit any looting or pillaging for food or money.

Secretary Bryan announced that he and sent an urgent telegram to American Consul Silliman with instructions to lay the situation earnestly before Gen. Carranza, so that Gen. Obregon might be directed to accept the proffered aid of the foreign residents.

KILLED AT THE FRONT WILL FILED IN COURT

Late Captain D. O. C. Newton Settled Affairs After Joining Princess Pats.

Canadian Press Despatch.
MONTREAL, March 5.—The will of the late Captain D. O. C. Newton, the first member of the Princess Patricia's Regiment to fall in battle, was filed for probate in this city today. The will is dated Sept. 12, 1914, a few days after the captain had joined the Princess Patricia's. A gold watch which was given him by Prince Fushimi, on the occasion of the prince's tour of Canada, is bequeathed to Capt. Newton's aunt, Lady Elizabeth Cecil, who is a sister of the deceased, Florence Cecil, Countess of Dyserth. The bulk of the estate goes to three brothers—Thomas, Alexander and Basil Newton. The value of the estate is not mentioned.

VON BERNSTORFF MAKES MORE DUM-DUM CHARGES

German Ambassador to U. S. Again Worries Secretary Bryan With Accusations.

Special to The Toronto World.
WASHINGTON, March 5.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has presented to the state department affidavits and exhibits in an effort to prove his charges that dum-dum bullets are being manufactured in the United States and shipped to the allies. A month ago Count von Bernstorff made general charges of this nature, Secretary Bryan, after an investigation, said they were without foundation.

The new charges name several American firms, giving the quantities of bullets turned out and the dates of shipment. Mr. Bryan would not give out the new affidavits, but referred them to Secretary of War Garrison.

DO ALL POSSIBLE TO STOP TRAFFIC

N. W. Rowell, K.C., Addresses Alliance Convention in Massey Hall.

HIGHEST PATRIOTISM

Curtailling of Liquor Trade Would Make Soldiers More Efficient.

N. W. Rowell, K.C., leader of an Ontario opposition, was given a round of applause as he came upon the platform at the Alliance convention meeting at the Massey Hall last night. About 2500 were present.

Mr. Rowell said that it gave him very great pleasure to have the opportunity of dropping in to participate in the proceedings of the convention. This was one of the most momentous years in human history. But of all the momentous events of this time, in addition to the war was the judgment which civilization had passed against the liquor traffic.

There was a wonderful unanimity of opinion among the neutral powers that the cause for which Great Britain was fighting was the cause of liberty and humanity. But that unanimity was accompanied by the judgment of the military leaders that the liquor traffic impaired the efficiency of the soldier and sailor. It was, therefore, possible to curtail its influence.

The year had been one of the greatest encouragements for temperance workers, and whatever local disagreements there might be they could be with confidence henceforth that they were on the winning side.

The London Times had declared that in abolishing the sale of vodka Russia was waging a greater enemy than the Germans. "That was a total attack too, and not a zig-zag movement." (Applause.)

In conclusion, Mr. Rowell called upon the members of the alliance to "wage relentless war upon the enemy until its power is forever wiped out."

Ven. Archbishop Lloyd, principal Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask., was present and gave the invocation. The Council of the Alliance, gave a stirring address.

Patrotic vocal solos were given by Donald G. Macdonald, Ruthie MacDonald and the Alexander Choir.

TO STOP SUPPLYING WARSHIPS AT SEA

Congress Passes Resolution Amplifying Powers of President Wilson.

Special to The Toronto World.
WASHINGTON, March 5.—An amendment to the powers of the president to enforce the neutrality of the United States has been passed by Congress through the medium of a resolution sent to Representative Underwood, the majority leader, today, and by him at a late hour introduced in the house, where under suspension of the rules it was passed by a viva voce vote with only one Republican dissent.

The United States is bound by treaties in force to prevent the use of its ports as bases of naval operations, but there is no legislation by Congress to enable the government to carry out these obligations.

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