

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrival of the "Arabia" at Halifax.

HALIFAX, Sept. 19th. The Arabia, Steamer, left Liverpool at 10 a. m. on the 3rd, and "Queenstown" on the 4th, and arrived at Halifax at 11.30 p. m. on the 14th. She has 77 Halifax, and 78 Boston passengers.

The Sidon arrived at Liverpool on the 1st. The Persia arrived at Queenstown at 8 on the evening of the 2nd; the Washington at Havre on the 31st.

The London Times has an editorial on the doings of the Tallhase, and says: "Though we must acknowledge the energy and skill of these Confederate commanders, we can have no sympathy with the kind of war which they carry on—looking upon it as retaliation for many excess and cruelties of Federalism on land we may excuse it, but the whole system is barbarous, and it would be well if the war could be waged without such hateful doings."

Nothing is more likely to weaken the peace party of the North than the story of these captures, which must irritate Northern people everywhere it is told, and make enemies in large numbers who have no sympathy with Lincoln and his party.

The New York correspondent of the London Times continues to write from Niagara Falls as to Democratic wire pulling at that place in regard to the Chicago Convention. He maintains, that if the election is fairly conducted, the Chicago nominees will be the next President—on platform of armistice and convention of States. He asserts armistice suits all men and parties except only contractors.

Half yearly drawing for sinking fund Confederate Loan took place on the 1st. Nearly sixth part of Loan has already been redeemed, viz. three hundred and forty thousand and thirty-eight thousand by sinking funds.

The Times of the 3rd has another editorial on Peace prospects in America. It says: "It can hardly be doubted that this is a very important period in the politics of the Union, though the tendency has been peaceward for a long time; recent events have increased the movements, and made it, it would seem, almost general. No one can say how far it will extend, or what effects it will produce, but the whole Northern people are at least discussing the propriety of some negotiation with the enemy. While Democrats are divided between Peace and War, and no one can exactly predict the proceedings of the Chicago Convention, it may be that the party in power, say, Lincoln himself, may endeavor to take the wind out of their sails by accepting an armistice convention."

FRANCE.—The weekly returns of the Bank of France show a decrease in cash of one and a quarter millions of francs.

Decree signed appointing Marshal McMahon Duke of Magenta, to be governor of Algeria. Another decree provides for reorganization of administrative staff of Algeria. Prince Murat and family embarked for tour in the East.

Paris correspondent of the evening Standard writing on the evening of the 1st says, report of the Emperor's indisposition not devoid of foundation—his Majesty was capped before he left for Chalons. Letters say, he followed manoeuvres of sham fight in carriage, mounting horses only towards close of proceedings.

Bourse flat, lower.

SWITZERLAND.—Excitement continues at Geneva, and Federal Council sent third battalion of troops to the scene. Arrests continue to be made, including M. Fontanel late State Councillor.

AUSTRIA.—Börsenzeitung Zeitung announces Austria intends forming two new infantry regiments immediately after conclusion of peace.

ROME.—It is asserted that active negotiations are going on between Paris and Turin, relative to evacuation of Rome.

SYRIA.—Serious disturbances in Syria. Armed bands of mountaineers stopped intercourse with Alexandria and Antioch.

Accounts of Tunis insurrection continue threatening.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Funds continue to drop. Consols lower than for several years. Discount market unchanged. Bank returns show a continued falling off in reserve that it is said question is not as to probability of reduction in discount, but whether advance to 9 may not be necessary.

LATEST VIA LIVERPOOL, 3d, Evening.—Daily News to-day has editorial on American peace rumors. Consents North cannot submit to terms on which Jeff Davis is prepared to treat for peace, and argues "unless Southern terms are lowered there can be nothing but war."

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN, 24th.—News unimportant. Globe, reviewing Persia's news, considers prospects of peace or armistice very remote at present.

Paris Bourse flat. Rents closed 66 70. Cotton advanced 3 4 for American; other descriptions easier. Breadstuffs dull, still declining. Provisions heavy. Consols 88 3 8.

Bullion in Bank of England increased £148,000.

The Delegates returned from Fredrickton yesterday afternoon, and held a short meeting at Stubb's Hotel at 7 o'clock. At 8 the Canadians left for Shediac by special train where they would meet their own Steamer, and forthwith proceed home. Immediately afterwards the representatives of the Lower Provinces met and adjourned the Convention. At 11 o'clock last night the Nova Scotians left in the Emperor for Windsor; and the

Prince Edward Island Delegates take their departure this morning by the train for Shediac and thence home. Our own Provincial Secretary returned to Fredrickton this morning. A pleasant, safe, and prosperous journey to them all.—[Telegraph 17th inst.]

FROM THE STATES.

Boston, Sept. 17th. Rebel pickets in front of Grant's army having annoyed our pickets very much by firing on them at all hours. General Birney in order to put a stop to it opened with all his batteries on the rebel works and City of Petersburg on Thursday and kept up fire all day.

Indian troubles in West have terminated. Overland stages to California will begin to run immediately.

All nurses and agents of Sanitary Commission left Washington yesterday for Grant's army. This looks like more fighting soon.

General Grant arrived in Washington last night on short visit.

Persia has summarily rejected the proposition of Senor Pacheco for a basis whereby hostilities may be avoided, and prefers war to a dishonorable settlement.

Steam Tug, A. B. Saunders, exploded her boiler in East River yesterday, killing four persons and blowing boat to pieces.

No news from Sherman or Sheridan. Gold 221.

A RAILROAD TRAIN IN A GALE.

The 420 train on the Indianapolis Railroad, which left this city Friday afternoon for Chicago, was blown from the track, as our readers are already aware at a point near Wirtwell's Bridge, 15 miles below Lawrenceburg, by one of the most terrific tornadoes that has ever visited this section of the country.

As the train approached the bridge above named the atmosphere seemed filled with the branches of trees and missiles of various kinds the wind had taken up in its path and the engineer, thinking the bridge unsafe increased the speed of the engine so as to reach the protection of the hills beyond.

He was too late; for the hurricane, resistless in its energy and overwhelming in its power, lifted the entire train into the air, and hurled the rear portion of it over a steep bank, the baggage car, which was very heavily laden, being whirled diagonally across the track and the rear of the first passenger car, still uncoupled, being suspended over the precipice at the side of the track.

The train which happened to arrive at such an untimely moment, in the very focus of the wild hurricane, was heavily loaded with passengers, many of them being bound for the Chicago convention; yet strange to relate, notwithstanding the increased speed with which the train was moving, and the height of the embankment down which the cars were hurled, not one person was killed.

This may be considered a most miraculous escape, two of the cars having been completely wrecked and jammed to pieces, the seats dislocated and shattered into fragments, and everything left in the most chaotic condition. From thirty to forty individuals were more or less injured, and two ladies, names not known, probably fatally, one of them it is thought, having suffered a dislocation of the spine. When the storm came up Mr. Mullane arose from his seat and closed the window on the side next to him, and he had no sooner taken his seat again, than the catastrophe took place.

The car he was in, he says, rolled down the embankment, and he distinctly remembers of being thrown from one side of the car to the other some two or three times before the car found a fixed position.—[Cincinnati Gazette.]

SHOT BY HIS OWN GUN.—Rev. S. T. Rand reports that he lately visited an Indian settlement at Greenfield, Queens Co., and met there a Micmac equipped for a hunting expedition. He was going out in pursuit of a bear, and his squaw heard in a little while the report of his gun. As evening came on and he did not return he went out in search of him and about dark found him lying a mangled corpse in the bush-wood.

His gun it seems had gone off accidentally, sending its charge through his vitals, settling fire to his clothes and his powder flask, by the explosion of which his body was blown to pieces. The faithful, weeping wife sat down and watched the corpse in the woods all night, and at daybreak went for aid and had the unfortunate hunter's remains borne out and buried.—[Mel. Citizen.]

FROM BERMUDA.—H. M. Ship Galates, arrived at Halifax on Wednesday from Bermuda, with 8 officers and 200 men of the 2d Regt. Dr. Lloyd, of Halifax, concerning whose safety great fears were entertained had been suffering from a slight indisposition only, and was quite restored. The fever was abating. No new cases had been reported since the 7th inst., and those sick were doing well. The papers state that some of the physicians sent from Canada recently had died of yellow fever at St. George, and condemn in the strongest terms the sending of unacclimated persons there during the prevalence of the malarial.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—Wednesday and Thursday having been very wet and unfavorable Prof. Lowe was obliged to defer his ascension till yesterday, which was clear and pleasant, but rather windy. At an early hour in the afternoon an immense crowd congregated in the neighborhood of Jeffery's Hill, and on the adjacent heights, a large number assembled in the enclosure to inspect the apparatus and witness the preparations. About half-past four the balloon rose slowly from the earth, but being too

heavily ballasted, floated at a low elevation, and the car struck the trees in front of the residence of William Doherty, Esq., and for a moment fears were entertained that some accident would happen. But Prof. Lowe, was quite master of the situation, and very coolly proceeded to remove the difficulty by throwing over the extra ballast, when the balloon quickly rose far above all obstructions and sailed away in an easterly direction. The highest altitude attained was about a mile, and the Balloon descended near the new Loch Lomond Road, about 7 miles from the city. In descending the Balloon caught in the top of a tree, but we learn that it sustained very trifling damage.—[Courier.]

Persons indebted to this office will please to make payment with as little delay as possible. The call is not made without good reason, as the collection of our dues is absolutely necessary to keep our establishment in operation; the high price of printing paper, and other material required in the business, as well as engagements we have to meet, require that the amounts due to us should be paid at once. For a length of time, we have suffered great inconvenience rather than press those indebted to us, but the time has arrived when this course cannot be continued; and we trust subscribers and others will respond to this appeal without delay. Several of those whose long standing accounts remain unpaid, will be subjected to a legal process as we do not intend to furnish work and paper for nothing.

A winter supply of paper and other printing material is required which should be laid in and it is expected that this notice will meet with consideration from those indebted to us.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, SEPT. 21, 1864.

THE RAILWAY.—During the present season it is satisfactory to notice, that many tourists have passed over the line to Richmond, and that the passenger and freight traffic has increased. The punctuality of the trains, the facilities afforded for transportation, the moderate tariff and the accommodation to those doing business on the Railway have no doubt contributed to the increase in the business. With the means at his disposal the Manager has done all in his power to foster the trade on the line, and we are happy to learn from those doing business, that the arrangements are satisfactory to them. In fact the officials, conductors, and employees generally, are courteous and attentive, and every effort is used to accommodate. Section men are constantly employed in keeping the line in good running order; we learn, that the trip from this place to Richmond is frequently made within four hours, including stoppages, and we may add that this line is singularly fortunate with reference to accidents. We trust that the time is approaching, when the pleasing intelligence of work being commenced on the Section towards the Canadian boundary will be announced; that it will be, there is no question. Notwithstanding the frequent setbacks, and opposition which the work has had to contend against, the design of its originators has never been abandoned.

DRILL AND INSPECTION.—The Adjutant General, Col Anderson, is at present making his tour of inspection of the Volunteer Rifle Companies in this County. Last week he inspected the St. Stephen Company, Capt. Inches, and we learn was much pleased; on Friday he inspected the two Volunteer Companies in this town, Major Whitlock's and Capt. Sanford's. We will know his opinion of our Companies, when his report is published. On Friday afternoon he left town for St. George, in company with Col. D. Wetmore and Capt. Johnson, of the 2d Battalion, to inspect the St. George Volunteers.

Col. Anderson is a soldier by profession, having served for several years as Captain in the 78th Highlanders, and saw some hard service in India. He is a strict disciplinarian, and an officer who not only knows but performs his duty; and under his command the Volunteers will be trained to the highest degree of efficiency. From all we can learn the Adjutant General is popular, is "the right officer in the right place," and will be of of infinite service to our Volunteer and other military organizations, if long service and thorough knowledge of his duties as an officer are the qualifications necessary to effect that purpose. The time is approaching, when the Volunteers will receive that countenance and support which is at present withheld from them. "The signs of the times" indicate a disposition on the part of the Imperial Government, to let the Colonies protect themselves.

CATECHISM OF GEOGRAPHY.—We have received from the publishers J. & A. McMillan, of St. John, a copy of a new Catechism of Geography compiled by Edward Manning English and Mathematical Master in St. John Grammar School. The work is neatly printed and contains 80 pages. As a text book on geography, it is superior to all others yet issued, with reference to these Lower Provinces. We have only glanced at the work but from what we have read, we heartily recommend it to those teachers desirous to instruct the children of these Provinces in a knowledge of their native land. We may add, that it contains much useful information on other countries, made up in such a manner as not to weary the pupil with matters of no possible benefit. It is to be hoped that the Board of Education will direct its use in our Parish Schools.

THE BAZAAR, held in aid of the new Wesleyan Church last week, was neatly got up, and well patronized. It was held in the new building which was tastefully decorated. A variety of useful and ornamental articles were offered for sale, some of them were rare and valuable. A tea meeting was held on Friday evening ensuing, which was largely attended and passed off satisfactorily. We have not heard the amount realized, but trust that it exceeded the expectations of the friends who contributed towards so noble a purpose.

APPLES.—Mr. Joseph Donald laid on our table some very fine specimens of Apples grown in his nursery at the Ledge. For size, texture and flavor they are equal to any imported. They are the Williams, Red, McCarthy, and Gravenstein. Mr. Donald has a number of young thrifty trees of the same kinds which he will dispose of at low prices, during the fall. He has also a variety of pear trees for sale. Mr. Donald deserves the patronage of those persons in this County who require good fruit trees.

The annual session of the Eastern Baptist Association was held in the new Church King Street, St. Andrews, on Thursday and terminated on Saturday evening last. A large number of clergymen and lay delegates were present. On Sunday morning, the Rev. W. A. Garner, of St. John, delivered the dedicatory sermon. The Rev. L. E. Gill, officiated in the Scotch Church in the morning, and Rev. J. C. Hurd, in the evening; other Baptist clergymen occupying the pulpits in Wesleyan and Baptist churches. The discourses were eloquent and impressive, and were listened to by large and attentive audiences.

By the last English mail we received from H. H. Hatch, Esq., the latest London and Plymouth papers, for which we tender our acknowledgements. Also to a friend at Vancouver's Island for copies of the British Colonist.

To Serjeant, Murphy, at the seat of war, we owe our thanks for a copy of the "Petersburg Daily Express" of the 7th inst. It speaks out boldly and confidently with reference to the war. The fall of Atlanta is regretted, but does not deter the "Southern patriots from accomplishing a purpose which is dearer to them than a dozen such cities—viz., their freedom!"

Well done the "Congregational Union of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick" which met at St. John a few days ago; they came out boldly against Denominational Grants for the purposes of Education.

The following resolutions were adopted by the body before the session closed:—

Resolved, This Congregational Union is in hearty sympathy with the principles enunciated by the great Congregational body of the Mother Country and the Congregationalists of Canada and other British Colonies, and that this body expresses the opinion that it is not for the true interests of the Provinces that this or any other denomination should receive grants of money from the Legislature for schools and colleges that are of a sectarian or denominational character.

Resolved, That the Chairman and Secretary of the Union be authorized to draft petitions to the Legislatures of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia embodying the principle now laid down.

The Representative of our St. John contemporary "The Telegraph" dropped in on us last week. We are always happy to greet and meet any one connected with "the Press"—none more so, than those from the Telegraph Office.

Gens. Grant and Sherman urge that the draft be made immediately, and Secretary Stanton says it is ordered to commence in all the States where the quota is not filled by Monday 19th inst.

The Steamer Queen picked up a boat near Clam Cove Head on Monday last, in which was a man's coat. It is supposed the boat belongs to river. The steamer towed the boat to Calais.

The Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace was opened here yesterday. The principal business before the Court is Session business.

The Editor of the "Houlton Times" calls St. Andrews "sleepy hollow." Were his faculties so stupefied with yankee gin, that he slept while in town?

LATEST NEWS.

Boston, Sept. 19. By a daring movement a body of Confederate cavalry, covered by an attack on our pickets, made a dash on a cattle station on James River on Friday morning, capturing 2,500 head of horses and some 300 prisoners.

Gen. Grant has been making a flying visit to his family in Burlington, N. J.

A despatch from Washington says Mr. Adams, our Minister to England, is to be succeeded by Mr. Chase; and H. J. Raymond is to be Minister to France.

A party from Toronto, Canada, including the Mayor and other officers, were in Boston on Saturday and received many civilities.

Gold 525.

ITEMS.

On the 12th inst., the officers of a new Royal Arch Chapter, at Chatham, were installed by Mr. E. Companion, R. Gowan, of Fredericton, assisted by Companions from St. John; it has been named Mount Lebanon Chapter, No. 101.

There are at present in the Penitentiary 95 male, and 52 female prisoners—4 are confined for life.

The population of Italy is stated at 21,777,334. It is the fifth power in Europe as far as population is concerned.

During the past year 78,000 specimens of animals have been added to Professor Agassiz's Museum of Natural History in Cambridge.

Geologists say that the great desert of Sahara was once the bed of a sea, and that the sea belonged to a comparatively recent geological epoch.

Both the English and French people are discussing the defects of their railway carriages, and the likelihood is that the American style of cars will eventually be adopted.

A chimney about 100 feet high, comprising about 50,000 bricks, and estimated to weigh over 200 tons, has been moved a distance of 100 feet in Worcester without breaking a brick.

There are now establishments in New York where the weaker sex can get their biters in a quiet way, when outshopping. The places are indicated by a placard bearing the words, "If you don't see what you want, ask for it."

BORROWERS OF IDEAS. BORROWERS OF IDEAS. BORROWERS OF IDEAS.

There are not, at the present time, twelve different kinds of medicine that can be claimed as original discoveries, or that indicate a special curative power over disease in the world. Of all the popular remedies in the United States, not six can claim originality.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Was the first remedy that ever issued to the world under the assurance that it would stop the most violent pains in a few moments, and that its controlling influence over pain was superior to Chloroform, Morphine, Opium, Hyosciamus, Colchicum, and other official preparations; that it accomplished its cures without deadening the perceptive faculties, or lulling the patient to insensibility that the patient suffering pain was instantly relieved of pain, without disturbing the general health or faculties. This discovery was original. The history of medicine furnishes no such remedy—yet, after its success was proven, imitators set to work, and the country was flooded with a legion of imitations: some were called pain killers, instant relief, speedy relief, &c., all of which are mere imitations of Radway's Ready Relief. If the public desire a positive remedy that will stop pain immediately after it is used, purchase Radway's Ready Relief. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

Started.

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. W. Q. Ketchum, Mr. Edgar D. Scagel, of Stanbridge, C. E., to Eliza, second daughter of Capt. Wm. Meloney of St. Andrews.

[The Editor acknowledges a liberal slice of the bridal cake.]

NEW GOODS. CHEAP DRESS STUFFS. BLANKETS! BLANKETS!!

A good variety at H. W. GODDARD & CO. St. Andrews, Sept. 21, 1864.

Good Red Warps. Good Blue Warps. Good Blue Warps.

At the Albion House, Water Street, JOHN S. MAGEE.

April Session

ORDERED, That April and Tavern Licenses, Clerk previous to Friday, at noon of the Court week. State the name of the applicant, the place of the intended sale, and the any other information which the Clerk shall require, and the Clerk shall publish a notice of this County.

Sept. 20, 1864.

On the 12th inst., off Mac ROAT, 20 foot keel, 5 feet about the tillage, with a d proving property and paying the same on application.

St. Andrews, Sept. 21, 1864.

ALCOHOL! IN STORE—10 Pipes pure 95 per cent above proof new and sweet molasses to er. For sale in bond or duty.

Sept. 20, 1864.

Alco. Ez "Emma Pembert. 10 Punccheon pure Mol J. W. S.

Sept. 19, 1864.

TO L ONE half the House or Streets, recently occ Possession given immediat Apply at this Office.

MEETING O

The Court of Common sions of the Peace, will be Tuesday the 20th of S At which time and place cove, and Constables of s sams required to be at th publicly notified to give th

St. Andrews, Aug 31, J

SKET

STONERWALL

giving the leading events Career, his dying moments Richmond and Lexington Office.

New Brunswick &

SUMMER ARR

A Passenger and will leave St. Andrews for every Monday, Wednesday, and Woodstock Railroad every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Also an Express Train, Railroad Station every Mo for Boat same day for Bo Andrews Station every Fr from Boston.

AN EXTRA TRAIN every MONDAY on the John, and Woodstock 21 DAY, at 10 a. m. for Bo

THROUGH Do. " St. G. From Woodstock to Bo

Do. " St. G. Agent St. John—J. D. Se Woodstock—G. W. F

St. Andrews, June 1st.

WM. H. WIL Drug

RESPECTFULLY ann of St. Andrews and sined his former business shop formerly known as I adjoining the Union sto he is prepared to make tions, and medicines for

He has also for sale Dr 15 and Patent Medicines ticles, paints, oils, Varied Every shade of paint y The whole will be sold l money taken at a discount

Small Farm to for Sale, adjoining the commonly called 1 th

TO LET possession the lat in present occupied by Acres, and about 35 acres, at ALBION.—For Sale that par ing on Harriet Street, and 1 Point, containing about 35 Ac is sold in one lot, or, in lots 20 per cent down, balance in interest.

Should the above Property September, it will be let to Offers for the above farm the land will be received by

St. Andrews, Aug. 24, 1864.

T. M' Auctioneer and Com

Business in the above the most AND

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Goddard

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