Focus	TIMES OF ENLARGEMENT AND REDUCTION.							
Lens,	I inches	2 inches	3 inches	4 inches	5 inches	6 inches	7 inches	8 inches
2	4 4	6 3	8 2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	10 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	12 2 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	14 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	16 2 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>7</sub>	18
21/2	5 5	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	10 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	12½ 3½	15	$ \begin{array}{c c}  & 7\frac{1}{2} \\  & 2\frac{1}{12} \end{array} $	20 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>7</sub>	$ \begin{array}{c c} 22\frac{1}{2} \\ 2\frac{1}{16} \end{array} $
3	6	9 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	12	15 3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	18 3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	21 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	24 3 <sup>3</sup> 7	27 3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>
31/2	7 7	10½ 5¼	14 4 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	17½ 4¾	$\frac{21}{4\frac{1}{5}}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 24\frac{1}{2} \\ 4\frac{1}{12} \end{array} $	28 4	$3^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ 3^{\frac{5}{16}}$
4	8 8	1 2 6	16 51	20 5	24 4 <sup>4</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	28 4 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	32 4‡	36 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
41/2	9 9	13 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 6 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	18 6	22 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 5 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	27 5 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	31½ 5¼	36 5 <sup>1</sup> 7	40½ 518
5	10	7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	20 6 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	<sup>25</sup> 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	30 6	35 5 <del>5</del>	40 5 <del>7</del>	45 5 <del>8</del>
51/2	11	16 <u>1</u> 8 <u>1</u>	22 7 <sup>1</sup> 8	27½ 6½	$\begin{array}{c} 33 \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 38\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{5}{12} \end{array}$	44 6 <del>2</del>	$\begin{array}{c} 49\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{3}{16} \\ \end{array}$
6	12	18 9	24 8	30 7½	36 7 <sup>1</sup> 6	42 7	48 6#	54 63 4
7	14	21 10½	28 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	35 8 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	42 8 <del>2</del> /3	49 8½	56 8	63 7 <sup>7</sup> 8
8	16	24 I 2	32 10 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	40 10	48 9 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	56 9 <del>1</del>	64 9‡	7 <sup>2</sup> 9
9	18	27 13½	36 12	45 1114	54 104/5	63 10½	72 107	81 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub>

The object of this table is to enable any manipulator who is about to enlarge (or reduce) a copy any given number of times, to do so without troublesome calculation. It is assumed that the photographer knows exactly what the focus of his lens is, and that he is able to measure accurately from its optical centre. The use of the table will be seen from the following illustration: A photographer has a carte to enlarge to four times its size, and the lens he intends employing is one of six inches equivalent focus. He must, therefore, look for 4 on the upper horizontal line, and for 6 in the first vertical column, and carry his eve to where these two join, which will be at 30-7½. The greater of these is the distance the sensitive plate must be from the centre of the lens; and the lesser, the distance of the picture to be copied. To reduce a picture any given number of times the same method must be followed, but in this case the the greater number will represent the distance between the lens and the picture to be copied; the latter, that between the lens and the sensitive plate. This explanation will be sufficient for every case of enlargement or reduction.

If the focus of the lens be twelve inches, as this number is not in the column of focal lengths, look out for six in this column and multiply by 2, and so on with any other numbers.