

totalled some \$180 million, devoted mainly to priority development sectors of concern to Senegal, these being food self-sufficiency, anti-desertification measures and human resource development. In May, 1986 Canada granted additional resources to Africa when it announced a moratorium on the public development debt and revealed plans for new projects in the Africa 2000 program, both of which are available to Senegal.

Commercial interchange between our two countries is limited, since its difficult economic situation has compelled Senegal to reduce imports of a strictly commercial nature. However, there are some interesting possibilities, most of them projects with multilateral financing. The Senegalese program to privatize business might also afford some investment prospects.