

Orchard and Garden

Changes in the Inspection and Sale Act

THE following changes have been made and are now law. Growers everywhere should study these carefully, as some of the clauses are entirely new, such as the marking of open packages, refilled packages, and the shipping of immature fruit. The alterations in the sizes of packages do not become law until June 1st, 1919, but every effort should be made to clear out the old packages this year.

Only clauses that have been materially changed or are new are here printed.

319. (c) "Culls" means fruit that is either very small for the variety, is seriously deformed, or has 15 per cent. or more of its surface affected by any of or by the combined injuries caused by apple scab (*Venturia pomii*), insects, cuts, bruises or other causes, or the flesh of which is not in an edible condition, or the skin of which is broken so as to expose the tissue beneath.

(d) "Immature Fruit" means fruit not ripe enough for dessert purposes and which will not attain such condition after being picked from the tree, bush, plant, or vine.

320. (2) Every person who, by himself, or through the agency of another person, repacks fruit in a closed package, intended for sale, shall cause such package to be marked, before it is taken from the premises where it is repacked with the words "Repacked by" followed by the initials of his Christian name and his full surname and address, or in the case of a firm or corporation, with the firm or corporate name and address, together with one of the four grade-marks prescribed in sub-section one of this section in a plain and indelible manner, in letters not less than three-quarters of an inch in length.

(3) Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, packs fruit in an open package, intended for sale, shall cause such package to be marked, before it is taken from the premises where it is packed, with the initials of his Christian name and his full surname and address, or in the case of a firm or corporation, with the firm or corporate name and address, in a plain and indelible manner, in letters not less than one-quarter of an inch in length. Provided that any co-operative association or person dealing wholesale in fruit may cause the packages containing such fruit to be marked with his own name and address, but such packages must also be marked with a number or other mark approved by the Minister, which will designate who is the original packer of such fruit.

(4) Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, repacks fruit in an open package, intended for sale, shall cause such package to be marked, before it is taken from the premises where it is repacked, with the words "Repacked by" followed by the initials of his Christian name and his full surname and address, or in the case of a firm or corporation with the firm or corporate name and address, in a plain and indelible manner, in letters not less than one-quarter of an inch in length.

(5) Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, packs immature peaches, plums, pears, prunes or grapes, intended for sale, shall cause packages to be marked, in a plain and indelible manner, in letters not less than three-quarters of an inch in length, with the words "Immature Fruit" before it is taken from the premises where it is packed.

(6) Every person who, by himself or through the agency of another person, again uses, for the sale of fruit, any package standardized in this part, upon which appear any of the marks required by the section, shall cause

such marks to be completely removed, erased or obliterated.

321. (2) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in possession for sale, any fruit packed in a closed package, upon which package is marked "No. 2" unless such fruit includes no culls and consists of specimens of not less than nearly medium size and some color for the variety, sound, and not less than 85 per cent free from scab, worm holes, bruises and other defects, and properly packed.

(4) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in a closed package, upon which package is marked "Domestic" unless such fruit includes no culls and consists of fruit of not less than medium size for the variety, sound, and not less than 80 per cent

free from wormholes (but may be slightly affected with scab and other minor defects), and properly packed.

(5) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in a closed package, upon which package is marked "No. 3" unless such fruit includes no culls and is properly packed.

(6) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit packed in any package in which the faced or shown surface gives a false representation of the contents of such package; and it shall be considered a false representation when more than ten per cent of such fruit is smaller in size than, or inferior in grade to, or different in variety from, the faced or shown surface of such package.

(7) No person shall sell, or offer, ex-

pose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit in any package that is so diseased, wormy or otherwise depreciated as to render it unfit for consumption.

(8) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, at original point of shipment, any fruit in any package unless such package is well and properly filled.

(9) No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have in his possession for sale, any fruit in any package that has been repacked, unless such package is well and properly filled.

331. Every person who carelessly handles, willfully destroys or pilfers any fruit packed in any of the packages described in this part shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

Consider!

Your money is your own—

You have the right to spend it as you wish.
But—

Before you invest

in improvements which might be deferred; before you make purchases which have not as their object the immediate increase of production; before you indulge personal comfort, vanity or ambition; consider how potent is Money in this terrible struggle for Human Freedom.

Perhaps you can get along

without that projected purchase—perhaps you can deprive yourself for another year of a long promised comfort or even necessity. But—

Consider Canada's war needs

—the need of money to win the war and save the world from the many of the barbarous Hun. Hold your money, therefore. Keep it available for your Country's need.

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