

THIRD PARTY CONDEMNED BY PREM. MEIGHEN

In a Militant Speech Hon. Arthur Meighen Throws Down Gauntlet to Gov't Opposition.

OUTLINES POLICY OF NEW GOV'T

Censored Those Who Professed to Be in Favor of Free Trade for Party Advantage.

(Continued from Page 1)

The gathering known as "Porter's Men," at which Mr. Meighen outlined the policy of his government, as generally indicated above was a success in every particular. Several thousand people, the majority farmers from Hastings and adjoining counties, were in attendance. They all came in every particular. Several thousand people, the majority farmers from Hastings and adjoining counties, were in attendance. They all came in every particular. Several thousand people, the majority farmers from Hastings and adjoining counties, were in attendance. They all came in every particular.

During the speech-making, frequent rain showers sprinkled the assembled thousands, but the rainfall was at no time sufficiently heavy to drive the people to cover. The Premier and those on the platform with him were well protected by the spreading branches of a maple tree. The Premier, Mr. Meighen, who was formally introduced to the people by Mr. Gus Porter, chairman of the gathering, and loudly cheered, with Mrs. Porter. It was an old-fashioned, war political picnic in every respect, with presentations of bouquets to the Prime Minister and Mrs. Meighen and all the speakers.

Dr. S. P. Tinkler, Minister of Agriculture, who spoke briefly, described the Prime Minister, as "one of the brightest young men of this country." Canada, he said, was fortunate in having Mr. Meighen to step into the shoes of Sir Robert Borden.

"I welcome," said the Prime Minister, in opening his address, "with eagerness the opportunity of addressing this great gathering of my fellow citizens. It would be hard to imagine an audience more representative of Canadian life. Men and women are here in about equal numbers and now of equal electoral power. Men and women are here in hundreds and in thousands from every walk of life, laborers from our towns and our farms, merchants and salaried men, manufacturers and transport officers and workers. Professional men, there are some of them, too, but the largest body are the men and women of the farm. I hope my words, if they have any value, will have equal interest for all. That is the intention. But if they are specially directed to any it will be to those whose life work is agriculture. They are in the majority in this meeting. They are in the majority in Canada, and I hope will continue so to be. Like most Canadians of whatever occupation, I am of the farm and from the farm and even yet not very far removed.

"Sir Robert Borden, exhausted and broken with twenty-four years of public service, has laid down the Premier'ship. I think I speak the mind of every sincere and intelligent Canadian when I say that he gave this Dominion an example of great devotion. I believe I agree with the vast majority including many who honestly differed from some articles of his policy, when I say that he gave us, as well, an example of great capacity. It is one of the penalties of fame that the best words cannot be spoken and the best estimate made while the subject under review still lives, but I am confident history will do early justice to our late Premier and place his name close to the front among the servants of democracy in this tried and beleaguered generation.

History of Government.

I am here to give an account, brief and summary it must be, of the Government which he formed in 1917. A Government in which was represented every existing political party. It was formed at a time of anxiety and peril, at a time when, as a consequence of the war, the currents of opinion in this country had been profoundly disturbed and changed. It was formed to bring together as one mighty driving force all those who served on the great peasant duties of the nation. Out of that union, submerging as it did, differences that, in the presence of far bigger principles and far greater purposes, had become minor and artificial, binding, as it did, those who realized that those principles and purposes are, after all, just about everything this country stands for or can stand for, out of that union has grown a National Party. I shall speak to you later of the National Liberal and Conservative party, why it is and what it aims to do.

Government's Duty.

The first duty of the government elected in 1917 was to prosecute the war, to enforce the Military Service Act, to get the men to maintain our four divisions, to equip and supply them with the best that a nation could provide. That first duty was discharged. I don't think there is any one within or without this country who will say that it was not well discharged. The army was maintained.

ECZEMA

You are not alone in suffering from this skin irritation. It is a common ailment. Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritation. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send in stamp for postage. 60c a box. All dealers or Dr. Chase, 100, Broad Street, Toronto.

Mr. Herbert Osborn Tells How Cuticura Healed His Wife

"My wife began to be troubled with itching and burning of the palms of her hands and the soles of her feet. Later the skin cracked and became inflamed, making walking or even standing very painful and preventing sleep at night. Later it became necessary to bandage both hands and feet.

"She was treated but obtained no relief. She saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. She bought more and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Herbert Osborn, 135-Sherbrooke Ave., Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 2, 1919.

Cuticura is ideal for every-day toilet uses. Soap to cleanse the body, Ointment to soothe and heal.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Agents: Limited, St. John, N.B.

"Cuticura Soap shines without soap."

at strength to the last hour of the war. No army in France was better equipped or perhaps as well supplied. That work was a big work, a tremendous work. The most difficult this country ever undertook. It was performed thoroughly, effectively and creditably.

Now I want to know: Did we do our duty? Weak men and paltry men, in order to get votes, try to charge us with the sacrifice of life. It is hideous and inhuman to read and hear such stuff. I tell you it is because Canada did what she at that time and other countries did the same or even better. That sort of thousands of lives have been saved and are back home again. I ask again: I ask the sons of the soil of this country, did we do our duty? I ask the returned men who have the best right of all to answer; I ask the mothers and fathers of the boys who were over there, did we do our duty? "They tell me that a political party Ontario born in Ontario, as a protest against our action. No party with a birth like that can ever get very far."

"The next duty of the Government was to take care of the wounded and the dependents of the fallen, and to demobilize the men after the war. Now, I know there are complaints. There have been mistakes, perhaps there have been failures, but I speak not one word beyond the truth when I say that Canada's performance of that task has been the model and the example of the world. This country has led the way in every form of assistance. We were first in the field in the task of re-establishing the maimed and the wounded."

Mr. Meighen then outlined the pension system, the careful study of the subject and the regular advance in the scale of pensions year by year, resulting now in a standard rather higher of classes considered than even the United States, and twice as high as any other country.

"If, as time advanced, it appeared that a more generous allowance was required for the suffering of the war, the Government had not closed the door, and would not close the door," Mr. Meighen said.

The transportation problem of Canada, precipitated upon us chiefly by the failure of the Transcontinental and Grand Trunk Pacific Railway projects, has been grappled with, successfully. Some 23,000 miles is now the property of the Dominion—perhaps the largest railway system in the world.

Policy of Government.

Mr. Meighen proceeded to outline the policy of the new administration and of the National Liberal and Conservative platform. He sketched the conditions of other nations dwelling particularly on the turbulence that disturbed the trade currents of the world, and that had wrecked the industrial life of many countries. He referred to recent tariff changes in Great Britain, Australia, South Africa, Belgium and France, showing that all these countries were looking in the direction of additional duties on imports, and most of them had adopted strong protective measures. Canada seemed the only country whose agitation for lower tariff had made the slightest headway.

Mr. Meighen discussed the extent of tariff duties now levied, and showed them to be the lowest in average for forty years, and lower considerably than had obtained between 1896 and 1911. He discussed in particular the duties on agricultural implements and vigorously attacked both those who would overturn the system that had made industrial Canada what it is, and the smaller faction who would join hands with the wreckers, but who knew their policy to be destructive.

The opposition to the present administration he described as composed of first, free traders, and second, fiscal lunatics. Those who would go the farthest regardless of consequence would be in absolute control if by any chance the present Government was defeated.

"The fiscal policy of this Government is to get revenue to carry on the work of government, and to pay our debts," Mr. Meighen said.

The tariff policy of the country is to keep Canadian workmen in Canada. The policy of the Government is to enlarge the employment market and add to the size of Canada. The policy of the Government is to make goods here and keep people here with plenty of work for every class of man. The policy of the Government is to give Canadian industries of every kind just enough advantage in the Canadian market as to make it pay them better to stay here and expand than to dignify their plants or leave.

We are starting now an inquiry, the most thorough we can make, to determine what is absolutely necessary to secure these ends. Wherever there is a tax or schedule that is not absolutely necessary it will be wiped away. We intend to see that no interests, however powerful, get more than those requirements. We intend to see that no workers or theorists, however enthusiastic, imperil the well-being of this country by blindly fixing fees.

British House of Commons is debating the Crigges Act. Sinn Fein Parliament is probably discussing whom to murder next.

FRANCE SPEEDS BELGIUM PACT

Premiers Expected to Reach Agreement Within the Next Few Days.

COMBINE AGAINST ENEMY

Complete Understanding Assured in Task of Reconstructing War Torn Regions.

Paris, Aug. 11.—The gravity of eastern Europe's problems is spurring the French diplomats to hasten the conclusion of the Franco-Belgian military and economic pact, which, it is believed, will be accepted by Premier Millerand and Delacroix within a few days, thereby assuring France the most complete aid from Belgium against Germany or any other enemy, notwithstanding the attitude which may be taken by Great Britain or the United States.

Although the closest secrecy is being maintained regarding its provisions, Year correspondence is informed that the military feature of the pact guarantees the most complete solidarity of the two nations in the event of aggression, while the French fleet is placed as a reserve at the disposition of the Belgians in the event of the latter's coast being menaced.

In French circles this is considered a valuable Continental security, inasmuch as Great Britain is willing to make many verbal promises of co-operation, but there has been a disinclination to put them in writing, at least until the whole European situation is settled.

Regarding the economic terms it is evident that the closest cooperation is to prevail, as already orders have been given for French and Belgian collaboration along many lines, particularly the exchange of minerals and manufactured products required to build up the devastated regions.

The most difficult solution is to reconcile the Flemish and the Walloon interests, the former insisting that the provisions of the pact had been finally accepted in principle, although the Walloons declare it means the Germanization of Flanders and the opening of the way to infiltration of German nationals, with dire results in the future.

TIMBER BERTHS ARE TO BE SOLD

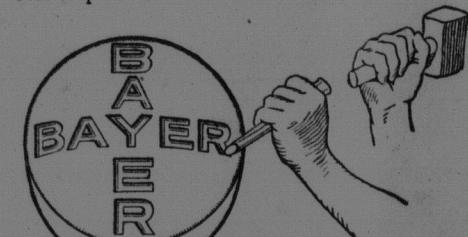
Frederton, Aug. 11.—The Royal Canadian Mounted Police today announced regulations to govern the sale of timber limits to be held in this city at the crown land office on the 25th instant. The sale will be on a basis of stumpage value, the stumpage on

spruce, fir, pine and cedar being at standard rates and on other varieties as follows: Hemlock, four-fifths; hardwood, one-half, poplar, three-quarters. There will be no mileage or fire tax exacted. The number of berths offered at this sale will not be so large as in 1919. Sixty-seven are listed with their descriptions. Bidding is expected. Licenses will run until August 1, 1922.

More than 60,000 wage-earners are employed in the more than 2,500 candy factories in the United States.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" identifies the genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over ninety years and now made in Canada. Always buy an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, La Grippe, Influenza, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally. Tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages. There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer". Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of the Manufacture of Monoaceticacid of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross".



The Man Across the Table

He is seen in hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, and in private homes. To him, eating is a painful necessity. Some things he cannot, and other things he dare not eat. If there is no pleasure in eating, there is no joy in life.

HAWKER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY

gives relief to those suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, stomach and kidney troubles, and brings back the joy of living. Thousands of grateful men and women speak highly of the benefits they have derived from this wonderful medicine. A trial bottle will convince you that what Hawker's Dyspepsia Remedy has done for others, it will do for you.

Sold at all drug and general stores.—50c.

The Canadian Drug Company, Limited St. John, N.B.

It Can't Be Beat States Sargent

"Tanlac Will Do All They Say It Will For I've Tried It," He Declares.

"No sir, there's no doubt about it. Tanlac will do all they say it will, for I've proved it and know from my own experience," was the emphatic statement made a few days ago by William G. Sargent of Hillsborough, N. B.

"For the past two years I have been bothered a great deal with my stomach, kidneys and back. The gas on my stomach was awful and at times it rose up into my chest and throat and nearly strangled me to death. Why, I was afraid to take a deep breath for the pains around my heart were so severe I thought they might finish me. I had sharp pains also all through my chest and stomach, and sometimes they doubled me right up like a jackknife. I was worried by my kidneys night and day and my back nearly killed me, at times. While at work sharp pains often caught me in the back and it was all I could do to keep from halting. At night I had to crawl in bed, my back was so weak and lame and, of course, what little sleep I got was never sound or restful. My whole system seemed to be giving way and I became alarmed for fear I might break down completely.

"While I was in Montreal a few weeks ago, several of my friends told me about Tanlac and said they believed it was what I needed. So I started taking it and I finished the first bottle I could see a turn for the better. I have taken five bottles now and am feeling so fine I don't believe I was ever in better health in all my life. Eat, why, I eat three of the biggest kind of meals every day and digest them as good as I ever could. My kidneys are in fine shape and I haven't had a single pain in my back for over a month now. I have picked up seven or eight pounds in weight and am strong enough to tackle any kind of work. This is the way Tanlac has fixed me up and I don't mind telling anybody its a medicine that can't be beat."

Tanlac is sold in St. John by Ross Drug Co. and F. W. Munro under the personal direction of a special Tanlac representative.—Advt.

Three arrests were made yesterday. Two of them were made by the North End police who arrested the pair for wandering about on Chapel street and not giving a satisfactory account of themselves. The third, a drunk, was picked up early in the morning and taken in out-of-the-way.

The German working classes are so hard hit by the peace treaty that large numbers will be compelled to emigrate.

Extraordinary Showing of Baby Carriages

Designs and Qualities to Suit All Purposes and Preferences

Our Window Display Will Please You

J. MARCUS, 30-36 Dock St.

It's a Naval Job. THREE ARRESTS YESTERDAY. Two of them were made by the North End police who arrested the pair for wandering about on Chapel street and not giving a satisfactory account of themselves. The third, a drunk, was picked up early in the morning and taken in out-of-the-way.

Hon. W. E. Raney expects the Mounted Police to stop the Detroit river smugglers. Seeing that it is a water-borne traffic it seems rather to offer opportunities for the late Laurier navy.

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Our Athletes