cause of the French people, he will make use of all the force put into his hands against the enemies of France, whatever pretexts may be employed to countenance the armed assemblies of the emigrants, or to support them in their hostile proceedings.

(Signed) LOUIS.

(And under-ligned) CHAMBONNAS."

The Minister also communicated an extract of his foreign correspondence, the sum of which was, that 38,000 Prussians are on their march to the Rhine, and that France would soon have to contend against 150,000 men.

July 14th. The Federation was celebrated at Paris, with the greatest

order and harmony.

French and Austrian War.

Mons, June 11. We this morning attacked the corps commanded by M. Gouvion, which M. de la Fayette had posted before Maubeuge. We have dislodged him from his camp, and driven the corps as far as Maubeuge. M. Gouvion the camp marshal was killed at the entrance of Grisnelle.

Hague, June 22d. Our last letters from Brussels mention that Menin, Ypres, Courtray, and Deinse have been taken by the French.

Extract of a Letter from M. Luckner to the Minister at war, dated Menin 29th June, 1792.

My head quarters is now at Menin; my advanced Guard is at Courtray, all the Country Between Lamoy, Bruges and Bruffels, is occupied by my army, and without any troops of the enemy; yet I do not find that the Belgians make any effectual mouvement; I see not even the smallest hopes of the rising which was announced; and even if I were to to take possession of Gand and Bruffels, I have almost a certainty that the people would not be more forward to join us.—at present I have not more than 5 or 6 hundred Belgians.—Since I found that they do not declare for us I have restected on the matter day and night, and I can find only one way to prevent a very great evil to France, and that is to retire with my army towards. Valenciennes. The necessity becomes every day more pressing; I have even thought it necessary not to wait your answer concerning the position of my army; and in consequence, I shall give orders to move, tomorrow the 30th, for Lisse, the first day to Chilly, the second to Saint Amand, and the third to Valenciennes.

A fend, the faine hour, a courier to M. La Fayette's army to inform him of this movement.

Bruffels July 6. Early in the morning of the 30th. ultimo, the French Troops stationed at Courtray retreated from thence to Menin, where M. Luckner had fixed his head quarters, and the whole French Army after that junction, fell back to Liste.

The Duke of Brunswick arrived at Coblettz the 3d instant, and the

first column of the Prussan Army reached that place the same day.

July 2d. A letter from the French Princes was read in the annual Swifs Diet at Frawenfeld, of which the following are the most meterial passages.