superior to the American, the flesh of the fruits is finer, more juicy and toothsome, whereas a good many of the California Newton apples are hard and quite different to those sent from Canada. This is proved indirectly by the excellent prices which rule for the best Canadian stuff. We throw out a hint to the retail fruiterers and dealers in the cities and towns of the United Kingdom. Why not ticket these fruits as "Canadian"? If that were done the public would do its duty without hesitation, and a taste of "the real thing" would soon create an immense demand for the finest of fruits from the fair Dominion of Canada.

CANADA AT PARIS.

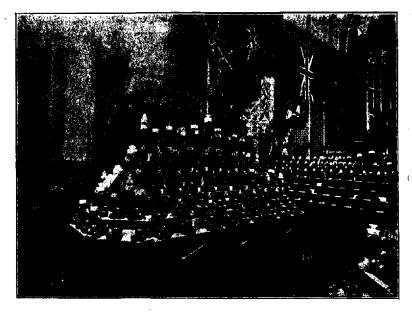


FIG. 1918. HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT OF THE CANADIAN EXHIBIT.
DISPLAY OF APPLES AND OTHER FRUITS.

THE REPORTS that come to us concerning the fruit exhibit from Canada at the Paris Exposition are most satisfactory, and our readers will be glad to have a glimpse of the display of apples of the crop of 1899, which were collected by Mr. A. McAllan, of Goderich for Ontario. All provinces which grow apples for export were represented but we have not the names of those who collected for the other provinces.

The writer has also forwarded 32 cases of apples peaches and pears of the current year's crop, which were taken in cold storage

to Manchester, and are to be forwarded thence to Paris.

The varieties sent included; — Peaches, Elberta, Lord Palmerston, Late Crawford; Pears, Flemish Beauty, Triomphe de Vienne, Duchess, Louise, Howell, Clairgeau, Anjou, Souveneir de Congres and Diel; Apples, King, Greening, Cranberry, Cabashea, Maiden's Blush, St. Lawrence, Swazie, Golden Russet, Black Detroit, Ontario, Wealthy, Spy, Pewaukee, Stump, Colvert, Bottle Greening, Mann, Alexander, Mc-Intosh, Fameuse, Ribston,