

mises to be very useful, and contains a great amount of valuable information on the care of the sick, on diet, ventilation, &c. The plan of arrangement was suggested by Florence Nightingale's "Notes on Nursing;" of which work a free use has been made. The matter is well classified, and rendered easily available by conspicuous typographical headings and a copious index.

*Plain Directions for Accidents, Emergencies, and Poisons.* New York, 1875.

The origin and authorship of this book are similar to that of the work noticed in the preceding paragraph. The first seventy-four pages are devoted to plain directions as to what should be done in cases of accidents and emergencies. This information is conveniently classified under the headings: Asphyxia (which includes the following modes: *drowning, hanging, suffocation by carbonic acid, burning charcoal, coal, gas; foreign bodies in the throat, foul air in drains, &c.*), Sunstroke, Accidents from Lightning, Shock, Fainting, Shock from Bathing, Burns and Scalds, Contusions, Fractures and Dislocations, Wounds, Bites, Foreign Bodies in the Eye, Nostrils, Ear, &c., Frost Bites, Chilblains, Convulsions.

The remaining fifty-two pages are devoted to Poisons, of which a very complete and scientific enumeration is made. The treatment in each case is given in sufficient detail, and yet in so concise a manner as to be quickly understood.

We consider this little book to be one of the handiest and most useful which we have ever seen.

*Annual Report of the College of Pharmacy of the City of New York, and Fourth Annual Report of the Alumni Association.* New York, 1875.

This Report shows the College to be in a flourishing condition. The number of students attending the winter session was 161, and of forty-eight who went up for examination, thirty-seven were found duly qualified to receive the degree of "Graduate in Pharmacy." The museum and library have, during the year, received many valuable additions, amongst which may be noted a tolerably complete herbarium, embracing 3,300 specimens.

The Report also contains that of the Board of Pharmacy of the city and county of New York. From this we learn that, during 1874, 104 candidates were examined, of whom 33, or about one-third, were rejected. It will be remembered that this Board is empowered to license pharmacists and their assistants doing business in the district, and that the examination must be passed ere this can be done.

*On Spasmodic Urethral Stricture.* By F. N. Otis, M.D. New York: G. P. Putnam & Sons, 1875. 8vo. pp. 15.

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