

encounter in the discharge of the arduous duties of a missionary.

We read in the holy Book that old age is a crown of dignity, when found in the ways of justice, and the fear of the Lord is the glory of old men. An exemplary life of fifty years, in the ministry, which the older among us assure us was no less exemplary in the first years of your Priesthood than it was in the latter, justify us in saying that your old age is a crown of dignity, and the fear of the Lord is your glory.

To you we owe the establishment of pious sodalities, which are true nurseries of piety, and which have produced so much good amongst us.

On many of you poured the saving waters of Baptism; afterwards you expounded to us the Word of God, and prepared us for the worthy reception of the Bread of Life. In our maturer years you blessed our matrimonial unions. Some of these duties you have performed for our children and grand-children. And here to-day, grandfathers and grandmothers, children and grandchildren join alike to give expression of their esteem, love and veneration for you, their spiritual father. At the foot of the altar, they have not failed to offer their grateful prayers for you; and they have beseeched the Almighty that He may prolong your days amongst us.

That He the bestower of all good may grant us the desired favor, and that He may shower on you His choicest blessings, is the prayer of your devoted parishioners.

(Signed in behalf of the congregation),
DUNCAN McDONNELL, Greenfield;
JOHN A. McDONNELL,
NIEL McDONNELL,
JOHN KENNEDY,
St. Raphael, June 8th, 1864.

REPLY.

To Duncan McDonnell, Greenfield; John A. McDonnell, John Kennedy, and Niel B. McDonnell.

GENTLEMEN:—I offer you my most sincere thanks for your Address.

It is indeed a happiness for me to say Mass on the Fiftieth year of my Priesthood, and I ought truly to be thankful to God's mercy for it.

During this long time there have been many changes. I need not speak of improvements, such as canals, steamboats, telegraphs; I shall only say a few words about the progress religion has made since I first came to Glengarry. At that time there were only two priests in Upper Canada—one here, viz., the late venerated Bishop McDonnell, who then was Priest, and another in Sandwich. To-day, by the blessing of Divine Providence, there is more than double the number of Bishops in the Province than there were Priests in those days. There are to-day Priests and congregations in every part of the Province, far and near.

During this long period I had indeed the happiness of administering the Sacraments to many of you, and of instructing you in the principles of our holy religion; this was a duty I always endeavored to do as well as I could. In those days, the difficulties Priests had to meet were many and great. I may mention a case which will give you to understand the difficulties I had to encounter. I was requested to attend a sick child in Kingston; and although I used all diligence, it took me five days to go from this to that place. Unfortunately the sick person died twenty-five hours before my arrival.

In return for your kind wishes for my welfare, all I can do, with the assistance of the prayers of the Blessed Virgin and the Saints in heaven, is to pray God may grant you and every one of the congregation every blessing in this life, and eternal glory in the next.

I remain, your affectionate friend,
JOHN McDONNELL, Priest.
St. Raphael, June 8, 1864.

CORNWALL, June 12, 1864.

To the Editor of the True Witness.

DEAR SIR,—Tuesday, the 7th instant, was a day of joy and consolation to every true Catholic in this Parish; for on that day His Lordship the Right Rev. E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston, laid the corner stone of the new Catholic Church now in course of erection in this town. His Lordship observed the recognised ordinances of the Church in the performance of the ceremony, in which he was assisted by the Very Rev. J. H. McDonagh, V. G., Perth; the Very Rev. G. A. Hay, R.D., St. Andrews; the Rev. J. J. Chisholm, D.D., Alexandria; the Rev. J. A. McIntyre, D.D., Camden; the Rev. J. R. Meade, P.P., Morrisburgh; and the Rev. J. S. O'Connor, Pastor of this Parish. After the Mass of the day, which was celebrated by the Rev. Mr. Meade, of Morrisburgh, His Lordship ascended the Altar, and delivered an excellent discourse suitable to the occasion, taking for his text those words of the Psalmist, "Glory and wealth shall be in his house," p. iii., v. 3. I shall not attempt an analysis of His Lordship's sermon, feeling my inability to do it justice. I shall therefore confine myself to noting the closing words thereof. Having advanced every argument or reasoning which his fertile imagination could suggest, His Lordship concluded with this memorable incentive to united action on the part of the Catholics of this parish in their efforts to build their new church, by reminding them that we had yet to learn of the Catholic Church which had been once commenced, and had afterwards to be abandoned from the lack of means to carry on the good work. His Lordship then, preceded by the clergy and choristers in regular procession, went from the old church to the grounds adjoining, and there performed the ceremony of blessing and laying the corner stone of the new Church of St. Columban, in the manner above rehearsed; after which he led the way for the collection in aid of the Church Funds which was taken up from the large assemblage present, by placing on the stone an offering in accordance with his known liberality; in which generous act he was promptly followed by the clergy and laity around him. A word of explanation is here due to your readers regarding the title of the new Church. In a former note your correspondent had stated that it was to bear the title of "Our Lady of Grace" and to this the Bishop would have had no objections, had it not been opposed to the Canons of the Church to change the Titular Patron once assigned to any particular Church. So that, much as His Lordship was disposed to gratify the devotion of both Priest and people to the Blessed Mother of God in this instance, still he could not violate the constitutions of the Church from any motives whatsoever; and therefore our new Church will bear the same title as the old one, which, please God, it will ere long replace, and be known as St. Columban's. It is estimated that the Church, when completed will accommodate between eight hundred and a thousand persons. The style is simple, regard being had rather to room than to ornament, although the latter is not neglected. Will each kind reader of these lines, if he or she

cannot do more, have the goodness to offer up a fervent supplication to Heaven for the success of our weighty undertaking; for we know that "unless the Lord build the house, in vain they labour who are engaged in its construction," and being intimately convinced of this truth, we thus appeal to the charitable for assistance to enable us to bring the good work to a happy completion.

I am, dear Sir, truly yours,

J. S.

We would call special attention to the advertisement of Mr. C. F. Frazer who has commenced business as a Lawyer in Brockville. Mr. Frazer passed his legal examinations in a most creditable manner to himself, we know him to be prompt in his business habits, most reliable in his dealings, and willingly introduce him to the patronage of the public. We feel satisfied that those who intrust legal business to him will have good reason to be satisfied with the manner in which he will transact it. We wish Mr. Frazer a respectable, a prosperous, and pleasant career as a Brockville Lawyer.

This day is the seventeenth anniversary of the election of His Holiness Pope Pius IX. to the exalted position of Head of the Church. During the past sixteen years His Holiness has always commanded the respect and veneration of the Christian world, for the exemplary manner in which he has discharged his arduous duties. Many have been the trials and tribulations of the representative of Christ upon earth during the past few years; and the noble constancy of the present occupant of the Chair of Saint Peter has won for him the love and admiration of his flock in every part of the globe. Like the majority of his predecessors, Pius IX. has been obliged to submit to the afflictions which Our Blessed Lord predicted as the lot of his Church; but it is as pleasing to think that the dark clouds which have so long lowered over the chair of St. Peter, will ere long be dispersed, and that bright days to come will bring joy and gladness to the heart of Our Holy Father. God grant that he may long be spared to preside over the destinies of the Church.

In consequence of the Editor's absence for a short time, several communications, &c., have been left unanswered.

DANGER TO THE CITY.—We learn from a correspondent there are now stored, at Cote St. Catherine, that is to say, on the road leading round the mountain, distant about 4,000 yards from the centre of the City of Montreal, 200 Tons of Gunpowder. The building in which this great quantity is stored, is quite close to the public road; it has no external wall; it has no guards to protect it, and it was open the other night till a quarter to nine o'clock. The precautions used in military magazines are not observed in it. An inhabitant of the village of Cote des Neiges, tells us that he saw driver of a load of this powder, quietly smoking alongside of it, passing through that village, and probably the pleasant unconscious fellow, went into the magazine with his matches for lighting his pipe loose in his pocket,—that is, matches tipped with a compound of phosphorus and brimstone at the ends, which go off with the slightest provocation, to say nothing of the by no means impossible chance of live ashes remaining in that comfortable pipe. A comparatively small lot of powder, less than a ton, did considerable damage by exploding in Quebec a short time ago. Windows, hundred of yards distant from the place of the explosion were broken. The people thought there was an earthquake. A comparatively small lot of powder also exploded on the *Louis St. Lawrence*, moored in the Mersey opposite Liverpool, some time ago, and did considerable damage by the concussion in that town. And if we remember rightly an officer of Engineers gave it as his opinion to a committee of the City Council of Montreal, some months ago, that an explosion of a very large quantity of powder behind the Mountain would destroy the greater part of the city. We do not see that there can be a doubt of this. The firing of a single gun at the Island, or a mile from the city in any direction, will make the windows shake in a perceptible manner. The explosion of 200 tons, at 4,000 yards from the centre of the city, would shake houses down, and produce the most frightful calamities. The Mountain, to a great extent, would break the shock of a great explosion behind it; but the reverberation, arising from concussion of the atmosphere, would sweep with terrible force around it. A mad or spiteful person might get into this magazine and fire it, for the same sort of reason as persons used to jump off the Monument, or off London Bridge. In fact, the citizens seem to be in blindest ignorance of a tremendous danger in the neighborhood of which they sleep. There are houses quite near this magazine. Whether they and their inmates would travel in the event of an explosion, we cannot say; but it is certain the distance would be great, and the speed with which they would go, rapid. We are writing a serious narrative. A complaint has been made to one of the Insurance Companies here, the agent of which has, in consequence, taken legal advice on the subject; and that advice is to apply to Parliament for legislative powers to act in the premises. We do not think any comment of ours can heighten the statement of facts, and we shall not supply any. There may not be an explosion. We may pray Heaven to avert it; but it is wise to do all we can, to prevent the risk of one. Since writing the above, we have learnt there is a bill before Parliament containing unnecessarily restrictive provisions. For instance, that not more than 50 tons of powder can be stored within half a mile of any house,—despite the fact that the house might be erected after the magazine had been used. This is nonsense. It would not matter much to a house or its inmates whether 25 or 50 tons were exploded within half a mile of it. It is folly to try to overdo the thing; powder must be stored somewhere, in large quantities, and what is required is to see that proper precautions are observed, and that the magazine is kept at a respectable distance off a city like Montreal.—*Mont. Gazette.*

ANOTHER SPECIMEN OF THE GENUS STEPMOTHER.—It would seem to be inborn in stepmothers to be harsh and cruel from the many instances to be found to support the supposition; although there are many amiable exceptions to the rule; among which we may, of course, include all the readers of the *Herald*, sustaining that relation. A case illustrating, we should hope, the worst phase of this singular trait came under the attention of the police authorities on Thursday evening, the 9th instant. A young girl, 13 years of age, but dwarfed to the ordinary size of a much younger child, was found by a policeman at the St. Ann's Market. She bore marks of recent and severe punishment—a black eye and traces of the hair having been pulled out on one side of the head. Her starved condition made her more sensitive to the cold night air. She said she had been starved and beaten by her stepmother, and then turned into the street. Her father came to the station yesterday morning to know if anything could be done to punish the unnatural woman for her cruelty, but the girl seemed to have been affected mentally as well as physically by the treatment she received, and could not say whether she knew the nature of an oath or not. The father took the girl away with the intention of placing her in some of the charitable institutions in the city.—*Herald.*

A CONSPIRACY.—James Derrah, a resident of Kingston, who has served a term in the American army, was arraigned on Saturday for enticing soldiers to desert, on information of Thomas Ryan, of the Canadian Rifles, late of the 47th. Ryan swore that yesterday noon Derrah met him in Mrs. Foster's place, and urged him to desert by telling him he would give him \$20 down, a suit of clothes, and \$20 more when he reached the Cape. On cross-examination the complainant contradicted his previous statements, and the evidence of another soldier who was represented to have been present when the negotiation occurred, entirely disproved some of the points of the case. The affair was evidently another plot for the \$100 reward, and the authorities so considered and dismissed the case.—*Kingston American.*

DIABOLICAL ATTEMPT.—A short time ago some fiends in human shape attempted to throw the express train on the Grand Trunk Railway off the track, about a mile west of the Utica Station. The inhuman attempt was happily frustrated however, by the timely notice of the obstruction, and its removal before the train came up. The company have issued placards offering \$100 reward for the apprehension of the offenders.

DISASTROUS FIRES TO DAY.—In St. Helen street, St. Roch's, a fire occurred between two and three o'clock this morning, in the unfinished dwelling house belonging to Mr. Thomas Lavallee, Stevedore, the interior being very materially injured. A full supply of water prevented further damage, and it is possible, the fire was caused through carelessness on the part of some carpenters employed in the building during the day before.

To-day at noon, a fire broke out in the house adjoining Lavallee's above mentioned, supposed to have been caused by a spark which had settled in the roof during the fire of this morning. The flames spread rapidly, a strong wind blowing at the time, and in spite of every exertion the following properties were destroyed, viz.:

Helien Street—Jean Dery, shoemaker, a wooden house; no insurance.
Pierre Bedard, laborer, wooden house; no insurance.
Joseph Picard, joiner, a wooden house; no insurance.
Thos. Lavallee, stevedore, brick house, gutted; insured for \$300 in the Royal.
Thos. Lavallee, stevedore, wooden house, insured for \$250.
Mr. Pelletier, laborer, hangard and dwelling, gutted; no insurance.
Marguerite Street—Thos. Canniste, ship laborer, wooden house; no insurance.
Jos. Verret, laborer, two wooden houses burnt; no insurance.
Jean Picard, cooper, wooden house; no insurance.
Mr. Polras, cooper, wooden house; no insurance.
Maximo Hudon, joiner, wooden house; no insurance.
Frs. Pichet, printer, wooden house, gutted; no insurance.
Oyrlle Marceau, carpenter, shed; no insurance.
M. Mathieu, carpenter, one story brick dwelling, gutted; no insurance.—*Quebec Mercury, June 11th.*

We all know how abortive the Maine Liquor Law proved. We have read of the Pennsylvania riots—the New York riots—the gin riots in London, during the reign of George the Third. What has been the result? An abolition of all restrictive laws. Experience says: "Do you want the consumption of liquor lessened—the vices and miseries arising from the drinking usages lessened? try good example—sound moral teaching—a cultivation of social comforts—unflinching labour and efforts on the part of philanthropists—and the soothing and benign influences of Religion." Have more of this ye Ministers and public Professors, and you will have less misery and drunkenness. Let, however, a municipality pass a prohibitory liquor-law and immediately you remove the necessary means of public accommodation, nourish private and public drinking, throw the respectable hotel-keeper out of the trade, and place in his stead the disreputable smuggler and unlicensed grog-seller, from whom no revenue is derived—who is ten times more unscrupulous in his supply of liquor to the besotted drunkard, and who carries on his unlawful and unholy traffic in defiance of the law, and the insult and annoyance of every right-thinking member of the community. Then, to complete the farce, pedlars and itinerant characters will perambulate the place with "Histories of England," "Chess Boards," "Pilgrim's Progresses," and even Bibles, filled with brandy, gin, and whiskey! We have heard of one village not fifty miles away, where licenses were refused to the tavern-keepers of the place, and in a month from the passing of the act ten unlicensed groggeries took the place of four respectable taverns! Men drank, too, who never indulged before; and the next year, so demoralised had the place become, that the act was rescinded and the old state of affairs restored. Besides, it is not absurd for one municipality to think of lessening the "social evil," by a prohibitory law, while the adjoining townships are ready to furnish them to any amount required? It is more than absurd—it is foolish.—*British Standard.*

VICTIMS OF THE WAR.—A considerable number of the victims of misdirected military zeal, who left the peaceful precincts of their own homes to do battle for a foreign power, may now be seen strolling upon our streets, in a disabled condition from the loss or mutilation of limbs. Almost every day one or more of such adventurers from this vicinity return, some of whom have served a term in the Federal hospitals. Their sacrifices have been worthy of a noble cause, and it is said that life-long penance cannot be alleviated by the admiration and gratitude of their own countrymen.—*Kingston American.*

Mr. Oarlier stated in the House on Saturday that if the business of the Legislature permitted—of which there is every probability—Parliament would be prorogued on Saturday next, or early in the following week.

In our obituary notice last week of the late Captain Thomas McGrath, we omitted to mention that he bequeathed the very handsome sum of \$4,000 to the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.

A FEDERAL DESERTER KIDNAPPED—His ESCAPE FROM HIS GUARD.—A man named Timothy Shanahan reported to Chief McLaughlin of the Water Police yesterday, that he, on the second of this month was accosted in Great St. James street by a good-looking man of fair complexion and about five feet ten inches in height who made proposals to him to engage with him as coachman to go to Sorel. The bargain was completed and both left as Shanahan thought for Sorel. He was astonished to find himself suddenly in the United States at Rouse's Point, where his employers turned him over to the military authorities as a deserter. He states that he was then placed under a guard to be conveyed to Fort Warren in Boston Harbor. He succeeded in escaping from his escort and is now in this city. He admits that he had previously deserted from the Federal army.—*Herald.*

Birth.

In this city, on the 7th inst., Mrs. Wm. Booth, of a daughter.

Married.

In Quebec, on the 1st instant, by the Revd. B. McGauran, P.P., St. Patrick's Church, cousin of the Bridegroom, Mr. John Mallin, Merchant, Leeds, to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Thomas O'Brien, Esq.

Died.

At his residence, in the village of Hull, C.E., on the 1st instant, after a protracted illness, Charles D. Decelles, M.D., aged 54 years.

In Quebec, on the 9th inst., Richard Power, a native of the county Waterford, Ireland, aged 50 years.

At Petite Côte, on the 14th inst., Michael Hyland, aged 61 years, a native of Queen's County, Ireland.

OBITUARY.

Died suddenly, on the 6th inst., at his place of residence, lot No. 34, 9th Concession of Lancaster, Co. of Glengarry, C.W., Mr. Ronald McDonald, aged 82 years. He was a native of Arisaig, Invernesshire, Scotland. He came to this country in 1786.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, June 14, 1864.

Flour—Pollards, \$2.70 to \$2.80; Middlings, \$3.10 to \$3.22; Fine, \$3.40 to \$3.55; Super, No. 2 \$3.65 to \$3.75; Superfine \$3.80 to \$4.00; Fancy \$4.30 to \$4.40; \$4.40 to \$4.50; Superior Extra \$4.75 to \$5.00; Bag Flour, \$2.20 to \$2.20.
Oatmeal per brl of 200 lbs, \$4.70 to \$4.80.
Wheat—U Canada Spring, 92c to 94c ex-cars; U. C. Winter, 90c.
Ashea per 100 lbs, Pots, latest sales were at \$5.75 to \$5.75; in inferior Pots, \$5.95 to \$6.00; Pearls, in demand, at \$6.17 to \$6.32.
Butter—There is a good demand, for New at 18c to 22c; fine to choice, suitable for home consumption, 12c to 14c.
Eggs per doz, 11c.
Lard per lb, fair demand at 8c to 9c.
Tallow per lb, 8c to 8c.
Out-meats per lb, Hams, canvassed, 11c to 12c; Bacon, 5c to 6c.
Pork—Quiet; New Mess, \$18.00 to \$18.00; Prime Mess, \$16 to \$20.00; Prime, \$16.00 to \$20.00.—*Montreal Witness.*

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

(From the Montreal Witness.)

	June 14.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour, country, per qtl.	12 6 to 13 0		
Oatmeal, do.	13 0 to 13 6		
Indian Meal	11 3 to 11 6		
Pean per min.	3 9 to 4 0		
Beans, small white per min.	5 0 to 5 6		
Honey, per lb.	0 7 to 0 8		
Potatoes, per bag	3 9 to 4 0		
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs.	\$10.00 to \$10.00		
Hay, per 100 bundles	\$10.00 to \$13.00		
Straw.	\$3.50 to \$ 5.50		
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0 8 to 0 7		
Butter, fresh per lb.	1 3 to 0 0		
Do salt,	0 11 to 0 11 1/2		
Lard, do.	0 7 to 0 8		
Barley, do, for seed per 50 lbs.	2 6 to 3 0		
Buckwheat	2 6 to 3 0		
Flax Seed,	0 0 to 0 0		
Timothy	0 0 to 0 0		
Oats, do.	2 6 to 2 9		
Turkeys, per couple, (old)	8 0 to 10 0		

MONTREAL CATTLE-MARKET—June 14.

First Quality Cattle, \$7.60 to \$8.00; Second and third, \$6.50 to \$7.00. Milch Cows, ordinary, \$15 to \$20; extra, \$30 to \$35. Sheep, \$5.00 to \$6.00; Lambs, \$2.50 to \$4.00. Hogs, \$5.75 to \$6, live-weight Hides \$5 to \$5.50. Pels, \$1.75 to \$2 each. Tallow, rough 5c to 5 1/2c.—*Montreal Witness.*

TORONTO MARKETS—June 11.

The market was slightly supplied with grain to-day and little business was transacted. Price are flatter owing to the news received by the "City of Baltimore" yesterday, but as yet there is no reduction. Fall wheat 80c to 85c, for common to extra. Spring Wheat 75c to 80c for common to good; 81c to 83 for good to choice. Barley, dull at 75c to 82c. Oats 43c to 50c, per bushel. Peas, 50c to 55c per bush.



ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

THE GRAND ANNUAL PIC-NIC of the above SOCIETY will take place (weather permitting) on

WEDNESDAY, 22ND INST.,

IN

GUILBAULT'S GARDEN'S.

THE MONTREAL BRASS AND RENAUD'S QUADRILLE BANDS are engaged.

GARDENS OPEN from 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

For programme of Games and Prizes, see Evening Telegraph, Herald and Gazette.

Proceeds to be devoted to charitable purposes.

Admission, 25 cents—Children, half-price.

By Order,

F. M. CASSIDY,

Sec. Secretary.

June 10, 1864.

A SITUATION WANTED.

A PERSON of middle age, who has had great experience with children, is anxious to obtain a situation as Nursery Governess, or to take the maternal charge of a Widower's Family. She can Teach MUSIC, ENGLISH in all its branches, and the rudiments of LATIN. Respectable references in the City can be given. Address, Mrs. C. TRUE WITNESS, Office, June 16, 1864.

C. F. FRASER,

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c.,
BROOKVILLE, C. W.

☞ Collections made in all parts of Western Canada.

WANTED.

A PERSON, holding an Elementary School Diploma from the Catholic Board of Examiners of Quebec, wishes to obtain a Situation as Tutor or Schoolmaster. Can furnish good references, if required. Address, A. B. C., True Witness Office, Montreal. April 28, 1864. 2m.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned as Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, under the Style and Firm of SHANNON & BROTHER, has been Dissolved by mutual consent.

All debts due to, or by the late Firm will be settled by NEIL SHANNON, 128 Commissioner Street. NEIL SHANNON, ALEXANDER SHANNON.

Referring to the above, the Subscriber will continue the Business of the late Firm, under the name and style of NEIL SHANNON, as Wholesale and Retail Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant, at the OLD STAND,

128 Commissioner Street; and begs to inform his Customers and the public generally that as he has had upwards of Twenty years' experience in the Business, he is prepared to supply those who may favor him with their orders with the best Goods that can be obtained in the markets, and at the lowest prices.

Returning his sincere thanks for the long patronage with which he has been favored, the Subscriber hopes that for the future by strict attention to business to merit a continuance.

NEIL SHANNON.
Montreal, May 25, 1864. 12m.

A. & D. SHANNON,
GROCERS,

Wine and Spirit Merchants,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

38 AND 40 M'GILL STREET,
MONTREAL.

HAVE constantly on hand a good assortment of Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Spices, Mustards, Provisions, Hams, Salt, &c. Port, Sherry, Madeira, and other Wines, Brandy, Holland Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Spirits, Syrups, &c., &c.

Country Merchants and Farmers would do well to give them a call as they will Trade with them on Liberal Terms.

May 19, 1864. 12m.

COLLEGE OF REGIOPOLIS

KINGSTON, C.W.

Under the Immediate Supervision of the Right Rev. E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston.

THE above Institution, situated in one of the most agreeable and healthful parts of Kingston, is now completely organized. Able Teachers have been provided for the various departments. The object of the Institution is to impart a good and solid education in the fullest sense of the word. The health, morals, and manners of the pupils will be an object of constant attention. The Course of instruction will include a complete Classical and Commercial Education. Particular attention will be given to the French and English languages. A large and well selected Library will be OPEN to the Pupils.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, \$100 per Annum (payable half-yearly in Advance).
Use of Library during stay, \$3.
The Annual Session commences on the 1st September, and ends on the First Thursday of July. July 21st, 1861.

IT IS NOW UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED that Wanzler's Combination Sewing Machine, combining the best qualities of the Wheeler & Wilson and Singer, is the best in the world for general family use, and Dressmaking purposes.

JAMES MORISON & CO.

WANZLER'S SEWING MACHINES have taken First Prizes at the present Great Provincial Exhibition.

WANZER & CO'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, (The "Combination") has been awarded the First Prize at the Exhibition.

ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS are combined in Wanzler's Family Sewing Machine. For Sale at

MORISON'S.

FOR GENERAL FAMILY USE, there is no Sewing Machine made to equal Wanzler's Combination.

JAMES MORISON & CO.

WANZER & CO'S SEWING MACHINES can be had only from the Agents,
JAMES MORISON & CO.
288 Notre Dame Street.

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

FRESH FLOWER and GARDEN SEEDS just received at the

GLASGOW DRUG HALL,

268 Notre Dame Street.

CAMPHOR.

1000 lbs. finest ENGLISH CAMPHOR, for SALE at the

GLASGOW DRUG HALL.

HORSFORD'S

AMERICAN YEAST POWDER.

THE Genuine Article may be had at the following places—Messrs. McEibb's, English's, Dufresne & McEibb's, McLeod's, McEibb's, Ferry's, Blacklock's, Benslack's, Douglas's, Wellington Street, Mullin & Benslack's, Flynn's, Bonaventure Building.

Finest KEROSENE OIL, 3s. 6d per gallon.