

FOUR
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ST. JOHN STAR.
ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 9, 1909.
THE UNEMPLOYED.

The agitation in favor of a protective tariff as a means of relieving the terrible plight of the hundreds of thousands of unemployed is gaining headway in England, but its success is viewed with astonishment in Germany where practically the same conditions prevail among the working men. No country is more strongly entrenched behind tariff walls than Germany, yet an appalling number of her citizens are out of work. That the fiscal system is not to blame for present conditions is shown by the fact that in 1908 the number of unemployed was almost double the number without work during the previous year although the tariff remained unchanged. The official statistical publication for 1909 recently issued, compares in detail the condition of the labor market in the two previous years. The total number of out-of-work days, the percentage of cases of unemployment in each trade, the average duration of such cases and the number forced to seek support from their trade organizations all show, with but little variation, that conditions were one hundred per cent. worse in 1908 than in 1907.

In view of these conditions it is not surprising that Germany, on the whole, recognizes that there is no panacea for unemployment which they can see, affects a protectionist country to about the same extent which a free trade nation suffers. They were more inclined to look to Socialism for a remedy and this probably accounts to a large extent for the growth of German Socialism. The great increase in the number of workmen without work is largely accounted for by the world wide depression, and the fact that this depression was felt with such severity in the United States, whose industries are also protected by high tariff walls, additional weight to the opinion of the Germans. From present conditions the conclusion is drawn that the lack of work is not only a normal phenomenon, in Germany but that it increases with rather abnormal severity in times of depression. Unfortunately there are no accurate figures on this point as a comparison with conditions in Great Britain but it is thought unlikely that any other country could show a doubling of the amount of unemployment in one year as compared with the previous one. Hence the German papers commenting on the statistics referred to in most cases reason that Germany has been rather worse hit by the industrial depression than any other country, and this argument is reinforced by the statistics of last year's export and import trade, which show a heavy decline for the first time in more than ten years.

PEARY AND COOK.

The intense interest in the controversy between Commander Peary and Dr. Cook is waxing warmer every day. Both men claim that they can give absolute proof of the truth of their statements, but until the proofs are produced and substantiated Dr. Cook seems to receive much less popular support than does his rival. This may be partly accounted for by the fact that Peary is better known and has for years been something of a popular idol.

No one doubts Peary's words but it seems to be up to Dr. Cook to prove further proofs. This he seems willing to do and he talks of sending an expedition to the north to bring back the Eskimoes who accompanied him on his trip in order that their statements may be taken by unbiased experts. Whether or not Dr. Cook is telling the truth his position in the meantime is a most uncomfortable one. For a few days he was hailed as the world's greatest explorer, but now as compared with Peary he is forced to take the stand to defend himself against the charge of being one of the most daring and unscrupulous impostors who has ever attempted to gull the public.

In the meantime the world waits with eager impatience for Peary's own story of his exploits in the Arctic regions. Owing to lack of telegraph communication it seems impossible for him to file his despatches until he reaches Sydney, which will not be until tomorrow at the earliest. When the statement is issued the Star and Sun will have the exclusive rights for this province and these papers alone will give the great explorer's story in his own words.

Great Britain seems determined to establish herself as mistress of the air as well as mistress of the sea. The recent aviation contest at Rheims was won by an Englishman and yesterday an aviator in the employ of the British Army totally eclipsed all previous records.

Peary's statement may take some of the lustre of the exploits of Dr. Cook, but the latter will be able to find some consolation in the fact that interest in the controversy has already served to enhance the price of the book which he is to write.

The decision of the common council to employ an assistant engineer will meet with general approval. There is ample work for such an official and a good man in the position should be worth much more to the city than his salary will amount to. With the expenditure of such large sums on the various public works class supervision is an absolute necessity if the work is to be done with reasonable economy. Mr. Murdoch has done all that could be expected under present conditions, but with more time at his disposal even better results may be expected.

TOLD OF HER MISSION
WORK IN AFRICA

Interesting Feature of Annual Meeting of the Portland St. Women's Auxiliary.

The feature of the annual meeting of the Portland Street Church Auxiliary of the Methodist Women's Missionary Society was an address upon her work in British East Africa by Mrs. H. W. Innis, a missionary who is home on furlough after nine years of work in the mission field. Mrs. Innis is herself a native of Connecticut, but her husband, Mr. H. W. Innis, is from Bloomfield Station, Kings County, this province. Both are working under the direction of the Independent Missionary Society, an independent missionary organization, operating from the United States. Their work has been done chiefly in the Orange Free State, which is located in the KwaZulu Province of British East Africa, at a point very close to the equator. The wearing nature of her duties has told upon Mrs. Innis, and it is on account of her failing health that she and her husband are home on furlough.

Mrs. Innis proved a peculiarly interesting speaker. Her fund of information upon the district in which she has labored seemed to her hearers inexhaustible. Her remarks dealt chiefly with the conditions of the native women among whom her work lies. These women she characterized as being much more sterner than any of the African sisters. Their social, spiritual and moral degradation seems complete and their condition is one that they are bought and sold like cattle.

Great difficulty was encountered by Mrs. Innis in approaching the negro women at first. To them, accustomed to none but white people, she seemed ghost-like and strange to a degree which made her work very difficult. Overcoming this feeling on their part proved one of the missionary's chief trials. It was found that the most effective method of reaching the women was that of gathering their children into schools, where they are taught to sew.

Among an interesting collection of curios showed by Mrs. Innis were a pipe which is smoked by men, women and children alike, samples of the sewing done in the schools, and a miniature of the water pot used in carrying water. Reports were received last evening from the treasurers of the band and circle in connection with the fund, which showed that the former had raised \$100 during the year, and the latter \$20. The fund raised by the entire auxiliary was \$171 in advance of that of last year, total \$225.

LIQUOR SEIZED AT EASTPORT.
PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 8.—Two big seizures of liquor were made here today, the first occurring at the wharf of the Eastern S. S. Company and the subsequent raid taking place at the freight wharf of the Boston and Maine. The goods seized at the boat wharf are valued at about \$2,000, while the estimate placed on the fruits of the second and larger seizure is \$8,000. Two double horse teams have been employed in carting the stuff to the municipal "rum room" since early in the morning and it will be well along in the morning before the job is completed. It is the understanding that the Maine civil league and the anti-saloon league are the impelling forces behind the sheriff and police raid.

BEFESTERK SPANISH
Laid Behind the Counter Until Relief Came.

Mr. Wm. Kavanagh, Owen Sound, Ont., writes: "Having read some of the testimonials of cures effected by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, I thought it advisable to say a word of praise for its merits."

"Some years ago I was much troubled with stomach trouble and cramps. I used to roll on the floor in agony, and on one occasion I went into a faint after suffering intensely for four hours. A short time after this, in driving to town, I was stuck again and I had to lie down in my rig, seeking relief."

"When I reached the drug store I asked the druggist for a quick remedy and laid behind the counter until relief came. The remedy I received from the druggist was Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Whenever, after that, I felt cramp coming on, I found speedy relief in the above mentioned remedy and I am now cured of this dreadful malady. The bottle is small, but its contents effect a marvelous cure. I can recommend it highly for the cure of cramps."

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been on the market for 60 years. It is not a new and untried remedy. Ask for it and insist on getting what you ask for. Refuse substitutes. They're dangerous. Price 35 cts. Manufactured only by The A. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE TURKISH-GREEK CRISIS.

Some Aspects of the Problem of the East as Seen by
H. G. Woods, F. R. G. S.

During the last few days I have had the opportunity of discussing the relations which exist between Turkey and Greece, with the highest authorities, both here and in Constantinople. The cabinet ministers of both countries are anxious to explain that they are not equally desirous of maintaining peace. Unfortunately, however, it seems possible that a certain section of the Young Turkey party are not equally desirous of maintaining peace. If even, therefore, the Turkish government were willing to accept an indemnity in exchange for the loss of Crete, it would be faced by the opposition of a large section of the community. This section of the community might be said to be divided into two parts, consisting of those who are prepared to give their lives in order that Turkey may retain Crete, and of the more reactionaries who would only be too pleased to have the opportunity of availing themselves of any means to upset the new regime. This latter section already urge that the government has bartered Bosnia and Herzegovina, while it has accepted a large indemnity in lieu of the Turkish suzerainty over Bulgaria, and the tribute actually paid on behalf of Eastern Roumelia.

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TWO QUESTIONS.
The Turkish government appears to be anxious to link the Cretan and the Macedonian questions together. If this be done, it enables the Ottoman authorities to throw in their lot with Greece, while if the Cretan question is alone open, it is apparent that all negotiations between Turkey and the Powers, and the large number of Greek officers have been sent to Macedonia.

That justice shall be administered in the name of the Sultan. Although the Government of Crete may be in itself a matter of but small international importance, yet the question is rendered more complicated than many others in the Near East, because—
1. The Great Powers are largely responsible for the present crisis in Crete.
2. That in the case of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and of Bulgaria, it was well known to Europe that these incidents were not satisfactorily closed both Austria and Bulgaria were prepared to support the action which they had taken.

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WAR AGAINST ADULTERATION.

Many European Countries May be Represented at International Congress to be Held at Paris Next Month.

Delegates representing many Governments, local authorities, and associations will attend the International Food Congress which is to be held in Paris from October 17 to October 24. This will be the second of a series of great congresses which have been arranged by the Society of the White Cross of Geneva for the purpose of the world and ensure its purity.

The first, which was held in London last year, was devoted to the definitions of foods and alimentary substances. This year the scientists and food experts will consider operations verminous in connection with the handling of food and alimentary substances.

The third congress will meet at the Hague in 1910 to discuss the chemistry and hygiene of food, and the last congress will take place in London in 1911, when efforts will be made to translate the findings of the other congresses into legislation.

Six hundred delegates representing twenty-one different countries will be present at this year's congress, which is destined to have a far-reaching effect on the well-being of mankind. The White Cross of Geneva is to be in times of peace what the Red Cross is in times of war—a help to humanity, rescuing the world from the spread of disease caused by the widespread adulteration of food.

The all-embracing scope of the congress will be seen from the following list of food-stuffs which will be studied in Paris:
Wines, pastries, vinegar, glucose, mustard, pepper, spices, chocolate, cereals, biscuits, edible fats, honey, confectionery, farinaceous products, farina, sugar candy, sugar, eggs, poultry, bacon, sausages, preserved provisions, preserved food pastes, spiced bread, edible oils, cider, perry, cordons, coffee, preserved fruits, chicory, beer, milk, butter.
Mr. Louis M. Douglas, the general secretary of the United Kingdom, declares that food adulteration is one of the gravest menaces to humanity. "It is the cause of half our pauperism," he told an "Express" representative yesterday. "And the reason of the weak physique of the poorer classes. This is the day of the skilled, scientific apothecary. The old days of sanded sugar and watered milk are gone, but in their place we have the far more dangerous acids and chemical combinations which make the article so deadly."

Treat Your Dog Right.

For keeping your dog free from common ailments we are prepared to supply you with
Glover's Dog Remedies.

These remedies are endorsed by the leading dog fanciers. Glover's dog book is free for the asking.

FRANK E. PORTER,
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
Cor. Union and St. Patrick Sts.

The Place to Buy Your Fruits, Confectionery and Groceries.

Is at 37 Waterloo St., Phone 1086-41
Prices Right. We make our own Cream
O. L. JENKINS

NORWOOD, Ont., Sept. 8.—"We, the enterprising judges have advanced the evidence, that if Stella May Wiloughby came to her death from being shot by Thomas George Wiloughby, accidentally, and that Thomas George Wiloughby died from paralysis of the heart, caused from shock of said shooting." This verdict was arrived at yesterday afternoon by the coroner's jury at the adjourned inquest into the double tragedy which occurred at the Wiloughby home, in the township of Dumfries, about one and a half miles from this place, on the afternoon of August 17.

PRIZES AWARDED YESTERDAY AT THE SUSSEX EXHIBITION

SUSSEX, N. B., Sept. 8.—The prizes at the Sussex Exhibition were awarded with their work is as follows:—
SHEEP
Lancashire—Oswalds.
Shelving ram—Mrs. H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Lamb ram—Mrs. H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewes—2 yrs.—H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewe shewings—H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Pair ewe lambs—H. B. Parlee, 1st.
Shewings, Oxford and Cheviot.
Ram over 2 yrs.—J. E. McAuley, 1st.
John H. King, 2nd.
Rams shewings—John H. King, 1st.
W. J. King, 2nd.
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W. J. King, 2nd.
Pair ewes, shewings—John H. King, 1st.
W. J. King, 2nd.
Pair ewe lambs—John H. King, 1st.
W. J. King, 2nd.

GRADES

Pair ewes, 2 yrs.—J. E. McAuley, 1st.
Pair ewes, shewings—John H. King, 1st.
Pair ewe lambs—J. E. McAuley, 1st.
John H. King, 2nd.
Andrew Elliott of Galt was the judge on sheep and he remarks as follows: "Am sorry to say that the exhibit of sheep was not a success, either in quality or quantity. More attention should be paid to this desirable industry."

CATTLE

Gutney
Glen view Farm, Walter McMonagle, took all first in the Gurnsey line.
Bull, 3 yrs.—Walter McMonagle, 1st.
Bull, 2 yrs.—Robert Robinson, 1st.
Bull, 1 yr.—Walter McMonagle, 1st.
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CHILDREN'S GRAMMATIC COMPETITION

Sheep wheat and one gallon threshed grain—Gray G. Patterson, 1st; John H. King, 2nd.
Sheep wheat, 2 rows—McIntyre Bros., 1st; J. E. McAuley, 2nd.
Sheep wheat, 3 rows—Wm. J. Patterson, 1st; S. L. T. McMacKinnon, 2nd.
Sheep wheat, 4 rows—Wm. J. Patterson, 1st; S. L. T. McMacKinnon, 2nd.
Assortment field grains, sheaves and in quart bottles—McIntyre Bros., 1st; John H. King, 2nd.

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VEGETARIANS RESENT JAPS' CHANGE OF DIET

Announcement That Country Will Cultivate Beef on Large Scale a Surprise.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The announcement that a nation, hitherto and for centuries addicted to vegetarianism, is preparing to cultivate beef on a large scale has caused something like perturbation among the apostles of a vegetable diet in this country, and they appear to resent the innovation somewhat bitterly.

It was until comparatively recent years, practically unknown in Japan. The weather classes ate game and venison and poultry, but mutton was unknown, except imported from China, because sheep refuse to feed on the coarse grass of Japan, and the beef was easily the worst kind of beef that could be found east of Suez. That is not to be wondered at, considering that the only beef produced was from the carcasses of animals which had spent a long and arduous career in drawing a plow or cart.

Probably Japan would have been content with the food that could be found within its borders but for the army. In the China-Japanese war, and again in the war with Russia, it was found that the troops in the field suffered much from kakke or beriberi. It has long been suspected that a diet of rice caused beriberi, and in the last war a great deal of meat was served out to the troops. This had, of course, to be imported from Australia or America.

When the country settled down after peace was declared, the government turned its attention to the establishment of herds of oxen suitable for beef. A government cattle-breeding department was started, and Mr. Hashimoto, its chief, is at present on a visit to England for the purpose of purchasing further stock. Already the consumption of meat in Japan has greatly increased, especially among the middle classes.

In that Japan is making a fatal mistake, according to British vegetarians, Dr. Josiah Oldfield, the head of the Vegetarian Hospital, voiced his opinion yesterday. The Jap, he said, has become one of the most progressive and accomplished nations in the world. Their rapid advance since they have adopted a western form of government is largely due to the fact that they have been as a people vegetarians from time immemorial, where can be found people of greater physical or mental fitness. If they adopt a meat diet, they may improve their physique for a time, because meat is a stimulant. But, like all other stimulants, it has a reaction, and sooner or later Japan under its influence will decay.

BRIEF DESPATCHES.

INTERNATIONAL MATCHES.
SEAIGHT, N. J., Sept. 8.—The establishment of a rifle competition between teams representing the United States and Canada was practically assured today at a conference here between a committee appointed by the Association of American International Riflemen and the President of the Dominion Rifle Association of Canada. According to the plan outlined today each team will consist of six principals and two alternates. The match is to be shot alternately.

CONFEDERATE GENERAL DEAD.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 8.—Frank C. Armstrong, a brigadier general in the Confederate army who saw much active service and an Indian fighter in the early days of the west, and one of the last survivors of the Indian wars, died late today at Greenport, the summer home of his daughter, Mrs. Archibald Barbour, after an illness of two months.

BISHOP OF PHILIPPINES.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 8.—Rev. Felix A. Ward, of this city, a member of the Pius-Celest order, is reported to have been appointed Bishop of the Philippines.

A Guide to Quality

Stamped on knives, forks, spoons, etc., of quality is the name
"1847 ROGERS BROS."

With this as your guide you can not possibly err in the choice of fine silverware. Best sets, cutlery, wafers, etc., are stamped "1847 ROGERS BROS. CO. MADE IN LEADING COUNTRIES. 'Silver Plate that Wears'."

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE

Leasehold, 50x100, large 3-story up-to-date tenement house, all modern improvements, 27 rooms and baths, built 1905, in fine condition; situated corner Ludlow and Duke streets; convenient to street cars; site only \$22.50. This is without exception the finest tenement house on the West Side, and will rent for nearly \$800 per year; a splendid opportunity for home and investments; a property that needs only to be inspected to be appreciated.

REMEMBER!

when buying biscuit to ask for the
BEST 10c VALUE
—THE—
Village Biscuit

E. CLINTON BROWN, DRUGGIST.

Cor. Union and Waterloo Streets.
Phone 1006.

Children's Eyesight

In getting your children ready for school, don't overlook their EYES. Eyestrain uses up an excessive amount of nervous energy and causes the child to become tired and disinterested in his work. D. BOYANER, Optician, 38 Dock Street.