

ing their angry personal... public task... the Press... its weakness, it...

Committee of... measure to... early next... around has been... in the eastern... engineer how... which will leave... orders will... machinery... shipment, will... need, who will... pose, and to a...

will be here, the works and... that they... in to ensure our... early in October... congratulatory... cheering... invest... in horse, silks, in of winter, in... ity.

Caution, will... Temperance... on THE EVIS... commence at 8... GAZETTE... Feb. 1853.

would appear... number, at the... P. to a letter... the Lieutenant... and Secretary... reference to certain... Mr. Lawson, is... you will, I... do me the favor... my reply to the... of Queen's... I, in that letter,

that the public... complete vindica... that it... to decide on the... rics concerned.

DR. HIGGINS... Feb. 1853.

ign the receipt... Letter, of which... to you by his... rior, in which... me, "that the... appointed... brought by me... charges to be... about; that the... positions of the... concern; I find... that His Excel... delay, retract... Memorial, and... do them."

for His Excel... to say, that, so... e preferred, in... them, "I had... delusions and... elency seems... now prepared... express my... I find, that in... repeat, in the... Excellency which... the statement... with the most... and, in every... stantiated, upon... schable charac...

ward to the owner of the wreck (a true copy of which is herewith enclosed), he has charged for the burying of four bodies, 37s. 6d. each, in all £15 10s., although the actual expense was only from 15s. to 25s. each body, that is in all from £5 to £12 10s. And for (2) coffins' Fees, he has charged One Guinea each per day, (2 days); in all £7, although David Higgins, Esq., who was one of the three Justices, (Mr. Lawson himself and Mr. Cooke being the others) has been paid nothing for his services.

5th. He (Mr. Lawson) in the said Account Book, has also charged Duty as paid on Salt, although Salt is one of the articles exempted from duty in the Revenue Act.

6th. It was only lately that Mr. Higgins was able to procure a Copy of Mr. Lawson's "Account Book;" otherwise this statement would have been laid before His Excellency at an earlier period.

7th. For one body, found by Cornelius Higgins, Esq., and John M'Anby, for which they applied the coffin, and the grave, for £1, Mr. Lawson has charged and received £3 from the Government.

8th. For the interment of one body, found by Alex. and Angus M'Neil—coffin found, grave dug, and buried by them for 15s.—Mr. Lawson has charged the Government, and been allowed £2.

9th. For one body, found by Martin Power—Expenses of interment: coffin, 10s.; grave, 5s.; in all, 15s.—Mr. Lawson has charged the Government, and been allowed £2.

10th. For another body, buried and coffin made by James Shaw, for which services he received 30s. from the Treasury, Mr. Lawson gave another person a Certificate, for the same services, to H. Palmer, Esq., the American Consul, from whom he received payment therefor.

N. B.—In all that he did with respect to the dead bodies, Mr. Higgins acted in pursuance of the advice which he had received from the Coroner's Office, with reference thereto.

1st Sept., 1852. DAVID HIGGINS. In the 4th Charge, the number of bodies, and the allowance made to Mr. Lawson, by the Government, for the interment of them, are incorrectly stated. The number was three, and not four; and the allowance, in every case, was £1 10s., and not £3 per body.

It should have been and methods of teaching that are approved. It must have a living end to its instruction must speak to intellect, heart to heart, and the master must be able to give in the school an impression of himself. If it is necessary that we should secure children that they stay home, and if it is necessary to form character, it is not sufficient to teach children the mere mechanical attainment of writing and reading, without ever calling into exercise their higher faculties, feelings, and affections, which after all constitute the value and character, in which the usefulness in this world and the hopes of another, of every mortal being must be founded; the master must be well versed in the theory of religion, and the competent to give in the Holy Scriptures. Not that classical learning is essential, but that practical knowledge of religion is indispensable, and the simple work of a teacher may be accomplished without these.

But it is desirable, that he who would teach the young mind should possess knowledge which he has himself previously taught. He should have been accustomed to read the Holy Scriptures, to study the truths of religion, to acquire himself with the precepts and promises of the Bible. A general knowledge of these is a valuable qualification, and he who has it, has the means of being a blessing to his pupils.

He should be a lover of children. There are some who have a kind of constitutional aversion to the work of teaching children, and who cannot be induced to feel a proper interest in, or love to them. Hence, whatever other qualifications such an individual may possess, however well informed in religious matters, and however competent he may be, in every other account, this want of love for children, this disinclination to serve them, and this utter indifference about them, is a fatal disability. He only who holds them in a proper light, who sees in them objects demanding his loving attention and attachment, and whose natural inclinations lead him to take an interest in, and feel an affectionate regard for them, he only is properly qualified and prepared to be useful to them.

He should be prepared to make sacrifices. There is a sense in which the labours in question are sources of pleasure; and in which they may be engaged in as means of intellectual a recreation; but in general the duties of the school require and demand that he who performs them properly and faithfully, will find many occasions for self-denial, and many reasons for foregoing the gratifications of ease and indulgence. He must make up his mind to privation and abstinence, and to relinquish many little things which others prize. He must count the cost, reckon on the result, and with every consequence in his view, devote himself decidedly to this onerous duty.

His character and conduct should be moral and correct. It is not always considered how much weight a good character has with children, and how important it is, that he who teaches them should be himself what he teaches them to be. Besides, as a School should be a semi-ary of order and virtue, as the object of it should be, to promote moral worth and religious knowledge, how ill-qualified is he to assist in the promotion of these, who is himself immoral, irregular, dissipated, and neglectful of his duties! He is rather in need of correction himself, than entitled to administer it even to children.

He should be patient and persevering. Sometimes the levities and heedlessness of children may be tiresome and trying; sometimes their dulness or obstinacy may prove very provoking; and sometimes the littleness of their improvement may be discouraging. He therefore, who would be useful to them, must be patient, and constant in his endeavours—not easily provoked to wrath—not given to caprice and passion—not soon angry—not prone to be discouraged by trifles—not subject to fluctuation, and given to change—not soon depressed in spirit—not soon weary and faint in his mind; but he must bear with patience—he must exercise patience and labour, and not faint, and as the husbandman hath long patience in waiting for the fruits of the earth, so our Father who is in heaven, hath great patience and long-suffering towards us; so should we, in the work in question, be patient and hope to the end. He, therefore, who has a general knowledge of religion and the Scriptures—who is a lover of the interests of children, who is prepared and reconciled to the making of sacrifices—whose character and conduct are moral and correct, and who is patient and persevering in the discharge of his station; he has, (we hesitate not to pronounce) all the qualifications required for the honourable and successful discharge of all the essential obligations, for imparting to the rising generation an intellectual, moral, and a religious Education.

Your obedient servant, DAVID HIGGINS. A DISTRICT TEACHER. King's County, Jan. 15, 1853.

THE FREE EDUCATION AND THE SMALL DEBTS ACTS.—The Royal Gazette of the 31st ult., contains notifications of Her Majesty's Assent to these two Acts, given on the 25th Dec., 1852.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—This Institution is rapidly growing into public favour, and at no time of its existence has it been so prosperous as during the present session. The Hall is central, comfortable, and well lighted; all it wants are commodious seats, and apparatus for the back. Why have the Committee appointed for the preparation of the room—neglected this necessity?

Charlottetown Markets, Feb. 5. Beef, (small) lb. 24 to 25 Do, by quarter, 24 to 25 Pork, 24 to 25 Mutton, (small) 24 to 25 Lamb, 24 to 25 Veal, per lb. 24 to 25 Hops, per lb. 6 to 7 Rabbits, per lb. 4 to 5 Cabbages, per qt. 12 to 14 Potatoes, 3 to 4 Ducks, each, 10 to 12 Geese, 10 to 12 Partridges, 6 to 8 Eggs, per dozen, 10 to 12

Meteorological Journal. BAROMETRE. THERMOMETER. Highest Lowest Mean. Highest Lowest Daily Mean. WIND AT 5 A. M. WEATHER.

Legislative Library Notice. A NY person or persons having any Book or Books in their possession relating to the LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY, are hereby particularly requested to return the same forthwith, or previous to the meeting of the Legislature.

FOR SALE. THE Leasehold Interest in and to Fifty-five Acres of LAND, situate on Lot 23, on the Hazelgrove road, at present in possession of John M'Kay.

PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLOTTETOWN Gas Company. PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE: Hon. DANIEL BERRAN, Chairman; Hon. Charles Young, Hon. W. W. Lord, Hon. Charles Hensley, Hon. Joseph Pope, Francis Longwood, Esq., Hon. W. H. Wilkins, Esq., Mr. James Anderson, Henry Haszard, Esq., Hon. George Birnie, Mr. George Beer, James D. Haszard, Esq., George DeWolf, Esq.

LAND ASSESSMENT. Treasurer's Office, Charlotte Town, P. E. Island, January 15, 1853.

NOTICE. THE ANNUAL MEETING of this Society will take place at the TEMPERANCE HALL, on MONDAY the 31st day of January instant, when the accounts of the past year will be submitted, and an election of Officers will take place.

PARIS HATS. RECEIVED per SIR ALEXANDER, from the Manufacture of THOMAS TOWNSEND, London, for sale cheap for Cash, at the STORE of the Subscriber, "DAVID'S CORNER," Queen-square, THREE CASES OF THE ABOVE.

NOTICE. NEWFOUNDLAND AND P. E. ISLAND ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY. THE public are respectfully informed that the above Company's Line of Electric Telegraph is completed to Sackville, N. B., and that communication can now be held with any city in the United Kingdom and the Colonies of Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

TEA, TOBACCO, &c. TO be sold by Public Auction, on Thursday next, the 10th inst., at the Subscriber's Sale Room, at 12 o'clock—

LAND FOR SALE. TO be sold by Public Auction, on the 19th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, the MILL and LAND attached, at Cove Head, belonging to Messrs. JOHN and WILLIAM AULD, and formerly advertised for sale.

Bazaar at Georgetown! ON WEDNESDAY, the 10th March, there will be held, in the Division Room of the Sons of Temperance, at Georgetown, a BAZAAR, which will commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.

MAINE LAW PETITION. PARTIES having charge of the MAINE LAW PETITION, in relation to the Island, are respectfully requested to use their best exertions to have the same signed as speedily and as completely as possible.

MONEY TO LEND. INQUIRE at the Office of CHARLES PALMER, Esq., Charlotte Town, Feb. 1, 1853.

Sugar, Molasses, Flour, &c. THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at the Premises, the Corner of Pownall and Water Streets, opposite the Establishment of Hon. W. W. Lord:—

EMIGRATION TO AUSTRALIA! Shares in the Emigrating Company of F. E. Island. THE Committee of Management of the "Emigrating Company of Prince Edward Island," being, in accordance with the power and authority vested in them, concluded an agreement with an able and experienced ship-builder, (Mr. Francis Auld of Boston,) in virtue of which agreement he is bound to build, for the said Company, a good, substantial and sufficient vessel, of about 200 tons burthen, to be launched on, or before the 1st of September, 1853, and which vessel, it is calculated, will be ready to sail from P. E. Island, for a Port in Australia, on or before the 1st of October, 1853; and all the SHARES in the said Company not having yet been subscribed for, or taken up, do hereby give notice, that Copies of the Articles of Agreement are left with Mr. FRANCIS BOWEN, of Charlotte Town, Mr. W. H. KAY, of Cavendish, and Mr. O. CURTIS, of Cavendish, who will, each, afford all necessary information concerning the objects of the said Company; and who have power, individually, to dispose of Shares in the said Company to a certain limited extent, to such individuals as may apply for them, and are, at the same time, prepared to comply with, and abide by, the Rules and Regulations of the said Company.

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!! AT THE MANCHESTER HOUSE. A No. 4, Grafton Street North Side Queen Square, a carefully-selected Stock DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE; American and West India Goods and Groceries, are now opening for Sale at very low rates for Cash.

ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE CO. ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. Capital £5,000,000 Sterling. CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island.