TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, May 15.

Late and important despatches received from Japan. Civil War vigorously prosecuted, and army of the Mikado arrived at a point near Jeddo. A dispatch from Athens contains the following:—The Spakiotan mutineers claim that in recent conflicts with the Turks the latter were driven to the sea coast

New York, May 15.

An Ottawa despatch says Dominion Parliament expects to be prorouged on Saturday next.

Gold closed steady.

London, 15th—midnight.

In the House of Commons this evening, **John Bright** presented a petition from Nova Scotia, praying that Parliament would repeal the act by which that province was united to the Dominion of Canada. The petitions denounce the Canadian union act as an evil uncalled for and unjust. The result of a surprise sprung on the people, and of fraud practised upon parliament. After the reading of the document, the evening of twenty sixth inst. was assigned for debate on the subject.

Ottawa, May 15.

The Government brought down despatches from the Imperial Government in reply to an address passed during the first of the Session respecting the North West Territory.

Despatch contains correspondence between the Imperial Government and Hudson's Bay Company, and states that by Imperial Legislation the claims of the Company will be transferred to the Home Government on settlement of the Company's claim.

Holton, Dorion and others represented the position of the Dominion Government as humiliating in not being trusted to arrange directly with the Company without Imperial intervention as their Address asked.

The dispatch will be printed, and will elicit discussion which may prolong the session.

Sir John stated intention to prorogue on Wednesday permitting.

Washington, May 16.

The impeachment of President Johnson came up at noon to day in the 11th article. The vote stood 35 for conviction to 19 for acquittal. The required two thirds not being affirmative the President stands acquitted on the 11th article.

Immediately after voting the Senate adjourned to May 26th.

London, May 16th.

An ecclesiastical body waited upon the Queen at Windsor Castle yesterday, presented to her Majesty an address from the Hierarchy of the Irish Church, giving their views in regard to the great change contemplated in the establishment. The Queen replied in vague terms not committing herself to the policy of either the Church or Liberal party on the question.

New York, May 12.

Gold unchanged.

Toronto, May 16.

It is stated that the council of Roman Catholic Bishops now in Session at Quebec have chosen Bishop Lynch of Toronto to be Archbishop of the Province subject to a final confirmation by the Pope.

It is also announced that Father Dowd of Montreal will be appointed Coadjutor bishop of the Diocese in room of Bishop Lynch.

New York, May 18.

The acquittal of the President on the eleventh article of impeachment caused considerable excitement among the Republicans and rejoicing among the Democrats.

Salutes were fired by the latter in various parts of the country.

It is thought the remaining articles of Impeachment will not be voted upon.

Gold opened at 139¼.

OTTAWA, May 16.

In Senate, Campbell moved second reading of Bill relating to offences against the person.

In Commons Message from His Excellency was read, transmitting despatch from Secretary of State, in which latter is commanded to express to the family of Mr. McGee Her Majesty's deep sympathy with them in their loss sustained by the atrocious crime.

After transacting further business, House resumed adjourned debate on Cartier's motion to receive report of Committee on Militia bill. Bowell moved to refer bill back to Committee with instructions to reduce salary of Adjutant General from $3,600 to $3,000, and deduct Deputies from $1,800 to $1,200, carried—64 to 63.

HONOURS FOR SIR R. NAPIER—War Office.—The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant general Sir Robert Napier, K.C.B. G. C. S. I., commanding her Majesty's forces in Abyssinia, to be an ordinary member of the division of the first class, or knights grand cross of the most honourable order of the Bath.

A HORRID CONSPIRACY. The most fiendish plot that man's depravity could invent, was lately discovered in season to prevent the contemplated disastrous results, and cause the arrest of the conspirators. The New Albany, Ind., Commercial of April 22d. It seems that seven men entered into an agreement to wreck and rob the pay train of the Jeffersonville railroad. The plan, which was drawn up in writing, contemplated the throwing of a train from the track at a point some ten miles out from Jeffersonville, the murder, if necessary, of all those upon the train, and the robbery of the paymaster's safe of its contents, which it was tho't would be from twenty-five to thirty thousand dollars. The article of agreement was of the most terrible character. It bound each conspirator to commit murder as well as robbery. It also stipulated that if any one of the conspirators were wounded in the affair so as to be unable to get away, his companions were to kill him, and thus put it out of his power to inform against them. It was further agreed how the money was to be divided, the share of each being specified. The train was to be thrown from the track, by removing or loosening one or more of the rails. It was agreed also that if there were more than the usual number of persons with the train, that the conspirators were to fire upon them and kill them just as the train was reaching the place where it was to be wrecked.

Before the time arrived for the carrying out of their plans, one of the conspirators, being struck with horror, recanted and communicated the plot to the Superintendent. The information caused the arrest of the others, while the former will be retained as witness. It is said that the conspirators had solemnly swore to kill any of their number who might betray the plot. Fortunately, the human nature of one of them revolted at the horror, and wholesale murder and robbery was thus prevented.

SOME FURTHER Particulars of the late sad accident at Bermuda are given in the Halifax Express. Lieut. Fletcher and his party were on their r way from Port Royal to Hamilton to post letters for home, when the boat capsized, only 40 yards from shore, leaving the four occupants struggling in the water.—An old woman who saw them, ran for assistance, but before it arrived they had all disappeared. The authorites set parties to work grappling at once; the boat was first brought up and it contained a lady's slipper and parasol. Eventually all the bodies were recovered. The same paper gives it as a rumor that the servant swam to the shore and then returned, in the hope of picking up the lady, and sank exhausted; but this does not seem to be fully verified.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, MAY 20, 1868.

The business of the Parliament at Ottawa is drawing to a close, and it is expected that the prorogation will take place this week. An Act constituting the Department of Customs was passed. The following Resolution is before the House:—

That it is expedient to repeal the tonnage duties now payable in the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, on vessels entering Ports therein, for or towards defraying the expenses of the relief and medical treatment of sick or disabled mariners, and instead thereof to impose, for the purpose aforesaid, a duty of two cents per ton register on vessels arriving from sea in any Port in any of the said Provinces:—no vessel of one hundred tons register or less, to be subject to the payment of such duty more than once in any one year; nor any other vessel more than twice in any one year.

The Resolutions of supply were passed, granting the Lieut. Governors of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick $7,000 per annum, and those of Ontario and Quebec $8,000. The Ministers who are members of the Privy Council are to receive $5,000 per annum.

The Chief Justices of the Maritime Provinces are to receive $4,000 per annum, the Equity Judges $4,000, the Common law Judges $3,200, the County Judges each $2,000 and travelling expenses not to exceed $200. Retiring allowances to Judges of the Supreme Court after fifteen years service or permanent infirmity, equal to two thirds of their salaries are to be given. Marine Hospital, St. Andrews and other Ports in the Province $2,490, St. John $4,878. Militia Services New Brunswick $80,000, Military pensions in New Brunswick $700, and compensation to Pensioners in lieu of land $9,450. Construction of E. & N. A. Railway $51,750, Western Extension, $180,000 subsidy to ditto $150,-009, to meet subsidies on other lines in this Province $141,000.

REMARKABLE DISCOVERY.—The greatest trouble has been experienced by scientific men in extracting all the gold from the ores in which it has been found; the methods adopted being expensive and attended with considerable loss, owing to much of the auriferous deposit being mixed with the quartz. Several experiments have been made, and various systems of extraction adopted, but with very little improvement. It remained with Col. Stevens, of New York, to discover a method by which *all* the gold would be extracted.—A recent experiment was made with a quantity of gold bearing quartz, by the common process, which yielded $306 per ton; Col. Stevens' chemical substance called "flux" was tried and yielded $1400 to the ton; the assayer was so surprised that he tried again with a like result.

It is probable that the "Colonel" will dispose of his newly discovered chemical agent; to those who require it for assaying gold, silver, and other precious ores, and that large quantities of the valuable metals will be redeemed, which otherwise would have remained in their native deposits, and that the flinty substances in which they are generally discovered will be utilized for other purposes.—Col. Stevens' name will be heralded throughout those countries where valuable mineral are known to exist.

The heavy rains during the past week have retarded farmers, particularly on low land; the grass however looks well, and the streams have risen sufficiently high to float the logs to the main river, and the mills are now busy sawing.

On Thursday Evening last, the Presbytery of St. John met in Greenock Church, in this town, for the purpose of inducting the Rev. Peter Keay, A. M., Minister of the Church, consequent upon the resignation of the Rev. John Ross, from ill health.

Some four months ago, we announced that the Rev. Mr. Keay had accepted the unanimous call sent him by the congregation, since which time he has been officiating here with much acceptability to the congregation, which is increasing in numbers. Indeed it is not out of place to state, that the Rev. gentleman is "a workman who needeth not to be ashamed," and that he is respected by all denominations.

The order of services in the church was commenced by praise and prayer, after which the Rev. Geo. J. Caie, of Portland, St. John, preached the Induction Sermon, from Ezekiel 3—17 verse, in which he pointed out the duties of a faithful Watchman or Minister; the questions and prayer by the Rev. J. M. Brooke D. D., of Fredericton; address to the Minister by the Rev. Mr. Caie, and the address to the congregation by the Rev. James Kidd, M. A. The services were conducted according to the form of the Established Church of Scotland, and were solemn and interesting.

A correspondent "X" enquires "why the lamps on the Market Wharf are not lighted on dark nights?" He says that "the Town pays for their being lighted, and notwithstanding, the wharf is frequently left in darkness to the great danger of men belonging to vessels falling over the wharf, as Mr. Serjt. Roix did on Thursday night last, severely injuring himself." We have noticed that there has been a want of attention to this matter and trust that it will not occur again.

RAPID LOADING.—As an instance of what can be done in despatching vessels at this Port we may state that the Schr. Daisy, was loaded with 1900 railway sleepers in the short space of 7 hours; and the Emma Pemberton with 2100 sleepers in the remarkably short time of eight hours and a half! If this is not quick despatch" we should like to know what is.

THE PRESIDENT'S virtual acquittal on the eleventh article of the Impeachment, the strongest of the number, gave great dissatisfaction to the Republicans, who were as demonstrative in their ire, as the Democrats were in their approval. The vote was a close one, so close that one vote would have placed Mr. Johnson in a dilemma which would have ruined him in all coming time. The Senate adjourned until the 26th inst.

A native of St. Andrews who has been absent for several years in California and Utah Territory, Mr. James Haley, returned here this week. He was acquainted with the late Dr. Robinson of St Stephen, who he speaks of in the highest terms; and paid the last tribute of respect to his remains, by attending his funeral.

That the ALBION LINIMENT is a most effective cure is without a shadow of doubt. In cases of sore throat and inflammatory rheumatism, we know it has effected cures in our family; and for a cold we do not know of a better remedy. Much as we dislike "Patent Medicines," the most of which are mere drugs; justice to Dr. Leary's medicines compel us to state that they are efficacious in the above diseases, at least they have proved so in the instances mentioned. Follow the directions and in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred they will effect a cure.

The Bangor papers state that vessels for lumber frieghts are in great demand Frieghts have advanced, the rates to Boston are $3.25 to $3.50 currency, to New York $5.

THE FISHERIES.—We have received a copy of the Reports on the Fisheries, &c., of Canada, a pamphlet of 23 pages, with an Appendix of 16 pages, containing the Reports of F. Fortin, T. Tetu, W. H. Venning, P. Miller, and W. H. Johnston's General and Special Report. As the Reports contain information of importance to Fishermen, we intend copying largely from them in future numbers.

DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY.—This periodical has risen from being a mere Gazette of Fashion, to the position of the popular parlor magazine. Ladies who take it think "the world of it," as their phrase is, and are quite sure they could not get along without it. Confessing our ignorance of those points which would enable us to do entire justice to its merits, we may freely admit that it is most carefully and conscientiously conducted, that its literary tone is far superior to the general run of parlor periodicals, that its range of topics includes nearly all interesting to women, that its information upon household subjects is complete and reliable, and its authority indisputable. Moreover, its patterns alone are worth double the cost of the magazine.—A large and unusually interesting amount of reading matter is promised for July, for country enjoyment. Three dollars yearly. Published by W. J. Demorest, 473 Broadway, New York.

The "Canadian" for April and May has been received here,—our copy has not yet reached us—but thanks to the kindness of a friend we have looked over the contents. As usual there are several cleverly written articles;—"Under the wrong Flag," is a capital paper, it points out clearly the evils which the Dominion labors under from the constant drain upon its population, by the "number of young men who cross over into the United States from the various Provinces." It shows "that few Canadians in the United States are doing better than they could at home."—We have only space this week to notice briefly another article upon "Manufactures," written with great clearness and perspecuity, and with a power which will lead to the establishment of manufactories in the maratime provinces. We can discover in this article the style of a powerful writer whom we can say is an esteemed friend. He promises future articles to advocate the propriety of establishing manufactories; in previous numbers he contributed valuable papers on the Fisheries

We are in receipt of the Report of the Commissioner of Public Works, Canada, for 1867. It is a ponderous work of 615 pages, with several well executed maps, and abounds with a large amount of statistical information.

The Periscopic Spectacles advertised in our columns, from the celebrated opticians Messrs. Lazarus & Morris, are for sale by their Agent Geo. F. Stickney. We have used these glasses, and found them to be all that is said of them; they produce a clear and distinct vision, and assist the sight, without any unpleasant sensation.

Monday next has been proclaimed a public holiday in honor of Her Majesty the Queen, whose birthday is on Sunday. Preparations are being made to celebrate the day all over the province—what is being done here?

A St. John vessel the "Eleanor" with goods for merchants in St. John, is 65 days out, and anxiously looked for.

The Sackville Bordercr says the Herring fishery along the Gulf shore has proved very successful this season. From the same paper we learn that several cargoes of hay have been shipped from Baie Verte to Miramichi during the past few weeks

ONE OF THE PIMPLES on the face of the man in the moon, say the astronomers, has disappeared; we are not told how, or by what means this was accomplished, but we are not only TOLD, but KNOW, that Grace's Salve can readily remove from the human face pimples, scurf, and moth.

In Chicago, on Tuesday afternoon, the sky was suddenly darkened to such an extent that it was found necessary to light the gas all over the city.

London, May 18th.

In the House of Commons to night the Scotch reform bill was under consideration. Mr. William E. Baxter moved to add to the number of Scotch members of the House by taking the franchise from some of the small English boroughs.

Mr. Bowverie moved that the rating clause in the Bill be thrown out

The Government opposed the motions and on a division in the House were beaten in both cases. Mr. Disraeli after the result of the last division was known, rose and said the ministry must now consider their position.

New York, May 19.

Gold 139½.

Ottawa, May 18.

In reply to Savary, Sir John stated that Dominion Government would not appoint Justices of Peace, and would not this session introduce bill to transfer power to Lieut. Governors. In reply to Chauveau, stated not intention of Government to extend aid to distressed fishermen of Nova Scotia and Gaspe; was a matter for Local Governments.

Died.

On the 6th inst., Mr. Richardson Haddock, aged 83, a native of Tyrone, Ireland, and for upwards of forty years a resident of this place, where he was much respected, as a trustworthy and good citizen.

Ship News

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS

ARRIVED.

May 13, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen cargo.

14, Mystic Tie, Stinson St. John, mdze.

CLEARED.

May 13, Schr. Daisy, Sheehan, Portland, 1900 sleepers, R. Ross.

Emma Pemberton, Britt, Portland 2400 Sleepers, R. Ross.

15, Albert, Tufton, Boston, Scantling and Boards, C. F. Clinch.

16, Brig, Florence, Clark, Portland, 3300 sleepers, R Ross.

Government House, Ottawa.

Monday, 6th day of April, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act passed during the present session of the Legislature, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs,"—His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following regulation:—

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in this Act passed during the present session of the Parliament of Canada, and entituled: An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the ports named in a list sanctioned by an order of the 24th December, 1867, and of the 5th March, 1868, respectively, passed under the authority of the said Act, the following Port be included in the list of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion, viz:—

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Port Mulgrave, Strait of Canso.

W. M. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council

may 2 3i

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, May 3, 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

may 18

G. F. STICKNEY,

Watch Maker & Jeweller, Water St.,

has received part of his Spring Stock of

Electroplate, Cuttlery & Hardware,

to which he would invite the attention of purchasers.

Agent for Messrs. Lazarus & Morris' perfected Spectacles, in Gold, Silver, Steel & Shell frames. See advertisement. 2i

1868 SPRING 1868

WANTED. WANTED 10,000 PERSONS TO PURCHASE MY GOODS.

JOHN S. MAGEE, calls special attention to the fact that he is now receiving his stock of New and Fashionable Dry Goods, consisting of the usual variety suited to the wants of the people in the Town and Country, which were selected with great care in the best markets, by himself and his agents. He is now in a position to sell many descriptions of Goods at lower prices than last season;

Unbleached Cottons commencing at	8	cents pr yd
Bleached do "	9	"
Print Cotton "	10	"
White Cambric Hkfs, "	40	pr doz
Good Corsets "	50	pr pair
Ladies white cotton Hose "	7	"
Skeleton Skirts new shapes	40	each
Good delaine dresses for	1 75	

Ladies and Childrens serge Boots at all prices.

Above are enumerated a few articles only of our varied stock, but we shall be pleased to have you call and examine, we invite everybody, and shall do our best to suit you, and sell you goods.

Remember the Albion House, directly opposite Mr. O'Neill's, corner of Water and King streets, St. Andrews.

P. S.—Cut this advertisement out and keep it for reference.

BEST FAMILY FLOUR.

Just received from New York.

20 Bbls "Dexters" best Family Flour.
50 do Superfine & Extra State.
100 bags Corn.

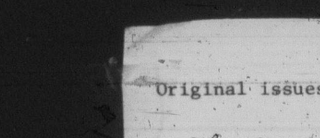
J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, May 12, 1868.

LAZARUS & MORRIS,

PRACTICAL OPTICIANS & OCULISTS,

LONDON & HARTFORD.



Have appointed

G. F. STICKNEY, of ST. ANDREWS, N. B., Sole Agent for the sale of their

CELEBRATED PERFECTED

SPECTACLES,

Which have been extensively used in the New England States, the past eight years, and for which they claim the undermentioned advantages over those in ordinary use, the proof of which may be seen in their constantly increasing business during a residence in Hartford of 8 years.

1st. That from the perfect construction of the lenses, they assist and preserve the sight, rendering frequent changes unnecessary.

2d. That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of ease and comfort not hitherto enjoyed by spectacle wearers.

3d. That the material from which the Lenses are ground is manufactured specially for optic purposes, and is pure hard and brilliant and not liable to become scratched.

4th. That the frames in which they are set, whether gold, silver or steel, are of the finest quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.

They are the only spectacles THAT *PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT.*

And are cheapest, because the BEST, always lasting many years without change being necessary.

☞One of the Firm will visit St. Andrews, at the Store of their Agent, every four months, for the purpose of fitting those having difficult sights when any spectacles sold by their Agent during the interval will be exchanged free of charge if not properly fitted.

☞WE EMPLOY NO PEDDLARS.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available